

Statement of Volatility – Precision 5480

 **CAUTION:** A CAUTION indicates either potential damage to hardware or erasure of data and tells you how to avoid the problem.

The Precision 5480 contains both volatile and non-volatile components. Volatile components erase their data immediately after power is removed from the component. Non-volatile components continue to retain their data even after power is removed from the component. The following Non-volatile components are present on the Precision 5480 system board.

Table 1. List of Non-Volatile Components on System Board

Description	Reference Designator	Volatility Description	User Accessible for external data	Remedial Action (action necessary to erase data)
SSD drive(s)	M.2 – 2280/2230	Non-Volatile magnetic media, various sizes in GB. SSD (solid state flash drive).	No	Low level format
Embedded Flash in embedded controller MEC5107	UEI	288 KB of embedded Flash memory	No	NA
System BIOS/EC	UC2 (64 MB)	Non-Volatile memory, system BIOS, embedded controller and Video BIOS for basic boot operation, PSA (on board diags), PXE diags.	No	NA
Thunderbolt EEPROM	UTS1 (1 MB)	Non-Volatile memory, 8 Mbit (1 MB) (Thunderbolt FW)	No	NA
RTC CMOS	UC1 (PCH)	Non-Volatile memory 256 bytes Stores CMOS information	No	NA
Video memory – frame buffer	For UMA platform: Using system memory For Discrete platform: UV3, UV4, UV5, UV6	Volatile memory in off state. UMA uses main system memory size allocated out of main memory. Discrete graphics system uses 6 GB/8 GB GDDR6.	No	Power off system
Security Controller Serial Flash Memory	U1 (up-sell USH daughter board)	Non-Volatile memory, 128 Mbit (16 Mbyte)	No	NA
TPM Controller	U712	Non-Volatile memory, 384 Kbits	No	NA
LCD Panel EEDID EEPROM	Part of panel assembly	Non-Volatile memory, Stores panel manufacturing information, display configuration data	No	NA
Touch screen Embedded Flash	N/A	Non-Volatile memory	No	NA
Digital IMVP9.1 controller	PUZ1	Non-Volatile memory, 1204 bit (512 B) Digital IMVP9.1 controller (Total 162 index, each index 0/4/8 bits)	No	NA
Camera ISP Flash ROM	On Camera module	Non-Volatile memory, 4k-bit	No	NA

 **CAUTION:** All other components on the system board erase data if power is removed from the system. Primary power loss (unplugging the power cord and removing the battery) destroys all user data on the memory (DDR4, 2667 MHz). Secondary power loss (removing the on-board coin-cell battery) destroys system data on the system configuration and time-of-day information.

In addition, to clarify memory volatility and data retention in situations where the computer is put in different ACPI power states the following is provided (those ACPI power states are S0, Modern standby, S4 and S5):

S0 state is the working state where the dynamic RAM is maintained and is read/write by the processor.

Modern standby is a standby mode state that is different from S3 mode. In this state, the dynamic RAM is maintained.

S4 is called **suspend to disk** state or **hibernate** mode. There is no power. In this state, the dynamic RAM is not maintained. If the system has been commanded to enter S4, the OS will write the system context to a non-volatile storage file and leave appropriate context markers. When the system is coming back to the working state, a restore file from the non-volatile storage can occur. The restore file must be valid. Dell systems will be able to go to S4 if the OS and the peripherals support S4 state.

S5 is the **soft off** state. There is no power. The operating system does not save any context to wake up the system. No data will remain in any component on the system board, that is cache or memory. The system will require a complete boot when awakened. Since S5 is the shut off state, coming out of S5 requires power on which clears all registers.

The following table shows all the states supported by Dell Precision 5480:

Model Number	S0	Modern standby	S4	S5
Dell Precision 5480	v	v	v	v