

Product Datasheet

AFBR-720XPDZ-C

10Gb/s 300M XFP Transceiver

Hot Pluggable, Duplex LC, +3.3V, 850nm, VCSEL MMF 300M DDM 0~70C

FEATURES

- Supports multi-protocol from 9.95Gb/s to 11.3Gb/s
- Hot pluggable 30 pin connector
- Compliant with XFP MSA
- Transmission distance of 300m over multi-mode fibre
- 850nm Vcsel laser transmitter.
- Duplex LC connector
- 2-wire interface for management and diagnostic monitor
- XFI electrical interface with AC coupling
- Single power supply voltages: +3.3V
- Temperature range 0°C to 70°C
- Power dissipation: <1.5W
- RoHS Compliant

APPLICATIONS

- 10GBASE-SR/SW Ethernet
- 1200-Mx-SN-I 10G Fibre Channel
- Other optical links

DESCRIPTION

AFBR-720XPDZ-C Small Form Factor 10Gb/s (XFP) transceivers are compliant with the current XFP Multi-Source Agreement (MSA) Specification. The high performance uncooled 850nm Vcsel transmitter and high sensitivity PIN receiver provide superior performance for 10G Fibre Channel and Ethernet applications up to 300m optical links.

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Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit
Storage Temperature	TST	-40		+85	°C
Case Operating Temperature	TIP	0		+70	°C
Maximum Supply Voltage	VCC3	-0.5		+4	V

Electrical Characteristics (TOP = 0 to 70 °C)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit	Notes
Supply Voltage	V _{CC}	3.13		3.45	V	
Supply Current	I _{CC3}			400	mA	
Power Consumption	P			1.5	W	
Transmitter Section:						
Input differential impedance	R _{in}		100		Ω	1
Differential data input swing	V _{in,pp}	150		820	mV	
Transmit Disable Voltage	V _D	2.0		V _{CC}	V	
Transmit Enable Voltage	V _{EN}	GND		GND+0.8	V	
Transmit Disable Assert Time	T _{off}			100	ms	
Tx Enable Assert Time	T _{on}			100	ms	
Receiver Section:						
Differential data output swing	V _{out,pp}	300	500	850	mV	
Data output rise time	t _r			35	ps	2
Data output fall time	t _f			35	ps	2
LOS Fault	V _{LOS fault}	V _{CC} – 0.5		V _{CC} HOS _T	V	3
LOS Normal	V _{LOS norm}	GND		GND+0.5	V	3
Power Supply Rejection	PSR					4

Notes

1. After internal AC coupling.
2. 20 – 80 %
3. Loss of Signal is open collector to be pulled up with a 4.7k – 10kohm resistor to 3.15 – 3.6V. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; logic 1 indicates no signal detected.
4. Per Section 2.7.1. in the XFP MSA Specification.

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Optical Parameters (TOP = 0 to 70°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typical	Max.	Unit	Notes
Transmitter Section:						
Operating Date Rate	BR	9.95		11.3	Gb/s	
Bit Error Rate	BER			10-12		
Maximum Launch Power	P _{MAX}	-7.3		-1	dBm	1
Optical Wavelength	λ	840	850	860	nm	
Optical Extinction Ratio	ER	3.5			dB	
RMS Spectral Width	λ_{RMS}			0.45	nm	
Sidemode Suppression ratio	SSR _{min}	30			dB	
Rise/Fall Time (20%~80%)	Tr/Tf			35	ps	
Average Launch power of OFF Transmitter	POFF			-30	dBm	
Tx Jitter	T _{xj}	Compliant with each standard requirements				
Optical Eye Mask		IEEE802.3ae				2
Receiver Section:						
Operating Date Rate	BR	9.95		11.3	Gb/s	
Receiver Sensitivity	Sen			-11.1	dBm	2
Maximum Input Power	P _{MAX}	0			dBm	2
Optical Center Wavelength	λ_C	840		860	nm	
Receiver Reflectance	R _{rx}			-12	dB	
LOS De-Assert	LOSD			-12	dBm	
LOS Assert	LOSA	-30			dBm	
LOS Hysteresis	LOSH	0.5		5	dB	

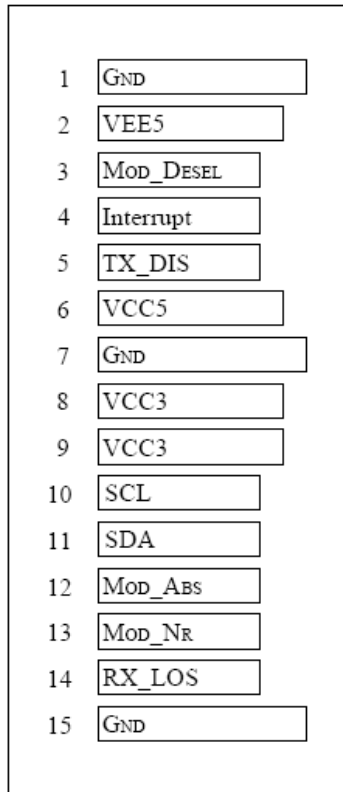
Notes:

1. The optical power is launched into MMF.
2. Measured with a PRBS 231-1 test pattern @10.3125Gbps BER<10-12.

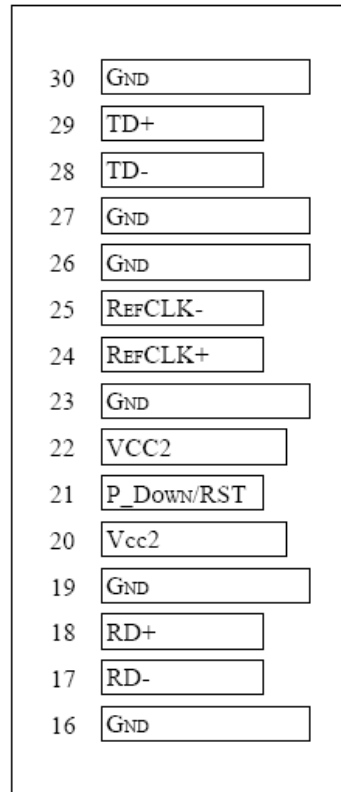
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Pin Assignment

Diagram of Host Board Connector Block Pin Numbers and Name



Bottom of Board
(As view through top of board)



Top of Board

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Pin Function Definitions

PIN No	Logic	Symbol	Function	Notes
1		GND	Module Ground	1
2		VEE5	Optional -5.2 Power Supply – Not required	
3	LVTTL-I	Mod-Desel	Module De-select; When held low allows the module to respond to 2-wire serial interface commands	
4	LVTTL-O	Interrupt	Interrupt (bar); Indicates presence of an important condition which can be read over the serial 2-wire interface	2
5	LVTTL-I	TX_DIS	Transmitter Disable; Transmitter laser source turned off	
6		VCC5	+5 Power Supply	
7		GND	Module Ground	1
8		VCC3	+3.3V Power Supply	
9		VCC3	+3.3V Power Supply	
10	LVTTL-I	SCL	Serial 2-wire interface clock	2
11	LVTTL-I/O	SDA	Serial 2-wire interface data line	2
12	LVTTL-O	Mod_Abs	Module Absent; Indicates module is not present. Grounded in the module.	2
13	LVTTL-O	Mod_NR	Module Not Ready	2
14	LVTTL-O	RX_LOS	Receiver Loss of Signal indicator	2
15		GND	Module Ground	1
16		GND	Module Ground	1
17	CML-O	RD-	Receiver inverted data output	
18	CML-O	RD+	Receiver non-inverted data output	
19		GND	Module Ground	1
20		VCC2	+1.8V Power Supply – Not required	
21	LVTTL-I	P_Down/RST	Power Down; When high, places the module in the low power stand-by mode and on the falling edge of P_Down initiates a module reset	
			Reset; The falling edge initiates a complete reset of the module including the 2-wire serial interface, equivalent to a power cycle.	
22		VCC2	+1.8V Power Supply – Not required	
23		GND	Module Ground	1
24	PECL-I	RefCLK+	Reference Clock non-inverted input, AC coupled on the host board – Not required	3
25	PECL-I	RefCLK-	Reference Clock inverted input, AC coupled on the host board – Not required	3

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26		GND	Module Ground	1
27		GND	Module Ground	1
28	CML-I	TD-	Transmitter inverted data input	
29	CML-I	TD+	Transmitter non-inverted data input	
30		GND	Module Ground	1

Notes:

1. Module circuit ground is isolated from module chassis ground within the module.
2. Open collector; should be pulled up with 4.7k – 10k ohms on host board to a voltage between 3.15V and 3.6V.
3. A Reference Clock input is not required.

Digital Diagnostic Functions

As defined by the XFP MSA 1, ATGBICS XFP transceivers provide digital diagnostic functions via a 2-wire serial interface, which allows real-time access to the following operating parameters:

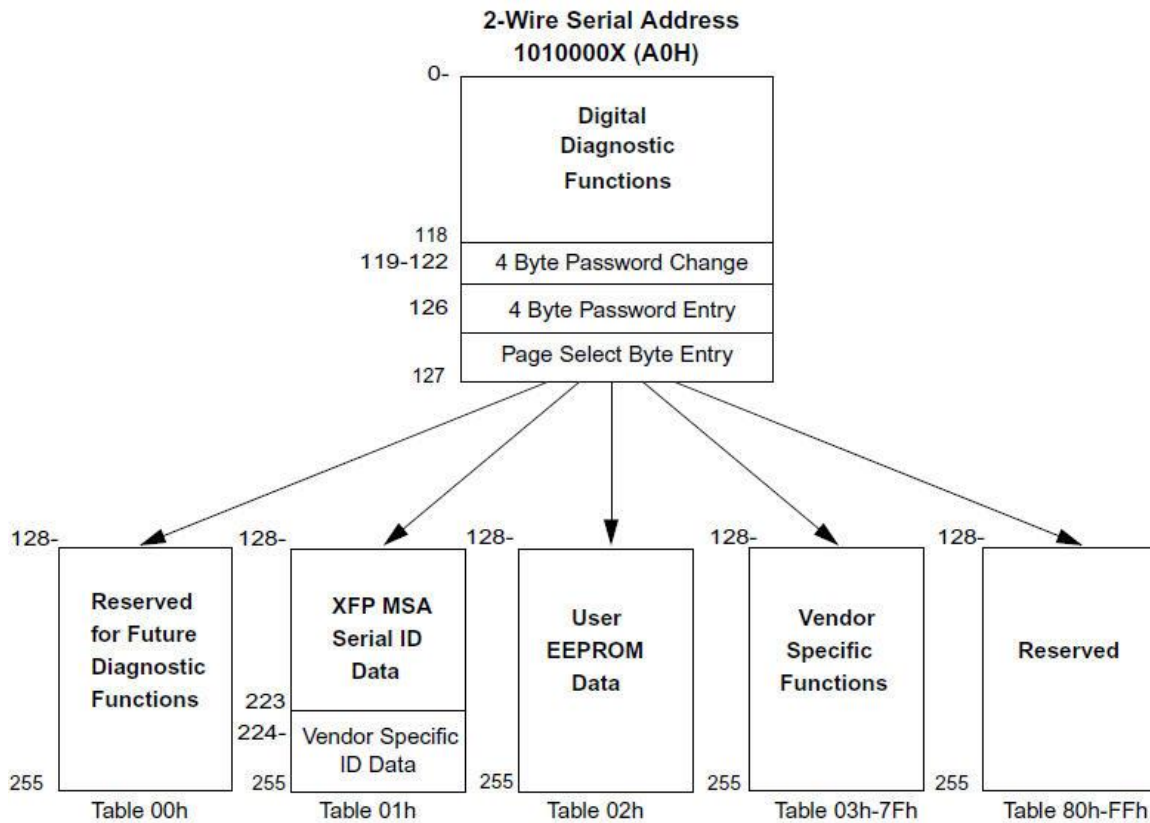
- Transceiver temperature
- Laser bias current
- Transmitted optical power
- Received optical power
- Transceiver supply voltage

It also provides a sophisticated system of alarm and warning flags, which may be used to alert end-users when particular operating parameters are outside of a factory-set normal range.

The operating and diagnostics information is monitored and reported by a Digital Diagnostics Transceiver Controller (DDTC) inside the transceiver, which is accessed through the 2-wire serial interface. When the serial protocol is activated, the serial clock signal (SCL pin) is generated by the host. The positive edge clocks data into the XFP transceiver into those segments of its memory map that are not write-protected. The negative edge clocks data from the XFP transceiver. The serial data signal (SDA pin) is bi-directional for serial data transfer. The host uses SDA in conjunction with SCL to mark the start and end of serial protocol activation. The memories are organized as a series of 8-bit data words that can be addressed individually or sequentially. The 2-wire serial interface provides sequential or random access to the 8 bit parameters, addressed from 000h to the maximum address of the memory.

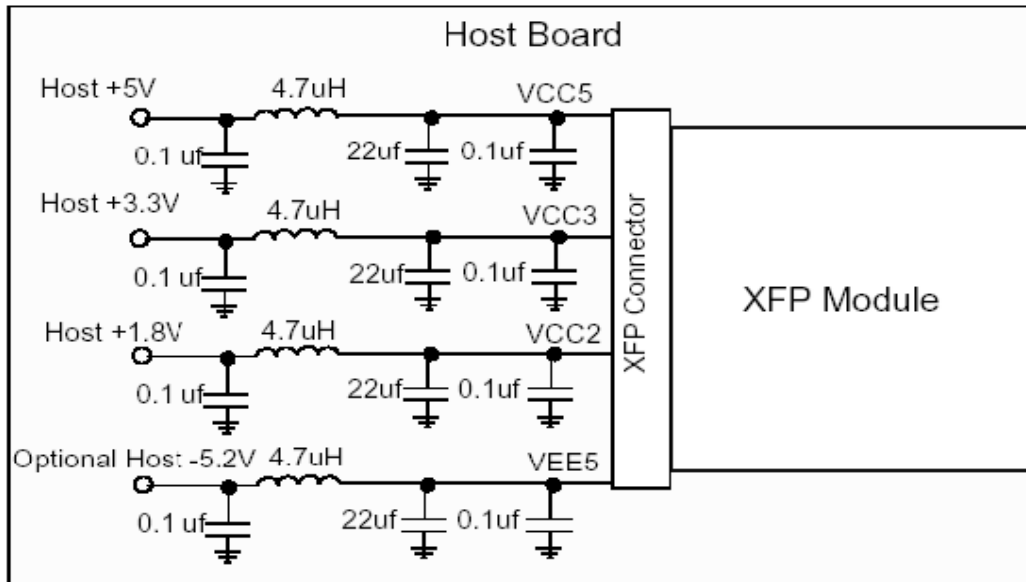
For more detailed information including memory map definitions, please see the XFP MSA Specification.

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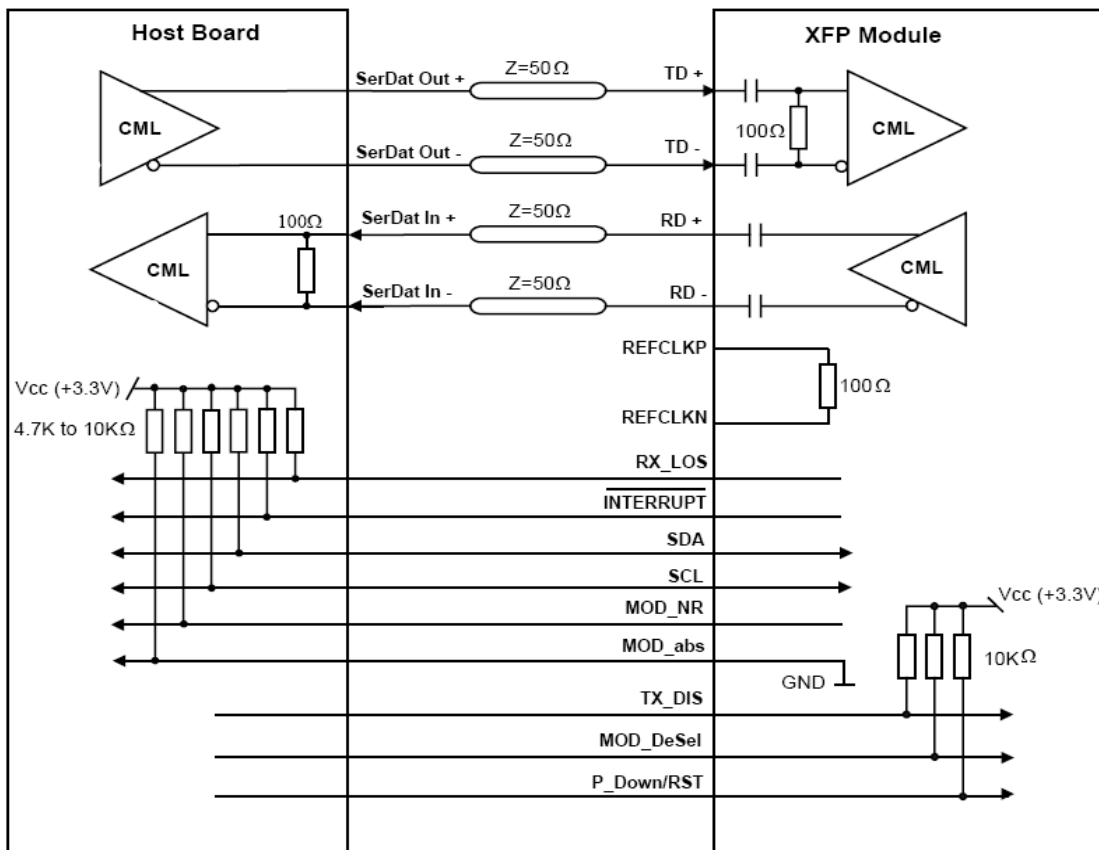


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Recommended Circuit



Recommended Host Board Power Supply Circuit



Recommended High-speed Interface Circuit

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Mechanical Dimensions

