Web Management Guide (GTL-2091)



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Chapter 1 HTTP Switch Configuration

1.1 HTTP Configuration

Switch configuration can be conducted not only through command lines and SNMP but also through Web browser. The switches support the HTTP configuration, the abnormal packet timeout configuration, and so on.

1.1.1 Choosing the Prompt Language

Up to now, switches support two languages, that is, English and Chinese, and the two languages can be switched over through the following command.

Command	Purpose
ip http language {chinese english}	Sets the prompt language of Web configuration to Chinese or English .

1.1.2 Setting the HTTP Port

Generally, the HTTP port is port 80 by default, and users can access a switch by entering the IP address directly; however, switches also support users to change the service port and after the service port is changed you have to use the IP address and the changed port to access switches. For example, if you set the IP address and the service port to **192.168.1.3** and **1234** respectively, the HTTP access address should be changed to **http:// 192.168.1.3:1234**. You'd better not use other common protocols' ports so that access collision should not happen. Because the ports used by a lot of protocols are hard to remember, you'd better use port IDs following port 1024.

Command	Purpose
ip http port { <i>portNumber</i> }	Sets the HTTP port.

1.1.3 Enabling the HTTP Service

Switches support to control the HTTP access. Only when the HTTP service is enabled can HTTP exchange happen between switch and PC and, when the HTTP service is closed, HTTP exchange stops.

Command	Purpose
ip http server	Enables the HTTP service.
ip http { <i>timeout</i> }	Configures the timeout time of HTTP abnormal packets.

1.1.4 Setting the HTTP Access Mode

You can access a switch through two access modes: HTTP access and HTTPS access, and you can use the following command to set the access mode to **HTTP**.

Command	Purpose
ip http http-access enable	Sets the HTTP access mode.

1.1.5 Setting the Maximum Number of VLAN Entries on Web Page

A switch supports at most 4094 VLANs and in most cases Web only displays parts of VLANs, that is, those VLANs users want to see. You can use the following command to set the maximum number of VLANs. The default maximum number of VLANs is 100.

Command	Purpose
ip http web max-vlan { <i>max-vlan</i> }	Sets the maximum number of VLAN entries displayed in a web page.

1.1.6 Setting the Maximum Number of Multicast Entries Displayed on a Web Page

A switch supports at most 100 multicast entries. You can run the following command to set the maximum number of multicast entries and Web then shows these multicast entries. The default maximum number of multicast entries is 15.

Command	Purpose
ip http web igmp-groups { <i>igmp-groups</i> }	Sets the maximum number of multicast entries displayed in a web page.

1.2 HTTPS Configuration

In order to improve the security of communications, switches support not only the HTTP protocol but also the HTTPS protocol. HTTPS is a security-purposed HTTP channel and it is added to the SSL layer under HTTP.

1.2.1 Setting the HTTP Access Mode

You can run the following command to set the access mode to HTTPS.

Command	Purpose
ip http ssl-access enable	Sets the HTTPS access mode.

1.2.2 It is used to set the HTTPS port.

As the HTTP port, HTTPS has its default service port, port 443, and you also can run the following command to change its service port. It is recommended to use those ports following port 1024 so as to avoid collision with other protocols' ports.

Parameter	Remarks
ip http secure-port { <i>portNumber</i> }	Sets the HTTPS port.

Chapter 2 Configuration Preparation

2.1 Accessing the Switch Through HTTP

When accessing the switch through Web, please make sure that the applied browser complies with the following requirements:

- HTML of version 4.0
- HTTP of version 1.1
- JavaScript[™] of version 1.5

What's more, please ensure that the main program file, running on a switch, supports Web access and your computer has already connected the network in which the switch is located.

2.1.1 Initially Accessing the Switch

When the switch is initially used, you can use the Web access without any extra settings:

1. Modify the IP address of the network adapter and subnet mask of your computer to 192.168.1.2 and 255.255.255.0 respectively.

2. Open the Web browser and enter 192.168.1.1 in the address bar. It is noted that 192.168.1.1 is the default management address of the switch.

3. If the Internet Explorer browser is used, you can see the dialog box in figure 1. Both the original username and the password are "admin"

Windows Security		×
iexplore.exe		
The server 192.168.1.1 is asking for your user name and password. The server reports that it is from Switch.		
Warning: Your user name and password will be sent using basic authentication on a connection that isn't secure.		
basic authentication on a conn		
admin		
•••••		
Remember my credentials		
ОК	Cancel	Ľ
		_

Figure 1: ID checkup of WEB login

4. After successful authentication, the systematic information about the switch will appear on the IE browser.

2.1.2 Upgrading to the Web-Supported Version

If your switch is upgraded to the Web-supported version during its operation and the switch has already stored its configuration files, the Web visit cannot be directly applied on the switch. Perform the following steps one by one to enable the Web visit on the switch:

1. Connect the console port of the switch with the accessory cable, or telnet to the management address of the switch through the computer.

2. Enter the global configuration mode of the switch through the command line, the DOS prompt of which is similar to "Console_config#".

3. If the management address of the switch is not configured, please create the VLAN interface and configure the IP address.

4. Enter the **ip http server** command in global configuration mode and start the Web service.

5. Run **username** to set the username and password of the switch. For how to use this command, refer to the "Security Configuration" section in the user manual.

After the above-mentioned steps are performed, you can enter the address of the switch in the Web browser to access the switch.

6. Enter write to store the current configuration to the configuration file.

2.2 Accessing a Switch Through Secure Links

The data between the WEB browser and the switch will not be encrypted if you access a switch through common HTTP. To encrypt these data, you can use the secure links, which are based on the secure sockets layer, to access the switch.

To do this, you should follow the following steps:

1. Connect the console port of the switch with the accessory cable, or telnet to the management address of the switch through the computer.

2. Enter the global configuration mode of the switch through the command line, the DOS prompt of which is similar to "Console_config#".

3. If the management address of the switch is not configured, please create the VLAN interface and configure the IP address.

4. Enter the **ip http server** command in global configuration mode and start the Web service.

5. Run **username** to set the username and password of the switch. For how to use this command, refer to the "Security Configuration" section in the user manual.

6. Run **ip http ssl-access enable** to enable the secure link access of the switch.

7. Run **no ip http http-access enable** to forbid to access the switch through insecure links.

8. Enter write to store the current configuration to the configuration file.

9. Open the WEB browser on the PC that the switch connects, enter https://192.168.1.1 on the address bar (192.168.1.1 stands for the management IP address of the switch) and then press the Enter key. Then the switch can be accessed through the secure links.

2.3 Introduction of Web Interface

The Web homepage appears after login, as shown in figure 2:

level	one	Save All Logout Port Panel About
	Device Info	
Device Status	System Information	
Device Info	Device Type	GTL-2091
Interface State Interface Flow	BIOS Version	0.4.3
Mac Address Table Log Query	Firmware Version	2.2.0C Build 61243
	Serial No.	19031800001
Optic Module Info	MAC Address	0011.6BE4.A609
Basic Config	IP Address	192.168.1.1
Port Config	Current Time	1970-1-4 23:55:52
L2 Config	Uptime	3 Day -23 Hour -55 Minute -52 Second
L3 Config	CPU Usage	1%
Advanced Config	Memory Usage	18%
Network Mgr.		
Diagnostic Tool	Refresh	
System Mgr.		

Figure 2: Web homepage

The whole homepage consists of the top control bar, the navigation bar, the configuration area and the bottom control bar.

2.3.1 Top Control Bar

Sav	e All Logout Port Panel About
	Figure 3: Top control bar
Save All	Write the current settings to the configuration file of the device. It is equivalent to the execution of the write command.
	The configuration that is made through Web will not be promptly written to the configuration file after validation. If you click "Save All", the unsaved configuration will be lost after rebooting.
English	The interface will turn into the English version.
Chinese	The interface will turn into the Chinese version.
Logout	Exit from the current login state.
	After you click "logout", you have to enter the username and the password again if you want to continue the Web function.

After you configure the device, the result of the previous step will appear on the left side of the top control bar. If error occurs, please check your configuration and retry it later.

2.3.2 Navigation Bar

Device Status
Device Info
Interface State
Interface Flow
Mac Address Table
Log Query
Optic Module Info
Basic Config
Port Config
L2 Config
L3 Config
Advanced Config
Network Mgr.
Diagnostic Tool
System Mgr.
Figure 4 Navigation bar

The contents in the navigation bar are shown in a form of list and are classified according to types. By default, the list is located at "Runtime Info". If a certain item need be configured, please click the group name and then the sub-item. For example, to browse the flux of the current port, you have to click "Interface State" and then "Interface Flow".

Note:

The limited user can only browse the state of the device and cannot modify the configuration of the device. If you log on to the Web with limited user's permissions, only "Interface State" will appear.

2.3.3 Configuration Area

Device Type	GTL-2091	
BIOS Version	0.4.3	
Firmware Version	2.2.0C Build 61243	
Serial No.	19031800001	
MAC Address	0011.6BE4.A609	
IP Address	192.168.1.1	
Current Time	1970-1-4 23:55:52	
Uptime	3 Day -23 Hour -55 Minute -52 Second	
CPU Usage	1%	
Memory Usage	18%	

Figure 5 Configuration Area

The configuration display area shows the state and configuration of the device. The contents of this area can be modified by the clicking of the items in the navigation bar.

2.3.4 Bottom Control Bar



Figure 6: Bottom control bar

If you click the **About** button on the top control bar, the bottom control bar appears. The main function of the bottom control bar is to realize the automatic refreshing of the configuration display area. For example, if you click "Interface Flow" in the navigation bar and then click "Refresh", the flow of the interface can be continuously monitored.

After you click "Refresh", the countdown of the next-time refresh will appear on the left side. You can modify the countdown settings by clicking the dropdown list.

Note:

The smaller the countdown value is set, that is, the higher the frequency is, the higher the CPU usage is.

2.3.5 Configuration Area

The configuration area is to show the content that is selected in the navigation area. The configuration area always contains one or more buttons, and their functions are listed in the following table:

Refresh	Refresh the content shown in the current configuration area.
Apply	Apply the modified configuration to the device.
	The application of the configuration does not mean that the configuration is saved in the configuration file. To save the configuration, you have to click "Save All" on the top control bar.
Reset	Means discarding the modification of the sheet. The content of the sheet will be reset.
New	Creates a list item. For example, you can create a VLAN item or a new user.
Delete	Deletes an item in the list.
Back	Go back to the previous-level configuration page.

Chapter 3 Basic Configuration

Device Status	
Basic Config	
Hostname	
Clock Mgr.	
Port Config	
L2 Config	
L3 Config	
Advanced Config	
Network Mgr.	
Diagnostic Tool	
System Mgr.	
Figure 1 A list of basic configu	ration

3.1 Host name Configuration

If you click **Basic Config -> Hostname Config** in the navigation bar, the **Hostname Configuration** page appears, as shown in figure 3.

Hostname Configuration	
Configure the hostname.	
Hostname*	Console
	Apply Reset
Help	
#Configure the hostname of the switch.	

Figure 2 Hostname configuration

The hostname will be displayed in the login dialog box.

The default name of the device is "Switch". You can enter the new hostname in the text box shown in figure 3 and then click "Apply".

3.2 Time Management

If you click Basic Config -> Clock Mar, the Time Setting page appears.

Time Setting												
System Time	1970-01-06 22	2:29:4	5			Refre	esh					
Select Time-Zor	ne	(GMT	T)Gree	enwi	ch Mear	ו Tin	ne,Dublin	,Londo	n,Lis	sbon 🖨		
💿 Set Time Man	ually											
	Set Time	1970	Year	01	Month	06	Day 22	Hour	29	Minute(s) 45	Second	
Network Time Sync	hronization											
NTP Server On	е											
NTP Server Two	D											
NTP Server Three	ee											
Apply												
Help												
There are two ways to update	the system tim	ie, one	is to	use	ntp and	l the	other is	to man	ually	y set the time		

#Set Time Manually: Select the 'Set Time Manually' option, select the local time zone, enter the current time, and click 'Apply' to save the configuration.

#Network Time Synchronization: Select the 'Network Time Synchronization' option, add no more than three IP addresses of the NTP server.

#Refresh: Click to get the current time of the switch.

Figure 3 Clock management

To refresh the clock of the displayed device, click "Refresh".

In the "Select Time-Zone" dropdown box select the time zone where the device is located. When you select "Set Time Manually", you can set the time of the device manually. When you select "Network Time Synchronization", you can designate 3 SNTP servers for the device and set the interval of time synchronization.

Chapter 4 Configuration of the Physical Interface

Device Status
Basic Config
Port Config
Port Description
Port Config
Rate Limit
Port Mirror
Keepalive Detection
Port Security
Storm Control
Port Protect Group Config
L2 Config
L3 Config
Advanced Config
Network Mgr.
Diagnostic Tool
System Mgr.

Figure 1: Physical port configuration list

4.1 Configuring Port Description

If you click **Port config -> Port Description** in the navigation bar, the **Port description Configuration** page appears, as shown in figure 2.

Port Description Config			
Filters	Port Type: All \$	Slot Num: All Name(s):	Help
Port		Port Description	
g0/1			
g0/2			
g0/3			
g0/4			
g0/5			
g0/6			
g0/7			
g0/8			
tg1/1			
tg1/2			
tg1/3			
tg1/4			
tg1/5			
tg1/6			
tg1/7			
tg1/8			
tg1/9			
tg1/10			
tg1/11			
tg1/12			
vy1/12	Apply	Reset	

Figure 2: Port description configuration

You can modify the port description on this page and enter up to 120 characters. The description of the VLAN port cannot be set at present.

4.2 Configuring the Attributes of the Port

If you click **Port Config -> Port Configure** in the navigation bar, the **Port Attribute Configuration** page appears, as shown in figure 3.

	Filters	Р	ort Type: A	II ¢	Slot Num: All	I \$ 1	Name(s):		Hel
Port	Status		Speed		Duplex		Flow Control	Medium	
g0/1	Enable	\$	Auto	\$	Auto	\$	Off	Auto	Å.
g0/2	Enable	\$	Auto	\$	Auto	\$	Off	 Auto 	Å.
g0/3	Enable	\$	Auto	\$	Auto	\$	Off	Auto	Å.
g0/4	Enable	\$	Auto	\$	Auto	\$	Off	Auto	Å.
g0/5	Enable	\$	Auto	\$	Auto	\$	Off	Auto	Å.
g0/6	Enable	\$	Auto	\$	Auto	\$	Off	Auto	Å.
g0/7	Enable	\$	Auto	\$	Auto	\$	Off	Auto	Å.
g0/8	Enable	\$	Auto	\$	Auto	\$	Off	Auto	Å.
tg1/1	Enable	\$	10G	\$	Full	\$	Off	Auto	Å.
tg1/2	Enable	\$	10G	\$	Full	\$	Off	Auto	Å.
tg1/3	Enable	\$	10G	\$	Full	\$	Off	Auto	Å.
tg1/4	Enable	\$	10G	\$	Full	\$	Off	Auto	Å.
tg1/5	Enable	\$	10G	\$	Full	\$	Off	Auto	A V
tg1/6	Enable	\$	10G	\$	Full	\$	Off	Auto	Å.
tg1/7	Enable	\$	10G	\$	Full	\$	Off	Auto	Å
tg1/8	Enable	\$	10G	\$	Full	\$	Off	Auto	Å.
tg1/9	Enable	\$	10G	\$	Full	\$	Off	Auto	Å.
tg1/10	Enable	\$	10G	\$	Full	\$	Off	Auto	Å.
tg1/11	Enable	\$	10G	\$	Full	\$	Off	♦ Auto	Å
tg1/12	Enable	\$	10G	\$	Full	\$	Off	Auto	Å

Figure 3 Configuring the port attributes

On this page you can modify the on/off status, rate, duplex mode, flow control status and medium type of a port.

Note:

The Web page does not support the speed and duplex mode of the fast-Ethernet port.
 After the speed or duplex mode of a port is modified, the link state of the port may be switched over and the network communication may be impaired.

4.3 Rate control

If you click **Physical port Config -> Port rate-limit Config** in the navigation bar, the **Port rate limit** page appears, as shown in figure 4.

	Filters	Port Type: All	Slot Num:	All \$ Nam	ne(s):		Help
Port	Receive Status	Receive Speed Receiv	ve Speed	Send Status	Send Speed Unit	Send Speed	
g0/1	Disable \$	64kbps 🛊	(1-16384)	Disable 🛊	64kbps 🛊		(1-16384
g0/2	Disable 🛊	64kbps 🜲	(1-16384)	Disable 🛊	64kbps 🖨		(1-16384
g0/3	Disable \$	64kbps 🛊	(1-16384)	Disable 🛊	64kbps 🛊		(1-16384
g0/4	Disable 🛊	64kbps ≑	(1-16384)	Disable 🛊	64kbps 🛊		(1-16384
g0/5	Disable \$	64kbps 🜲	(1-16384)	Disable 🛊	64kbps 🜲		(1-16384
g0/6	Disable \$	64kbps 🛊	(1-16384)	Disable 🛊	64kbps 🛊		(1-16384
g0/7	Disable \$	64kbps 🜲	(1-16384)	Disable \$	64kbps 🛊		(1-16384
g0/8	Disable \$	64kbps 🛊	(1-16384)	Disable 🛊	64kbps 🛊		(1-16384
tg1/1	Disable \$	64kbps ≑	(1-156250)	Disable 🛊	64kbps 🛊		(1-15625
tg1/2	Disable 🛊	64kbps 🔹	(1-156250)	Disable 🛊	64kbps 🛊		(1-15625
tg1/3	Disable 🛊	64kbps ≑	(1-156250)	Disable 🛊	64kbps 🛊		(1-15625
tg1/4	Disable 🛊	64kbps 🜲	(1-156250)	Disable 🛊	64kbps 🖨		(1-15625
tg1/5	Disable \$	64kbps 🛊	(1-156250)	Disable 🛊	64kbps 🛊		(1-15625
tg1/6	Disable 🛊	64kbps ≑	(1-156250)	Disable 🛊	64kbps 🛊		(1-15625
tg1/7	Disable \$	64kbps 🌲	(1-156250)	Disable 🛊	64kbps 🜲		(1-15625
tg1/8	Disable 🛊	64kbps 🛊	(1-156250)	Disable 🛊	64kbps 🛊		(1-15625
tg1/9	Disable 🛊	64kbps 🜲	(1-156250)	Disable 🛊	64kbps 🖨		(1-15625
tg1/10	Disable 🛊	64kbps ≑	(1-156250)	Disable 🛊	64kbps 🛊		(1-15625
tg1/11	Disable \$	64kbps 🜲	(1-156250)	Disable 🛊	64kbps 🛊		(1-15625
tg1/12	Disable 🛊	64kbps 🔹	(1-156250)	Disable 🛊	64kbps 🛊		(1-15625

Figure 4: Port's rate limit

On this page you can set the reception speed and transmission speed of a port. By default, all ports have no speed limited.

4.4 Port mirroring

If you click **Physical port Config -> Port Mirror** in the navigation bar, the **Port Mirror Config** page appears, as shown in figure 4-5.

Mirror Port			g0/1 \$	
	Filters	Port Type: All 🛊	Slot Num: All + Name(s):	Help
Mirror Mode Mirror Mode		Mirror Mode		
g0/1			RX 🎍	
🗸 g0/2			✓ RX	
g0/3			TX	
g0/4			RX & TX	

Figure 4-5 Port mirror configuration

	Click the dropdown list on the right side of "Mirror Port" and select a port to be t destination port of mirror.		
	Click a checkbox and select a source port of mirror, that is, a mirrored port.		
RX	The received packets will be mirrored to the destination port.		
ТХ	The transmitted packets will be mirrored to a destination port.		
RX & T	X The received and transmitted packets will be mirrored simultaneously.		

4.5 Loopback Detection

If you click **Physical port Config -> Port loopback detection** in the navigation bar, the **Setting the port loopback detection** page appears, as shown in figure 4-6.

KeepAlive Detection				
	Filters Port	Type: All 🛊	Slot Num: All Name(s):	Help
Port	Status	Keepalive	e Period	
g0/1	Enable 🛟	3333	(0-32767)Seconds	
g0/2	Disable 💠		(0-32767)Seconds	

Figure 4-6: Port loopback detection

You can set the loopback detection cycle on the Loopback Detection page.

4.6 Port security

4.6.1 IP Binding Configuration

If you click **Physical port Config -> Port Security -> IP bind** in the navigation bar, the **Configure the IP-Binding Info** page appears, as shown in figure 4-7.

KeepAlive Detection					
	Filters	Port Type: All 🖨	Slot Num: All 🛊	Name(s):	Help
Port	Status	Keepaliv	e Period		
g0/1	Enable	\$ 3333	(0-327	67)Seconds	
g0/2	Disable	\$	(0-327	67)Seconds	

Figure 4-7 IP binding configuration

Click "Detail" and then you can conduct the binding of the source IP address for each physical port. In this way, the IP address that is allowed to visit the port will be limited.

Serial number	Address	Operate
1	192.168.0.2	Edit
2	192.168.0.3	Edit

Figure 4-8 Setting the binding of the source IP address

4.6.2 MAC Binding Configuration

If you click **Physical port Config -> Port Security -> MAC bind** in the navigation bar, the **Configure the MAC-Binding Info** page appears, as shown in figure 4-10.

Interface Name	Detail
G0/1	Detail

Figure 4-9 MAC binding configuration

Click "Detail" and then you can conduct the binding of the source MAC address for each physical port. In this way, the MAC address that is allowed to visit the port will be limited.

Serial number	Address	Operate
1	1234.1234.1234	Edit
2	1234.1234.1235	Edit



4.6.3 Setting the Static MAC Filtration Mode

If you click **Physical port Config -> Port Security -> Static MAC filtration mode** in the navigation bar, the **Configure the static MAC filtration mode** page appears, as shown in figure 4-11.

Interface Name	Port Mode	Static MAC Filtration Mode
G0/1	Access	Disable 💌

Figure 4-11: Setting the static MAC filtration mode

On this page you can set the static MAC filtration mode. By default, the static MAC filter is disabled. Also, the static MAC filter mode cannot be set on ports in trunk mode.

4.6.4 Static MAC Filtration Entries

If you click **Physical port Config -> Port security -> Static MAC filtration entries** in the navigation bar, the **Setting the static MAC filtration entries** page appears.

Interface Name	Detail
G0/1	Detail

Figure 4-12: Static MAC filtration entry list

If you click "Detail", you can conduct the binding of the source MAC address for each physical port. According to the configured static MAC filtration mode, the MAC address of a port can be limited, allowed or forbidden to visit.

Serial number	Filtration Mode	MAC Address	Operate
1	Disable	0001.0002.0003	Edit

Figure 4-13: Setting static MAC filtration entries

4.6.5 Setting the Dynamic MAC Filtration Mode

If you click **Physical port Config -> Port Security -> Dynamic MAC filtration mode** in the navigation bar, the **Configure the dynamic MAC filtration mode** page appears, as shown in figure 4-14.

Interface Name	Dynamic MAC Filtration Mode	Max MAC Address
G0/1	Disable 💌	1 (1-4095)

Figure 4-14: Setting the dynamic MAC filtration mode

You can set the dynamic MAC filtration mode and the allowable maximum number of addresses on this page. By default, the dynamic MAC filtration mode is disabled and the maximum number of addresses is 1.

4.7 Storm control

In the navigation bar, click **Physical port Config -> Storm control**. The system then enters the page, on which the broadcast/multicast/unknown unicast storm control can be set.

4.7.1 Broadcast Storm Control

Broadcast-storm control configuration				
	Filters	Port Type: All 🛊	Slot Num: All Name(s): Help	
Port	Status	Threshold		
g0/1	✓ Disable		(1-163840) 100PPS	
g0/2	Enable		(1-163840) 100PPS	
g0/3	Disable 🛊		(1-163840) 100PPS	



Through the dropdown boxes in the **Status** column, you can decide whether to enable broadcast storm control on a port. In the **Threshold** column you can enter the threshold of the broadcast packets. The legal threshold range for each port is given behind the threshold.

4.7.2 Multicast Storm Control

	Filters	Port Type: All \$	Slot Num: All Name(s):
Port	Status	Threshold	
g0/1	Disable \$		(1-163840) 100PPS
g0/2	Disable \$		(1-163840) 100PPS
g0/3	Disable \$		(1-163840) 100PPS
g0/4	Disable \$		(1-163840) 100PPS
g0/5	Disable \$		(1-163840) 100PPS
g0/6	Disable 0		(1-163840) 100PPS
g0/7	Disable \$		(1-163840) 100PPS
g0/8	Disable \$		(1-163840) 100PPS
tg1/1	Disable \$		(1-1638400) 100PPS
tg1/2	Disable \$		(1-1638400) 100PPS
tg1/3	Disable \$		(1-1638400) 100PPS
tg1/4	Disable \$		(1-1638400) 100PPS
tg1/5	Disable \$		(1-1638400) 100PPS
tg1/6	Disable \$		(1-1638400) 100PPS
tg1/7	Disable \$		(1-1638400) 100PPS
tg1/8	Disable 0		(1-1638400) 100PPS
tg1/9	Disable \$		(1-1638400) 100PPS
tg1/10	Disable \$		(1-1638400) 100PPS
tg1/11	Disable 0		(1-1638400) 100PPS
tg1/12	Disable \$		(1-1638400) 100PPS

Figure 6 Setting the broadcast storm control

Through the dropdown boxes in the **Status** column, you can decide whether to enable multicast storm control on a port. In the **Threshold** column you can enter the threshold of the multicast packets. The legal threshold range for each port is given behind the threshold.

4.7.3 Unknown Unicast Storm Control

	Filters	Port Type: All 🛊	Slot Num: All Name(s): Help
Port	Status	Threshold	
g0/1	Enable 🗘		(1-163840) 100PPS
g0/2	✓ Disable		(1-163840) 100PPS
g0/3	Enable		(1-163840) 100PPS
g0/4	Disable 🛊		(1-163840) 100PPS
g0/5	Disable 🛊		(1-163840) 100PPS
g0/6	Disable 🛊		(1-163840) 100PPS
g0/7	Disable 🛊		(1-163840) 100PPS
g0/8	Disable 🛊		(1-163840) 100PPS
tg1/1	Disable 🛊		(1-1638400) 100PPS
tg1/2	Disable 🛊		(1-1638400) 100PPS
tg1/3	Disable 🛊		(1-1638400) 100PPS
tg1/4	Disable 🛊		(1-1638400) 100PPS
tg1/5	Disable 🛊		(1-1638400) 100PPS
tg1/6	Disable 🛊		(1-1638400) 100PPS
tg1/7	Disable 🛊		(1-1638400) 100PPS
tg1/8	Disable 🛊		(1-1638400) 100PPS
tg1/9	Disable 🛊		(1-1638400) 100PPS
tg1/10	Disable 🛊		(1-1638400) 100PPS
tg1/11	Disable 🛊		(1-1638400) 100PPS
tg1/12	Disable 🛊		(1-1638400) 100PPS

Figure 7 Unknown unicast storm control

In the **Threshold** column you can enter the threshold of the broadcast packets. The legal threshold range for each port is given behind the threshold.

Chapter 5 Layer-2 Configuration

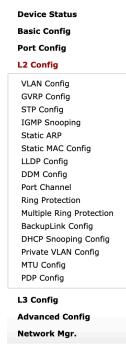


Figure 1: Layer-2 configuration list

5.1 VLAN Settings

5.1.1 VLAN List

If you click **Layer-2 Config -> VLAN Config** in the navigation bar, the **VLAN Config** page appears, as shown in figure 2.

VLAN Config		
New No.1 Page/Total 1 Page First Prev Next Last	Go No. Page Search:	Current 1 Item/Total 1 Item
VLAN ID	VLAN Name	Operate
1	Default	Edit
Select All/Select None		Delete

Figure 2 VLAN configuration

The VLAN list will display VLAN items that exist in the current device according to the ascending order. In case of lots of items, you can look for the to-be-configured VLAN through the buttons like "Prev", "Next" and "Search".

You can click "New" to create a new VLAN.

You can also click "Edit" at the end of a VLAN item to modify the VLAN name and the port's attributes in the VLAN.

If you select the checkbox before a VLAN and then click "Delete", the selected VLAN will be deleted.

Note:

By default, a VLAN list can display up to 100 VLAN items. If you want to configure more VLANs through Web, please log on to the switch through the Console port or Telnet, enter the global configuration mode and then run the "**ip http web max-vlan**" command to modify the maximum number of VLANs that will be displayed.

5.1.2 VLAN Settings

If you click "New" or "Edit" in the VLAN list, the VLAN configuration page appears, on which new VLANs can be created or the attributes of an existent VLAN can be modified.

			VLAN ID 1		
			VLAN Name Default		
Port	De	fault VLAN	Mode	Untag or not	Allow or not
g0/1	1	<1-4094>	Access \$		
g0/2	1	<1-4094>	Access \$		
g0/3	1	<1-4094>	Access \$		
g0/4	1	<1-4094>	Access \$		
g0/5	1	<1-4094>	Access \$		
g0/6	1	<1-4094>	Access \$		
g0/7	1	<1-4094>	Access \$		
g0/8	1	<1-4094>	Access \$		
tg1/1	1	<1-4094>	Access \$		
tg1/2	1	<1-4094>	Access \$		
tg1/3	1	<1-4094>	Access \$		
tg1/4	1	<1-4094>	Access \$		
tg1/5	1	<1-4094>	Access \$		
tg1/6	1	<1-4094>	Access \$		
tg1/7	1	<1-4094>	Access \$		
tg1/8	1	<1-4094>	Access \$		
tg1/9	1	<1-4094>	Access \$		
g1/10	1	<1-4094>	Access \$		
g1/11	1	<1-4094>	Access \$		
g1/12	1	<1-4094>	Access \$		

Figure 3 Revising VLAN configuration

If you want to create a new VLAN, enter a VLAN ID and a VLAN name; the VLAN name can be null.

Through the port list, you can set for each port the default VLAN, the VLAN mode (Trunk or Access), whether to allow the entrance of current VLAN packets and whether to execute the untagging of the current VLAN when the port works as the egress port.

Note:

When a port in Trunk mode serves as an egress port, it will untag the default VLAN by default.

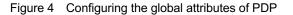
5.2 PDP Configuration

5.2.1 Configuring the Global Attributes of PDP

If you click Layer-2 Config -> PDP Config in the navigation bar, the Global PDP Config page appears, as shown in figure 4.

Protocol State	Close the PDP protocol 💌	
HoldTime Settings	180 (10-255)s	
Setting the packet transmission cycle	60 (5-254)s	
Protocol Version	Version2 💌	
	Apply Reset	

#Cycle of Sending Packets: Its default value is 60s.



You can choose to enable PDP or disable it. When you choose to disable PDP, you cannot configure PDP.

The "HoldTime" parameter means the time to be saved before the router discards the received information if other PDP packets are not received.

The protocol version cannot be read currently through the command line "show run", so the protocol version is not handled on the Web.

5.2.2 Configuring the Attributes of the PDP Port

If you click Layer-2 Config -> PDP Config-> PDP port Config in the navigation bar, the Setting the attributes of the PDP port page appears, as shown in figure 5.

Port	Status
G0/1	Enable PDP 👻

Figure 5 PDP port configuration

After the PDP port is configured, you can enble or disable PDP on this port.

5.3 LLDP Configuration

5.3.1 Configuring the Global Attributes of LLDP

If you click Layer-2 Config -> LLDP Config in the navigation bar, the Global LLDP Config page appears, as shown in figure 6.

cocol State	Close the Ll	Close the LLDP protocol 💌		
oldTime Settings	120	(0-65535)s		
einit Settings	2	(2-5)s		
etting the packet transmission cycle	30	(5-65534)s		
	Apply	Reset		
	Apply	Reset		

Figure 6 Configuring the global attributes of LLDP

You can choose to enable LLDP or disable it. When you choose to disable LLDP, you cannot configure LLDP.

The "HoldTime" parameter means the ttl value of the packet that is transmitted by LLDP, whose default value is 120s.

The "Reinit" parameter means the delay of successive packet transmission of LLDP, whose default value is 2s.

5.3.2 Configuring the Attributes of the LLDP Port

If you click Layer-2 Config -> LLDP Config-> LLDP port Config in the navigation bar, the Setting the attributes of the LLDP port page appears, as shown in figure 7.

Port	Receive LLDP Packet	Send LLDP Packet
G0/1	Disable 😪	Disable 💙
G0/2	Disable 👻	Disable 💙
G0/3	Disable 👻	Disable 💙
G0/4	Disable 👻	Disable 💙

Figure 7 Configuring the LLDP port

After the LLDP port is configured, you can enble or disable LLDP on this port.

5.4 Link Aggregation Configuration

If you click **Advanced Config -> Link aggregation Config** in the navigation bar, the **Link aggregation Config** page appears, as shown in figure 8.

Port Channel Port Char	nnel Global Lo	oading Balance				
Port Aggregation Config						
New						
No.0 Page/Total 0 Page First Pre	v Next Last	Go No. Page Search:		Cur	rrent 0 Iter	n/Total 0 Item
Aggregation Group	Mode	Configure port members	Valid port members	Speed	State	Operate
Select All/Select None						Delete
Help						
#Note: The physical attributes of al	I the aggregate	ed ports shall be the same, including Speed	, Duplex mode and Vlan			

Figure 8 Port aggregation configuration

If you click **New**, an aggregation group can be created. Up to 32 aggregation groups can be configured through Web and up to 8 physical ports in each group can be aggregated. If you click **Cancel**, you can delete a selected aggregation group; if you click **Modify**, you can modify the member port and the aggregation mode.

Aggregation Group		P1 🖨
Mode		No Setting 🜲
Configured port List		Available Port List
	>> <<	90/1 90/2 90/3 90/4 90/5 90/6 90/7 90/8 tg1/1 tg1/2
Apply	Reset	Go Back

Figure 9: Setting the member port of the aggregation group

An aggregation group is selectable when it is created but is not selectable when it is modified.

When a member port exists on the aggregation group, you can choose the aggregation mode to be **static**, **LACP active** or **LACP passive**.

You can click ">>" and "<<" to delete and add a member port in the aggregation group.

5.5 STP Configuration

5.5.1 STP Status Information

If you click Layer-2 Config -> STP Config in the navigation bar, the STP Config page appears, as shown in figure 10.

Spanning Tree Priority	32	2768		
MAC Address	00	011.6BE4.A609		
Hello Time	2			
Max Age	20)		
Forward Delay	15	5		
Spanning Tree Priority MAC Address		32768 \$ 011.6BE4.A609		
Protocol Type Spanning Tree Priority		RSTP \$		
Hello Time	2			
Max Age	2			
Forward Delay	1			
BPDU Terminal		Disable 🛊		
Apply		Reset		
TP Port's State				
No.1 Page/Total 1 Page First Prev Next	Last Go No. Page	e Search:	Curre	nt 1 Item/Total 1 It
Interface Role	State	Cost	Priority.Port ID	Туре
g0/8 Desc	FWD	200000	128.24	Edge

Figure 10 Configuring the global attributes of STP

The root STP configuration information and the STP port's status are only-read.

On the local STP configuration page, you can modify the running STP mode by clicking the Protocol type dropdown box. The STP modes include STP, RSTP and disabled STP.

The priority and the time need be configured for different modes.

Note: The change of the STP mode may lead to the interruption of the network.

5.5.2 Configuring the Attributes of the STP Port

If you click the "Configure RSTP Port" option, the "Configure RSTP Port" page appears.

IP Port Config								
PPOR		enable the RSPT Ring on th	e port which connect the Ring,	otherwise may cause network u	istable.			
	Filters	Port Type: All \$	Slot Num: All \$	Name(s):	Help			
Port	Protocol Status	Priority(0~240)	Path-Cost(0~20000000)	Edge Port	RSTP Ring			
0/1	Enable 🗘	128 🛊	0	Disable \$	Disable 🛊			
0/2	Enable 🗘	128 🛊	0	Disable \$	Disable 🗘			
0/3	Enable \$	128 🛊	0	Disable \$	Disable \$			
0/4	Enable 🛟	128 🛊	0	Disable 😫	Disable 💠			
0/5	Enable 🗘	128 🛊	0	Disable \$	Disable 🛊			
0/6	Enable 🗘	128 🛊	0	Disable \$	Disable 🛊			
0/7	Enable 🗘	128 🛊	0	Disable \$	Disable 🛊			
0/8	Enable 🗘	128 🛊	0	Disable 🗘	Disable 🛊			
g1/1	Enable 🗘	128 🛊	0	Disable \$	Disable 🛊			
g1/2	Enable \$	128 \$	0	Disable 🗘	Disable 🗘			

Figure 11 Configuring the attributes of RSTP

The configuration of the attributes of the port is irrelative of the global STP mode. For example, if the protocol status is set to "Disable" and the STP mode is also changed, the port will not run the protocol in the new mode.

The default value of the path cost of the port is 0, meaning the path cost is automatically calculated according to the speed of the port. If you want to change the path cost, please enter another value.

5.6 IGMP-Snooping Configuration

5.6.1 IGMP-Snooping Configuration

If you click **Layer-2 Config -> IGMP snooping**, the IGMP-Snooping configuration page appears.

GMP Snooping Lan List	Static Multicast Address List	Multicast List
GMP Snooping Config		
Multicast Filtration Mode	Transfer Unknown 🖨	
IGMP Snooping	Disable 🖨	
Enable Auto Query	Disable 🖨	

Figure 12 IGMP-snooping configuration

On this page you can set whether to make a switch to forward unknown multicasts, whether to enable IGMP snooping, and whether to configure the switch as the querier of IGMP.

5.6.2 IGMP-Snooping VLAN List

If you click Layer-2 Config -> IGMP snooping vlan list, the IGMP-Snooping VLAN list page appears.

IGMP Snoopin	-	Static Multicast Ac	ldress List	Multicast List		
IGMP Snoopin	g VLAN Config	•				
New 🔶						
No.0 Page/Total 0	Page First Prev Next Last Go No.	Page Search:			Current	0 Item/Total 0 Item
VLAN ID	Status of the IGMP Sno	oping Vlan	Immedia	te-leave	Multicast Router Port	Operate
Select All,	/Select None					Delete
VLAN ID	Status of the IGMP Snoop	ping Vlan	Immediate-	leave	Multicast Router's Port	Operate

Figure 13: IGMP-snooping VLAN list

If you click **New**, IGMP-snooping VLAN configuration can be done. Through Web up to 8 physical ports can be set on each IGMP snooping VLAN. If you click **Cancel**, a selected IGMP-Snooping VLAN can be deleted; if you click **Edit**, you can modify the member port, running status and immediate-leave of IGMP-Snooping VLAN.

IGMP Snooping	IGMP Snooping VLAN List	Static Multicast Add	dress List Multica	st List
Revising the IGMP S	nooping VLAN Config			
	VLAN ID			
	Status of t	ne IGMP Snooping Vlan		Enable \$
	Immediate			Enable
	Configured Port		4 ,	Available Port List
	g0/1 g0/2		>>	g0/3 g0/4 g0/5 g0/6
			<<	g0/7 g0/8 tg1/1
				tg1/2 tg1/3 tg1/4
				-94/ ,
	Apply		Reset	Go Back

Figure 14: Static routing port of IGMP VLAN

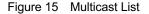
When an IGMP-Snooping VLAN is created, its VLAN ID can be modified; but when the IGMP-Snooping VLAN is modified, its VLAN ID cannot be modified.

You can click ">>" and "<<" to delete and add a routing port.

5.6.3 Static Multicast Address

If you click **Static multicast address**, the **Setting the static multicast address** page appears.

IGMP Snooping	IGMP Snooping VLAN List	Static Multicast Address	List Multicast List		
Static Multicast Add	lress Config	+			
VLAN ID					
Multicast IP Address	S				
Assignment Port		\$			
Static Multicast List	Info	Apply			
No.0 Page/Total 0 Page	First Prev Next Last Go No.	Page Search:		Curren	t 0 Item/Total 0 Item
	VLAN ID		Group		Port
Select All/Select	None			Delete	Refresh



On this page, the currently existing static multicast groups and port groups in each static multicast group are shown.

Click "Refresh" to refresh the contents in the list.

5.6.4 Multicast List

Click the **Multicast List Info** option on the top of the page and the **Multicast List Info** page appears.

IGMP Snooping	IGMP Snooping VLAN List	Static Multicast Address List M	ulticast List	
Multicast List Info				
No.0 Page/Total 0 Page	First Prev Next Last Go No.	Page Search:		Current 0 Item/Total 0 Item
	VLAN ID	Group	Туре	Port
				Refresh



On this page the multicat groups, which are existent in the current network and are in the statistics of IGMP snooping, as well as port sets which members in each group belong to are dislayed.

Click "Refresh" to refresh the contents in the list.

Note:

By default, a multicast list can display up to 15 VLAN items. You can modify the number of multicast items by running **ip http web igmp-groups** after you log on to the device through the Console port or Telnet.

5.7 Setting Static ARP

If you click Layer-2 Config -> Static ARP Config, the static ARP configuration page appears.

Static ARP			
Basic ARP Config			
New			
No.0 Page/Total 0 Page First Prev Ne	kt Last Go No. Page Search:		Current 0 Item/Total 0 Item
IP Address	MAC Address	Interface VLAN	Operate
Select All/Select None			Delete
Help			
#MAC:The mac address only supports the Hex number	e unitcast address and the following formats:XXX	xxxxxxxx,xxxx,xxxx.xxxx,xx:xx:xx:	XX:XX:XX,XX-XX-XX-XX-XX, and X is

You can click **New** to add an ARP entry. If the **Alias** column is selected, it means to answer the ARP request of the designated IP address.

If you click Edit, you can modify the current ARP entry.

If you click Cancel, you can cancel the chosen ARP entry.

ARP Config			
Configure the corresponding M	AC address of an IP address		
	IP Address*		
	MAC Address*		
	Interface VLAN*		
	Apply Reset	Go Back	
Неір			
	s the unitcast address and has the following formats:XXXX	0000000,0000.0000.0000,0000,0000.0000	X:XX,XX-XX-XX-XX-XX, and X is
Hex number			
	Figure 17 Setting	static ARP	
Basic ARP Config			
New			
No.1 Page/Total 1 Page First Prev	Next Last Go No. Page Search:	Cu	rrent 1 Item/Total 1 Item
IP Address	MAC Address	Interface VLAN	Operate
10.1.1.1	22:22:22:22:22	1	Edit
Select All/Select None			Delete



5.8 Ring Protection Configuration

5.8.1 EAPS Ring List

If you click Layer-2 Config -> Ring protection Config, the EAPS ring list page appears.

ether-ring	
ether-ring	
New 🔶	
No.0 Page/Total 0 Page First Prev Next Last Go No. Page Search:	Current 0 Item/Total 0 Item
Ring ID Node Type Ring Description Control VLAN Status Hello Fail Preforward Primary Port/Forwarding/Link Status	Secondary Port/Forwarding/Link Status Operate
Select All/Select None	Delete Refresh
Help	



In the list shows the currently configured EAPS ring, including the status of the ring, the forwarding status of the port and the status of the link.

Click "New" to create a new EAPS ring.

Click the "Operate" option to configure the "Time" parameter of the ring.

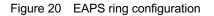
Note:

The system can support 8 EAPS rings.
 After a ring is configured, its port, node type and control Vlan cannot be modified. If the port of the ring, the node type or the control Vlan need be adjusted, please delete the ring and then establish a new one.

5.8.2 EAPS Ring Configuration

If you click "New" on the EAPS ring list, or "Operate" on the right side of a ring item, the "Configure EAPS" page appears.

ether-ring			
Ring ID		0 💌	
Node Type		Master Node 💌	
Ring Description			
Control VLAN			
Hello Time		1	(1-10)s
Fail Time		3	(3-30)s
Preforward Time		3	(3-30)s
Primary Port		None 🚩	
Secondary Port		None 💌	
	Apply	Reset	Go Back



Note:

If you want to modify a ring, on this page the node type, the control VLAN, the primary port and the secondary port cannot be modified.

In the dropdown box on the right of "Ring ID", select an ID as a ring ID. The ring IDs of all devices on the same ring must be the same.

The dropdown box on the right of "Node Type" is used to select the type of the node. Please note that only one master node can be configured on a ring.

Enter a value between 1 and 4094 in the text box on the right of "Control VLAN" as the control VLAN ID. When a ring is established, the control VLAN will be automatically established too. Please note that if the designated control VLAN is 1 and the VLAN of the control device is also 1 the control device cannot access the control VLAN. Additionally, please do not enter a control VLAN ID that is same as that of another ring.

In the text boxes of "Primary Port" and "Secondary Port", select a port as the ring port respectively. If "Node Type" is selected as "Transit-Node", the two ports will be automatically set to transit ports.

Click "Apply" to finish EAPS ring configuration, click "Reset" to resume the initial values of the configuration, or click "Return" to go back to the EAPS list page.

5.9 DDM Configuration

If you click L2 Config -> DDM Config in the navigation bar, the DDM configuration page appears, as shown in figure 5-21.

DDM Config	
DDM	Enable 💌
Apply	Reset
Неір	

Figure 23: DDM configuration

Chapter 6 Layer-3 Configuration

Device Status
Basic Config
Port Config
L2 Config
L3 Config
VLAN Interfaces and IF Addresses DHCP Server Static Route OSPF Route Config IGMP Proxy
Advanced Config
Network Mgr.
Diagnostic Tool
System Mgr.

Figure 1: Layer-3 configuration list

Note: Only layer-3 switches have the layer-3 configuration.

6.1 VLAN Interface and IP Address Configuring

If you click Layer-3 Config -> VLAN interface and IP addresses, the Configuring the VLAN interface page appears.

VLAN Interface Config			
New .1 Page/Total 1 Page First Prev Next Last Go No. Page	Search:	Currer	nt 1 Item/Total 1 Ite
Name of the VLAN Interface	IP Attribute	IP Address	Operate
1	Manual Config	192.168.1.1/24;	Edit
Select All/Select None			Delete

Figure 2: Configuring the VLAN interface

Click **New** to add a new VLAN interface. Click **Cancel** to delete a VLAN interface. Click **Modify** to modify the settings of a corresponding VLAN interface.

When you click **New**, the name of the corresponding VLAN interface can be modified; but if you click **Modify**, the name of the corresponding VLAN interface cannot be modified.

Note:

On the Web page, you can only set the IP address of Interface Vlan1; if the L3 switch is used and more Vlan interfaces need be created, please make configuration after a successful login through the console port or Telnet.

VLAN Interface Config		
IP Attribute		
	VLAN Interface Name*	
	IP Attribute*	Manual Config 💌
Primary IP Address		
	IP Address*	
	MASK address*	
Secondary IP Address 1		
	IP Address*	
	MASK address*	
Secondary IP Address 2		
	IP Address*	
	MASK address*	
	Apply	eset Go Back
Help		

The primary IP must be configured for the VLAN interface before the secondary IP is configured

Figure 3: VLAN interface configuration

Note: Before the accessory IP of a VLAN interface is set, you have to set the main IP.

6.2 Setting the Static Route

If you click Layer-3 Config -> Static route Config, the Static route configuration page appears.

) Page/Total 0 Page F	irst Prev Next Last G	o No. Page Search:			Currei	nt 0 Item/Total 0 Item
Default Dest IP Route Segment	Dest IP Interface Mask Type	VLAN Gateway's IP Interface Address	Forwarding Routing Address	Distance Routin metric Tag		y the route cription Operate
Select All/Select None	2					Delete

Figure 4 Displaying the static route

Click Create to add a static route.

If you click Edit, you can modify the current static route.

If you click **Cancel**, you can cancel the chosen static route.

Static Route Config	
Configure the static routing protocol	
Default Route	
Dest IP Segment	
Dest IP Mask	
Interface Type	Interface Null0
Interface Vlan	
Gateway's IP Address	
Forwarding Routing address	
Distance metric	
Routing Tag	
Global	
Specify Route Description	
Apply	Reset Go Back
Help	
♦Global:The next-hop address is in the global routing table.	

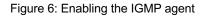
Figure 5: Setting the static route

6.3 IGMP Agent

6.3.1 Enabling the IGMP Agent

If you click Layer-3 Config -> IGMP agent, the IGMP agent page appears.

	IGMP	Proxy Enable 💙			
		Apply	Reset		
elp					

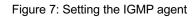


On this page you can enable or disable the IGMP agent. It is noted that the IGMP agent can be enabled or disabled on a switch only after the IP IGMP-snooping function is enabled on the switch.

6.3.2 Setting the IGMP Agent

If you click Layer-3 Config -> IGMP agent -> IGMP agent Config, the IGMP agent configuration page appears. Click New to create a new IGMP agent.

NewIGMP Proxy	
Agent VLAN*	1
Client VLAN*	1
Apply	Reset Go Back



Chapter 7 Advanced Configuration

Device Status
Basic Config
Port Config
L2 Config
L3 Config
Advanced Config
Qos Config
IP Access List
MAC Access List
Network Mgr.
Diagnostic Tool
System Mgr.

Figure 1 A list of advanced configuration

7.1 QoS Configuration

7.1.1 Configuring QoS Port

If you click Advanced Config -> QoS -> Configure QoS Port, the Port Priority Config page appears.

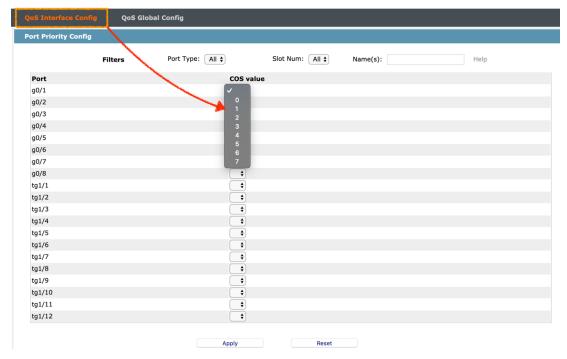
Port	COS value
G0/1	0 🛩
G0/2	0 💙
G0/3	0 💙
G0/4	0 💙
G0/5	
G0/6	0
G0/7	1
G0/8	2 3
G0/9	4 5
G0/10	6
G0/11	7

Figure 2 Configuring the QoS Port

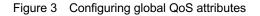
You can set the CoS value by clicking the dropdown box on the right of each port and selecting a value. The default CoS value of a port is 0, meaning the lowest priority. If the CoS value is 7, it means that the priority is the highest.

7.1.2 Global QoS Configuration

If you click Advanced Config -> QoS Config -> Global QoS Config, the Port's QoS parameter configuration page appears.



oS Config							
			Sch	edule Policy 🛛 🤞			
			Schedule F				
Queue 1		Queue 2		Queue drr wfq		Queue 4	
1	(1-15)	1	(1-15)	1	(0-15)	1	(0-15)
Queue 5		Queue 6		Queue 7		Queue 8	
1	(0-15)	1	(0-15)	1	(0-15)	1	(0-15)
COS value				Queue 1 \$			
1				Queue 2 ¢			
2				Queue 3 \$			
3				Queue 4 \$			
4				Queue 5 \$			
5				Queue 6 \$			
6				Queue 7 \$			
				Queue 8 \$			



In WRR schedule mode, you can set the weights of the QoS queues. There are 4 queues, among which

queue 1 has the lowest priority and queue 4 has the highest priority.n

7.2 MAC Access Control List

7.2.1 Setting the Name of the MAC Access Control List

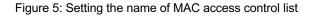
If you click **Advanced Config -> MAC access control list -> MAC access control list Config**, the MAC ACL configuration page appears.

MAC Access List Config MAC Access List Application	
MAC ACL Config	
New Version No. 0 Page/Total 0 Page First Prev Next Last Go No. Page Search:	Current 0 Item/Total 0 Item
Name of the MAC Access Control List	Operate
Select All/Select None	Delete

Figure 4: MAC access control list configuration

Click **New** to add a name of the MAC access control list. Click **Cancel** to delete a MAC access control list.

Creating MAC ACL	
	Name of the MAC ACL*
	Apply Reset Go Back



7.2.2 Setting the Rules of the MAC Access Control List

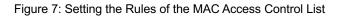
If you click **Modify**, the corresponding MAC access control list appears and you can set the corresponding rules for the MAC access control list.

MAC Access Lis	t Config MAC	Access List Application		
MAC ACL Applic	cation			
	Filters	Port Type: All 🛊	Slot Num: All + Name(s):	Help
Port	Egress AC	L	Ingress ACL	
g0/1				
g0/2				
g0/3				

Figure 6: Specific MAC access control list configuration

Click **New** to add a rule of the MAC access control list. Click **Cancel** to delete a rule of the MAC access control list.

NewMAC ACLmyaclItem				
	Authority	permit	*	
	Src MAC Type*	host	~	
	Src MAC*	000100020	0003]
	Src MAC Mask*			
	Dst MAC Type*	any	*	
	Dst MAC*			
	Dst MAC Mask*			
A	pply	Reset		Go Back



7.2.3 Applying the MAC Access Control List

If you click Advanced Config -> MAC access control list -> Applying the MAC access control list, the Applying the MAC access control list page appears.

Port	Egress ACL	Ingress ACL
G0/1		
G0/2		
G0/3		
G0/4		
G0/5		
G0/6		
G0/7		

Figure 8: Applying the MAC access control list

7.3 IP Access Control List

7.3.1 Setting the Name of the IP Access Control List

If you click **Advanced Config -> IP access control list -> IP access control list Config**, the IP ACL configuration page appears.

New	e First Prev Next Last Go No. 🗌 Pag	e Search:	Current 2 Item/Total 2 Iter
	Name of the IP ACL	Attribute of the IP ACL	Operate
	ada	extended	Edit
	myacl	standard	Edit

Figure 9: IP access control list configuration

Click **New** to add a name of the IP access control list. Click **Cancel** to delete an IP access control list.

Creating the IP ACL		
	Name of the IP ACL*	
	Attribute	standard 💌
	Apply R	Reset Go Back

Figure 10: Creating a name of the IP access control list

If you click **Modify**, the corresponding IP access control list appears and you can set the corresponding rules for the IP access control list.

- 7.3.2 Setting the Rules of the IP Access Control List
- Standard IP access control list

IP Stand	dard ACLmyacl				
Nev	w				
No.1 Page/	/Total 1 Page First	Prev Next Last Go	No. Page Search:	Cu	rrent 1 Item/Total 1 Item
	Authority	Src IP	Src IP Mask	Record the log	Operate
	permit	1.1.1.1	255.255.255.0	log	Edit
Select	t All/Select None			Go Back	Delete

Figure 11: Standard IP access control list

Click **New** to add a rule of the IP access control list. Click **Cancel** to delete a rule of the IP access control list. If you click **Modify**, the corresponding IP access control list appears and you can set the corresponding rules for the IP access control list.

NewStandard IP ACL Regulation	
NewIP Access Control ListmyaclItem	
Authority	permit 💌
Src IP Type	Specify IP
Src IP*	1.1.1.1
Src IP Mask	255.255.255.0
Src IP Range*	
Log	
Apply	eset Go Back

Figure 12: Setting the Rules of the standard IP access control list

Extended IP access control list

No.1 Page/T	Fotal 1	Page Fir	st Prev Next Last G	o No	. 📄 Pa	age	Search:						C	urrent 1 I	tem/Tota	l 1 Item
Authority	Mask Type	Protocol Number	Src Address	Src Port	Dst Address	Dst Port	Time- Range	Tos	Precedence	Do not fragment the flag	Fragmented Packet	Offset	Length of the IP packet	Time-to- live Value	Record the log	Operate
permit	Mask	0	1.1.1.1/255.255.255.0		any		10								log	Edit

Figure 13: Extended IP access control list

Click **New** to add a rule of the IPaccess control list. Click **Cancel** to delete a rule of the IP access control list. If you click **Modify**, the corresponding IP access control list appears and you can set the corresponding rules for the IP access control list.



Figure 14: Setting the Rules of the extended IP access control list

7.3.3 Applying the IP Access Control List

If you click Advanced Config -> IP access control list -> Applying the IP access control list, the Applying the IP access control list page appears.

Port	Egress ACL	Ingress ACL
G0/1	myacl	
G0/2		acla
G0/3		
G0/4		
G0/5		
G0/6		
G0/7		
G0/8		

Figure 15: Applying the IP access control list

Chapter 8 Network Management Configuration

Device Status			
Basic Config			
Port Config			
L2 Config			
L3 Config			
Advanced Config			
Network Mgr.			
SNMP Mgr.			
RMON Config			
Diagnostic Tool			
System Mgr.			

Figure 1: Network management configuration list

8.1 SNMP Configuration

If you click **Network management Config -> SNMP management** in the navigation bar, the **SNMP management** page appears, as shown in figure 2.

8.1.1 SNMP Community Management

NMP Community Managemen	nt		
No. A			
New			
D Page/Total 0 Page First Prev	v Next Last Go No. Page Search:	Current	0 Item/Total 0 I

Figure 2 SNMP community management

On the SNMP community management page, you can know the related configuration information about SNMP community.

You can create, modify or cancel the SNMP community information, and if you click **New** or **Edit**, you can switch to the configuration page of SNMP community.

SNMP Community Management	
	public Input less than 20 characters Read Only
Apply	Go Back

Figure 4.2 SNMP community management settings

On the SNMP community management page you can enter the SNMP community name, select the attributes of SNMP community, which include Read only and Read-Write.

8.1.2 SNMP Host Management

SNMP Community Mgr	SNMP Host Mgr			
SNMP Host Managemen	t			
New	at David Loats Co. No. 🗌 David C		0	
		earch:	Current 0	Item/Total 0 Item
SNMP Host IP	SNMP Community String	SNMP Message Type	SNMP Community Version	Operate

Figure 4 SNMP host management

On the SNMP community host page, you can know the related configuration information about SNMP host.

You can create, modify or cancel the SNMP host information, and if you click **New** or **Edit**, you can switch to the configuration page of SNMP host.

SNMP Host Management	
SNMP Host IP	
SNMP Community	
SNMP Message Type	Traps 💌 * Informs is not supported in version v1
SNMP Community Version	v1 💌
Apply	Go Back

Figure 5 SNMP host management settings

On the SNMP host configuration page, you can enter SNMP Host IP, SNMP Community, SNMP Message Type and SNMP Community Version. SNMP Message Type includes Traps and Informs, and as to version 1, SNMP Message Type does not support Informs.

8.2 RMON

8.2.1 RMON Statistic Information Configuration

If you click **Network Management Config -> RMON -> RMON Statistics -> New**, the **RMON Statistics** page appears.

RMON Statistics	RMON History	RMON Alarm	RMON Event		
RMON Statistics	>				
New New No.0 Page/Total 0 Page	First Prev Next Last	Go No. Page	Search:		Current 0 Item/Total 0 Item
Index		Interface		Owner	Operate
Select All/Select	None				Delete
Help					
#It must be configured in	interface mode, which i	s used to enable the i	nterface statistics		

Interface Statistics Config	
Interface	G0/1 💌
Index	1 (1-65535)
Owner	demon
Apply	Go Back
Help	
It must be configured in interface mode, which is used to enable the interface sta	tistics
* \blacklozenge The string you totally entered is less than or equal to 255 characters	

Figure 6 Configuring the RMON statistic information

You need to set a physical port to be the reception terminal of the monitor data.

The index is used to identify a specific interface; if the index is same to that of the previous application interface, it will replace that of the previous application interface.

At present, the monitor statistic information can be obtained through the command line "show rmon statistics", but the Web does not support this function.

8.2.2 RMON History Information Configuration

If you click **Network Management Config -> RMON -> RMON history -> New**, the **RMON history** page appears.

RMON Statistics RMON History RMON Alarm RM	ON Event			
RMON History				
New				
No.0 Page/Total 0 Page First Prev Next Last Go No. Page Sear	rch:		Current	0 Item/Total 0 Item
Index Sampling Number	Sampling Interval	Interface	Owner	Operate
Select All/Select None				Delete
Help #Sampling Number means how many history items must be saved recently. Interface History config				
Interface	ce G0/1 🗸			
Inde	ex	(1-65535)		
Sampling Numb	er 50	(1-65535)		
Sampling Interv	al 1800	(1-3600)		
Own	er config	Enter less than 31 characters*		
Apply	Go Back			

Figure 7 Configuring the RMON history information

You need to set a physical port to be the reception terminal of the monitor data.

The index is used to identify a specific interface; if the index is same to that of the previous application interface, it will replace that of the previous application interface.

The sampling number means the items that need be reserved, whose default value is 50.

The sampling interval means the time between two data collection, whose default value is 1800s.

At present, the monitor statistic information can be obtained through the command line "show rmon history", but the Web does not support this function.

8.2.3 RMON Alarm Information Configuration

If you click Network Management Config -> RMON -> RMON Alarm -> New, the RMON Alarm page appears.

RMON Statist	tics	RMON History	RMON Alar	m RMON Ever	nt				
RMON Alarm									
New 🔶									
No.0 Page/Total	0 Page F	First Prev Next Last	Go No.	Page Search:			Current	0 Item/To	otal 0 Item
Index OID	Interface	Sampling Interval	Alarm type	Rising Threshold	Rising Event Index	Falling Threshold	Falling Event Index	Owner	Operate
Select Al	I/Select No	one						Del	ete
Help									
#OID is the OID o	of the mon	itored MIB node.							
#The relevant eve	ent will be	triggered when the ris	ing threshold	or falling threshold is	exceeded.				

RMON Alarm config		
Index	1	(1-65535)
MIB Node	IflnOctets 🗸	
OID	1.3.6.1.2.1.2.2.1.10	
Interface	G0/1 💙	
Alarm type	absolute 💌	
Sampling Interval	5	(1-2147483647)
Rising Threshold	5	(-2147483648 - 2147483647)
Rising Event Index	2	(1-65535)
Falling Threshold	6	(-2147483648 - 2147483647)
Falling Event Index	3	(1-65535)
Owner	default	Enter less than 31 characters*
Apply	Go Back	
Help		
The owner can be empty		
The string you totally entered is limited in 255 characters		

Figure 8 Configuring the RMON alarm information

The index is used to identify a specific alarm information; if the index is same to the previously applied index, it will replace the previous one.

The MIB node corresponds to OID.

If the alarm type is **absolute**, the value of the MIB object will be directly minitored; if the alarm type is **delta**, the change of the value of the MIB object in two sampling will be monitored.

When the monitored MIB object reaches or exceeds the rising threshold, the event corresponding to the index of the rising event will be triggered.

When the monitored MIB object reaches or exceeds the falling threshold, the event corresponding to the index of the falling event will be triggered.

8.2.4 RMON Event Configuration

If you click **Network Management Config -> RMON -> RMON Event -> New**, the **RMON event** page appears.

RMON Statistics	RMON History	RMON Alarm	RMON Event			
RMON Event						
New 🔶						
No.0 Page/Total 0 Page	First Prev Next Last	Go No. Pag	e Search:		Curre	ent 0 Item/Total 0 Item
Index	Enable log	(Community	Description	Owner	Operate
Select All/Select	None					Delete
Help						
#If the log is enabled	the items will be added t	to the log table at t	ne trigger of the event.			

RMON Event Config				
Index	(1-65535)			
Owner				
Description				
Enable log				
Enable trap				
Community				
Apply	Go Back			
Help				
igstarrow If the log is enabled, the items will be added to the log table at the trigger of the	event.			
◆If the trap is enabled, the trap will be generated with the event community name.				
The string you totally entered is less than 255 characters				

Figure 9 RMON event configuration

The index corresponds to the rising event index and the falling event index that have already been configured on the **RMON alarm config** page.

The owner is used to describe the descriptive information of an event.

"Enable log" means to add an item of information in the log table when the event is triggered.

"Enable trap" means a trap will be generated if the event is triggered.

Chapter 9 Diagnosis Tools



Figure 1: Diagnosis tool list

9.1 Ping

If you click **Diagnosis Tools -> Ping**, the **Ping** page appears.

Ping				
	Ping is a typical network tool, which is used to identify the states of some network functions. The states of network functions are the basis of regular network diagnosis. Ping is used to check whether the peer is reachable. If Ping transmits a packet to the host and receives a response from the peer, the peer is reachable.			
	PING test>			
	Destination address*			
	Source IP address (An option which can be null)			
	Size of the PING packet (36-20000) (An option which can be null)			
Ш				
Help				
◆The ping program can test whether a destination can be reached, or it can test the packet loss to reach a destination.				
◆De:	stination address: Enter the to-be-tested destination address.			
♦Sou	♦Source IP: Source IP.			
♦Pac	Packet's size: Designate the size of a packet when the packet is used to ping a destination. It is optional and cannot be configured.			

Figure 2 Ping

Ping is used to test whether the switch connects other devices.

If a Ping test need be conducted, please enter an IP address in the "Destination address" textbox, such as the IP address of your PC, and then click the "PING" button. If the switch connects your entered address, the device can promptly return a test result to you; if not, the device will take a little more time to return the test result.

"Source IP address" is used to set the source IP address which is carried in the Ping packet.

"Size of the PING packet" is used to set the length of the Ping packet which is transmitted by the device.

Chapter 10 System Management

Device Status
Basic Config
Port Config
L2 Config
L3 Config
Advanced Config
Network Mgr.
Diagnostic Tool
Diagnostic Tool System Mgr.
-
System Mgr.
System Mgr. User Mgr.
System Mgr. User Mgr. Log Mgr.

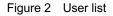
Figure 1 Navigation list of system management

10.1 User Management

10.1.1 User List

If you click System Manage -> User Manage, the User Management page appears.

User Mgr.	Group Mgr. Pass-Group Mgr.	Authen-Group Mgr.	Author-Group	Mgr.		
User Managemei	nt					
New						
No.1 Page/Total 1 Page First Prev Next Last Go No. Page Search: Current 1 Item/Total 1 Item					em/Total 1 Item	
User name	User permission	Pass-Group	Authen-Group	Author-Group	User Status	Operate
admin	System administrator				Normal	Edit
Select All/Select None						Delete



You can click "New" to create a new user.

To modify the permission or the login password, click "Edit" on the right of the user list.

Note:

1. Please make sure that at least one system administrator exists in the system, so that you can manage the devices through Web.

2. The limited user can only browse the status of the device.

10.1.2 Establishing a New User

If you click "New" on the User Management page, the Creating User page appears.

User Management	
User name	
Password	
Confirming password	
Pass-Group	
Authen-Group	
Author-Group	
Apply	eset Go Back



In the "User name" text box, enter a name, which contains letters, numbers and symbols except "?", "\", "&", "#" and the "Space" symbol. \ " & #和空格以外的字符。

In the "Password" textbox enter a login password, and in the "Confirming password" textbox enter this login password again.

In the "User permission" dropdown box set the user's permission. The "System administrator" user can browse the status of the device and conduct relevant settings, while the limited user can only browse the status of the device.

10.2 Log Management

If you click System Manage -> Log Manage, the Log Management page appears.

Log Management				
System logs will be sent to the server when it is enabled				
Enable the log server				
Address of the log server	192.168.1.77			
Level of system logs	(7-debugging)			
Enable the log buffer				
Size of the log buffer	4096 (Bytes)			
Level of cache logs	(7-debugging)			
Apply				

Figure 4 Log management

If "Enabling the log server" is selected, the device will transmit the log information to the designated server. In this case, you need enter the address of the server in the "Address of the system log server" textbox and select the log's grade in the "Grade of the system log information" dropdown box.

If "Enabling the log buffer" is selected, the device will record the log information to the memory. By logging on to the device through the Console port or Telnet, you can run the command "show log" to browse the logs which are saved on the device. The log information which is saved in the memory will be lost after rebooting. Please enter the size of the buffer area in the "Size of the system log buffer" textbox and select the grade of the cached log in the "Grade of the cache log information" dropdown box.

10.3 Managing the Configuration Files

If you click **System Manage -> Configuration file**, the **Configuration file** page appears.

10.3.1 Exporting the Configuration Information

Ð	Export the current startup-config			
	Export the current startup-config			
	Export			

Figure 5 Exporting the configuration file

The current configuration file can be exported, saved in the disk of PC or in the mobile storage device as the backup file.

To export the configuration file, please click the "Export" button and then select the "Save" option in the pop-up download dialog box.

The default name of the configuration file is "startup-config", but you are suggested to set it to an easily memorable name.

10.3.2 Importing the Configuration Information

Import startup-config file
Import startup-config file (
Reboot is required after importing startup-config!
Import

Figure 6 Importing the configuration files

You can import the configuration files from PC to the device and replace the configuration file that is currently being used. For example, by importing the backup configuration files, you can resume the device to its configuration of a previous moment.

Note:

Please make sure that the imported configuration file has the legal format for the configuration file with illegal format cannot lead to the normal startup of the device.
 If error occurs during the process of importation, please try it later again, or click the "Save All" button to make the device re-establish the configuration file with the current configuration, avoiding the incomplete file and the abnormality of the device.
 After the configuration file is imported, if you want to use the imported configuration file immediately, do not click "Save All", but reboot the device directly.

10.4 Software Management

If you click **System Manage -> Software Upgrade**, the software management page appears.

10.4.1 Backing up the IOS Software

Backup system				
Current software version: switch.bin, 2.1.1A Build 13295, 2013-6-5 17:37:3 by SYS File name on the server switch.bin Backup system				
Figure 7 Backing up IOS				
On this page the currently running software version is displayed. If you want to backup IOS, please click "Backuping IOS"; then on the browser the file download dialog box appears; click "Save" to store the IOS file to the disk of the PC, mobile storage device or other network location. Upgrading the IOS Software				
 Note: 1. Please make sure that your upgraded IOS matches the device type, because the matchable IOS will not lead to the normal startup of the device. 2. The upgrade of IOS probabely takes one to two minutes; when the "updating" button is clicked, the IOS files will be uploaded to the device. 3. If errors occur during upgrade, please do not restart the device or cut off the power of the device, or the device cannot be started. Please try the upgrade again. 4. After the upgrade please save the configuration and then restart the device to run the new IOS. 				
Update system				
Reboot is required after the update of system software! Reboot the device automatically after update File name on the server switch.bin Update system Upgrade				

Figure 8 Upgrading the IOS software

The upgraded IOS is always used to solve the already known problems or to perfect a specific function. If you device run normally, do not upgrade your IOS software frequently.

If IOS need be upgraded, please first enter the complete path of the new IOS files in the textbox on the right of "Upgrading IOS", or click the "Browsing" button and select the new IOS files on your computer, and then click "Updating".

10.5 Resuming Initial Configuration

If you click **System Manage -> Resume Config**, the **Resuming the original configuration** page appears.

Restore the original settings	
Restore the original settings	
Reboot is required	
Restore	
Help	

Figure 9 Resuming the original configuration

Note:

1. If you click the "Resume" button, the current configuration will be replaced by the original configuration, which will take effect after rebooting.

2. Before rebooting the device still works under the current configuration, and if you click "Save All" at the moment, the current configuration will replace the original configuration. The original configuration, therefore, cannot take effect after rebooting. 3. After the rebooting is done and the original configuration takes effect, the Web access of the device will be automatically started. The address of Vlan 1 is 192.168.1.1/255.255.255.0, and the username and password are both "admin".

To resume the original configuration, click "Resume" and then reboot the device.

10.6 Rebooting the Device

If you click System Manage -> Reboot Device, the Rebooting page appears.

Rebooting	
Reboot	
Reboot	
Help	
♦ Click the 'Reboot' button to restart the device.	

Figure 10 Rebooting the device

If the device need be rebooted, please first make sure that the modified configuration of the device has already been saved, and then click the "Reboot" button.