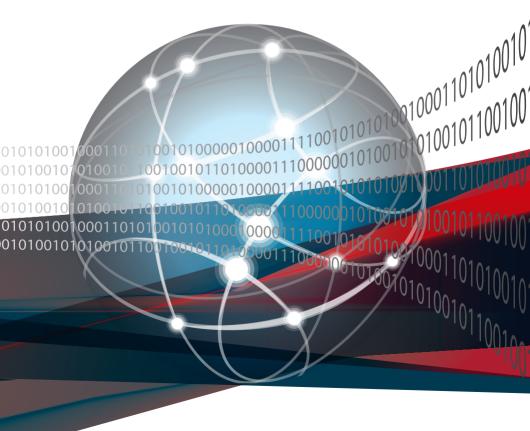


# **ESC8000 G3** 3U Rackmount Server User Guide



E9819 First Edition December 2014

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Notices	viii
Canadian Department of Communications Statement	. viii
Australia statement notice	. viii
Safety information	x
About this guide	xi

#### Chapter 1: Product Introduction

1.1	System package contents1-2		1-2
1.2	Serial	number label	1-3
1.3	Systen	n specifications	1-4
1.4	Front p	oanel features	1-6
1.5	Rear panel features1		
1.6	Internal features1		
1.7	LED in	formation	1-8
	1.7.1	Front panel LEDs	
	1.7.2	LAN (RJ-45) LEDs	1-9
	1.7.3	HDD status LEDs	1-10

#### **Chapter 2: Hardware Information**

2.1	Chassis covers2-2		
2.2	GPU fan air duct2-		
2.3	Central P	rocessing Unit (CPU)	2-5
	2.3.1	Installing the CPU	2-5
2.4	System m	nemory	2-14
	2.4.1	Overview	2-14
	2.4.2	Memory Configurations	2-15
2.5	Hard disk	drives	2-18
	2.5.1	Installing 2.5-inch SATA HDD/SAS HDD	2-18
	2.5.2	Configuring an expansion card	2-20
2.6	Cable cor	nnections	2-21
2.7	SATA/SA	S backplane cabling	2-22
2.8	Installing	M.2 card	2-23
2.9	Installing Accelerators2-2		
2.10	Redundant power supply units2-29		
2.11	Expansion cards2-30		

#### **Chapter 3: Installation options**

3.1	Friction Rail Kit		
	3.1.1	Attaching the rack rails	. 3-2
	3.1.2	Mounting the server to the rack	. 3-4

#### Chapter 4: Motherboard Info

4.1	Z10PG-D24 Motherboard layout	
4.2	Jumpers	
4.3	Internal connectors	
4.4	Onboard LEDs	4-18
	Q-Code table	

#### Chapter 5: BIOS setup

5.1	Managing and updating your BIOS		
	5.1.1	ASUS CrashFree BIOS 3 utility	5-2
	5.1.2	ASUS EZ Flash Utility	5-3
	5.1.3	BUPDATER utility	5-4
5.2	BIOS setu	up program	5-6
	5.2.1	BIOS menu screen	5-7
	5.2.2	Menu bar	5-7
	5.2.3	Menu items	5-8
	5.2.4	Submenu items	5-8
	5.2.5	Navigation keys	5-8
	5.2.6	General help	5-8
	5.2.7	Configuration fields	5-8
	5.2.8	Pop-up window	5-8
	5.2.9	Scroll bar	5-8
5.3	Main men	NU	5-9
	5.3.1	System Date [Day xx/xx/xxxx]	5-9
	5.3.2	System Time [xx:xx:xx]	5-9

5.4	Advanced menu5-10		
	5.4.1	ACPI Settings	5-11
	5.4.2	Smart Settings	5-11
	5.4.3	NCT6779D Super IO Configuration	5-12
	5.4.4	Onboard LAN I210 Configuration	5-13
	5.4.5	Serial Port Console Redirection	5-14
	5.4.6	APM	5-17
	5.4.7	Advanced Power Management Configuration	5-18
	5.4.8	PCI Subsystem Settings	5-19
	5.4.9	Network Stack Configuration	5-20
	5.4.10	CSM Configuration	5-21
	5.4.11	Trusted Computing	5-22
	5.4.12	USB Configuration	5-23
	5.4.13	iSCSI Configuration	5-24
5.5	IntelRCSe	etup menu	5-25
	5.5.1	Processor Configuration	5-26
	5.5.2	Advanced Power Management Configuration	5-28
	5.5.3	Common RefCode Configuration	5-30
	5.5.4	QPI Configuration	5-30
	5.5.5	Memory Configuration	5-31
	5.5.6	IIO Configuration	5-34
	5.5.7	PCH Configuration	5-35
	5.5.8	Miscellaneous Configuration	5-37
	5.5.9	Server ME Configuration	5-38
	5.5.10	Runtime Error Logging Support	5-38
5.6	Server Mg	gmt menu	5-39
5.7	Event Log	gs menu	5-43
5.8	Monitor n	nenu	5-44
5.9	Security menu5-4		
5.10	Boot men	าน	5-48
5.11	Tool men	u	5-49
5.12	Exit menu5-50		

#### Chapter 6: RAID Configuration

6.1	6.1 Setting up RAID		6-2
	6.1.1	RAID definitions	6-2
	6.1.2	Installing hard disk drives	6-3
	6.1.3	Setting the RAID item in BIOS	6-3
	6.1.4	RAID configuration utilities	6-3
6.2	LSI Sof	ftware RAID Configuration Utility	6-4
	6.2.1	Creating a RAID set	6-5
	6.2.2	Adding or viewing a RAID configuration	6-11
	6.2.3	Initializing the virtual drives	6-12
	6.2.4	Rebuilding failed drives	6-16
	6.2.5	Checking the drives for data consistency	6-18
	6.2.6	Deleting a RAID configuration	6-21
	6.2.7	Selecting the boot drive from a RAID set	6-22
	6.2.8	Enabling WriteCache	6-23
6.3	Intel <sup>®</sup> F	Rapid Storage Technology enterprise SCU/SATA	
	Option	ROM Utility	6-24
	6.3.1	Creating a RAID set	6-26
	6.3.2	Creating a Recovery set	6-27
	6.3.3	Deleting a RAID set	6-29
	6.3.4	Resetting disks to Non-RAID	6-30
	6.3.5	Exiting the Intel <sup>®</sup> Rapid Storage Technology enterprise	
		SATA Option ROM utility	6-31
	6.3.6	Rebuilding the RAID	6-31
	6.3.7	Setting the Boot array in the BIOS Setup Utility	6-33
6.4	Intel <sup>®</sup> F	Rapid Storage Technology enterprise (Windows)	6-34
	6.4.1	Creating a RAID set	6-35
	6.4.2	Changing a Volume Type	6-37
	6.4.3	Deleting a volume	6-38
	6.4.4	Preferences	6-39

#### Chapter 7: Driver installation

7.1	RAID driver installation		7-2
	7.1.1	Creating a RAID driver disk	7-2
	7.1.2	Installing the RAID controller driver	7-3
7.2	Manag	ement applications and utilities installation	7-13
7.3	Runnir	g the Support DVD	7-13
7.4	Intel <sup>®</sup> chipset device software installation7-17		
7.5	Installi	ng the Intel <sup>®</sup> I210 Gigabit Adapters driver	7-19
7.6	VGA driver installation7-22		
7.7	Intel <sup>®</sup> Rapid Storage Technology enterprise 4.1 installation		
ASUS	contact i	nformation	1

### Notices

#### Federal Communications Commission Statement

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

- · This device may not cause harmful interference, and
- This device must accept any interference received including interference that may cause undesired operation.

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with manufacturer's instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment to an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.



The use of shielded cables for connection of the monitor to the graphics card is required to assure compliance with FCC regulations. Changes or modifications to this unit not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate this equipment.

### **Canadian Department of Communications Statement**

This digital apparatus does not exceed the Class B limits for radio noise emissions from digital apparatus set out in the Radio Interference Regulations of the Canadian Department of Communications.

This Class B digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003.

#### Australia statement notice

From 1 January 2012 updated warranties apply to all ASUS products, consistent with the Australian Consumer Law. For the latest product warranty details please visit http:// support.asus.com. Our goods come with guarantees that cannot be excluded under the Australian Consumer Law. You are entitled to a replacement or refund for a major failure and compensation for any other reasonably foreseeable loss or damage. You are also entitled to have the goods repaired or replaced if the goods fail to be of acceptable quality and the failure does not amount to a major failure.

If you require assistance please call ASUS Customer Service 1300 2787 88 or visit us at http://support.asus.com

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### **ASUS Recycling/Takeback Services**

ASUS recycling and takeback programs come from our commitment to the highest standards for protecting our environment. We believe in providing solutions for you to be able to responsibly recycle our products, batteries, other components as well as the packaging materials. Please go to <a href="http://csr.asus.com/english/Takeback.htm">http://csr.asus.com/english/Takeback.htm</a> for detailed recycling information in different regions.



**DO NOT** throw the motherboard in municipal waste. This product has been designed to enable proper reuse of parts and recycling. This symbol of the crossed out wheeled bin indicates that the product (electrical and electronic equipment) should not be placed in municipal waste. Check local regulations for disposal of electronic products.



**DO NOT** throw the mercury-containing button cell battery in municipal waste. This symbol of the crossed out wheeled bin indicates that the battery should not be placed in municipal waste.

### Safety information

#### **Electrical Safety**

- Before installing or removing signal cables, ensure that the power cables for the system unit and all attached devices are unplugged.
- To prevent electrical shock hazard, disconnect the power cable from the electrical outlet before relocating the system.
- When adding or removing any additional devices to or from the system, ensure that the
  power cables for the devices are unplugged before the signal cables are connected. If
  possible, disconnect all power cables from the existing system before you add a device.
- If the power supply is broken, do not try to fix it by yourself. Contact a qualified service technician or your dealer.

#### **Operation Safety**

- Any mechanical operation on this server must be conducted by certified or experienced engineers.
- Before operating the server, carefully read all the manuals included with the server package.
- Before using the server, ensure all cables are correctly connected and the power cables are not damaged. If any damage is detected, contact your dealer as soon as possible.
- To avoid short circuits, keep paper clips, screws, and staples away from connectors, slots, sockets and circuitry.
- Avoid dust, humidity, and temperature extremes. Place the server on a stable surface.



This product is equipped with a three-wire power cable and plug for the user's safety. Use the power cable with a properly grounded electrical outlet to avoid electrical shock.

#### Lithium-Ion Battery Warning

**CAUTION!** Danger of explosion if battery is incorrectly replaced. Replace only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer. Dispose of used batteries according to the manufacturer's instructions.

#### CD-ROM Drive Safety Warning CLASS 1 LASER PRODUCT

#### Heavy System

**CAUTION!** This server system is heavy. Ask for assistance when moving or carrying the system.

### About this guide

#### Audience

This user guide is intended for system integrators, and experienced users with at least basic knowledge of configuring a server.

#### Contents

This guide contains the following parts:

#### 1. Chapter 1: Product Introduction

This chapter describes the general features of the server, including sections on front panel and rear panel specifications.

#### 2. Chapter 2: Hardware setup

This chapter lists the hardware setup procedures that you have to perform when installing or removing system components.

3. Chapter 3: Installation options

This chapter describes how to install optional components into the barebone server.

#### 4. Chapter 4: Motherboard information

This chapter gives information about the motherboard that comes with the server. This chapter includes the motherboard layout, jumper settings, and connector locations.

#### 5. Chapter 5: BIOS setup

This chapter tells how to change system settings through the BIOS Setup menus and describes the BIOS parameters.

#### 6. Chapter 6: RAID configuration

This chapter tells how to change system settings through the BIOS Setup menus. Detailed descriptions of the BIOS parameters are also provided.

#### 7 Chapter 7: Driver installation

This chapter provides instructions for installing the necessary drivers for different system components.

### Conventions

To ensure that you perform certain tasks properly, take note of the following symbols used throughout this manual.



**DANGER/WARNING:** Information to prevent injury to yourself when trying to complete a task.



**CAUTION:** Information to prevent damage to the components when trying to complete a task.



IMPORTANT: Instructions that you MUST follow to complete a task. NOTE: Tips and additional information to help you complete a task.

### Typography

Bold text	Indicates a menu or an item to select.
Italics	Used to emphasize a word or a phrase.
<key></key>	Keys enclosed in the less-than and greater-than sign means that you must press the enclosed key.
	Example: <enter> means that you must press the Enter or Return key.</enter>
<key1>+<key2>+<key3></key3></key2></key1>	If you must press two or more keys simultaneously, the key names are linked with a plus sign (+).
	Example: <ctrl>+<alt>+<del></del></alt></ctrl>
Command	Means that you must type the command exactly as shown, then supply the required item or value enclosed in brackets.
	Example: At the DOS prompt, type the command line: format A:/S

### References

Refer to the following sources for additional information, and for product and software updates.

#### 1. ASUS Server Web-based Management (ASWM) user guide

This manual tells how to set up and use the proprietary ASUS server management utility.

#### 2. ASUS websites

The ASUS websites worldwide provide updated information for all ASUS hardware and software products. Refer to the ASUS contact information.

## **Product introduction**

1

This chapter describes the general features of the chassis kit. It includes sections on front panel and rear panel specifications.

### 1.1 System package contents

Check your system package for the following items.

	ESC8000 G3	
Chassis	ASUS 3U Rackmount Chassis	
Motherboard	ASUS Z10PG-D24 Server Board	
Accessory box	1 x MB Support DVD 1 x ASWM Enterprise DVD* 1 x ASMB8 SDVD 1 x Bag of Screws 3 x AC Power Cable 16 x GPU air ducts (8 for Intel Xeon PHi; 8 for Nvidia/AMD) 8 x Mylar for GPU air duct for AMD GPU 2 x CPU heatsink 1 x Rail Kit 16 x VGA power cables 8 x VGA power cables for Nvidia 300W and above GPU cards.	
Optional Items	1 x PEM-FDR 1 x PEB-10G/57840-2S 1 x PEB-10G/57811-1S 1 x PIKE II 3108 1 x PIKE II 3008	

#### ASUS System Web-based Management



The system does not include a USB floppy drive. You may have to use a USB floppy drive when creating a SATA RAID driver disk. Refer to Chapter 6 for details.

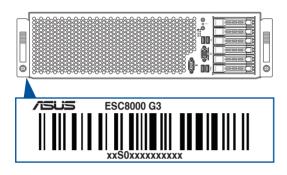


If any of the above items is damaged or missing, contact your retailer.

### 1.2 Serial number label

Before requesting support from the ASUS Technical Support team, you must take note of the product's serial number containing 14 characters such as xxS0xxxxxxxx. See the figure below.

With the correct serial number of the product, ASUS Technical Support team members can then offer a quicker and satisfying solution to your problems.





The serial number on ESC8000 G3 is printed on the Asset tag.

### 1.3 System specifications

The ASUS ESC8000 G3 servers features the ASUS Z10PG-D24 Series server board that supports Intel<sup>®</sup> LGA 2011-3 Xeon<sup>®</sup> processor from the E5-2600 V3 product family.

Model	Name	ESC8000 G3
		2 x Socket R3 (LGA 2011-3)
Processor / System Bus		Intel <sup>®</sup> Xeon <sup>®</sup> processor E5-2600 v3 product family
		QPI 6.4 / 8.0 / 9.6 GT/s
Core Logic		Intel <sup>®</sup> C612 PCH
	Total Slots	24 (4-channel per CPU, 12 DIMMs per CPU)
	Capacity	Maximum up to 1536 GB
Memory	Memory Type	DDR4 2133/1866/1600/1333* RDIMM/LR-DIMM/NVDIMM
	Mamany Cine	4 GB, 8 GB, 16 GB, 32 GB (RDIMM)
	Memory Size	32 GB, 64 GB (LRDIMM)
	Total PCI/PCI-X/ PCI-E Slots	10
		Full-length/Full-height
Expansion Slots	Slot Type	8 x PCI-E 3.0 x16 (x16 Link) + 1 x PCI-E 3.0 x16 (x8 Link)
		Half-lenth/Low-profile
		1 x PCI-E 3.0 x8 (x8 Link)
		Intel <sup>®</sup> C612
		- 6 x SATA 6Gb/s ports
	SATA Controller	- 1 x M.2 connector(support both PCI-E and SATA interface.)
		Intel <sup>®</sup> RSTe supports software RAID 0, 1, 10, & 5 (for Windows only)
•		LSI MegaRAID driver supports software RAID 0, 1, and 10
Storage		(Windows & Linux)
		Ontional kitast
	SAS Controller	ASUS PIKE II 3008 8-port SAS 12G RAID card
		ASUS PIKE II 3108 8-port SAS 12G HW RAID card
		* Requires extra mini SAS HD to mini SAS cable

\* Please refer to www.asus.com for latest memory AVL update

\* 3 DPC support up to 1600 MT/s only

(continued on the next page)

### System specifications

Model Name		ESC8000 G3		
HDD Bays	l = Internal A or S will be hot-swappable			
Networking LAN		2 x Intel I210AT		
		1 x Management Port		
Graphic	VGA	Aspeed AST2400 32 MB		
		1 x External Serial Port		
Front I/O		4 x Front USB ports (2 x USB 3.0, 2 x USB 2.0)		
		1 x VGA Port		
Rear I/O		3 x RJ-45 ports (One for ASMB8-iKVM)		
		Windows <sup>®</sup> Server 2012 R2		
OS Support		Windows <sup>®</sup> Server 2012		
		Windows <sup>®</sup> Server 2008 Enterprise R2 SP1		
		RedHat <sup>®</sup> Enterprise Linux		
		SuSE <sup>®</sup> Linux Enterprise Server		
		Ubuntu		
		CentOS		
		VMWare		
		Citrix XenServer		
Management Out of Band Remote Solution Hardware		1 x ASMB8-iKVM for KVM-over-Internet (default)		
	Software	ASWM Enterprise		
Dimension (HH x WW x DD)		759 mm x 447 mm x 130.6 mm (3U)		
Net Weight Kg (CPU, DRAM & HDD not included)		29.2 Kg		
Power Supply / Power Rating		100 - 127 / 200 - 240 Vac, 25.8 / 19A, 47-63 Hz Class I		
Environment		Operating temperature: 10°C ~ 35°C		
		Non operating temperature: -40°C ~ 70°C		
		Non operating humidity: 20% ~ 90% (Non-condensing)		

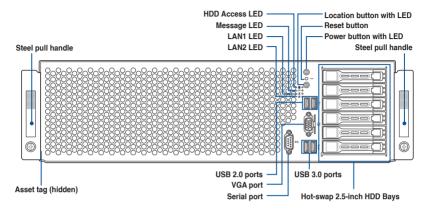


• Specifications are subject to change without notice.

• Refer to www.asus.com for the latest OS AVL update.

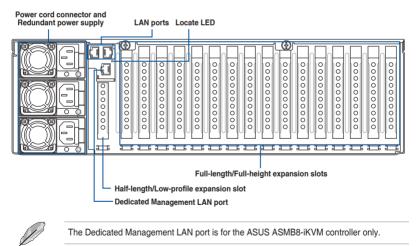
### 1.4 Front panel features

The barebone server features a simple yet stylish front panel. The power and reset buttons, LED indicators, and USB ports are located and easily accessible on the front panel.



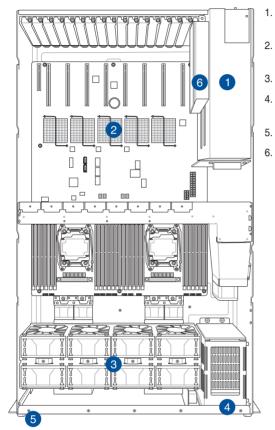
### 1.5 Rear panel features

The LAN ports and system power socket are located on the rear panel of the server.



### 1.6 Internal features

The barebone server includes the basic components as shown.



- Redundant Power supply (hidden)
- ASUS Z10PG-D24 Server Board
- . System fans
- . Hot-swap HDD tray (SAS and SATA) (hidden)
- . Asset tag (hidden)
- . Half-length/Low-Profile PCI-E Expansion slot (hidden)

The barebone server does not include a floppy disk drive or an optical drive. Connect a USB floppy disk drive to any of the USB ports on the front or rear panel if you need to use a floppy disk.



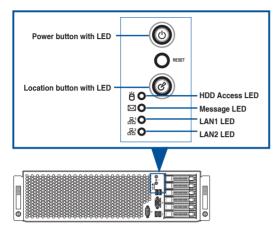
A protection film is pre-attached to the front cover before shipping. Please remove the protection film before turning on the system for proper heat dissipation.

### HAZARDOUS MOVING PARTS KEEP FINGERS AND OTHER BODY PARTS AWAY

### 1.7 LED information

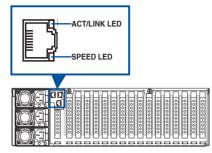
### 1.7.1 Front panel LEDs

#### ESC8000 G3



LED	lcon	Display status	Description
Power button with LED		ON	System power ON
HDD Access LED	Ö	OFF	No activity
		Blinking	Read/write data into the HDD
Message LED		OFF	System is normal; no incoming event
		ON	A hardware monitor event is indicated
Location button with LED	Ċ	OFF	Normal status
		ON	Location switch is pressed (Press the location switch again to turn off)
LAN LEDs	&₁ &₂	OFF	No LAN connection
		Blinking	LAN is transmitting or receiving data
		ON	LAN connection is present

### 1.7.2 LAN (RJ-45) LEDs



#### LAN1/LAN2 LEDs

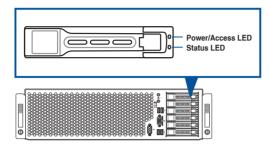
ACT/LINK LED		SPEED LED		
Status	Description	Status	Description	
OFF	No link	OFF	10 Mbps connection	
GREEN	Linked	ORANGE	100 Mbps connection	
BLINKING	Data activity	GREEN	1 Gbps connection	

#### Dedicated Management LAN (for ASMB8)

ACT/LINK LED		SPEED LED		
Status	Description	Status	Description	
OFF	No link	OFF	10 Mbps connection	
ORANGE	Linked	ORANGE	100 Mbps connection	
BLINKING	Data activity	GREEN	1 Gbps connection	

### 1.7.3 HDD status LEDs

#### ESC8000 G3



HDD LED	Description
Green	The installed HDD is in good condition
Red	HDD locate or HDD failure



# **Hardware Information**

This chapter lists the hardware setup procedures that you have to perform when installing or removing system components.

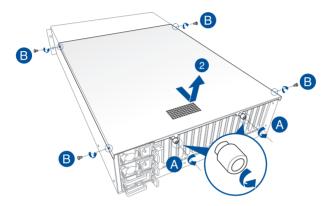
### 2.1 Chassis covers



A protection film is pre-attached to the system cover before shipping. Remove the protection film before turning on the system for proper heat dissipation.

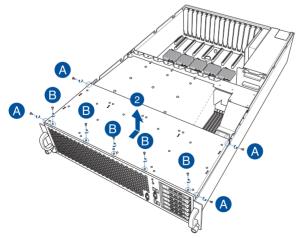
To remove the rear chassis cover:

- 1. Remove the two (A) thumbscrews on the rear then remove the four screws on the side (B).
- 2. Slightly move the rear chassis cover toward the rear then lift to completely remove it from the chassis.



To remove the front chassis cover:

- 1. Remove the four (A) screws on the side then remove the five screws on the top (B).
- 2. Slightly move the front chassis cover toward the rear then lift to completely remove it from the chassis.

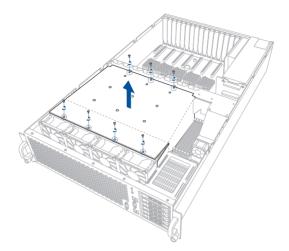


### 2.2 GPU fan air duct



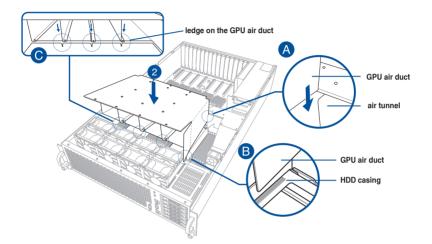
Use both of your hands in performing the steps.

To remove the GPU fan airduct, remove the seven (7) screws on the GPU air duct then lift the airduct to remove it from the chassis.

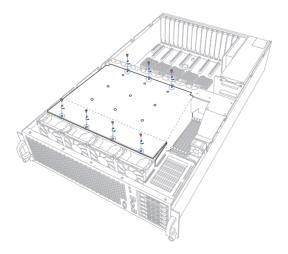


To reinstall the GPU fan airduct.

- Align the rear corner edge of the GPU air duct inside the air tunnel on the mid board (A) then insert the front corner edge to the gap between the front system fans and the HDD casing (B).
- 2. Slowly press the GPU down to the chassis making sure that the ledge on the GPU air duct fits in the gap between the system fans (C).

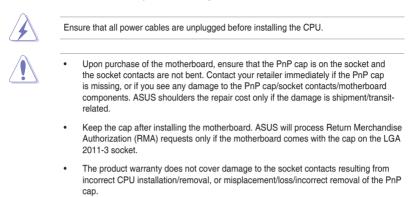


3. Tighten the seven (7) screws on the GPU air duct.



### 2.3 Central Processing Unit (CPU)

The motherboard comes with two surface mount LGA 2011-3 Socket R3 designed for the  $Intel^{\circ}$  Xeon $^{\circ}$  E5-2600 V3 series processor family.



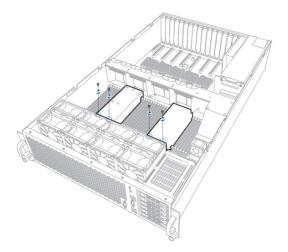


Remove the front cover, rear cover, and the GPU air duct before installing the CPU. For more information, refer to the section **Chassis covers** and **GPU air duct** of this user guide.

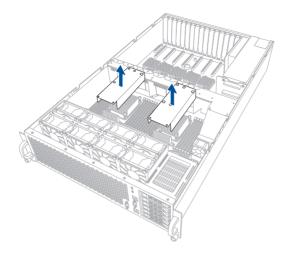
#### 2.3.1 Installing the CPU

To install a CPU:

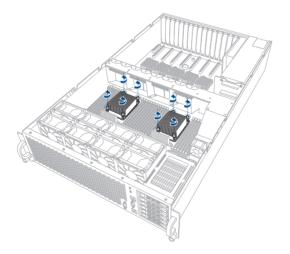
1. Remove the two (2) screws on each of the CPU air duct.



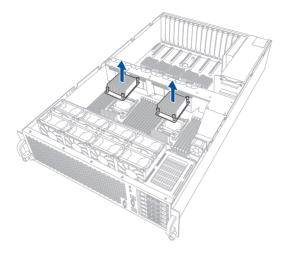
2. Carefully lift the CPU air duct.



3. Loosen the screws on the CPU heatsink.



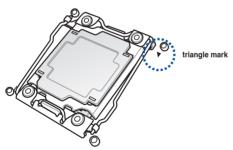
4. Lift and remove the the CPU heatsink then set aside.



5. Locate the CPU socket box in the motherboard.



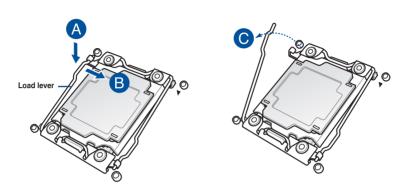
Align the system such that the socket box is facing toward you and the triangle mark is on your top-right position.



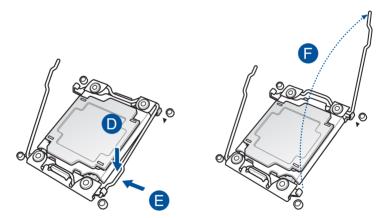
6. Press down the load lever with your thumb (A), move it to the right until it is released from the retention tab (B), then gently lift the load lever (C).



To prevent damage to the socket pins, do not remove the  $\mathsf{PnP}$  cap unless you are installing a CPU.



7. Press down the right load lever with your thumb (D), move it to the left until it is released from retention tab (E), then gently lift the load lever (F).

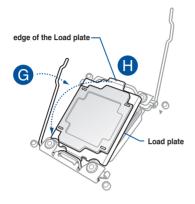


8. Push the left load lever to slightly lift the load plate (G).



Do not insert the load lever into the retention tab.

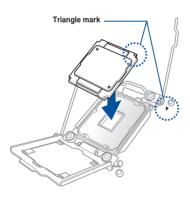
9. Hold the edge then gently lift the load plate (H).



- 10. Prepare the CPU.
- 11. Align and position the CPU over the socket ensuring that the triangle mark on the CPU matches the triangle mark on the socket box.
- 12. Install the CPU into the slot.



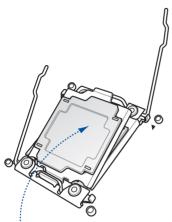
The CPU fits in only one correct orientation. DO NOT force the CPU into the socket to prevent bending the CPU pins on the socket.



13. Gently push the load plate just enough to let it sit on top of the CPU.



Do not force to close the load plate as it may damage the CPU.



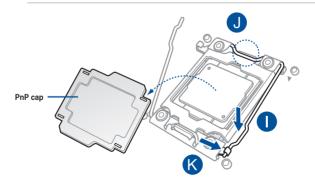
 Push down the right load lever (I) ensuring that the edge of the load plate is fixed and tucked securely under the lever (J) then insert the right load lever under the retention tab (K).



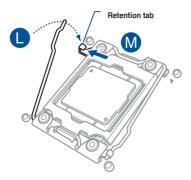
The PnP cap pops out of the load plate when the right load lever is inserted into the retention tab.



Keep the PnP cap. ASUS will process Return Merchandise Authorization (RMA) requests only if the motherboard comes with the PnP cap on the LGA 2011-3 socket.



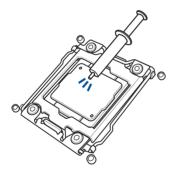
15. Push down the left load lever (L) then insert it under the retention tab (M).



16. Apply some Thermal Interface Material to the exposed area of the CPU that the heatsink will be in contact with.



- Ensure that the Thermal Interface Material is spread in an even thin layer.
- Some heatsinks come with pre-applied Thermal Interface Material. If so, skip this step.



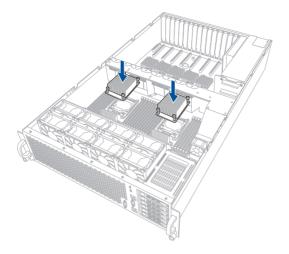


The Thermal Interface Material is toxic and inedible. DO NOT eat it. If it gets into your eyes or touches your skin, wash it off immediately and seek professional medical help.

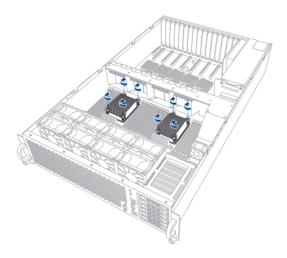


Repeat step 5 - 16 to install the other CPU.

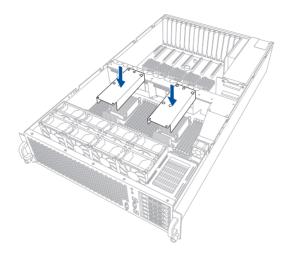
17. Align the CPU heatsink on top of the installed CPU ensuring that the screw holes on the CPU heatsink matches the screw holes on the socket box of the system.



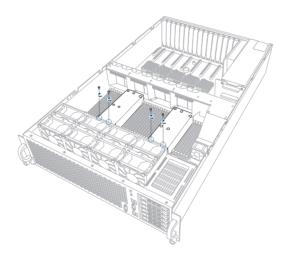
18. Tighten the four (4) screws on the CPU heatsink.



#### 19. Replace the CPU air duct.



20. Tigthen the screws on the CPU air duct.

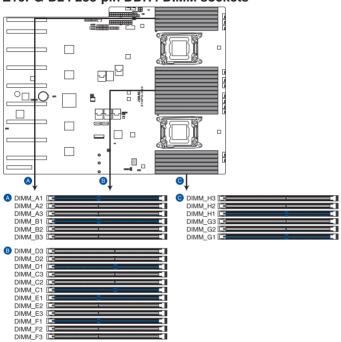


### 2.4 System memory

#### 2.4.1 Overview

The motherboard comes with 24 Double Data Rate 4 (DDR4) Dual Inline Memory Modules (DIMM) sockets.

The figure illustrates the location of the DDR4 DIMM sockets:



#### Z10PG-D24 288-pin DDR4 DIMM sockets

# 2.4.2 Memory Configurations

You may install 4 GB, 8 GB, 16 GB, and 32 GB RDIMMs or 32 GB or 64 GB LR-DIMMs into the DIMM sockets using the memory configurations in this section.



Make sure that you have installed the CPU, the CPU heatsink, and the CPU air duct before installing the DIMMs. Doing so will prevent issues in installing the DIMMs next to the CPU.



Refer to ASUS Server AVL for the updated list of compatible DIMMs.

- When installing only one DIMM in a single CPU configuration, install the DIMM on either A1 or B1.
- Always install DIMMs with the same CAS latency. For optimum compatibility, it is recommended that you obtain memory modules from the same vendor.

#### Single CPU Configuration

1 CPU Configuration (must on CPU1)					
	1 DIMM	2 DIMMs	4 DIMMs	8 DIMMs	12 DIMMs
DIMM_A3					•
DIMM_A2				•	•
DIMM_A1	•	•	•	•	•
DIMM_B3					•
DIMM_B2				•	•
DIMM_B1		•	•	•	•
DIMM_C3					•
DIMM_C2				•	•
DIMM_C1			•	•	•
DIMM_D3					•
DIMM_D2				•	•
DIMM_D1			•	•	•

### **Dual CPU Configuration**

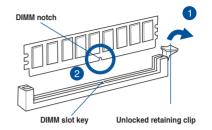
2 CPU Cor	nfiguration						
	2 DIMMs	4 DIMMs	8 DIMMs	12 DIMMs	16 DIMMs	20 DIMMs	24 DIMMs
DIMM_A3						•	•
DIMM_A2				•	•	•	•
DIMM_A1	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
DIMM_B3						•	•
DIMM_B2				•	•	•	•
DIMM_B1		•	•	•	•	•	•
DIMM_C3							•
DIMM_C2					•	•	•
DIMM_C1			•	•	•	•	•
DIMM_D3							•
DIMM_D2					•	•	•
DIMM_D1			•	•	•	•	•
DIMM_E3						•	•
DIMM_E2				•	•	•	•
DIMM_E1	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
DIMM_F3						•	•
DIMM_F2				•	•	•	•
DIMM_F1		•	•	•	•	•	•
DIMM_G3							•
DIMM_G2					•	•	•
DIMM_G1			•	•	•	•	•
DIMM_H3							•
DIMM_H2					•	•	•
DIMM_H1			•	•	•	•	•

#### 2.4.3 Installing a DIMM on a single clip DIMM socket



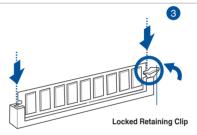
Ensure to install CPU, CPU heatsink, and the CPU air duct first before installing the DIMM.

- 1. Press the retaining clip outward to unlock a DIMM socket.
- Align a DIMM on the socket such that the notch on the DIMM matches the DIMM slot key on the socket.



A DIMM is keyed with a notch so that it fits in only one direction. DO NOT force a DIMM into a socket in the wrong direction to avoid damaging the DIMM.

 Hold the DIMM on both ends, then insert the DIMM vertically into the socket. Apply force to both ends of the DIMM simultaneously until the retaining clip snaps back into place, and the DIMM cannot be pushed in any further to ensure proper sitting of the DIMM.



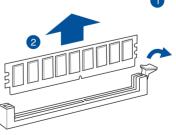


Always insert the DIMM into the socket VERTICALLY to prevent damage to the DIMM notch.

- To install two or more DIMMs, refer to the user guide bundled in the motherboard package.
  - Refer to the user guide for qualified vendor lists of the memory modules.

#### Removing a DIMM from a single clip DIMM socket

- Press the retaining clip outward to unlock the DIMM.
- 2. Remove the DIMM from the socket.





Support the DIMM lightly with your fingers when pressing the retaining clips. The DIMM might get damaged when it flips out with extra force.

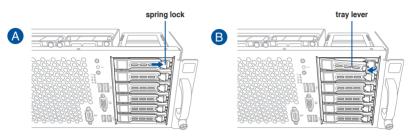
# 2.5 Hard disk drives

The ESC8000 G3 system supports hot-swap 2.5-inch SATA/SAS hard disk drives. The hard disk drive installed on the drive tray connects to the motherboard SATA/SAS ports via the SATA/SAS backplane.

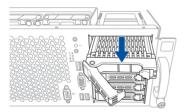
# 2.5.1 Installing 2.5-inch SATA HDD/SAS HDD

To install a 2.5-inch HDD:

 Press the spring lock to release the tray lever (A) and to partially eject the tray from the bay (B).



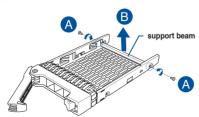
2. Firmly hold the tray lever and carefully pull the drive tray out of the bay.



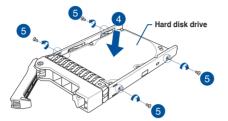
- 3. Place the drive tray in a clean and flat surface.
- Release the screws on each side of the drive tray (A) then release the drive tray support beam (B).



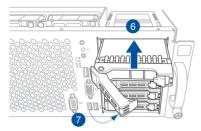
The drive tray support beam provides horizontal support to the empty drive tray and prevents the drive tray from being bent or deformed.



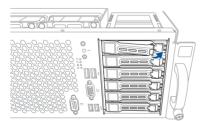
- Place the Serial ATA (SATA) HDD/SAS HDD into the tray. Ensure that the SATA HDD/ SAS HDD is fitted firmly inside the drive tray and that the four screws of the HDD matches the four screw holes of the drive tray.
- 6. Secure the SATA HDD/SAS HDD to the drive tray with the four bundled screws.



- 7. Align and insert the 2.5-inch SATA HDD/SAS HDD and drive tray assembly into the drive bay.
- 8. Press the tray lever until it clicks in place.



9. Press the spring lock to secure the 2.5-inch SATA HDD/SAS HDD and drive tray assembly.



10. Repeat step 1-9 to install the other 2.5-inch SATA HDD/SAS HDDs.

# 2.5.2 Configuring an expansion card

After installing the expansion card, configure it by adjusting the software settings.

- 1. Turn on the system and change the necessary BIOS settings, if any. See Chapter 5 for information on BIOS setup.
- 2. Assign an IRQ to the card. Refer to the **Standard Interrupt assignments** table for more information.
- 3. Install the software drivers for the expansion card.

IRQ	Priority	Standard function
0	1	System Timer
1	2	Keyboard Controller
2	-	Programmable Interrupt
3*	11	Communications Port (COM2)
4*	12	Communications Port (COM1)
5*	13	
6	14	Floppy Disk Controller
7*	15	
8	3	System CMOS/Real Time Clock
9*	4	ACPI Mode when used
10*	5	IRQ Holder for PCI Steering
11*	6	IRQ Holder for PCI Steering
12*	7	PS/2 Compatible Mouse Port
13	8	Numeric Data Processor
14*	9	Primary IDE Channel
15*	10	Secondary IDE Channel

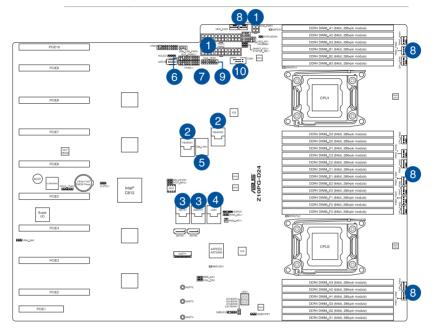
#### Standard Interrupt assignments

\* These IRQs are usually available for ISA or PCI devices.

# 2.6 Cable connections

 The bundled system cables are pre-connected before shipment. You do not need to disconnect these cables unless you remove the pre-installed components to install additional devices.

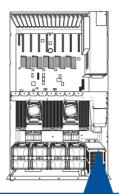
Refer to Chapter 4 for detailed information on the connectors.

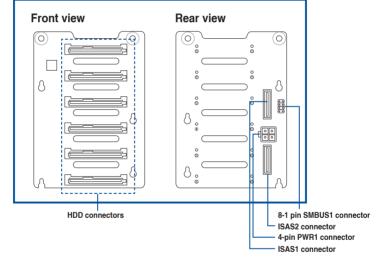


#### Pre-connected system cables

- 1. 20-pin power connector (from the motherboard to the power distribution board) and 4-pin HDD\_PWR1 connector (from the motherboard to the HDD backplane board)
- 2. Rear I/O connector (from motherboard to LAN 1 and 2 port on the rear I/O board)
- 3. ISATA / ISSATA connectors
- 4. USB connector (from motherboard to front I/O board)
- 5. DM\_LAN connector (from motherboard to rear I/O board)
- 6. Auxiliary Panel connector (from motherboard to front I/O board)
- 7. Panel connector (from motherboard to front I/O board)
- 8. System fan connectors (4-pin CPU\_FAN1-4, FRNT\_FAN1-8, HDD\_FAN1-2 from motherboard to system fans)
- 9. VGA\_HDR1 connector (from motherboard to front I/O board)
- 10. Serial port (COM port)

# 2.7 SATA/SAS backplane cabling





Chapter 2: Hardware setup

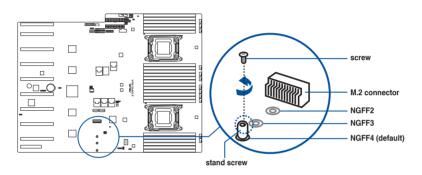
# 2.8 Installing M.2 card

To install an M.2 card:

- 1. Locate the M.2 connector (NGFF1) on the motherboard.
- 2. Remove the screw on the stand screw.
- S

The stand screw is pre-installed on the screw hole labeled as NGFF4 which supports 2280 (22 x 80) M.2 cards.

To install other supported sizes of M.2 card, remove the stand screw from NGFF4 then install it to either the NGFF3 or NGFF2 slot. NGFF3 supports 2260 (22 x 60) M.2 cards while NGFF2 supports 2242 (22 x 42) M.2 cards.



3. Align and insert the M.2 card into the M.2 connector (NGFF1).



4. Secure the M.2 card with the screw you removed in step 2.



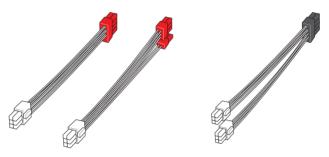
# 2.9 Installing Accelerators



- Use both of your hands in performing the following steps.
- Read the documentation that comes with your GPU accelerator before installing them.
- When installing more that one GPU accelerator, it is recommended to install the accelerator on PCIE9 slot first.



The system comes with two types of VGA power cable. One type has a red/white connector which is used for general GPU/accelerators and the other has a black/white connector for Nvidia 300W or above GPU card.

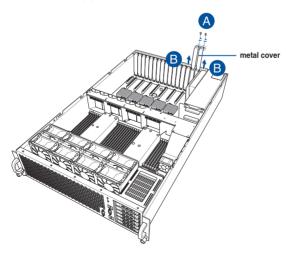


for general GPU/accelerators

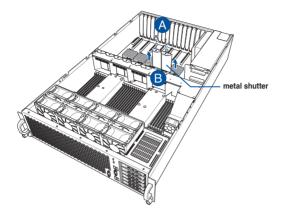
for Nvidia 300W GPU or higher card

To install a GPU accelerator to the system:

1. Locate and remove the screws on the metal cover on the rear panel (A) then remove the metal cover (B).



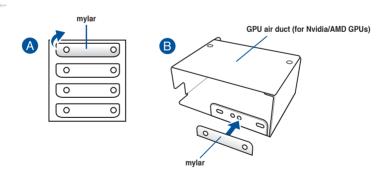
2. Locate and remove the screw on the metal shutter at the middle of the server (A) then remove the metal shutter (B).



3. Prepare the GPU air duct and the GPU accelerator.

When installing AMD S9150 or later GPU cards, you need to attach a mylar to the GPU air duct first before installing the air duct to the GPU card. To do this, get a mylar (A) then attach it to the air duct (B) as shown.

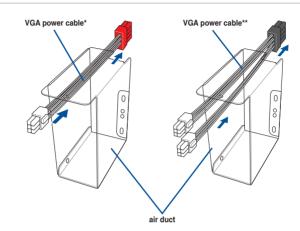
The mylar is bundled with the system and included in the accessory box.



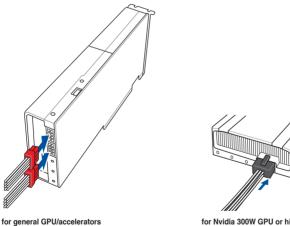


For Nvidia 300W or above GPU cards, it is required to use the dedicated VGA power cables with black/white connector. The Nvidia 300W GPU card will not work, or may even cause damage to the system, if the wrong VGA power cable is used.

- Pass the VGA power cable inside the air duct as shown. 4.
  - \* Use the VGA power cable with red/white connector for general GPU/accelerators.
- \*\* Use the VGA power cable with black/white connector for Nvidia 300W or above GPU card.

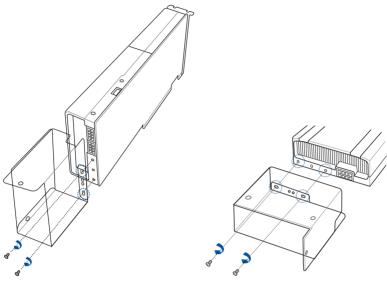


5. Connect the power connecotors of the VGA power cable to the connector on the accelerator.



for Nvidia 300W GPU or higher card

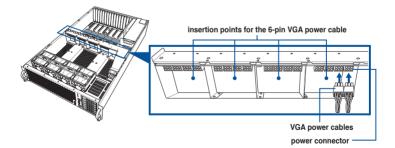
6. From inside the air duct, secure the air duct to the accelerator with two screws.



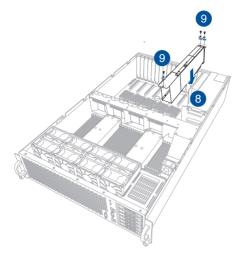
for general GPU/accelerators

for Nvidia 300W GPU or higher card

 Insert the 6-pin power connector (white) of the VGA power cable to the insertion point nearest the power connector then connect it to the power connector on the power bar.



- 8. Align and insert the golden fingers of the accelerator into the PCIE slot on the server system. Ensure the card is completely seated on the slot.
- 9. Secure the GPU card to the chassis with one screw on the power bar and two screws on the rear bracket.



10. Repeat step 1-9 if you need to install another GPU accelerator to the bracket.



Install the next GPU accelerator to the next available slot adjacent to PCIE9 slot.

# 2.10 Redundant power supply units



Always use two (2) PSUs in booting up the system. Using one PSU may cause system instability and unknown issues.



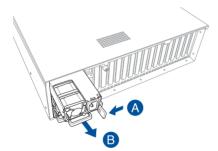
Use both of your hands in performing the following steps.

To replace a power supply unit (PSU):

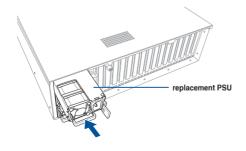
1. Lift up the PSU lever.



2. Hold the PSU lever, press the PSU latch (A) then carefully pull the PSU out of the system chassis (B).



- 3. Prepare the replacement PSU.
- 4. Align and insert the replacement PSU into the empty PSU bay until it clicks into place.



# 2.11 Expansion cards

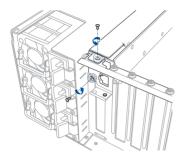
The system supports half-height/half length and half-height/low-profile expansion cards such as the PIKE II series cards.



Use both of your hands in performing the following steps.

To install a half-heigh/half-ength expansion card:

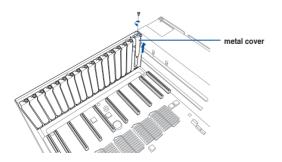
1. Remove the screw on the rear and on the top of the metal casing as shown.



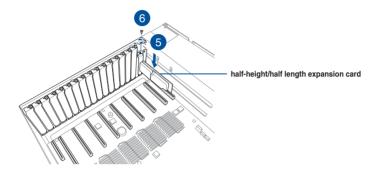
2. Remove the metal casing.



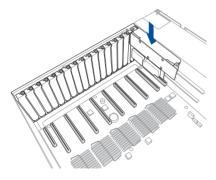
3. Remove the screw then remove the metal cover.



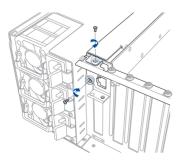
- 4. Prepare the half-height/half length expansion card.
- 5. Align and insert the expansion card into the PCIE slot. Ensure that the card is seated firmly in place.
- 6. Secure the expansion card with a screw.



7. Replace the metal casing.

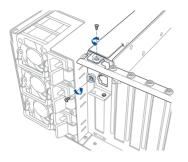


8. Replace the screw on the rear and on top of the metal casing.



To install a PIKE II series card:

1. Remove the screw on the rear and on the top of the metal casing as shown.



2. Remove the metal casing.



3. Remove the screw then remove the metal cover.



4. Prepare the PIKE II series card and the mini-SAS HD to mini-SAS cable.



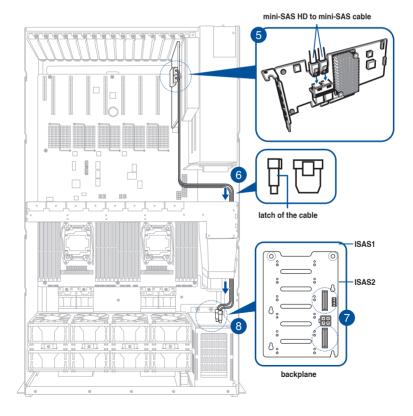
It is recommended that you use a mini-SAS HD to mini-SAS cable with a minimum length of 78 cm to ensure you have adequate length to connect and properly layout the cable inside the chassis of the server.

- Connect the other end of the mini-SAS HD to mini-SAS cable to the connectors on the PIKE II card.
- 6. Lay the mini-SAS HD to mini-SAS cable on the system as shown.

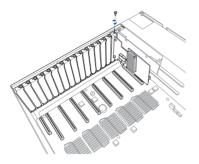


Ensure that the latch of the cable is facing the side of the chassis.

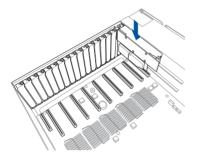
- Leverage the space on the LAN module and arrange the cable under the metal module.
- 7. Remove the pre-installed cables connected to the ISAS1 and ISAS2 headers on the backplane.
- 8. Connect the connectors of the mini-SAS HD to mini-SAS cable to the ISAS1 and ISAS2 connector on the backplane.



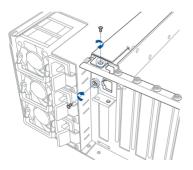
- 9. Align and insert the PIKE II series card into the PCIE slot. Ensure that the card is seated firmly in place.
- 10. Secure the expansion card with a screw.



11. Replace the metal casing.



12. Replace the screw on the rear and on top of the metal casing.



# 3

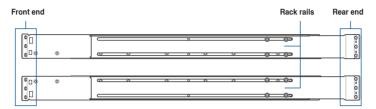
# **Installation options**

This chapter describes how to install the optional components and devices into the barebone server.

# 3.1 Friction Rail Kit

The rail kit package includes:

Friction rack rails



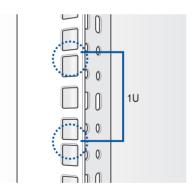
## 3.1.1 Attaching the rack rails

To install the Friction Rail Kit:

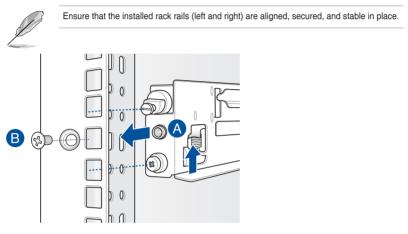
- 1. Select a 3U space on the rack where you want to install the rack rail.
- 2. Place the appropriate rack rail (left and right) on opposite positions on the rack.



A 1U space is consists of three square mounting holes with two thin lips on the top and the bottom.



- 3. Secure the rail components to the rail using the bundled screws.
- 4 Press the spring lock (A) then insert the studs into the selected square mounting holes on the rack post.
- 5. Press the spring lock on the other end of rail then insert the stud into the mounting hole on the rack post. Extend the rack rail, if necessary.
- 6. (Optional) Use the rail screw and rail washer (B) that comes with the kit to secure the rack rail to the rack post.
- 7. Perform steps 3 to 5 for the other rack rail.



8. Lift the server chassis and insert into the rack rail.

#### 3.1.2 Mounting the server to the rack



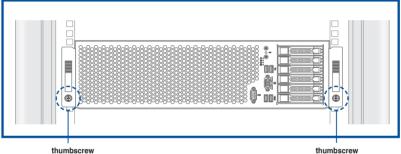
- Ensure that the rack rail cabinet and the rack posts are stable and standing firmly on a level surface.
- We strongly recommend that at least two able-bodied persons perform the steps described in this quide.
- We recommend the use an appropriate lifting tool or device, if necessary.

To mount the server into the rack:



If you installed the rail screw and rail washer in step 6 of section 3.1.1 Attaching the rack rails, make sure to remove the rail screw and the rail washer first before proceeding to the next step.

- 1. Align the server rails with the rack rails, then push the server all the way to the depth of the rack.
- 2. Tighten the thumbscrews on both side to secure the server in place.



thumbscrew

To unmount the server from the rack:

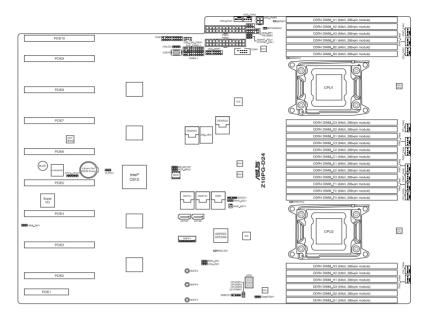
Loosen the thumbscrews on both sides then gently pull the server from the rack.



# **Motherboard Info**

This chapter gives information about the motherboard that comes with the server. This chapter includes the motherboard layout, jumper settings, and connector locations.

4.1 Z10PG-D24 Motherboard layout



#### Layout contents

Ju	Page	
1.	Clear RTC RAM (CLRTC1)	4-4
2.	VGA controller setting (3-pin VGA_SW1)	4-5
3.	LSI MegaRAID or Intel RSTe selection jumper (3-pin RAID_SEL1)	4-5
4.	ME firmware force recovery setting (3-pin ME_RCVR1)	4-6
5.	DDR4 thermal event setting (3-pin DIMMTRIP1)	4-6
6.	PMBus 1.2 PSU select jumper (3-pin SMART_PSU1)	4-7

Internal connectors	Page
1. Serial ATA 6.0/3.0 Gb/s connectors (7-pin SATA5, SATA6)	4-8
2. ISATA and ISSATA connector (ISATA1, ISSATA1)	4-8
3. USB 2.0 connector (A-Type USB10)	4-9
4. USB connector (USB1)	4-9
<ol> <li>System fan connectors (4-pin CPU_FAN1-4, FRNT_FAN1-8, HDD_FAN1-2)</li> </ol>	4-10
6. Chassis Intrusion (2-pin INTRUSION)	4-11
7. Rear I/O connector (REARIO1/2)	4-11
8. TPM connector (20-1 pin TPM1)	4-12
9. Power Supply SMBus connector (12-1 pin PSUSMB1)	4-12
10. SSI power connectors (20-pin PWR1/2, 4-pin HDD_PWR1)	4-13
11. System panel connector (20-pin PANEL1)	4-14
12. Auxiliary panel connector (20-pin AUX_PANEL1)	4-15
<ol><li>LAN power connector (8-pin USB_LAN_PWR1)</li></ol>	4-16
14. Dedicated LAN connector (DM_LAN1)	4-16
15. HDD Access LED connector (8-1 pin HDD_BP1)	4-17
16. VGA connector (16-1 pin VGA_HDR1)	4-17

On	Page	
1.	Baseboard Management Controller LED (BMCLED1)	4-18
2.	CPU warning LED (ERRCPU1/2)	4-18
3.	CATT LED (CATTERR1)	4-19
4.	Hard disk activity LED (HDLED1)	4-19
5.	Q-Code LED (LED1)	4-20

# 4.2 Jumpers

#### 1. Clear RTC RAM (CLRTC1)

This jumper allows you to clear the Real Time Clock (RTC) RAM in CMOS. You can clear the CMOS memory of date, time, and system setup parameters by erasing the CMOS RTC RAM data. The onboard button cell battery powers the RAM data in CMOS, which include system setup information such as system passwords.

To erase the RTC RAM:

- 1. Turn OFF the computer and unplug the power cord.
- 2. Move the jumper cap from pins 1–2 (default) to pins 2–3. Keep the cap on pins 2–3 for about 5 to 10 seconds, then move the cap back to pins 1–2.
- 3. Plug the power cord and turn ON the computer.
- Hold down the <Del> key during the boot process and enter BIOS setup to reenter data.

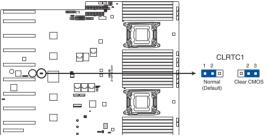


Except when clearing the RTC RAM, never remove the cap on CLRTC jumper default position. Removing the cap will cause system boot failure!



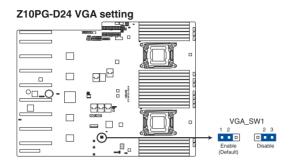
If the steps above do not help, remove the onboard battery and move the jumper again to clear the CMOS RTC RAM data. After the CMOS clearance, reinstall the battery.

#### Z10PG-D24 Clear RTC RAM



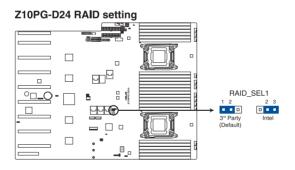
#### 2. VGA controller setting (3-pin VGA\_SW1)

This jumper allows you to enable or disable the onboard VGA controller. Set to pins 1-2 to activate the VGA feature.



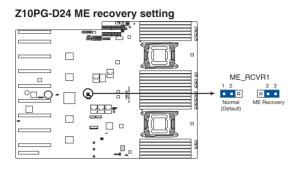
#### 3. LSI MegaRAID or Intel RSTe selection jumper (3-pin RAID\_SEL1)

This jumper allows you to select the PCH SATA RAID mode to use LSI MegaRAID software or Intel<sup>®</sup> Rapid Storage Technology enterprise 4.0 RAID. Place the jumper caps over pins 1–2 if you want to use the LSI MegaRAID software RAID Utility (default). Otherwise, place the jumper caps to pins 2–3 to use the Intel<sup>®</sup> Rapid Storage Technology Enterprise Option ROM Utility.



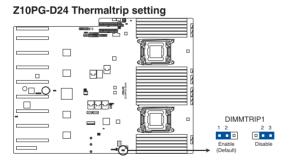
#### 4. ME firmware force recovery setting (3-pin ME\_RCVR1)

This jumper allows you to force Intel Management Engine (ME) boot from recovery mode when ME become corrupted.



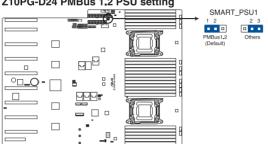
#### 5. DDR4 thermal event setting (3-pin DIMMTRIP1)

This jumper allows you to enable/disable DDR4 DIMM thermal sensing event pin.



#### 6. PMBus 1.2 PSU select jumper (3-pin SMART\_PSU1)

This jumper allows you to select PSU PMBus version. Set to pins 1-2 for PMBus, set to pins 2-3 for Others.



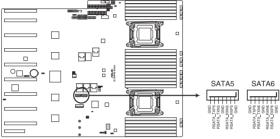
Z10PG-D24 PMBus 1.2 PSU setting

# 4.3 Internal connectors

#### 1. Serial ATA 6.0/3.0 Gb/s connectors (7-pin SATA5, SATA6)

These connectors connect to Serial ATA 6.0 Gb/s or 3.0 Gb/s hard disk drives via Serial ATA 6.0Gb/s or 3.0 Gb/s signal cables.







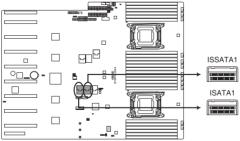
The actual data transfer rate depends on the speed of Serial ATA hard disks installed.

#### 2. ISATA and ISSATA connector (ISATA1, ISSATA1)

The ISATA connector (AHCI) supports 4 SATA 6Gb/s ports and Intel RAID/LSI MegaRAID.

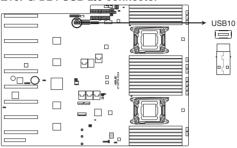
The ISSATA connector (AHCI) supports 4 SATA 6Gb/s ports and Intel RAID.

#### Z10PG-D24 ISATA & ISSATA connectors



#### 3. USB 2.0 connector (A-Type USB10)

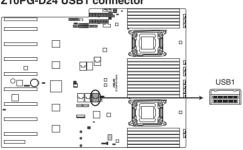
These connectors are for USB 2.0 ports. Connect the USB module cable to connector USB56, then install the module to a slot opening at the back of the system chassis. These USB connectors comply with USB 2.0 specification that supports up to 480 Mbps connection speed.



#### Z10PG-D24 USB 2.0 connector

#### 4. USB connector (USB1)

This connectors provide the USB 2.0/3.0 signal on the front I/O board.



#### Z10PG-D24 USB1 connector

#### 5. System fan connectors (4-pin CPU\_FAN1-4, FRNT\_FAN1-8, HDD\_FAN1-2)

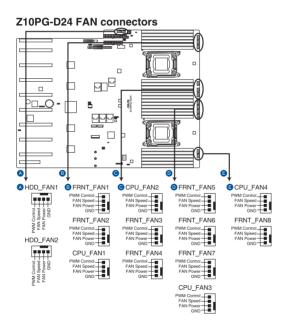
The fan connectors support cooling fans of 3.30 A - 3.95 A (47.4 W maximum). Connect the fan cables to the fan connectors on the motherboard, ensuring that the black wire of each cable matches the ground pin of the connector.

- DO NOT forget to connect the fan cables to the fan connectors. Insufficient air flow inside the system may damage the motherboard components.
- These are not jumpers! DO NOT place jumper caps on the fan connectors!



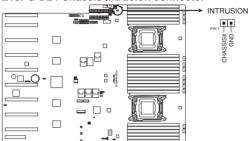
All fans feature the ASUS Smart Fan technology.

- FRNT\_FAN2, FRNT\_FAN4, FRNT\_FAN6, and FRNT\_FAN8 are backup fans only.
- When FRNT\_FAN1, FRNT\_FAN3, FRNT\_FAN5, and FRNT\_FAN7 does not work, the system activates FRNT\_FAN2, FRNT\_FAN4, and FRNT\_FAN6, and FRNT\_FAN8.



#### 6. Chassis Intrusion (2-pin INTRUSION)

These leads are for the intrusion detection feature for chassis with intrusion sensor or microswitch. When you remove any chassis component, the sensor triggers and sends a high level signal to these leads to record a chassis intrusion event. The default setting is to short the CHASSIS# and the GND pin by a jumper cap to disable the function.



#### Z10PG-D24 Chassis Intrusion connector

#### 7. Rear I/O connector (REARIO1/2)

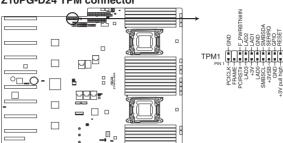
These connectors provide signal through the cable connected between this connector and CB-RIO-R30A so that LAN port 1 and 2 on the board can work.



#### Z10PG-D24 REARIO1 & REARIO2 connectors

#### 8. TPM connector (20-1 pin TPM1)

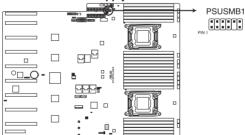
This connector supports a Trusted Platform Module (TPM) system, which can securely store keys, digital certificates, passwords, and data. A TPM system also helps enhance network security, protects digital identities, and ensures platform integrity.



#### Z10PG-D24 TPM connector

#### 9. Power Supply SMBus connector (12-1 pin PSUSMB1)

This connector allows you to connect SMBus (System Management Bus) to the power supply unit to read PSU information. Devices communicate with an SMBus host and/or other SMBus devices using the SMBus interface.



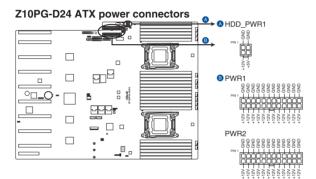
#### Z10PG-D24 Power supply SMBus connector

#### 10. SSI power connectors (20-pin PWR1/2, 4-pin HDD\_PWR1)

These connectors are for power supply plugs. The power supply plugs are designed to fit these connectors in only one orientation. Find the proper orientation and push down firmly until the connectors completely fit.

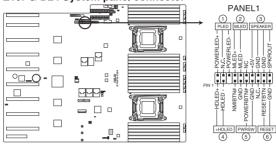


- DO NOT forget to connect the 20+8-pin power plugs; otherwise, the system will not boot up.
- Use of a PSU with a higher power output is recommended when configuring a system with more power-consuming devices. The system may become unstable or may not boot up if the power is inadequate.
- Ensure that your power supply unit (PSU) can provide at least the minimum power required by your system.



### 11. System panel connector (20-pin PANEL1)

This connector supports several chassis-mounted functions.



#### Z10PG-D24 System panel connector

### 1. System power LED (3-pin PLED)

This 3-pin connector is for the system power LED. Connect the chassis power LED cable to this connector. The system power LED lights up when you turn on the system power, and blinks when the system is in sleep mode.

#### 2. Message LED (2-pin MLED)

This 2-pin connector is for the message LED cable that connects to the front message LED. The message LED is controlled by Hardware monitor to indicate an abnormal event occurance.

#### 3. System warning speaker (4-pin SPEAKER)

This 4-pin connector is for the chassis-mounted system warning speaker. The speaker allows you to hear system beeps and warnings.

#### 4. Hard disk drive activity LED (2-pin HDLED)

This 2-pin connector is for the HDD Activity LED. Connect the HDD Activity LED cable to this connector. The IDE LED lights up or flashes when data is read from or written to the HDD.

#### 5. SSI power button/soft-off button (2-pin PWRSW)

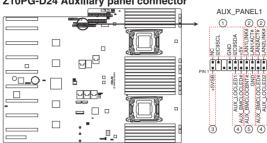
This connector is for the system power button. Pressing the power button turns the system on or puts the system in sleep or soft-off mode depending on the BIOS settings. Pressing the power switch for more than four seconds while the system is ON turns the system OFF.

#### 6. Reset button (2-pin RESET)

This 2-pin connector is for the chassis-mounted reset button for system reboot without turning off the system power.

#### 12. Auxiliary panel connector (20-pin AUX PANEL1)

This connector is for additional front panel features including front panel SMB, locator LED and switch, chassis intrusion, and LAN LEDs.



#### Z10PG-D24 Auxiliary panel connector

#### 1. Front panel SMB (10-2 pin FPSMB)

These connectors are for the front panel SMBus cable.

#### 2. LAN activity LED (2-pin LAN1\_LINKACTLED, LAN2\_LINKACTLED)

These connectors are for Gigabit LAN activity LEDs on the front panel.

#### 3. Locator LED (2-pin LOCATORLED1, LOCATORLED2)

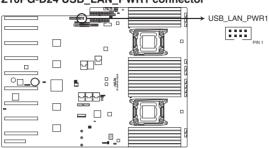
These connectors are for the locator LED1 and LED2 on the front panel. Connect the Locator LED cables to these 2-pin connector. The LEDs light up when the Locator button is pressed.

#### 4. Locator Button (2-pin LOCATORBTN#)

These connectors are for the locator button on the front panel. This button queries the state of the system locator.

### 13. LAN power connector (8-pin USB\_LAN\_PWR1)

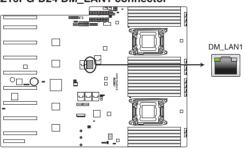
This connector provide the power for the +3V\_AUX on the rear I/O board and the +5V on the front panel board.



### Z10PG-D24 USB\_LAN\_PWR1 connector

### 14. Dedicated LAN connector (DM\_LAN1)

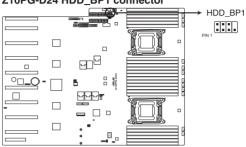
This LAN connector provide the signal of the DM\_LAN1 on the rear I/O board.



### Z10PG-D24 DM\_LAN1 connector

### 15. HDD Access LED connector (8-1 pin HDD\_BP1)

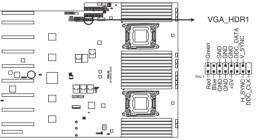
This connector provide the signal to the HDD  $\mbox{Access LED}$  indicator and status of accessing the Safety Chip.



#### Z10PG-D24 HDD\_BP1 connector

### 16. VGA connector (16-1 pin VGA\_HDR1)

This connector supports the VGA High Dynamic-Range interface HDR1.



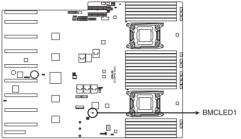
#### Z10PG-D24 Internal VGA connector

#### 4.4 **Onboard LEDs**

#### 1. Baseboard Management Controller LED (BMCLED1)

The BMC LED works with the ASUS ASMB8 management device and indicates its initiation status. When the PSU is plugged and the system is OFF, ASUS ASMB8 management device starts system initiation for about one (1) minute. The BMC LED blinks after system initiation finishes.

### Z10PG-D24 BMC LED



#### 2. CPU warning LED (ERRCPU1/2)

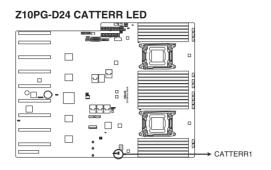
The CPU warning LEDs light up to indicate an impending failure of the corresponding CPU.

#### ERRCPU1 \_ PD 禺 ► EBBCPU2 다다다.

### Z10PG-D24 ERR CPU LED

### 3. CATT LED (CATTERR1)

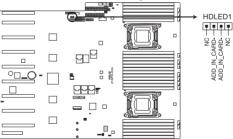
The CATT LED indicates that the system has experienced a fatal or catastrophic error and cannot continue to operate.



### 4. Hard disk activity LED (HDLED1)

This LED is for the storage add-on card cable connected to the SATA or SAS add-on card. The read or write activities of any device connected to the SATA or SAS add-on card causes the front panel LED to light up.

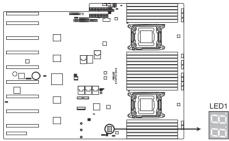
### Z10PG-D24 Hard disk activity LED connector



### 5. Q-Code LED (LED1)

The Q-Code LED design provides you the 2-digit display, allowing you to know the system status. Refer to the Q-code table below for details.

### Z10PG-D24 Q-Code LED



### Q-Code table

Code	Description	
00	Not used	
01	Power on. Reset type detection (soft/hard).	
02	AP initialization before microcode loading	
03	System Agent initialization before microcode loading	
04	PCH initialization before microcode loading	
06	Microcode loading	
07	AP initialization after microcode loading	
08	System Agent initialization after microcode loading	
09	PCH initialization after microcode loading	
0A	Initialization after microcode loading	
0B	Cache initialization	
0C – 0D	Reserved for future AMI SEC error codes	
0E	Microcode not found	
0F	Microcode not loaded	
10	PEI Core is started	
11 – 14	Pre-memory CPU initialization is started	
15 – 18	Pre-memory System Agent initialization is started	
19 – 1C	Pre-memory PCH initialization is started	
2B – 2F	Memory initialization	
30	Reserved for ASL (see ASL Status Codes section.)	

(continued on the next page)

### Q-Code table

Code	Description		
31	Memory Installed		
32 - 36	CPU post-memory initialization		
37 – 3A	Post-Memory System Agent initialization is started		
3B – 3E	Post-Memory PCH initialization is started		
4F	DXE IPL is started		
50 – 53	Memory initialization error. Invalid memory type or incompatible memory speed		
54	Unspecified memory initialization error		
55	Memory not installed		
56	Invalid CPU type or Speed		
57	CPU mismatch		
58	CPU self test failed or possible CPU cache error		
59	CPU micro-code is not found or micro-code update is failed		
5A	Internal CPU error		
5B	Reset PPI is not available		
5C – 5F	Reserved for future AMI error codes		
E0	S3 Resume is stared (S3 Resume PPI is called by the DXE IPL)		
E1	S3 Boot Script execution		
E2	Video repost		
E3	OS S3 wake vector call		
E4 – E7	Reserved for future AMI progress codes		
E8	S3 Resume Failed		
E9	S3 Resume PPI not Found		
EA	S3 Resume Boot Script Error		
EB	S3 OS Wake Error		
EC – EF	Reserved for future AMI error codes		
F0	Recovery condition triggered by firmware (Auto recovery)		
<u>F1</u>	Recovery condition triggered by user (Forced recovery)		
F2	Recovery process started		
F3	Recovery firmware image is found		
F4	Recovery firmware image is loaded		
F5 – F7	Reserved for future AMI progress codes		
F8	Recovery PPI is not available		
F9	Recovery capsule is not found		
FA	Invalid recovery capsule		
FB – FF	Reserved for future AMI error codes		
60	DXE Core is started		
61	NVRAM initialization		
62	Installation of the PCH Runtime Services		

(continued on the next page)

### Q-Code table

Code	Description		
<u>63 – 67</u>	CPU DXE initialization is started		
<u>68</u>	PCI host bridge initialization		
69	System Agent DXE initialization is started		
6A	System Agent DXE SMM initialization is started		
6B – 6F	System Agent DXE initialization (System Agent module specific)		
<u>70 - 0</u>	PCH DXE initialization is started		
71	PCH DXE SMM initialization is started		
72	PCH devices initialization		
73 - 77	PCH DXE Initialization (PCH module specific)		
78	ACPI module initialization		
79	CSM initialization		
7A – 7F	Reserved for future AMI DXE codes		
90	Boot Device Selection (BDS) phase is started		
91	Driver connecting is started		
92	PCI Bus initialization is started		
93	PCI Bus Hot Plug Controller Initialization		
94	PCI Bus Enumeration		
95	PCI Bus Request Resources		
96	PCI Bus Assign Resources		
97	Console Output devices connect		
98	Console input devices connect		
99	Super IO Initialization		
9A	USB initialization is started		
9B	USB Reset		
9C	USB Detect		
9D	USB Enable		
9E – 9F	Reserved for future AMI codes		
A0	IDE initialization is started		
A1	IDE Reset		
A2	IDE Detect		
A3	IDE Enable		
A4	SCSI initialization is started		
A5	SCSI Reset		
A6	SCSI Detect		
A7	SCSI Enable		
A8	Setup Verifying Password		
A9	Start of Setup		
AA	Reserved for ASL (see ASL Status Codes section below)		
AB	Setup Input Wait		

(continued on the next page)

### Q-Code table

Code	Description		
AC	Reserved for ASL (see ASL Status Codes section below)		
AD	Ready To Boot event		
AE	Legacy Boot event		
AF	Exit Boot Services event		
B0	Runtime Set Virtual Address MAP Begin		
<u>B1</u>	Runtime Set Virtual Address MAP End		
B2	Legacy Option ROM Initialization		
B3	System Reset		
B4	USB hot plug		
B5	PCI bus hot plug		
B6	Clean-up of NVRAM		
<u>B7</u>	Configuration Reset (reset of NVRAM settings)		
<u> B8– BF</u>	Reserved for future AMI codes		
<u>D0</u>	CPU initialization error		
<u>D1</u>	System Agent initialization error		
D2	PCH initialization error		
D3	Some of the Architectural Protocols are not available		
D4	PCI resource allocation error. Out of Resources		
D5	No Space for Legacy Option ROM		
D6	No Console Output Devices are found		
D7	No Console Input Devices are found		
D8	Invalid password		
D9	Error loading Boot Option (LoadImage returned error)		
DA	Boot Option is failed (StartImage returned error)		
DB	Flash update is failed		
DC	Reset protocol is not available		

# **ACPI/ASL Checkpoints**

Code	Description
0x01	System is entering S1 sleep state
0x02	System is entering S2 sleep state
0x03	System is entering S3 sleep state
0x04	System is entering S4 sleep state
0x05	System is entering S5 sleep state
0x10	System is waking up from the S1 sleep state
0x20	System is waking up from the S2 sleep state
0x30	System is waking up from the S3 sleep state
0x40	System is waking up from the S4 sleep state
0xAC	System has transitioned into ACPI mode. Interrupt controller is in PIC mode.
0xAA	System has transitioned into ACPI mode. Interrupt controller is in APIC mode.



# **BIOS setup**

This chapter tells how to change system settings through the BIOS Setup menus and describes the BIOS parameters.

5

# 5.1 Managing and updating your BIOS

The following utilities allow you to manage and update the motherboard Basic Input/Output System (BIOS) setup:

### 1. ASUS CrashFree BIOS 3

This system recovers the BIOs using a bootable USB flash disk drive when the BIOS file fails or gets corrupted.

### 2. ASUS EzFlash

This utility updates the BIOS using a USB flash disk drive.

### 3. BUPDATER

This utility updates the BIOS in DOS mode using a bootable USB flash disk drive.

Refer to the corresponding sections for details on these utilities.



Save a copy of the original motherboard BIOS file to a bootable USB flash disk drive in case you need to restore the BIOS in the future. Copy the original motherboard BIOS using the BUPDATER utility.

### 5.1.1 ASUS CrashFree BIOS 3 utility

The ASUS CrashFree BIOS 3 is an auto recovery tool that allows you to restore the BIOS file when it fails or gets corrupted during the updating process. You can update a corrupted BIOS file using a USB flash drive that contains the updated BIOS file.



Prepare a USB flash drive containing the updated motherboard BIOS before using this utility.

### Recovering the BIOS from a USB flash drive

To recover the BIOS from a USB flash drive:

- 1. Insert the USB flash drive with the original or updated BIOS file to one USB port on the system.
- 2. The utility will automatically recover the BIOS. It resets the system when the BIOS recovery finished.



DO NOT shut down or reset the system while recovering the BIOS! Doing so would cause system boot failure!



The recovered BIOS may not be the latest BIOS version for this motherboard. Visit the ASUS website at <u>www.asus.com</u> to download the latest BIOS file.

### 5.1.2 ASUS EZ Flash Utility

The ASUS EZ Flash Utility feature allows you to update the BIOS without having to use a DOS-based utility.



Before you start using this utility, download the latest BIOS from the ASUS website at <a href="http://www.asus.com">www.asus.com</a>.

To update the BIOS using EZ Flash Utility:

- 1. Insert the USB flash disk that contains the latest BIOS file into the USB port.
- 2. Enter the BIOS setup program. Go to the **Tool** menu then select **ASUS EZ Flash Utility**. Press <Enter>.

ASUS Tek. EzFlash Utility			
Current PlatformNew PlatformPlatform : Z10PG-D24Platform : Z10PG-D24Version : 0201Version : 0202Build Date :08/20/2014Build Date :09/12/2014			
FSO	System Volume I Z10PG-D24 BIOS Windows	nformation <dir> <dir> <dir></dir></dir></dir>	
[Up/Down/Left/Right]:Switch [Enter]:Choose [q]:Exit			

- 3. Press <Tab> to switch to the Drive field.
- Press the Up/Down arrow keys to find the USB flash disk that contains the latest BIOS, then press <Enter>.
- 5. Press <Tab> to switch to the Folder Info field.
- 6. Press the Up/Down arrow keys to find the BIOS file, and then press <Enter> to perform the BIOS update process. Reboot the system when the update process is done.



- This function can support devices such as a USB flash disk with FAT 32/16 format and single partition only.
- DO NOT shut down or reset the system while updating the BIOS to prevent system boot failure!



Ensure to load the BIOS default settings to ensure system compatibility and stability. Press <F5> and select **Yes** to load the BIOS default settings.

### 5.1.3 BUPDATER utility



The succeeding BIOS screens are for reference only. The actual BIOS screen displays may not be the same as shown.

The BUPDATER utility allows you to update the BIOS file in the DOS environment using a bootable USB flash disk drive with the updated BIOS file.

### Updating the BIOS file

To update the BIOS file using the BUPDATER utility:

- 1. Visit the ASUS website at www.asus.com and download the latest BIOS file for the motherboard. Save the BIOS file to a bootable USB flash disk drive.
- 2. Copy the BUPDATER utility (BUPDATER.exe) from the ASUS support website at support.asus.com to the bootable USB flash disk drive you created earlier.
- 3. Boot the system in DOS mode, then at the prompt, type:

#### BUPDATER /i[filename].CAP

where [filename] is the latest or the original BIOS file on the bootable USB flash disk drive, then press <Enter>.

A:\>BUPDATER /i[file name].CAP

4. The utility verifies the file, then starts updating the BIOS file.

ASUSTEK BIOS Updater for DOS V1.30(2011/12/22) FLASH TYPE: KALEL 0305-12 Current ROM BOARD: Z10PG-D24 VER: 0201 DATE: 08/20/2014 DATE: 09/12/2014			
PATH: WARNING! Do not Note Writing BIOS:	turn off power during flash BIOS		



DO NOT shut down or reset the system while updating the BIOS to prevent system boot failure!

5. The utility returns to the DOS prompt after the BIOS update process is completed. Reboot the system from the hard disk drive.



# 5.2 BIOS setup program

This motherboard supports a programmable firmware chip that you can update using the provided utility described in section **5.1 Managing and updating your BIOS**.

Use the BIOS Setup program when you are installing a motherboard, reconfiguring your system, or prompted to "Run Setup." This section explains how to configure your system using this utility.

Even if you are not prompted to use the Setup program, you can change the configuration of your computer in the future. For example, you can enable the security password feature or change the power management settings. This requires you to reconfigure your system using the BIOS Setup program so that the computer can recognize these changes and record them in the CMOS RAM of the firmware chip.

The firmware chip on the motherboard stores the Setup utility. When you start up the computer, the system provides you with the opportunity to run this program. Press <Del> during the Power-On Self-Test (POST) to enter the Setup utility; otherwise, POST continues with its test routines.

If you wish to enter Setup after POST, restart the system by pressing <Ctrl+Alt+Delete>, or by pressing the reset button on the system chassis. You can also restart by turning the system off and then back on. Do this last option only if the first two failed.

The Setup program is designed to make it as easy to use as possible. Being a menu-driven program, it lets you scroll through the various sub-menus and make your selections from the available options using the navigation keys.



- The default BIOS settings for this motherboard apply for most conditions to ensure optimum performance. If the system becomes unstable after changing any BIOS settings, load the default settings to ensure system compatibility and stability. Press <F5> and select **Yes** to load the BIOS default settings.
- The BIOS setup screens shown in this section are for reference purposes only, and may not exactly match what you see on your screen.
- Visit the ASUS website at <u>www.asus.com</u> to download the latest BIOS file for this motherboard.

# 5.2.1 BIOS menu screen

Menu items	Menu bar	Configuration	field	ls Gener	al help
Aptio Setup U Main Advanced IntelRCSet	tility – Copyrigh up Server Mgmt				
BIOS Information BIOS Vendor Core Version Compliancy BIOS Version BUI10 Date Memory Information Total Memory System Language	5.009	014		Set the Date. U switch between	
System Date System Time Access Level	[Friday [14:31: Adminis		1 H F F F F	*: Select Scre II: Select Item Inter: Select //-: Change Opt F1: General Hel F2: Previous Va F5: Optimized D F10: Save Chang ESC: Exit	p lues efaults
Version 2.16.1243. Copyright (C) 2013 American Megatrends, Inc.					

Navigation keys

### 5.2.2 Menu bar

The menu bar on top of the screen has the following main items:

Main	For changing the basic system configuration		
Advanced	For changing the advanced system settings		
IntelRCSetup	For changing the Intel RC settings		
Server Mgmt	For changing the Server Mgmt settings		
Event Logs	For changing the event log settings		
Monitor	For displaying the system temperature, power status, and changing the fan settings		
Security	For changing the security settings		
Boot	For changing the system boot configuration		
Tool	For configuring options for special functions		
Exit	For selecting the exit options		

To select an item on the menu bar, press the right or left arrow key on the keyboard until the desired item is highlighted.

### 5.2.3 Menu items

The highlighted item on the menu bar displays the specific items for that menu. For example, selecting Main shows the Main menu items.

The other items (Event Logs, Advanced, Monitor, Boot, Tool, and Exit) on the menu bar have their respective menu items.

### 5.2.4 Submenu items

A solid triangle before each item on any menu screen means that the item has a submenu. To display the submenu, select the item then press <Enter>.

### 5.2.5 Navigation keys

At the bottom right corner of a menu screen are the navigation keys for the BIOS setup program. Use the navigation keys to select items in the menu and change the settings.

### 5.2.6 General help

At the top right corner of the menu screen is a brief description of the selected item.

### 5.2.7 Configuration fields

These fields show the values for the menu items. If an item is user-configurable, you can change the value of the field opposite the item. You cannot select an item that is not user-configurable.

A configurable field is enclosed in brackets, and is highlighted when selected. To change the value of a field, select it and press <Enter> to display a list of options.

### 5.2.8 Pop-up window

Select a menu item and press <Enter> to display a pop-up window with the configuration options for that item.

### 5.2.9 Scroll bar

A scroll bar appears on the right side of a menu screen when there are items that do not fit on the screen. Press the Up/Down arrow keys or <Page Up> /<Page Down> keys to display the other items on the screen.

# 5.3 Main menu

When you enter the BIOS Setup program, the Main menu screen appears. The Main menu provides you an overview of the basic system information, and allows you to set the system date, time, language, and security settings.

Aptio Setup Utility – Main Advanced IntelRCSetup Serve	Copyright (C) 2013 American r Mgmt Event Logs Monitor	
BIOS Information		Set the Date. Use Tab to
BIOS Vendor	American Megatrends	switch between Data elements.
Core Version	5.009	
Compliancy	UEFI 2.3; PI 1.2	
BIOS Version	0401 x64	
Build Date	11/14/2014	
Memory Information		
Total Memory	8192 MB	
	The second second	
System Language	[English]	
System Date	[Friday 11/21/2014]	
	[14:31:44]	↔: Select Screen
System Time	[14.31.44]	↑↓: Select Item
Access Level	Administrator	Enter: Select
HUCESS LEVEL	Huministrator	+/-: Change Opt.
		F1: General Help
		F1: General neip F2: Previous Values
		F5: Optimized Defaults
		F10: Save Changes & Reset
		ESC: Exit
		ESU, EXIL
Version 2.16.1243. Co	pyright (C) 2013 American Mu	egatrends, Inc.

### 5.3.1 System Date [Day xx/xx/xxxx]

Allows you to set the system date.

### 5.3.2 System Time [xx:xx:xx]

Allows you to set the system time.

# 5.4 Advanced menu

The Advanced menu items allow you to change the settings for the CPU and other system devices.



Take caution when changing the settings of the Advanced menu items. Incorrect field values can cause the system to malfunction.

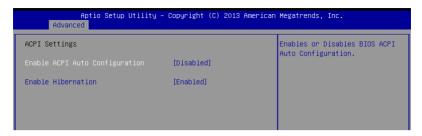
Aptio Setup Utility – Copyright ( Main <mark>Advanced</mark> IntelRCSetup Server Mgmt Eve	(C) 2013 American Megatrends, Inc. ent Logs Monitor Security Boot Tool Exit
Optimized Performance Settings       [Default]         ACPI Settings       SMART Settings         NCT6779D Super IO Configuration       Onboard LAN I210 Configuration         Serial Port Console Redirection       APM         Advanced Power Management Configuration       PCI Subsystem Settings         Network Stack Configuration       CSN Configuration         CSN Configuration       Trusted Computing         USB Configuration       iSCSI Configuration	The following setting shows the recommended BIOS setting to optimize for performance includes those performance-related BIOS options:Prefetchers, Intel HT Tech., Intel Turbo Boost Tech., Energy Efficient Turbo, Energ/Performance Bias, NUMA Mode, Snoop Mode ++: Select Screen 11: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F5: Optimized Defaults F10: Save Changes & Reset ESC: Exit
Version 2.16.1243. Copyright (C)	2013 American Megatrends, Inc.

### **Optimized Performance Settings [Default]**

This item shows the recommended BIOS settings that includes performance-realted BIOS options to optimize performance.

Configuration options: [Default] [Linpack\*] [mWeb] [Memcached\*] [SAP SD\* 2-tier] [SPECCPU\*\_rate\_base2006] [SPECCPU\*\_base2006] [SPECjbb\*2013MultiJVM] [SPECjEnterprise\*2010] [SPECmpiM\*2007] [SPECompG\*2012] [SPECpower\*\_ssj2008] [SPECvirt\*\_sc2013] [STREAM] [TPC-C\*] [TPC-E\*]

## 5.4.1 ACPI Settings



### Enable ACPI Auto Configuration [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the BIOS ACPI Auto Configuration. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### Enable Hibernation [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the ability of the system to hibernate (OS/Sleep State). Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]



This option may be not effective with some OS.

### 5.4.2 Smart Settings

Aptio Setu Advanced	p Utility – Copyright (C) 2013 Am	erican Megatrends, Inc.
SMART Settings		Run SMART Self Test on all HDDs during POST.
SMART Self Test	[Enabled]	

### SMART Self Test [Enabled]

Allows you to run SMART Self Test on all HDDs during POST. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### 5.4.3 NCT6779D Super IO Configuration



### Serial Port 1 / Serial Port 2 Configuration

Allows you to set the parameters of Serial Port 1/ Serial Port 2.

### Serial Port [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable Serial Port.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### Change Settings [Auto]

Allows you to choose the setting for Super IO device.

Configuration options: [Auto] [IO=3F8h; IRQ=4;] [IO=3F8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12;] [IO=2F8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12;] [IO=3E8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12;] [IO=2E8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12;]

## 5.4.4 Onboard LAN I210 Configuration

Aptio Setup Utility – Copyright (C) 2013 American Megatrends, Inc. Advanced		
Onboard LAN I210 Configuration	ı	Intel LAN Enable/Disable
INTEL I210 LANI MAC: INTEL I210 LAN2 MAC: Intel Lani Enable Intel LAN ROM Type Intel LAN ROM Type Intel LAN ROM Type	00:E0:18:07:07:6C 00:E0:18:07:07:6D [Enabled] [PXE] [Enabled] [PXE]	

### Intel Lan1/2 Enable [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the Intel LAN. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### Intel LAN ROM Type [PXE]

Allows you to select the Intel LAN ROM type. Configuration options: [Disabled] [PXE] [iSCSI]

### 5.4.5 Serial Port Console Redirection

Aptio Setup Utility Advanced	– Copyright (C) 2013 Ameria	can Megatrends, Inc.
COM1 Console Redirection ▶ Console Redirection Settings	[Disabled]	Console Redirection Enable or Disable.
COM2 Console Redirection ▶ Console Redirection Settings	[Enabled]	
Serial Port for Out-of-Band Manag Windows Emergency Management Serv Console Redirection ▶ Console Redirection Settings		
		↔: Select Screen ↑↓: Select Item Enter: Select

### COM1/COM2

### Console Redirection [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the console redirection feature.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]



The following item appears only when you set Console Redirection to [Enabled].

### **Console Redirection Settings**

This item becomes configurable only when you enable the **Console Redirection** item. The settings specify how the host computer and the remote computer (which the user is using) will exchange data. Both computers should have the same or compatible settings.

### Terminal Type [VT-UTF8]

Allows you to set the terminal type.

[VT100]	ASCII char set.
[VT100+]	Extends VT100 to support color, function keys, et.
[VT-UTF8]	Uses UTF8 encoding to map Unicode chars onto 1 or more bytes
[ANSI]	Extended ASCII char set

### Bits per second [57600]

Selects serial port transmission speed. The speed must be matched on the other side. Long or noisy lines may require lower speeds. Configuration options: [9600] [19200] [38400] [57600] [115200]

### Data Bits [8]

Specify the number of data bits to transmit over the serial interface.

Configuration options: [7] [8]

### Parity [None]

A parity bit can be sent with the data bits to detect some transmission errors. [Mark] and [Space] parity do not allow for error detection.

[None]	None
[Even]	parity bit is 0 if the num of 1's in the data bits is even
[Odd]	parity bit is 0 if num of 1's in the data bits is odd
[Mark]	parity bit is always 1
[Space]	parity bit is always 0
Chan Dite [1]	

### Stop Bits [1]

Stop bits indicate the end of a serial data packet. (A start bit indicates the beginning.) The standard setting is 1 stop bit. Communication with slow devices may require more than 1 stop bit.

Configuration options: [1] [2]

### Flow Control [Hardware RTS/CTS]

Flow control can prevent data loss from buffer overflow. When sending data, if the receiving buffers are full, a "stop" signal can be sent to stop the data flow. Once the buffers are empty, a "start" signal can be sent to re-start the flow. Hardware flow control uses two wires to send start/stop signals.

Configuration options: [None] [Hardware RTS/CTS]

### VT -UTF8 Combo Key Support [Enabled]

This allows you to enable the VT -UTF8 Combination Key Support for ANSI/VT100 terminals. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Recorder Mode [Disabled]

With this mode enabled only text will be sent. This is to capture Terminal data. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### Legacy OS Redirection Resolution [80x24]

This allows you to set the number of rows and columns supported on the Legacy OS. Configuration options: [80x24] [80x25]

#### Putty Keypad [VT100]

This allows you to select the FunctionKey and Keypad on Putty. Configuration options: [VT100] [LINUX] [XTERMR6] [SCO] [ESCN] [VT400]

### Redirection After BIOS POST [Always Enable]

This setting allows you to specify if Bootloader is selected than Legacy console redirection.

Configuration options: [Always Enable] [Bootloader]

# Serial Port for Out-of-Band Management/Windows Emergency Management Services (EMS)

### Console Redirection [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the console redirection feature. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]



The following item appears only when you set Console Redirection to [Enabled].

### **Console Redirection Settings**

### Out-of-Band Mgmt Port [COM1]

Microsoft Windows Emergency Management Services (EMS) allow for remote management of a Windows Server OS through a serial port. Configuration options: [COM1] [COM2]

### Terminal Type [VT-UTF8]

Microsoft Windows Emergency Management Services (EMS) allow for remote management of a Windows Server OS through a serial port. Configuration options: [VT100] [VT100+] [VT-UTF8] [ANSI]

### Bits per second [115200]

Microsoft Windows Emergency Management Services (EMS) allow for remote management of a Windows Server OS through a serial port. Configuration options: [9600] [19200] [57600] [115200]

### Flow Control [None]

Flow control can prevent data loss from buffer oveflow. When sending data, if the receiving buffers are full, a 'stop' signal can be sent to stop the data flow. Once the buffers are empty, a 'start' signal can be sent to re-start the flow. Hardware flow control uses the two wires to send start/stop signals.

Configuration options: [None] [Hardware RTS/CTS] [Software Xon/Xoff]

# 5.4.6 APM

Allows you to configure the Advance Power Management (APM) settings.

Restore AC Power Loss	[Last State]	Specify what state to go to
ower On By PCIE	[Disabled]	when power is re-applied after
Power On By Ring	[Disabled]	a power failure (G3 state).
Power On By RTC	[Disabled]	

### Restore AC Power Loss [Last State]

When set to [Power Off], the system goes into off state after an AC power loss. When set to [Power On], the system will reboot after an AC power loss. When set to [Last State], the system goes into either off or on state, whatever the system state was before the AC power loss.

Configuration options: [Power Off] [Power On] [Last State]

### Power On By PCIE [Disabled]

[Disabled] Disables the PCIE devices to generate a wake event.

[Enabled] Enables the PCIE devices to generate a wake event.

### Power On By Ring [Disabled]

[Disabled] Disables the PCIE devices to generate a wake event.

[Enabled] Enables the PCIE devices to generate a wake event.

### Power On By RTC [Disabled]

[Disabled] Disables RTC to generate a wake event.

[Enabled] When set to [Enabled], the items RTC Alarm Date (Days) and Hour/ Minute/Second will become user-configurable with set values.

### 5.4.7 Advanced Power Management Configuration

Allows you to configure the system's ACPI parameters.

Aptio Setup Utility – Copyright (C) 2013 American Megatrends, Inc. Advanced		
	[Normal]	Enable [Power Boost] will increase extra power input to processor(s) and computing performance depending on applications. Make sure your thermal solution and power supply are able to handle this circumstance.

### Power Boost [Normal]

This item increases extra power input to processor(s) and computing performance depending on applications.



Make sure your thermal solution and power supply are able to handle this circumstacnes.

Configuration options: [Normal] [High] [Extreme]

## 5.4.8 PCI Subsystem Settings

Allows you to configure PCI, PCI-X, and PCI Express Settings.

Aptio Setup Util Advanced	ity – Copyright (C) 2013 f	American Megatrends, Inc.
PCI Bus Driver Version	A5.01.05	Enables or Disables RT32 Image Loading.
PCI Devices Common Settings:		
	[Enabled]	
Above 4G Decoding	[Enabled]	
SR-IOV Support	[Disabled]	
SK-IOA Subboul	[DISabled]	

### Load RT32 Image [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable RT32 Image Loading.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### Above 4G Decoding [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable 64-bit capable devices to be decoded in above 4G address space. It only works if the system supports 64-bit PCI decoding. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### SR-IOV Support [Disabled]

This option enables or disables SIngle Root IO Virtualization Support if the system has SR-IOV capable PCIe devices.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### 5.4.9 Network Stack Configuration

Aptio Advanced	Setup Utility – Copyright (C) 2013 American	Megatrends, Inc.
Network Stack	[Disabled]	Enable∕Disable UEFI Network Stack

### Network stack [Disabled]

Enables or disables the network stack feature. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]



### Network Stack [Enabled]

Enables or disables the UEFI Network Stack. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled].

### Ipv4 PXE Support [Enabled]

Enables or disables the Ipv4 PXE Boot Support. If disabled, Ipv4 PXE boot option will not be created.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled].

### Ipv6 PXE Support [Enabled]

Enables or disables the Ipv6 PXE Boot Support. If disabled, Ipv6 PXE boot option will not be created.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled].

### PXE boot wait time [0]

Wait time to press ESC key to abort the PXE boot.

### Media detect time [0]

Wait time (in seconds) to detect media.

# 5.4.10 CSM Configuration

Aptio Setup Util: Advanced	ity – Copyright (C) 2013 Ame	erican Megatrends, Inc.
Compatibility Support Module Co	onfiguration	Enable/Disable CSM Support.
CSM Support	[Enabled]	
CSM16 Module Version	07.75	
GateA2O Active Option ROM Messages	[Upon Request] [Force BIOS]	
Boot option filter	[Legacy only]	
Option ROM execution		
Network Storage Video Other PCI devices	[Legacy] [Legacy] [Legacy] [Legacy]	++: Select Screen 14: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values

### CSM Support [Enabled]

This option allows you to enable or disable CSM Support. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### GateA20 Active [Upon Request]

This allows you to set the GA20 option. Configuration options: [Upon Request] [Always]

### **Option ROM Messages [Force BIOS]**

This allows you to set the display mode for option ROM. Configuration options: [Force BIOS] [Keep Current]

### Boot Option filter [Legacy only]

This option allows you to control the Legacy/UEFI ROMs priority. Configuration options: [UEFI and Legacy] [Legacy only] [UEFI only]

### Network / Storage / Video [Legacy]

This option allows you to control the execution of UEFI and Legacy PXE/ Storage/ Video  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{OpROM}}$  .

Configuration options: [UEFI ] [Legacy]

### Other PCI devices [Legacy]

This item determines the OpROM execution policy for devices other than Network, Storage, or Video.

Configuration options: [UEFI ] [Legacy]

## 5.4.11 Trusted Computing

Aptio Setup Utili Advanced	ty – Copyright (C) 2013 A	merican Megatrends, Inc.
Configuration Security Device Support	[Disabled]	Enables or Disables BIOS support for security device. O.S. will not show Security Device. TGG EFI protocol and
Current Status Information NO Security Device Found		INTIA interface will not be available.

### Configuration

### Security Device Support [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the BIOS support for security device. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### 5.4.12 USB Configuration

Aptio Setup Utility – ( Advanced	Copyright (C) 2013 American	Megatrends, Inc.
USB Configuration		Enables Legacy USB support.
USB Module Version	8.11.02	AUTO option disables legacy support if no USB devices are connected. DISABLE option will
USB Devices: 5 Drives, 2 Keyboards, 2 Mice,	3 Hubs	keep USB devices available only for EFI applications.
Legacy USB Support XHCI Hand-off EHCI Hand-off USB Mass Storage Driver Support Port 60/64 Emulation	[Enabled] [Enabled] [Disabled] [Enabled] [Enabled]	
USB hardware delays and time-outs: USB transfer time-out Device reset time-out Device power-up delay	[20 sec] [20 sec] [Auto]	++: Select Screen ↑↓: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt.
Mass Storage Devices: AMI Virtual CDROMO 1.00 AMI Virtual FloppyO 1.00 AMI Virtual HDiskO 1.00	[Auto] [Auto]	F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F5: Optimized Defaults F10: Save Changes & Reset ESC: Exit
AMI Virtual HDiski 1.00 Generic 8.07 AMI Virtual HDiski 1.00	[Auto] [Auto] [Auto]	ESU: EXIT
Version 2.16.1243. Co	oyright (C) 2013 American Mu	egatrends, Inc.

### Legacy USB Support [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable Legacy USB device support.

Configuration options: [Enabled] [Disabled] [Auto]

### XHCI Hand-off [Enabled]

This is a workaround for 0Ses without XHCI hand-off support. The XHCI ownership change should be claimed by XHCI driver.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### EHCI Hand-off [Disabled]

This is a workaround for 0Ses without EHCI hand-off support. The EHCI ownership change should be claimed by EHCI driver.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### USB Mass Storage Driver Support [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the USB Mass Storage drvier support.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### Port 60/64 Emulation [Enabled]

This allows you to enable the I/O port 60h/64h emulation support. This should be enabled for the complete USB keyboard legacy support for non-USB aware OSes.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### USB hardware delays and time-outs

### USB transfer time-out [20 sec]

The time-out value for control, bulk, and interrupt transfer. Configuration options: [1 sec] [5 sec] [10 sec] [20 sec]

### Device reset time-out [20 sec]

USB mass storage device start unit command time-out. Configuration options: [10 sec] [20 sec] [30 sec] [40 sec]

### Device power-up delay [Auto]

This is the maximum time the device will take before it properly reports itself to the host controller.

Configuration options: [Auto] [Manual]

### **Mass Storage Devices**

### AMI Virtual CDROM0 / Floppy0 / HDisk0 1.00 [Auto]

Allows you to select the mass storage device emulation type. Configuration options: [Auto] [Floppy] [Forced FDD] [Hard Disk] [CD-ROM]

### Generic 8.07 [Auto]

Allows you to select the mass storage device emulation type. Configuration options: [Auto] [Floppy] [Forced FDD] [Hard Disk] [CD-ROM]

### AMI Virtual HDisk1 1.00 [Auto]

Allows you to select the mass storage device emulation type. Configuration options: [Auto] [Floppy] [Forced FDD] [Hard Disk] [CD-ROM]

### 5.4.13 iSCSI Configuration

Allows you to configure the iSCSi parameters.



# 5.5 IntelRCSetup menu

The IntelRCSetup menu items allow you to change the processor and chipset settings.

Aptio Setup Utility – Copyright (C) 2013 American Main Advanced <mark>IntelRCSetup</mark> Server Mgmt Event Logs Monitor	
<ul> <li>Processor Configuration</li> <li>Advanced Power Management Configuration</li> <li>Common RefCode Configuration</li> <li>QPI Configuration</li> <li>Hemory Configuration</li> <li>IIO Configuration</li> <li>PCH Configuration</li> <li>Miscellaneous Configuration</li> <li>Server ME Configuration</li> <li>Runtime Error Logging</li> </ul>	Displays and provides option to change the Processor Settings
Setup Warning: Setting items on this Screen to incorrect values may cause system to malfunction!	<pre>++: Select Screen 14: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F5: Optimized Defaults F10: Save Changes &amp; Reset ESC: Exit</pre>
Version 2.16.1243. Copyright (C) 2013 American Me	egatrends, Inc.

# 5.5.1 Processor Configuration

Aptio Setup Utility IntelRCSetup	ı – Copyright (C) 2013 American Megatrends, Inc.
Processor Configuration	Change Per-Socket Settings
<ul> <li>Per-Socket Configuration</li> <li>Processor Socket</li> <li>Processor ID</li> <li>Processor Frequency</li> <li>Processor Max Ratio</li> <li>Processor Max Ratio</li> <li>Processor Max Ratio</li> <li>Microcode Revision</li> <li>L1 Cache RAM</li> <li>L2 Cache RAM</li> <li>L3 Cache RAM</li> <li>L3 Cache RAM</li> <li>Processor 1 Version</li> <li>Processor 2 Version</li> <li>Hyper-Threading</li> <li>Execute Disable Bit</li> <li>Enable Intel TXT Support</li> <li>VMX</li> <li>Enable SMX</li> <li>Hardware Prefetcher</li> <li>Adjacent Cache Prefetch</li> </ul>	Socket 1         Socket 2           000306F2         000306F2           2.300GHz         2.300GHz           17H         17H           0CH         0CH           00000025         00000025           896KB         896KB           35840KB         35840KB           35840KB         35840KB           35840KB         35840KB           Thtel(R) Xeon(R) CPU E5         ++: Select Screen           Intel(R) Xeon(R) CPU E5         ++: Select Item           -2695 V3 @ 2.30GHz         +/-: Change Opt.           [Enabled]         F1: General Help           [Enabled]         F2: Previous Values           [Disabled]         F5: Optimized Defaults           [Disabled]         F5: Optimized Defaults           [Enabled]         F0: Save Changes & Reset           [Disabled]         ESC: Exit
DCU Streamer Prefetcher	[Enabled] ▼ Copyright (C) 2013 American Megatrends, Inc.

#### Per Socket Configuration

Allows you to set the number of cores to enable. 0 means all cores.

#### Hyper Threading [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the Intel® Hyper-Threading Technology function. When disabled, only one thread per activated core is enabled. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Execute Disable Bit [Enabled]

XD can prevent certain classes of malicious buffer overflow attacks when combined with a supporting OS (Windows Server 2003 SP1, Windows XP SP2, SuSE Linux 9.2, Redhat Enterprise 3 Update 3). Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Enable Intel TXT Support [Disabled]

Forces the XD feature log to always return 0 when disabled.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### VMX [Enabled]

Enables the Vanderpool Technology. Takes effect after reboot. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Enable SMX [Disabled]

Enables the Safer Mode Extensions Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Hardware Prefetcher [Enabled]

This Item allows you to turn on/off the mid level cache(L2) streamer prefetcher. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Adjacent Cache Prefetch [Enabled]

This Item allows you to turn on/off prefetching of adjacent cache lines. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### **DCU Streamer Prefetcher [Enabled]**

This Item allows you to enable or disable prefetcher of next L1 data line. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### DCU IP Prefetcher [Enabled]

This Item allows you to enable or disable prefetch of next L1 line based upon sequential load history.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### DCU Mode [32K 8Way Without ECC]

This item allows you to select the DCU mode. A write of 1 selects the DCU mode as 16KB 4-way with ECC.

Configuration options: [32K 8Way Without ECC] [16K 4Way With ECC]

#### Direct Cache Access (DCA) [Auto]

This Item allows you to enable or disable Direct Cache Access.

Configuration options: [Auto] [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### DCA Prefetch Delay [32]

This Item allows you to set the time for the DCA Prefetch delay Help. Configuration options: [Disabled] [8] [16] [24] [32] [40] [48] [56] [64] [72] [80] [88] [96] [104] [112]

#### X2APIC [Disabled]

This Item allows you to enable or disable the extended APIC support. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### AES-NI [Enabled]

This Item allows you to enable or disable the AES-NI support. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Down Stream PECI [Disabled]

This Item allows you to enable the PCIe Down Stream PECI writer. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

# 5.5.2 Advanced Power Management Configuration



#### Power Technology [Energy Efficient]

This item allows you to enable power management features.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Energy Efficient] [Custom]



The following only appears when you set Power Technology to [Custom].

#### CPU P State Control

#### EIST (P-states) [Enabled]

When enabled, OS sets CPU frequency according to the load. When Disabled, CPU frequency is set at max non-turbo.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Turbo Mode [Enabled]

Turbo Mode allows a CPU logical processor to execute a higher frequency when enough power is available and does not exceed CPU defined limits. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### **CPU C State Control**

#### Package C State Limit [C6(Retention) state]

This item allows you to select the Package C State limit. Configuration options: [C0/C1 state] [C2 State] [C6(non Retention) state] [C6(Retention) state]

#### CPU C3 Report [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable CPU C3(ACPI C2) report to OS. Alyways set this item to [Disabled].

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### CPU C6 Report [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable CPU C6(ACPI C2) report to OS. Always set this item to [Enabled].

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### **CPU T State Control**

#### ACPI T-States [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable CPU throttling by OS. Throttling reduces power consumption.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### **CPU Advanced PM Turning**

#### Energy Perf BIAS

#### Energy Performance Tuning [Disabled]

Allows you to select whether BIOS or Operating System chooses energy performance bias tuning.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Energy Performance BIAS setting. [Balanced Performance]

Allows you to switch between Power or performance. Configuration options: [Performance] [Balanced Performance] [Balanced Power] [Power]

#### Power/Performance switch [Enabled]

Allows you to switch between Power or performance. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Workload Configuration [Balanced]

Optimization for the workload characterization. Configuration options: [Balanced] [I/O sensitive]

#### Averaging Time Window [23]

This is used to control the effective window of the average for CO and PO time.

#### PO TotalTimeThreshold Low [35]

The HW switching mechanism disables the performance setting (0) when the total PO time is less than this threshold.

#### PO TotalTimeThreshold High [58]

The HW switching mechanism enables the performance setting (0) when the total PO time is greater than this threshold.

#### Config TDP [Disabled]

This item appears only when you set Power Technolgy to [Energy Efficient] or [Custom]. This item allows you to enable/disable the Config TDP.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]



The following only appears when you set Config TDP to [Enabled].

#### Config TDP Level [Nominal]

This item provides options that you can select to set the Config TDP level.

Configuration options: [Nominal] [Level 1] [Level 2]

# 5.5.3 Common RefCode Configuration



#### Numa [Enabled]

This item enables or disables the Non uniform Memory Access (NUMA). Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

### 5.5.4 QPI Configuration

#### **QPI** General Configuration

Aptio Setup Uti IntelRCSetup	lity – Copyright (C) 2013 Am	erican Megatrends, Inc.
QPI General Configuration		Select Snoop Mode, Not Supported: COD enable∕ Early
QPI Status		Snoop enable, Early Snoop :
Link Speed Mode	[Fast]	COD disable/ Early Snoop
Link Frequency Select	[Auto]	enable, Home Snoop : COD
Link LOp Enable	[Enable]	disable∕ Early Snoop disable,
Link L1 Enable	[Enable]	Cluster On Die : COD enable/
	[Early Snoop]	Early Snoop disable

#### **QPI Status**

This item displays information about the QPI status.

#### Link Speed Mode [Fast]

This item allows you to select the QPI link speed as either the fast mode or slow mode. Configuration options: [Slow] [Fast]

#### Link Frequency Select [Auto]

This item allows you to select the QPI link frequency. Configuration options: [Auto] [6.4 GT/s] [8.0 GT/s] [9.6 GT/s]

#### Link L0p/L1 Enable [Enable]

This item allows you to disable or enable Link L0p or Link L1.

Configuration options: [Disable] [Enable]

#### Snoop Mode [Early Snoop]

This item allows you to select the snoop mode.

Configuration options: [Not Supported] [Early Snoop] [Home Snoop] [Cluster On Die]

# 5.5.5 Memory Configuration

Integrated Memory Controller (i)		 Enable to enforce POR restrictions for DDR4 frequency and voltage programming
inforce POR	[Auto]	bi oßi gimittiß,
Memory Frequency	[Auto]	
Halt on mem Training Error	[Enabled]	
ECC Support	[Auto]	
Enhanced Log Parsing	[Disabled]	
Data Scrambling	[Auto]	
Enable ADR	[Disabled]	
C/A Parity Enable	[Auto]	
Memory Topology		
Memory Thermal		↔: Select Screen
Memory Map		↑↓: Select Item
Memory RAS Configuration		Enter: Select
		+/-: Change Opt.
		Let 0 1 11 1

#### Integrated Memory Controller (iMC)

#### Enforce POR [Auto]

Allows you to enforce POR restrictions for DDR4 frequency adn voltage programming. Configuration options: [Auto] [Enforce POR] [Disabled] [Enforce Stretch Goals]

#### Memory Frequency [Auto]

Allows you to select the memory frequency setting. Configuration options: [Auto] [1333] [1600] [1866] [2133]

#### Halt on mem Training Error [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable halt on mem Training Error. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### ECC Support [Auto]

Allows you to enable or disable the ECC support. Configuration options: [Auto] [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Enhanced Log Parsing [Disabled]

Allows you to enable additional output in debug log for easier machine parsing. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Data Scrambling [Auto]

Allows you to enable/disable data scrambling. Configuration options: [Auto] [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Enable ADR [Disabled]

Allows you to set the detecting and enabling of ADR. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### C/A Parity Enable [Auto]

Allows you to enable or disable the DDR4's command address parity.

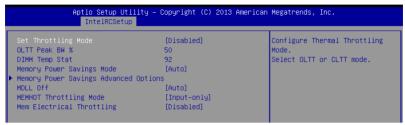
Configuration options: [Auto] [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### **Memory Topology**

Displays memory topology with DIMM population information.

#### **Memory Thermal**

Allows you to configure thermal settings.



#### Set Throttling Mode [Disabled]

Configuration options: [Disabled] [OLTT] [CLTT]

#### OLLT Peak BW % [xxx]

Allows you to set the peak allowed bandwidth for OLTT. This is in percentage and valid offset values is from 25-100.

#### DIMM Temp Stat [xx]

Allows you to select DIMMTEMPSTAT as temp\_mid or tem\_hi.

#### Memory Power Savings Mode [Auto]

Allows you to configure the CKE and other related Memory Power Savings features. Configuration options: [Auto] [Disabled] [APD On] [User Defined] [Reserved] [Reserved]

#### Memory Power Savings Advanced Options

CK in SR [Auto] Allows you to configure CK behavior during self-refresh. Configuration options: [Auto] [Driven] [Tri-State] [Pulled Low] [Pulled High]

#### MDLL Off [Auto]

Allows you to shutdown MDLL during SR when enabled. Configuration options: [Auto] [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### MEMHOT Throttling Mode [Input-only]

Allows you to shutdown MDLL during SR when enabled. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Input-only] [Output-only]

#### Mem Electrical Throttling [Disabled]

Allows you to configure Memory Electical throttling. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled] [Auto]

#### **Memory Map**

Aptio Setup Utility – Copyright (C) 2013 American Megatrends, Inc. IntelRCSetup					
Channel Interleaving Rank Interleaving	[Auto] [Auto]	Select Channel Interleaving setting			

#### **Channel Interleaving [Auto]**

Select different channel interleaving setting.

Configuration options: [Auto] [1-way Interleave] [2-way Interleave] [3-way Interleave] [4-way Interleave]

#### Rank Interleaving [Auto]

Select different rank interleaving setting.

Configuration options: [Auto] [1-way Interleave] [2-way Interleave] [4-way Interleave] [8-way Interleave]

#### Memory RAS Configuration Setup



#### RAS Mode [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable RAS Modes. Enabling Sparing and Mirroring is not supported. In case enabled, Sparing will be selected.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Mirror] [Lockstep Mode]

#### Memory Rank Sparing [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable Memory Rank Sparing. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Correctable Error Threshold [32767]

Allows you to set the Correctable Error Threshold used for sparing, tagging, and leaky bucket. The range is from 1 to 32767.

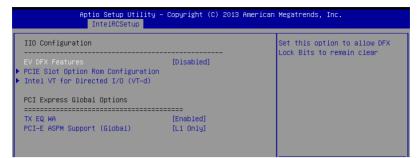
#### Patrol Scrub [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable Patrol Scrub. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Demand Scrub [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable Demand Scrub. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

# 5.5.6 IIO Configuration



#### EV DFX Features [Disabled]

Set this option to allow DFX Lock Bits to remain clear. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### **PCIE Slot Option Rom Configuration**

#### PCIE1-PCIE10 Option ROM [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the PCIE1 Option ROM. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Intel VT for Directed I/O (VT-d)

#### Intel VT for Directed I/O (VT-d) [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the Intel Virtualization Technology for Directed I/O. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### **PCI Express Global Options**

#### TX EQ WA [Enabled]

Use special table for TX\_EQ and vendor specific cards. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### PCI-E ASPM Support (Global) [L1 Only]

This option enables or disables the ASPM support for all downstream devices. Configuration options: [Disabled] [L1 Only]

# 5.5.7 PCH Configuration

Aptio Setup Utility – Copyright (C) 2013 American Megatrends, Inc. IntelRCSetup						
PCH Configuration	Enable/Disable Intel(R) IO					
	Controller Hub devices					

#### **PCH Devices**

#### DeepSx Power Policies [Disabled]

Allows you to configure the DeepSx Mode configuration. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled in S5] [Enabled in S4 and S5]

#### **PCI Express Configuration**

#### PCH DMI ASPM [Enabled]

Allows you to configure the PCH DMI ASPM. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### PCI Express Root Port 1 - 8

#### PCIE ASPM [Disable ASPM]

Allows you to configure the PCI Express Root port ASPM setting. Configuration options: [Disable ASPM] [ASPM L0s] [ASPM L1] [ASPM L0sL1] [ASPM Auto]

#### PCH sSATA Configuration

#### sSATA Controller [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the sSATA Controller.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Configure sSATA as [AHCI]

Allows you to identify the SATA port is connected to Solid State Drive or Hard Disk Drive. Configuration options: [IDE] [AHCI] [RAID]

#### Support Aggressive Link Power Management [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the Suport Aggressive Link Power (SALP) Management. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### SATA Port 1 - 4 [Not Installed]

#### Port 1/ Port 2/ Port 3/ Port 4 [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the SATA port Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### PCH SATA Configuration

#### SATA Controller [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the SATA Controller.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Configure SATA as [AHCI]

Allows you to identify the SATA port is connected to Solid State Drive or Hard Disk Drive. Configuration options: [IDE] [AHCI] [RAID]

#### Support Aggressive Link Power Management [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the Suport Aggressive Link Power (SALP) Management. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### SATA Port 1- 6 [Not Installed]

#### Port 1/ Port 2/ Port 3/ Port 4/ Port 5/ Port 6 [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the SATA port. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### **USB Configuration**

#### xHCI Mode [Auto]

Allows you to enable or disable the mode of operation of xHCI controller.

Configuration options: [Auto] [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### USB Ports Per-Port Disable Control [Disabled]

Allows you to control each of the USB ports disabling. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]



The following items appears only when the USB Ports  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{Per-Port}}$  Disable Control is set to [Enabled].

#### USB Port #1 - #14 [Enabled]

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### USB 3.0 Port #1/ - #6 [Enabled]

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### **Platform Thermal Configuration**

#### PCH Thermal Device [Auto]

Allows you to enable or disable the PCH Thermal Device (D31:F6). Configuration options: [Auto] [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Alert Enable Lock [Disabled]

Allows you to lock all Alert Enable settings. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

# 5.5.8 Miscellaneous Configuration



#### **Miscellaneous Configuration**

#### Active Video [Offboard Device]

Allows you to select the video type.

Configuration options: [Onboard Device] [Offboard Device]

# 5.5.9 Server ME Configuration

Displays the Server ME Technology parameters on your system.

Aptio Setup Utility IntelRCSetup	y – Copyright (C) 2013 American	) Megatrends, Inc.
General ME Configuration		
Operational Firmware Version	3.0.7.145	
Recovery Firmware Version	3.0.7.145	
ME Firmware Features	SiEn+NM+PECIProxy+ICC+PM	
ME Firmware Status #1	0x000F0345	
ME Firmware Status #2	0x38004000	
Current State	Operational	
Error Code	No Error	

# 5.5.10 Runtime Error Logging Support



#### **Runtime Error Logging**

#### S/W Error Injection Support [Disabled]

This item, when enabled, is supported by unlocking MSR 0x790. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Whea Settings

#### Whea Support [Enabled]

This item allows you to enable or disable the WHEA support. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### **Memory Error Enabling**

#### Memory corrected Error enabling [Disabled]

This item allows you to enable or disable the WHEA Memory corrected errors

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

# 5.6 Server Mgmt menu

The Server Management menu displays the server management status and allows you to change the settings.

	ty – Copyright (C) 2013 Am Server Mgmt <mark>Event Logs M</mark>	m <mark>erican Megatrends, Inc.</mark> Monitor Security Boot Tool Exit
BMC Self Test Status BMC Device ID BMC Device Revision BMC Firmware Revision IPMI Version Current Time Zone OS Natchdog Timer OS Natchdog Timer OS Natchdog Timer OS Natd Timer Timeout OS Natd Timer Policy Serial Mux ▶ System Event Log	PASSED 32 1 1.5 2.0 -05:00 GMT [Disabled] [10 minutes] [Reset] [Disabled]	If enabled, starts a BIOS timer which can only be shut off by Intel Management Software after the OS loads. Helps determine that the OS successfully loaded or follows the OS Boot Watchdog Timer policy.
<ul> <li>▶ BMC network configuration</li> <li>&gt; View System Event Log</li> <li>▶ IPv6 BMC Network Configuration</li> </ul>	3. Copyright (C) 2013 Amer	<pre>++: Select Screen 14: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F5: Optimized Defaults F10: Save Changes &amp; Reset ESC: Exit</pre>

#### OS Watchdog Timer [Disabled]

This item allows you to start a BIOS timer which can only be shut off by Intel Management Software after the OS loads.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]



The following items is configurable only when the OS Watchdog Timer is set to [Enabled].

#### OS Wtd Timer Timeout [10 minutes]

Allows you to configure the length fo the OS Boot Watchdog Timer.

Configuration options: [5 minutes] [10 minutes] [15 minutes] [20 minutes]

#### **OS Wtd Timer Policy [Reset]**

This item allows you to configure the how the system should respond if the OS Boot Watch Timer expires.

Configuration options: [Do Nothing] [Reset] [Power Down] [Power Cycle]

#### Serial Mux [Disabled]

This item allows you to enable or disable Serial Mux configuration.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### System Event Log

Allows you to change the SEL event log configuration.

#### SEL Components [Enabled]

Allows you to enable or disable all features of system Event Logging during boot. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]



The following items appears only when you set SEL Components to [Enabled].

• All values changed here do not take effect until computer is restarted.

#### Erase SEL [No]

Allows you to choose options for erasing SEL. Configuration options: [No] [Yes, On next reset] [Yes, On every reset]

#### When SEL is Full [Do Nothing]

Allows you to choose options for reactions to a full SEL. Configuration options: [Do Nothing] [Erase Immediately]

#### Log EFI Status Codes [Error code]

Disable the logging of EFI Status Codes, or log only error code, or only progress code or, both.

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Both] [Error code] [Progress code]

#### **BMC** network configuration

The sub-items in this configuration allow you to configure the BMC network parameters.

	– Copyright (C) 2013 Amer rver Mgmt	ican Megatrends, Inc.
BMC network configuration DM_LAN1 Config Address source Current Config Address source IP Address in BMC : Subnet Mask in BMC : Station MAC address Gateway IP address Router MAC address	[Unspecified] DHCP Mode 0.0.0.0 00-e0-18-07-08-18 0.0.0.0 00-00-00-00-00	Select to configure LAN channel parameters statically or dynamically(by BIOS or BMC). Unspecified option will not modify any BMC network parameters during BIOS phase
Shared LAN Config Address source Current Config Address source IP Address in BMC : Subnet Mask in BMC : Station MAC address Gateway IP address Router MAC address	[Unspecified] DHCP Mode 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 00-e0-18-07-08-19 0.0.0.0 00-00-00-00-00-00	++: Select Screen 14: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F5: Octimized Defaults

#### Configuration Address source DM\_LAN1/Shared LAN [Unspecified]

This item allows you to configure LAN channel parameters statistically or dynamically (by BIOS or BMC). Unspecified option will not modify any BMC network parameters during BIOS phase.

Configuration options: [Unspecified] [Previous State] [Static] [DynamicBmcDhcp]

#### **View System Event Log**

This item displays the system event log records.

#### **IPv6 BMC Network Configuration**

This item allows you to configure the parameter settings of IPv6 BMC network.

	Copyright (C) 2013 American er Mgmt	Megatrends, Inc.
IPv6 BMC Network Configuration		Display the Full or Brief IPv6 Field
IPv6 Display Full Field	[Enable]	1010
IPv6 Display Full Formula	[Enable]	
IPv6 Display Letter Case		
IPv6 BMC DM_LAN1		
IPv6 BMC Lan IP Address Source	[Unspecified]	
Address Source in BMC :	DHCP Mode	
IP Address in BMC :		
-> [0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:00	000:0000]	
Prefix Length in BMC :	0	
Gateway Address in BMC :		
-> [0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:00	-	++: Select Screen
MAC Address in BMC :	00-e0-18-07-08-18	↑↓: Select Item
		Enter: Select
IPv6 BMC Shared Lan		+/−: Change Opt.
IPv6 BMC Lan IP Address Source		F1: General Help
Address Source in BMC :	DHCP Mode	F2: Previous Values
IP Address in BMC :		F5: Optimized Defaults
-> [0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:00	-	F10: Save Changes & Reset
Prefix Length in BMC :	0	ESC: Exit
Gateway Address in BMC :	00.00001	
-> [0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:00		
MAC Address in BMC :	00-e0-18-07-08-19	
	nunidht (C) 2012 American M	odotpondo. Tro

Version E. 10. 12 10. oppgright (b) 2010 hild fear hegatione

#### IPv6 Display Full Field [Enable]

Displays the full or brief IPv6 Field. Configuration options: [Disable] [Enable]

#### IPv6 Display Full Formula [Enable]

Displays the full or brief IPv6 Formula. Configuration options: [Disable] [Enable]

#### IPv6 Display Letter Case [Upper Case]

Displays the uppercase or lowercase letters of the alphabet. Configuration options: [Lower Case] [Upper Case]

#### IPv6 BMC DM\_LAN1/ IPv6 BMC Shared Lan

#### IPv6 BMC Lan IP Address Source [Unspecified]

Select to configure LAN channel parameters statically or dynamically (by BIOS or  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{BMC}}\xspace).$ 

Configuration options: [Unspecified] [Static] [Dynamic-Obtained by BMC running DHCP]



The following items appear only when you set **IPv6 BMC Lan IP Address Source** to [Static].

IPv6 BMC LAN IP Address Allows you to input IPv6 BMC Lan IP address.

IPv6 BMC LAN IP Prefix Length Allows you to input IPv6 BMC Lan IP Prefix Length.

#### IPv6 BMC LAN Default Gateway

Allows you to input IPv6 BMC Lan Default Gateway.

IPv6 BMC LAN DNS Settings Allows you to enter IPv6 BMC LAN DNS Settings.

IPv6 BMC LAN Link IP Address Allows you to enter IPv6 BMC LAN Link IP address.

IPv6 BMC LAN Link IP Prefix Length Allows you to input IPv6 BMC Lan Link IP Prefix Length.

# 5.7 Event Logs menu

The Event Logs menu items allow you to change the event log settings and view the system event logs.

Ap Main Advanced	o <mark>tio Setup Util</mark> IntelRCSetup				Exit
▶ Change Smbios Ev ▶ View Smbios Ever			Press <ent Smbios Eve</ent 		

#### **Change Smbios Event Log Settings**

Press <Enter> to change the Smbios Event Log configuration.



All values changed here do not take effect until computer is restarted.

#### **Enabling/Disabling Options**

#### Smbios Event Log [Enabled]

Change this to enable or disable all features of Smbios Event Logging during boot. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### **Erasing Settings**

#### Erase Event Log [No]

Choose options for erasing Smbios Event Log. Erasing is done prior to any logging activation during reset. Configuration options: [No] [Yes, Next reset] [Yes, Every reset]

#### When Log is Full [Do Nothing]

Allows you to choose options for reactions to a full Smbios Event Log. Configuration options: [Do Nothing] [Erase Immediately]

#### **Smbios Event Log Standard Settings**

#### Log System Boot Event [Disabled]

Allows you to choose options to enable/disable logging of System boot event. Configuration options: [Enabled] [Disabled]

#### **View Smbios Event Log**

Press <Enter> to view all smbios event logs.

	Apt.	io Setup Utility	– Copyright (C) 2 Event L	Megatrends, Ind	c.
DATE	TIME	ERROR CODE	SEVERITY		

# 5.8 Monitor menu

The Monitor menu displays the system temperature/power status, and allows you to change the fan settings.

	io Setup Utility – Copyright (C) 2013 America IntelRCSetup Server Mgmt Event Logs Monit	
CPU1 Temperature CPU2 Temperature CPU FAN1 Speed CPU FAN2 Speed CPU FAN3 Speed HDD FAN1 Speed HDD FAN1 Speed FRNT FAN1 Speed FRNT FAN2 Speed FRNT FAN3 Speed FRNT FAN4 Speed	[ 53.2 <sup>°</sup> C/127.7 <sup>°</sup> F] [ 49.3 <sup>°</sup> C/120.7 <sup>°</sup> F] [ 10150 RFM ] [ 10150 RFM ] [ 9507 RFM ] [ 9507 RFM ] [ 7670 RFM ] [ 7627 RFM ] [ 3658 RFM ] [ N/A ] [ 3708 RFM ] [ N/A ]	CPU1 Temperature
FRNT FANS Speed FRNT FANS Speed FRNT FANS Speed FRNT FANS Speed +VCDRE1 +VCORE2 +VCDQ_AB +VDDQ_CD +VDDQ_CD +VDDQ_GH +SVSB	[ 3590 RPM ] [ N/A ] [ 3629 RPM ] [ N/A ] [ +1.794 V ] [ +1.796 V ] [ +1.206 V ] [ +1.200 V ] [ +1.200 V ] [ +1.200 V ] [ +1.200 V ] [ +5.024 V ]	<pre>++: Select Screen 11: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F5: Optimized Defaults F10: Save Changes &amp; Reset ESC: Exit</pre>



Scroll down to view the other items.

#### CPU1/CPU2 Temperature, [xxx°C/xxx°F]

The onboard hardware monitor automatically detects and displays the CPU temperatures

# CPU1 FAN1/2/3/4 Speed, HDD FAN1/2 Speed, FRNT FAN1-8 Speed [xxxx RPM] or [N/A]

The onboard hardware monitor automatically detects and displays the speed of CPU fans, front fans, and rear fan in rotations per minute (RPM). If the fan is not connected to the motherboard, the field shows N/A.

# +VCORE1/2 Voltage, +VDDQ\_AB Voltage, +VDDQ\_CD Voltage, +VDDQ\_EF Voltage, +VDDQ\_GH Voltage, +5VSB Voltage, +5V Voltage, +12V Voltage, +3.3V Voltage, VBAT Voltage, +3.3VSB Voltage

The onboard hardware monitor automatically detects the voltage output through the onboard voltage regulators.

# CPU FAN1 & CPU FAN2 mode, CPU FAN3 & CPU FAN4 mode, HDD FAN1 & HDD FAN2 mode, FRNT FAN1 & FRNT FAN2 mode, FRNT FAN3 & FRNT FAN4 mode, FRNT FAN5 & FRNT FAN6 mode, FRNT FAN7 & FRNT FAN8 mode [Generic Speed]

Allows you to configure the ASUS Smart Fan feature that smartly adjusts the fan speeds for more efficient system operation.

Configuration options: [Generic Speed] [High Speed] [Full Speed] [Manual Mode]

# 5.9 Security menu

This menu allows a new password to be created or a current password to be cchanged. The menu also enables or disables the Secure Boot state and lets the user configure the System Mode state.

	<mark>Jtility – Copyright (C)</mark> 2013 ( tup Server Mgmt Event Logs	American Megatrends, Inc. Monitor <mark>Security</mark> Boot Tool Exit
Password Description		To clear the administrator password,
If ONLY the Administrator' then this only limits acce only asked for when enterin If ONLY the User's password and boot or enter Setup. In Se have Administrator rights The password length must b in the following range: Minimum length	ss to Setup and is ng Setup d is set, then this must be entered to tup the User will	key in the current password in the Enter Current Password box, and then press <enter> when prompted to create/confirm the password.</enter>
Minimum length	3 20	
Administrator Password User Password Clear User Password		<pre>++: Select Screen 11: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt, F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F5: Optimized Defaults F10: Save Changes &amp; Reset ESC: Exit</pre>
	5.1243. Copyright (C) 2013 Amm	

#### **Administrator Password**

To set an administrator password:

- 1. Select the Administrator Password item and press < Enter>.
- 2. From the Create New Password box, key in a password, then press <Enter>.
- 3. Confirm the password when prompted.

To change an administrator password:

- 1. Select the Administrator Password item and press < Enter>.
- 2. From the Enter Current Password box, key in the current password, then press <Enter>.
- 3. From the Create New Password box, key in a new password, then press <Enter>.
- 4. Confirm the password when prompted.



To clear the administrator password, follow the same steps as in changing an administrator password, but press <Enter> when prompted to create/confirm the password.

#### **User Password**

To set a user password:

- 1. Select the User Password item and press <Enter>.
- 2. From the Create New Password box, key in a password, then press <Enter>.
- 3. Confirm the password when prompted.

To change a user password:

- 1. Select the User Password item and press <Enter>.
- 2. From the Enter Current Password box, key in the current password, then press <Enter>.
- 3. From the Create New Password box, key in a new password, then press <Enter>.
- 4. Confirm the password when prompted.

To clear a user password:

- 1. Select the Clear User Password item and press < Enter>.
- 2. Select Yes from the Warning message window then press <Enter>.

#### **Clear User Password**

This item allows you to clear the user password. Use the arrow keys to select **Yes** or **No** then press <Enter> to confirm your choice.

#### Secure Boot Menu

This item allows you to customize the Secure Boot settings.



#### Secure Boot [Disabled]

Secure Boot can be enabled if the system is running in User mode with enrolled platform Key (EPK) or if the CSM function is disabled. Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Secure Boot Mode [Custom]

Allows you to set the Secure Boot selector. Configuration options: [Custom] [Standard]

#### **Key Management**

This item only appears when the item Secure Boot Mode is set to [Custom]. The Key Management item allows you to modify Secure Boot variables and set Key Management page.

	[Disabled]	Install Factory default Secure
<ul> <li>Enroll All Factory Default Keys</li> <li>Save All Secure Boot Variables</li> </ul>		Boot Keys when System is in Setup Mode.
Platform Key ▶ Delete PK ▶ Set new PK	NOT INSTALLED	
Key Exchange Key Delete KEK Set new KEK Append KEK	NOT INSTALLED	
Authorized Signatures > Delete DB > Set new DB > Append DB	NOT INSTALLED	++: Select Screen 11: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt.
Authorized TimeStamps Delete DBT Set new DBT Append DBT	NOT INSTALLED	F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F5: Optimized Defaults F10: Save Changes & Reset
Forbidden Signatures • Delete DBX • Set new DBX • Append DBX	NOT INSTALLED	ESC: Exit

#### Default Key Provision [Disabled]

Configuration options: [Disabled] [Enabled]

#### Enroll All Factory Default Keys

This item will ask you if you want to Install Factory Default secure keys. Select Yes if you want to load the default secure keys, otherwise select No.

#### Save All Secure Boot Variables

This item will ask you if you want to save all secure boot variables. Select Yes if you want to save all secure boot variables, otherwise select No.

#### Platform Key (PK)/ Key Exchange Key (KEK)/ Authorized Signatures (DB)/ Authorized TimeStamps (DBT)/ Forbidden Signatures (DBX)

Configuration options: [Delete] [Set New] [Append]

# 5.10 Boot menu

The Boot menu items allow you to change the system boot options.

Aptio Setup Utility – Main Advanced IntelRCSetup Serve	Copyright (C) 2013 American er Mgmt Event Logs Monitor	
Boot Configuration		Number of seconds to wait for
Setup Prompt Timeout	1	setup activation key.
Bootup NumLock State	(0n)	65535(0xFFFF) means indefinite waiting.
Boot Logo Display	[Disabled]	
POST Report	[5 sec]	
Chassis Intrusion Message	[Warning]	
Boot Option Priorities		
Boot Option #1	[AMI Virtual CDROMO]	
Boot Option #2	[AMI Virtual HDisk0]	
Boot Option #3	[AMI Virtual Floppy0]	
Boot Option #4	[IBA GE Slot 0B00 v1543]	++: Select Screen
		↑↓: Select Item
Network Device BBS Priorities		Enter: Select
CD/DVD ROM Drive BBS Priorities		+/−: Change Opt.
Hard Drive BBS Priorities		F1: General Help
Floppy Drive BBS Priorities		F2: Previous Values
		F5: Optimized Defaults
		F10: Save Changes & Reset ESC: Exit

#### **Bootup Configuration**

#### Setup Prompt Timeout [xx]

Use the <+> and <-> keys to adjust the number of seconds to wait for setup activation key.

#### Bootup NumLock State [On]

Allows you to select the power-on state for the NumLock. Configuration options: [Off] [On]

#### Boot Logo Display [Disabled]

Allows you to enable or disable the full screen logo display feature. Configuration options: [Auto] [Full Screen] [Disabled]

#### POST Report [5 sec]

Allows you to set the desired POST Report waiting time from 1 to 10 seconds. Configuration options: [1 sec] ~ [10 sec] [Until Press ESC]

#### Chassis Intrusion [Warning]

Allows you to set an action when chassis intrusion has occured. Configuration options: [Warning] [Halt]

#### **Boot Option Priorities**

These items specify the boot device priority sequence from the available devices. The number of device items that appears on the screen depends on the number of devices installed in the system.



- To select the boot device during system startup, press <F8> when ASUS Logo appears.
- To access Windows OS in Safe Mode, please press <F8> after POST.

# Network Device BBS Priorities; CD/DVD ROM Drive BBS Priorities; Hard Drive BBS Priorities; Floppy Drive BBS Priorities;

These items appear only when you connect SATA ODD, Floppy disk drive, or hard drive to the SATA ports and allow you to set the booting order of the SATA devices.

# 5.11 Tool menu

The Tool menu items allow you to configure options for special functions. Select an item then press <Enter> to display the submenu.

					Megatrends, Inc. Security Boot <mark>Tool </mark> Exit
Start EzFlash					Press ENTER to run the utility to select and update BIOS.
					<pre>++: Select Screen 11: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F5: Optimized Defaults F10: Save Changes &amp; Reset ESC: Exit</pre>
	Version 2.16.12	43. Copyright	(C) 2013 Ar	merican Me	egatrends, Inc.

#### ASUS EZ Flash

Allows you to run ASUS EZ Flash BIOS ROM Utility when you press <Enter>. Refer to the ASUS EZ Flash Utility section for details.

# 5.12 Exit menu

The Exit menu items allow you to save or discard your changes to the BIOS items.

Aptio Setup Utility – Copyright (C) 2013 American Main Advanced IntelRCSetup Server Mgmt Event Logs Monitor	
Save Changes & Exit Discard Changes & Exit Save Changes & Reset Discard Changes & Reset Save Options Save Changes Discard Changes Restore Defaults Save as User Defaults Restore User Defaults	Exit system setup after saving the changes.
Boot Override IBA GE Slot 0800 v1543 IBA GE Slot 0000 v1543 AMI Virtual CDROMO 1.00 AMI Virtual HDIsk0 1.00 Generic 8.07 AMI Virtual HDIsk1 1.00 AMI Virtual Floppy0 1.00 Launch EFI Shell from filesystem device	<pre>++: Select Screen 14: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F5: Optimized Defaults F10: Save Changes &amp; Reset ESC: Exit</pre>
Version 2.16.1243. Copyright (C) 2013 American Ma	egatrends, Inc.



Pressing <Esc> does not immediately exit this menu. Select one of the options from this menu or <F10> from the legend bar to exit.

#### Save Changes & Reset

Exit System setup after saving the changes.

#### **Discard Changes & Exit**

Exit System setup without saving any changes.

#### Save Changes & Reset

Reset the system setup after saving the changes.

#### **Discard Changes & Reset**

Reset system setup without saving any changes.

#### **Save Options**

#### **Save Changes**

Save changes done so far to any of the setup options.

#### **Discard Changes**

Discard changes done so far to any of the setup options.

#### **Restore Defaults**

Restore/load default values for all the setup options.

#### Save as User Defaults

Save the changes done so far as User Defaults.

#### **Restore User Defaults**

Restore the User Defaults to all the setup options.

#### **Boot Override**

These items displays the available devices. The device items that appears on the screen depends on the number of devices installed in the system. Click an item to start booting from the selected device.

#### Launch EFI Shell from filesystem device

Attempts to launch EFI Shell application (shellx64.efi) from one of the available filesystem devices.

Chapter 5:	BIOS	setup
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# 6

# **RAID Configuration**

This chapter tells how to change system settings through the BIOS Setup menus. Detailed descriptions of the BIOS parameters are also provided.

# 6.1 Setting up RAID

The motherboard supports the following SATA RAID solutions:

- LSI MegaRAID software RAID Configuration Utility with RAID 0, RAID 1, and RAID 10 support (for both Linux and Windows OS).
- Intel<sup>®</sup> Rapid Storage Technology enterprise Option ROM Utility with RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 10, and RAID 5 support (for Windows OS only).

# 6.1.1 RAID definitions

RAID 0 (Data striping) optimizes two identical hard disk drives to read and write data in parallel, interleaved stacks. Two hard disks perform the same work as a single drive but at a sustained data transfer rate, double that of a single disk alone, thus improving data access and storage. Use of two new identical hard disk drives is required for this setup.

RAID 1 (Data mirroring) copies and maintains an identical image of data from one drive to a second drive. If one drive fails, the disk array management software directs all applications to the surviving drive as it contains a complete copy of the data in the other drive. This RAID configuration provides data protection and increases fault tolerance to the entire system. Use two new drives or use an existing drive and a new drive for this setup. The new drive must be of the same size or larger than the existing drive.

RAID 10 is data striping and data mirroring combined without parity (redundancy data) having to be calculated and written. With the RAID 10 configuration you get all the benefits of both RAID 0 and RAID 1 configurations. Use four new hard disk drives or use an existing drive and three new drives for this setup.

RAID 5 stripes both data and parity information across three or more hard disk drives. Among the advantages of RAID 5 configuration include better HDD performance, fault tolerance, and higher storage capacity. The RAID 5 configuration is best suited for transaction processing, relational database applications, enterprise resource planning, and other business systems. Use a minimum of three identical hard disk drives for this setup.



If you want to boot the system from a hard disk drive included in a created RAID set, copy first the RAID driver from the support DVD to a floppy disk before you install an operating system to the selected hard disk drive.

# 6.1.2 Installing hard disk drives

The motherboard supports Serial ATA for RAID set configuration. For optimal performance, install identical drives of the same model and capacity when creating a disk array.

To install the SATA hard disks for RAID configuration:

- 1. Install the SATA hard disks into the drive bays following the instructions in the system user guide.
- Connect a SATA signal cable to the signal connector at the back of each drive and to the SATA connector on the motherboard.
- 3. Connect a SATA power cable to the power connector on each drive.

# 6.1.3 Setting the RAID item in BIOS

You must set the RAID item in the BIOS Setup before you can create a RAID set from SATA hard disk drives attached to the SATA connectors supported by Intel<sup>®</sup> C610 chipset. To do this:

- 1. Enter the BIOS Setup during POST.
- 2. Go to the Advanced Menu > PCH SATA Configuration, then press <Enter>.
- 3. Set SATA Mode to [RAID Mode]
- 4. Press <F10> to save your changes and exit the BIOS Setup.



Refer to Chapter 5 for details on entering and navigating through the BIOS Setup.

# 6.1.4 RAID configuration utilities

Depending on the RAID connectors that you use, you can create a RAID set using the utilities embedded in each RAID controller. For example, use the LSI Logic Embedded SATA RAID Setup Utility or the Intel<sup>®</sup> Rapid Storage Technology if you installed Serial ATA hard disk drives on the Serial ATA connectors supported by the Intel<sup>®</sup> C610 chipset.

Refer to the succeeding section for details on how to use the RAID configuration utility.

# 6.2 LSI Software RAID Configuration Utility

The LSI MegaRAID software RAID configuration utility allows you to create RAID 0, RAID 1, or RAID 10 set(s) from SATA hard disk drives connected to the SATA connectors supported by the motherboard southbridge chip.

To enter the LSI MegaRAID software RAID configuration utility:

- 1. Turn on the system after installing all the SATA hard disk drives.
- During POST, the LSI MegaRAID software RAID configuration utility automatically detects the installed SATA hard disk drives and displays any existing RAID set(s). Press <Ctrl> + <M> to enter the utility.

LSI MegaRAID Software RAID B	IOS Version A.10 09231523R
LSI SATA RAID Found at PCI B	us No:00 Dev No:1F
Device present at Port 0	ST3160812AS 152114MB
Device present at Port 1	ST3160812AS 152114MB
Device present at Port 2	ST3160812AS 152114MB
Device present at Port 3	ST3160812AS 152114MB
Press Ctrl-M or Enter to run	LSI Software RAID Setup Utility.

- The LSI MegaRAID software RAID configuration utility automatically configures to RAID 1 when the SATA to RAID Mode is enabled.
- The RAID setup screens shown in this section are for reference only and may not exactly
  match the items on your screen due to the controller version difference.
- When you create RAID sets with the LSI MegaRAID software RAID configuration utility, the boot priority of the SATA optical drive has to be manually adjusted. Otherwise, the system will not boot from the connected SATA ODD.
- The utility main window appears. Use the arrow keys to select an option from the Management Menu and then press <Enter>. Refer to the Management Menu descriptions on the next page.

At the bottom of the screen is the legend box. The keys on the legend box allow you to navigate through the setup menu options or execute commands. The keys on the legend box vary according to the menu level.

LSI Software RAID Configuration Utility Ver C.05 Sep 17,2010 BIOS Version A.10.09231523R
Management Menu Configure Initialize Objects Rebuild Check Consistency
Configure VD(s)
Use Cursor Keys to Navigate Between Items And Press Enter To Select An Option

Menu	Description
Configure	Allows you to create RAID 0, RAID 1 or RAID 10 set using the Easy Configuration or the New Configuration command. This menu also allows you to view, add, or clear RAID configurations or select the boot drive
Initialize	Allows you to initialize the virtual drives of a created RAID set
Objects	Allows you to initialize virtual drives or change the virtual drive parameters
Rebuild	Allows you to rebuild failed drives
Check Consistency	Allows you to check the data consistency of the virtual drives of a created RAID set

# 6.2.1 Creating a RAID set

The LSI Software RAID Configuration Utility allows you to create a RAID 0, RAID 1, or RAID 10 set using two types of configurations: Easy and New.

In Easy Configuration, the virtual drive parameters are set automatically.

In New Configuration, you manually set the virtual drive parameters.

#### **Using Easy Configuration**

To create a RAID set using the Easy Configuration option:

1. From the Management Menu, select Configure > Easy Configuration, and then press <Enter>.



 The ARRAY SELECTION MENU displays the available drives connected to the SATA ports. Use the up/down arrow keys to select the drives you want to include in the RAID set, and then press <Space>. When selected, the drive indicator changes from READY to ONLIN A[X]-[Y], where X is the array number, and Y is the drive number.

	ARID Configuration Utility Ver C.05 Sep 1 BIOS Version A.10.092315238 asy Configuration - ARRAY SELECTION MENU	7,2010	
Port # 2 DISK 74.74GB HDS728080PLA380 05.01C05			
SPACE-Sel,ENTER-End	Array,F10-Configure,F2-Drive Info,F3-Virtual	Drives,F4-HSP	



- The information of the selected hard disk drive displays at the bottom of the screen.
- You need at least two identical hard disk drives when creating a RAID 1 set.
- You need at least four identical hard disk drives when creating a RAID 10 set.
- Select all the drives required for the RAID set, and then press <F10> to configure array setting.
- 4. Press <Space> to select the configurable array.

I O R	LSI So Managem Managem nitializ bjects ebuild heck Con	Easy Configu	ersion A.10		MENU	
Cu	irsor Keys,	SPACE-(De)Select	F2-Chidinfo	F3-SlotInfo	F10-Configure	Esc-Quit

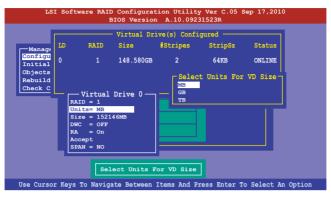
5. Press <F10> again, the virtual drive information appears including a **Virtual Drive** menu that allows you to change the virtual drive parameters.

		- Virtual Dr:	ive(s) Confi	.gured ———	
Manage LD	RAID	Size	#Stripes	StripSz	Status
nfigu 0 itial		148.580GB	2	64KB	ONLINE
jects					
build					
eck C		Drive 0			
	RAID = 1				
	Units= MB				
	Size = 1521 DWC = OFF	L46MB			
	DWC = OFF RA = On				
	Accept				
	SPAN = NO				

- 6. Select **RAID** from the **Virtual Drive** sub-menu, and then press <Enter>.
- 7. Select the RAID level from the menu, and then press <Enter>.

			- Virtual Dr	ive(s) Confi	.gured ———	
-Manage	LD	RAID	Size	#Stripes	StripSz	Status
onfigu nitial	0		148.580GB	2	64KB	ONLINE
bjects						
ebuild						
heck C		. Wintun 1	Drive 0 —		orro1	
	RA	ID = 1	Drive 0	RAID 0		
	Un	ID = 1 its= MB			Jever —	
	Un Si	ID = 1 its= MB ze = 1521		RAID 0		
	Un Si DW	ID = 1 hits= MB ze = 1521 MC = OFF		RAID 0		T
	Un Si DW RA	ID = 1 its= MB ze = 1521		RAID 0		
	Un Si DW RA Ac	$ \begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$		RAID 0		

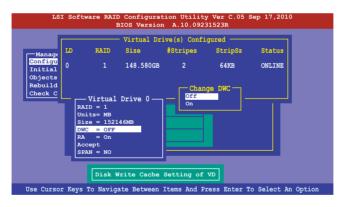
- 8. Select Units from the Virtual Drive sub-menu, and then press <Enter>.
- 9. Select the units for virtual drive size from the menu, and then press <Enter>.



 When creating a RAID 1 or a RAID 10 set, select DWC from the Virtual Drive menu, and then press <Enter>.

When creating a RAID 0 set, proceed to step 12.

11. Select On to enable the Disk Write Cache setting, and then press < Enter>.





Enabling DWC can improve the performance, but with the risk of data loss.

12. When finished setting the selected virtual drive configuration, select Accept from the menu, and then press <Enter>.

LS	I Soft		Configurat		y Ver C.05 S 31523R	ep 17,2010	
			Virtual Dri	ive(s) Confi	.gured ———		
Manage	LD	RAID	Size	#Stripes	StripSz	Status	
Configu Initial Objects Rebuild	0		148.580GB	2	64KB	ONLINE	
Check C	Un Si DW RA AC SP	Virtual ID = 1 its= MB ze = 1521. C = OFF = On cept AN = NO	46MB	puration And	d Go To Next		
Cursor Key	VS. SPA	CE-(De) S	Select F2-Ch	IdInfo F3-S	lotInfo F10-	Configure Esc	-011 t

- 13. Follow step 2 to 12 to configure additional virtual drives.
- 14. Press <Esc> to finish RAID configuration. When prompted to save configuration, select Yes from the menu, and then press <Enter>.

-Manag Config Initia Object Rebui:	ure lize s	Menu - N	Configurati Easy Configura New Configura View/Add Conf Clear Configu Select Boot D - Virtual Dr	ation tion iguration ration	Yes No	Configuration? —
Check	LD	RAID	Size	#Stripes	StripSz	Status
	0	1	148.580GB	2	64KB	ONLINE
					_	

### **Using New Configuration**



When a RAID set already exists, using the New Configuration command erases the existing RAID configuration data. If you do not want to delete the existing RAID set, use the View/ Add Configuration command to view or create another RAID configuration.

To create a RAID set using the New Configuration option

1. From the Management Menu, select Configure > New Configuration, and then press <Enter>.

LSI Software RAID Configuration Utility Ver C.05 Sep 17,2010 BIOS Version A.10.09231523B
BIOS Version A.10.09231523R
Configuration Menu Easy Configuration New Configuration New Configuration Objects Rebuild Check Consistency Clear Existing Configuration And Start A New Configuration
Use Cursor Keys To Navigate Between Items And Press Enter To Select An Option

- 2. Follow step 2 to 9 of the previous section: Using Easy Configuration.
- 3. Select Size from the Virtual Drive menu, and then press < Enter>.
- 4. Key-in the desired virtual drive size, and then press < Enter>.

			Virtual Dr.	ive(s) Confi	gured ——	
-Manage	LD	RAID	Size	#Stripes	StripSz	Status
Configu Initial Objects	0		148.580GB	2	64KB	ONLINE
Rebuild Check C		r VD Size:	152146			
1	Si DW R#	its= MB ze = 1521 C = OFF = On ccept VAN = NO	4 6MB			
			Enter VD	Size:		

5. Follow step 10 to 14 of the previous section: Using Easy Configuration to create the RAID set.

### 6.2.2 Adding or viewing a RAID configuration

You can add a new RAID configuration or view an existing configuration using the View/Add Configuration command.

### Adding a new RAID configuration

To add a new RAID configuration:

1. From the Management Menu, select Configure > View/Add Configuration, and then press <Enter>.

LSI Softw	are RAID Configuration Utility Ver C.05 Sep 17,2010 BIOS Version A.10.09231523R
	BIOS VERSION A.IU.09251525R
Management Me Configure Initialize Objects Rebuild Check Consisten	View/Add Configuration Clear Configuration Select Boot Drive
Use Cursor Keys 1	To Navigate Between Items And Press Enter To Select An Option

 The ARRAY SELECTION MENU displays the available drives connected to the SATA ports. Select the drive(s) you want to include in the RAID set, then press <Space>. When selected, the drive indicator changes from READY to ONLIN A[X]-[Y], where X is the array number, and Y is the drive number.

LSI S Manager Configur Initiali Objects Rebuild Check Co	oftware RAID Configuration Utility Ver C.05 Sep 17,2010 BIOS Version A.10.09231523R View/Add Configuration - ARRAY SELECTION MENU 0 ONLIN A00-00 1 ONLIN A00-01 2 READY	
	3 READY Port # 2 DISK 77247MB HDS72808PLA380 PF20A60A	
SPACE-Sel,EN	ER-EndArray,F10-Configure,F2-Drive Info,F3-Virtual Drives,F4-HSP	



The information of the selected hard disk drive displays at the bottom of the screen.

 Follow step 3 to 12 of section 6.2.1 Creating a RAID set: Using Easy Configuration to add a new RAID set.

## 6.2.3 Initializing the virtual drives

After creating the RAID set(s), you must initialize the virtual drives. You may initialize the virtual drives of a RAID set(s) using the Initialize or Objects command on the Management Menu.

### Using the Initialize command

To initialize the virtual drive using the Initialize command

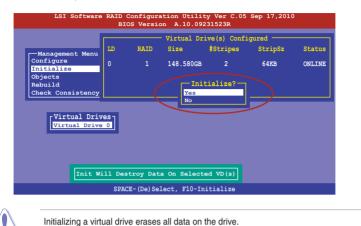
1. From the Management Menu, select Initialize, and then press <Enter>.

Configure Initialize Objects Rebuild Check Consistency	LSI Software RAID Configuration Utility Ver C.05 Sep 17,2010 BIOS Version A.10.09231523R
	Configure Fritilize Objects
Initialize VD(s) Use Cursor Keys to Navigate Between Items And Press Enter To Select An Option	

2. The screen displays the available RAID set(s) and prompts you to select the virtual drive to initialize. Use the arrow keys to select the virtual drive from the Virtual Drive selection, and then press <Space>.

LSI Software			ation Utilit on A.10.092		Sep 17,2010	
			- Virtual Dr	ive(s) Confi	.gured ———	
	LD	RAID	Size	#Stripes	StripSz	Status
Configure	0		148.580GB	2	64KB	ONLINE
Objects Rebuild						
Check Consistency						
Virtual Drive		Select	t VD			
	SPA	CE- (De) Se	lect, F10-In	itialize		

 Press <F10> to start initialization. When prompted, select Yes from the Initialize? dialog box, and then press <Enter>.



4. A progress bar appears on screen. If desired, press <Esc> to abort initialization. When initialization is completed, press <Esc>.

LSI Software	e RAID Configuration Utility Ver C.05 Sep 17,2010 BIOS Version A.10.09231523R
Management Menu Configure Initialize Objects	Virtual Drive(s) Configured LD RAID Size #Stripes StripSz Status Init of VD Is In Process ONLINE VD 0 Initialization Complete. Press Esc.
Rebuild Check Consisten	100% Completed
Virtual Driv	
	SPACE-(De)Select, F10-Initialize

### Using the Objects command

To initialize the virtual drives using the Objects command

1. From the Management Menu, select Objects > Virtual Drive, and then press < Enter>.

LSI Software RAID Configuration Utility Ver C.05 Sep 17,2010
BIOS Version A.10.09231523R
Managman Matagter Mapter Mather Mather Mapter Mapter Mapter Mapter Mapter Mapter Mapter Mapter Mapter Mapter Mapter Mapter Mapter Mapter Mather Ma
Use Cursor Keys To Navigate Between Items And Press Enter To Select An Option

2. Select the virtual drive to initialize from the Virtual Drives sub-menu, and then press <Enter>.

LSI Software RAID Configuration Utility Ver C.05 Sep 17,2010 BIOS Version A.10.09231523R
Management Configure Initialize Dejects Rebuild Check Consistency
Press ENTER To Select A VD, <del> To Delete A VD</del>

3. Select Initialize from the pop-up menu, and then press <Enter> to start initialization.

LSI Software RAID Configuration Utility Ver C.05 Sep 17,2010 BIOS Version A.10.09231523R
Management Configure Initialize Depicts Rebuild Check Consistency Initialize Check Consistency Initialize Check Consistency Virtual Drive (0) Virtual Drive (0)
Use Cursor Kevs To Navigate Between Items And Press Enter To Select An Option

4. When prompted, press the <Space> to select Yes from the Initialize? dialog box, and then press <Enter>.

LSI Software RAID Configuration Utility Ver C.05 Sep 17,2010		
BIOS Version A.10.09231523R		
Management Configure Tojecis Nature Nature Nature Nature Nature Rabuid Check Consistency Virtual Drive (0) Nitialize Check Consistency View/Update Parame No		
Use Cursor Keys To Navigate Between Items And Press Enter To Select An Option		

5. A progress bar appears on screen. If desired, press <Esc> to abort initialization. When initialization is completed, press <Esc>.

## 6.2.4 Rebuilding failed drives

You can manually rebuild failed hard disk drives using the Rebuild command in the Management Menu.

To rebuild a failed hard disk drive

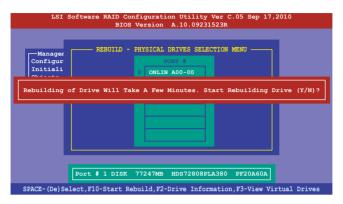
1. From the Management Menu, select Rebuild, and then press < Enter>.

LSI Software RAID Configuration Utility Ver C.05 Sep 17,2010 BIOS Version A.10.09231523R
Management Nenu Configure Initialize
Objects Rebuild Check Consistency
Rebuild VD (s)
Use Cursor Keys to Navigate Between Items And Press Enter To Select An Option

2. The PHYSICAL DRIVES SELECTION MENU displays the available drives connected to the SATA ports. Select the drive you want to rebuild, and then press <Space>.

LSI Software RAID Configuration Utility Ver C.05 Sep 17,2010 BIOS Version A.10.09231523R				
Manager Configur Initiali Objects Bebuild Check Co				
	Port # 1 DISK 77247MB HDS72808PLA380 PF20A60A			
SPACE- (De) Se	lect,F10-Start Rebuild,F2-Drive Information,F3-View Virtual Drives			

 After selecting the drive to rebuild, press <F10>. When prompted, press <Y> to rebuild the drive.



4. When rebuild is complete, press any key to continue.

### 6.2.5 Checking the drives for data consistency

You can check and verify the accuracy of data redundancy in the selected virtual drive. The utility can automatically detect and/or detect and correct any differences in data redundancy depending on the selected option in the Objects > Adapter menu.



The Check Consistency command is available only for virtual drives included in a RAID 1 or RAID 10 set.

### Using the Check Consistency Command

To check data consistency using the Check Consistency command

1. From the Management Menu, select Check Consistency, and then press <Enter>.

LSI Software RAID Configuration Utility Ver C.05 Sep 17,2010 BIOS Version A.10.09231523R
Management Menu Configure Initialize Objects Rebuild <u>Check Consistency</u>
CC of VD(s)

 The screen displays the available RAID set(s) and prompts you to select the virtual drive to check. Press <Space> to select the virtual drive from the Virtual Drive submenu, and then press <F10>.

LSI Software			tion Utilit n A.10.092		Sep 17,2010	1
			Virtual Dr	ive(s) Confi	gured ———	
	LD	RAID	Size	#Stripes	StripSz	Status
Configure Initialize	0		148.580GB	2	64KB	ONLINE
Objects Rebuild						
Check Consistency						
Check Consistency Virtual Drive 0 Select VD						
SPACE-(De)Select, F10-Initialize						

3. When prompted, use the arrow keys to select Yes from the Consistency Check? dialog box, and then press <Enter>.

LSI Software RAID Configuration Utility Ver C.05 Sep 17,2010 BIOS Version A.10.09231523R						
Management Menu Configure Initialize Objects Rabuild <u>Check Consistency</u> <u>Virtual Drive</u>		OS Versio RAID 10	on A.10.09 - Virtual Dr Size 154494MB	231523R tive(s) Confi #Stripes 2		Status
SPACE-(De)Select, F10-Initialize						

A progress bar appears on screen.

LSI Software RAID Configuration Utility Ver C.05 Sep 17,2010 BIOS Version A.10.09231523R				
Management Menu Configure Initialize Objects Rebuild <u>Check Consistency</u>	Virtual Drive(s) Configured LD RAID Size #Stripes StripSz CC Under Process VD 0 Consistency Check. Press Esc to Abort.  85% Completed	Status ONLINE		
Check Consistency       185% Completed         Virtual Drive 0         The Data On The Drives Is Inconsistency. Repair Done!				
SPACE-(De)Select, F10-Initialize				

- 4. While checking the disk consistency, press <Esc> to display the following options.
  - Stop Stops the consistency check. The utility stores the percentage of disk checked, and when you restart checking, it continues from the last percentage completed rather than from zero percent.
  - Continue Continues the consistency check.
  - Abort Aborts the consistency check. When you restart checking, it continues from zero percent.
- 5. When checking is complete, press any key to continue.

### Using the Objects command

To check data consistency using the Objects command:

- 1. From the Management Menu, select Objects, and then select Virtual Drive from the sub-menu.
- 2. Use the arrow keys to select the virtual drive you want to check, and then press <Enter>.
- 3. Select Check Consistency from the pop-up menu, and then press <Enter>.
- 4. When prompted, use the arrow keys to select Yes from the dialog box to check the drive.
- 5. When checking is complete, press any key to continue.

## 6.2.6 Deleting a RAID configuration

To delete a RAID configuration

1. From the Management Menu, select Configure > Clear Configuration, then press <Enter>.

LSI Software RAID Configuration Utility Ver C.05 Sep 17,2010		
	BIOS Version A.10.09231523R	
Management Me Configure Initialize Objects Rebuild Check Consisten	Configuration Menu Easy Configuration New Configuration Clear Configuration Select Boot Drive cy Clear Existing Configuration	
Use Cursor Keys 1	o Navigate Between Items And Press Enter To Select An Option	

2. When prompted, use the arrow keys to select **Yes** from the Clear Configuration? dialog box, and then press <Enter>.

LSI Software RAID Configuration Utility Ver C.05 Sep 17,2010		
	BIOS Version A.10.09231523R	
Management Me Configure Initialize Objects Rabuild Check Consisten	Configuration Menu Easy Configuration New Configuration Clear Configuration? Select Yes No cy Clear Existing Configuration	
Use Cursor Keys T	o Navigate Between Items And Press Enter To Select An Option	

The utility clears all the current array(s).

3. Press any key to continue.

## 6.2.7 Selecting the boot drive from a RAID set

You must have created a new RAID configuration before you can select the boot drive from a RAID set. Refer to the **Creating a RAID set: Using New Configuration** section for details.

To select the boot drive from a RAID set:

1. From the Management Menu, select Configure > Select Boot Drive, and then press <Enter>.

LSI Software RAID Configuration Utility Ver C.05 Sep 17,2010		
	BIOS Version A.10.09231523R	
Management M Configure Initialize Objects Rebuild Check Consist	View/Add Configuration Clear Configuration Select Boot Drive	
Use Cursor Keys	To Navigate Between Items And Press Enter To Select An Option	

 When prompted, use the arrow keys to select the bootable virtual drive from the list, then press <Enter>.

LSI Software RAID Configuration Utility Ver C.05 Sep 17,2010 BIOS Version A.10.09231523R		
	- Configur. Bootable VDs(1): Current Boot VD(0) Easy Configuration New Configuration View/Add Configuration Clear Configuration Select Boot Drive	
Use Cursor Keys To	Navigate Between Items And Press Enter To Select An Option	

3. The virtual drive is selected as boot drive. Press any key to continue.

## 6.2.8 Enabling WriteCache

You may manually enable the RAID controller's WriteCache option after creating a RAID set to improve the data transmission performance.



When you enable WriteCache, you may lose data when a power interruption occurs while transmitting or exchanging data among the drives.



The WriteCache function is recommended for RAID 1 and RAID 10 sets.

To enable WriteCache:

- From the Management Menu, select Objects > Adapter, select an existing adapter, and then press <Enter> to display the adapter properties.
- 2. Select Disk WC, and then press <Enter> to turn on the option.



- From the Management Menu, select Objects > Virtual Drive, select an existing adapter and press <Enter>. Select View/Update Parameters and press <Enter> to display the adapter properties.
- 4. Select **Disk WC**, and then press <Enter> to turn on the option.

LSI Software RAID Configuration Utility Ver C.05 Sep 17,2010 BIOS Version A.10.09231523R		
Management Configure Initialize Objects Rabuild Check Consistency		
Use Cursor Keys To Navigate B	Between Items And Press Enter To Select An Option	

5. When finished, press any key to continue.

# 6.3 Intel<sup>®</sup> Rapid Storage Technology enterprise SCU/ SATA Option ROM Utility

The Intel<sup>®</sup> Rapid Storage Technology enterprise SCU / SATA Option ROM utility allows you to create RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 10 (RAID 1+0), and RAID 5 set(s) from Serial ATA hard disk drives that are connected to the Serial ATA connectors supported by the Southbridge.

You can create RAID mode by use of onboard AHCI SATA ports. Also, when installed optional ASRK module, you can use onboard scu SAS ports to create RAID mode.

To use onboard SATA ports:

- 1. Install all the Serial ATA hard disk drives.
- Turning on the system. During POST, press <Delete> to enter BIOS. Go to Advanced Menu > PCH SATA Configuration > SATA Mode, then press <Enter>.
- 3. Set SATA Mode to RAID Mode and save, then reboot system.
- 4. During POST, press <Ctrl+l> to display the utility main menu.

To use SCU SATA ports:

- 1. Install all the SATA hard disk drives.
- Turning on the system. During POST, press <Del> to enter BIOS. Go to Advanced Menu > PCH SCU SAS Configuration, then press <Enter>.
- Confirm all the SAS hard disk drives you installed are correctly displayed, then reboot system.
- 4. During POST, press <Ctrl+l> to display the utility main menu.

To enter the Intel® Rapid Storage Technology enterprise SATA/SCU option ROM utility:

- 1. Install all the Serial ATA/SAS hard disk drives.
- 2. Turn on the system.
- 3. During POST, press <Ctrl>+<l> to display the utility main menu.

Copyright(C) 20	03-11 Intel Corporat	
1. Create RAID Volu 2. Delete RAID Volu	me 4. Exit	t Disks to Non-RAID
RAID Volumes: None defined. Physical Disks: ID Drive Model 0 \$T330065658 1 \$T330065685 2 \$T330065685 3 \$T330065685		Size Type/Status(Vol ID) 279.3GB Non-RAID Disk 279.3GB Non-RAID Disk
[↑↓]-Select	[ESC]-Exit	[ENTER]-Select Menu

The navigation keys at the bottom of the screen allow you to move through the menus and select the menu options.

- If you want to use SAS HDD for RAID create, be sure you've already correctly installed the optional ASRK module on the motherboard.
- The RAID BIOS setup screThe RAID BIOS setup screens shown in this section are for reference only and may not exactly match the items on your screen.



The utility supports maximum four hard disk drives for RAID configuration.

### 6.3.1 Creating a RAID set

To create a RAID set:

- 1. From the utility main menu, select 1. Create RAID Volume and press <Enter>.
- 2. Key in a name for the RAID set and press <Enter>.



- Press the up/down arrow keys to select a RAID Level that you wish to create then press <Enter>.
- From the Disks item field, press <Enter> to select the hard disk drives that you want to include in the RAID set.

		[ SELECT DISK	s ]	
Port	Drive Model	Serial #	Size	Status
0	ST3300656SS	HWAS0000991753TR	279.3GB	Non-RAID Disk
1	ST3300656SS	37vn00009846raj1	279.3GB	Non-RAID Disk
2	ST3300656SS	397600009846UEDY	279.3GB	Non-RAID Disk
3	ST3300656SS	GWC50000991756G6	279.3GB	Non-RAID Disk
	Select 2 to	6 disks to use in c	reating the '	volume.
= <b>ι</b> ↑	↓]-Prev/Next [	TAB]-(M)aster [SPACI	E]-(R)ecover	y [ENTER]-Done ===

 Use the up/down arrow keys to move the selection bar then press <Space> to select a disk. A small triangle before the Port number marks the selected drive. Press <Enter> when you are done.  Use the up/down arrow keys to select the stripe size for the RAID array (for RAID 0, 10 and 5 only) then press <Enter>. The available stripe size values range from 4 KB to 128 KB. The following are typical values: RAID 0: 128KB RAID 10: 64KB RAID 5: 64KB



We recommend a lower stripe size for server systems, and a higher stripe size for multimedia computer systems used mainly for audio and video editing.

- 7. In the Capacity field item, key in the RAID volume capacity that you want to use and press <Enter>. The default value field indicates the maximum allowed capacity.
- 8. Press <Enter> to start creating the RAID volume.
- 9. From the following warning message, press <Y> to create the RAID volume and return to the main menu, or press <N> to go back to the CREATE VOLUME menu.



### 6.3.2 Creating a Recovery set

To create a recovery set:

1. From the utility main menu, select **1. Create RAID Volume** and press <Enter>. The following screen appears.

Intel(R) Rapid Storage Technology enterprise - SCU Option ROM - 3.0.0.1104 Copyright(C) 2003-11 Intel Corporation. All Rights Reserved.
[ CREATE VOLUME MENU ] Name: Volume0 RAID Level: RAID0(Stripe) Disks: Select Disks Strip Size: 128KB Capacity: 0.0 GB Sync: N/A Create Volume
[ HELP ]
$[\uparrow\downarrow]$ Change [TAB]-Next [ESC]-Previous Menu [ENTER]-Select

- 2. Enter a name for the recovery set and press <Enter>.
- When the RAID Level item is selected, press the up/down arrow keys to select Recovery, and then press <Enter>.
- 4. When the **Disks** item is selected, press <Enter> to select the hard disk drives you want to include in the recovery set. The **SELECT DISKS** screen appears.

		[ SELECT	DISKS ]	
Port	Drive Model	Serial #	Size	Status
0	ST3300656SS	HWAS0000991753TR	279.3GB	Non-RAID Disk
1	ST3300656SS	37VN00009846RAJ1	279.3GB	Non-RAID Disk
2	ST3300656SS	397600009846UEDY	279.3GB	Non-RAID Disk
3	ST3300656SS	GWC50000991756G6	279.3GB	Non-RAID Disk
	Select 1 1	Master and 1 Recov	ery disk f	to create volume.
	[↑↓]-Prev/Nex	t [TAB]-(M)aster	[SPACE] - (R	R)ecovery [ENTER]-Done

- Use the up/down arrow keys to select a drive, press <TAB> to select a Master disk, and then press <SPACE> to select a Recovery disk. A small triangle marks the selected drive. Press <Enter> after completing your selection.
- When the Sync item is selected, use the up/down arrow keys to select a sync option that you want and press <Enter>.
- When the Create Volume item is selected, press <Enter>. The following warning message appears.



 Press <Y> to create the recovery set and return to the main menu, or <N> to go back to the CREATE VOLUME menu.



If a recovery set is created, you cannot add more RAID sets even when you have more non-RAID disks installed in your system.

### 6.3.3 Deleting a RAID set



Take caution when deleting a RAID set. You will lose all data on the hard disk drives when you delete a RAID set.

#### To delete a RAID set:

- 1. From the utility main menu, select 2. Delete RAID Volume and press <Enter>.
- 2. From the Delete Volume Menu, press the up/down arrow keys to select the RAID set you want to delete then press <Del>.

		Technology ente 03-12 Intel Corp			
		[ DELETE VO	LUME MENU ] =		
Name Volume0	Level RAID0(Str	Drives ipe) 2	Capacity 298.0GB	Status Normal	Bootable Yes
<u> </u>					]
		[ HE	LP ]		
	Deleting a	volume will re	set the disks	to non-RAID	
		ING: ALL DISK DA			
	(This	does not apply	to Recovery v	/olumes)	
[↑↓]-s	elect	[ESC]-Previou	ıs Menu	[DEL]-Del	ete Volume

 Press <Y> to confirm deletion of the selected RAID set and return to the utility main menu, or press <N> to return to the DELETE VOLUME menu.



### 6.3.4 Resetting disks to Non-RAID



Take caution before you reset a RAID volume hard disk drive to non-RAID. Resetting a RAID volume hard disk drive deletes all internal RAID structure on the drive.

#### To reset a RAID set:

- 1. From the utility main menu, select 3. Reset Disks to Non-RAID and press <Enter>.
- Press the up/down arrow keys to select the drive(s) or disks of the RAID set you want to reset, then press <Space>. A small triangle before the Port number marks the selected drive. Press <Enter> when you are done.

	and revert it	[ RESET RAID DAY D disk will remove to a non-RAID disk disk causes all dr to Recovery volume	its RAID str c. ata on the di	
Port	Drive Model	Serial #	Size	Status
0	ST3300656SS	HWAS0000991753TR	279.3GB	Member Disk
1	ST3300656SS	37VN00009846RAJ1	279.3GB	Member Disk
[↑↓:		the disks that sho : [SPACE]-Selects [H		

3. Press <Y> in the confirmation window to reset the drive(s) or press <N> to return to the utility main menu.

# 6.3.5 Exiting the Intel<sup>®</sup> Rapid Storage Technology enterprise SATA Option ROM utility

To exit the utility:

- 1. From the utility main menu, select 4. Exit then press <Enter>.
- 2. Press <Y> to exit or press <N> to return to the utility main menu.



### 6.3.6 Rebuilding the RAID



This option is only for the RAID 1 set.

### Rebuilding the RAID with other non-RAID disk

If any of the SATA hard disk drives included in the RAID 1 array failed, the system displays the status of the RAID volume as "Degraded" during POST. You can rebuild the RAID array with other installed non-RAID disks.

To rebuild the RAID with other non-RAID disk:

- 1. During POST, press <Ctrl>+<l> at the prompt to enter the Intel Rapid Storage Technology option ROM utility.
- If there is a non-RAID SATA Hard Disk available, the utility will prompt you to rebuild the RAID. Press the up/down arrow keys to select the destination disk then Press <Enter> to start the rebuilding process, or press <ESC> to exit.





Select a destination disk with the same size as the original hard disk.

The utility immediately starts rebuilding after the disk is selected. When done, the status of the degraded RAID volume is changed to "Rebuild".

	Technology enterprise - Si 3-12 Intel Corporation.	ATA Option ROM - 3.6.0.1023 All Rights Reserved.
1. Create RAID 2. Delete RAID		t Disks to Non-RAID
	= [ DISK/VOLUME INFORMATIC	[אס
RAID Volumes: ID Name Level1 1 Volume0 RAID1()		*=Data is Encrypted Fize Status Bootable OGB <mark>Rebuild</mark> Yes
Physical Devices: Port Drive Model S. 1 ST3160812AS 9: 2 ST3160812AS 3:	LSOF4HL 149.0GB	Member Disk(0)
Volumes with "Rebuild"	status will be rebuilt wi	thin the operating system.
[ <b>†</b> ↓]-Select	[ESC]-Exit	[ENTER]-Select Menu

- 4. Press < Esc> to exit Intel Rapid Storage Technology and reboot the system.
- Select Start > Programs > Intel Rapid Storage > Intel Rapid Storage Console or click the Intel Rapid Storage Technology tray icon to load the Intel Rapid Storage Manager utility.
- 6. From the **View** menu, select **Advanced Mode** to display the details of the Intel Rapid Storage Console.
- 7. From the Volumes view option, select RAID volume to view the rebuilding status. When finished, the status is changed to "Normal".

### Rebuilding the RAID with a new hard disk

If any of the SATA hard disk drives included in the RAID array failed, the system displays the status of the RAID volume as "Degraded" during POST. You may replace the disk drive and rebuild the RAID array.

To rebuild the RAID with a new hard disk:

1. Remove the failed SATA hard disk and install a new SATA hard disk of the same specification into the same SATA Port.

5	
1.	3/

Select a destination disk with the same size as the original hard disk.

 Reboot the system then follow the steps in section Rebuilding the RAID with other non-RAID disk.

# 6.3.7 Setting the Boot array in the BIOS Setup Utility

You can set the boot priority sequence in the BIOS for your RAID arrays when creating multi-RAID using the Intel<sup>®</sup> Rapid Storage Technology enterprise SATA Option ROM utility. To set the boot array in the BIOS:



Set at least one of the arrays bootable to boot from the hard disk.

- 1. Reboot the system and press <Del> to enter the BIOS setup utility during POST.
- 2. Go to the Boot menu and select the boot option priority.
- 3. Use up/down arrow keys to select the boot priority and press <Enter>. See the Boot menu section of Chapter 4 for more details.
- 4. From the Exit menu, select Save Changes & Exit, then press <Enter>.
- 5. When the confirmation window appears, select Yes, then press <Enter>.

# 6.4 Intel<sup>®</sup> Rapid Storage Technology enterprise (Windows)

The Intel<sup>®</sup> Rapid1 Storage Technology enterprise allows you to create RAID 0, RAID 1, RAID 10 (RAID 1+0), and RAID 5 set(s) from Serial ATA hard disk drives that are connected to the Serial ATA connectors supported by the Southbridge.



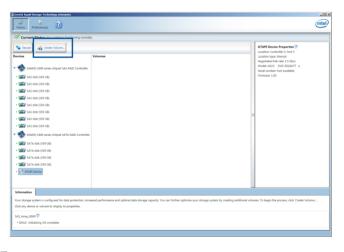
You need to manually install the Intel<sup>®</sup> Rapid Storage Technology enterprise utility on a Windows<sup>®</sup> operating system. Please refer to the installation instructions in Chapter 6.

To enter the Intel<sup>®</sup> Rapid Storage Technology enterprise utility under Windows operating system:

1. Turn on the system to windows desktop.

2. Click the Intel<sup>®</sup> Rapid Storage Technology enterprise icon to display the main menu.

Your storage system is configured for data protection, increased performance and optimal data storage capacity. You can create additional volumes to further optimize your storage system.



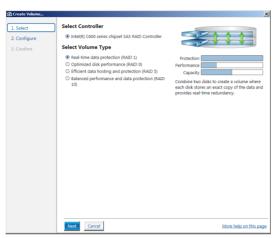


You can click Rescan to re-scan any attached hard disks.

## 6.4.1 Creating a RAID set

To create a RAID set:

- 1. From the utility main menu, select Create Volume and select volume type.
- 2. Click Next.



- 3. Enter a name for the RAID set, then select the array disks.
- 4. Select Volume Size tab, you can drag the bar to decide the volume size.
- 5. Click Next.

L. Select	Configure Volume	Proposed Configuration
2. Configure	Name: Volume_0000	New Array
3. Confirm	Select the array disks (minimum selection required):	Volume_0000
	SAS disk on Controller 1, Phy 0 (279 GB)	<b>1</b>
	SAS disk on Controller 1, Phy 2 (279 GB)	
	SAS disk on Controller 1, Phy 4 (279 GB)	
	SAS disk on Controller 1, Phy 6 (279 GB)	
	Volume Size Advanced	
	Volume Size 4,468 MB	
	Array allocation:	
	L	
	Tack Next Carrel	More help on this p



- If you do not want to keep the data on one of the selected disks, select NO when prompted.
- If you want to Enable volume write-back cache or Initialize volume, click Advanced.

6. Confirm the volume creation, than click Create Volume to continue.

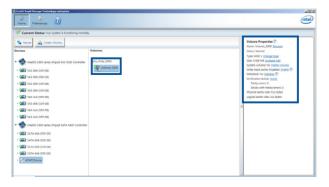
<u></u>	continue using other applications durin	
Recenter V	Confirm Volume Creation Review the selected configuration.	
	Back Create Volume Cancel	More help on this page

7. Wait until the process is completed, then click OK when prompted.



You still need to partition your new volume using Windows Disk Management before adding any data.

The RAID set is displayed in the Volumes list and you can change the settings in Volume Properties.



## 6.4.2 Changing a Volume Type

To change the volume type in Volume Properties:

- 1. Click the SATA array items you want to change in Volumes field.
- 2 From the Volume Properties field, select Type:RAID 1 Change type.

logy enterprise				_ 5 ×
				intel
r system is functioning norma	illy.			
Volume_	Volumes	-	Volume Properties Name: Volume_0000 <u>Rename</u> Status: Normal	
chipset SAS RAID Controller	SAS_Array_0000		Type RAUD 1 Change type State 4 Addo Mel (Cristal Line) State 4 Addo Mel (Cristal Line) Write-back cache Disabled Enable (*) Uverification details verify Parity errors: 0 Blocks with media errors: 0 Physical sector size: 512 Bytes Logical sector size: 512 Bytes	

- 3. You can change the Name, Select the new volume type, and Select additional disks to include in the new volume if needed.
- Select the Data stripe size for the RAID array (for RAID 0, 10 and 5 only), and click OK. The available stripe size values range from 4 KB to 128 KB. The following are typical values: RAID 0: 128KB BAID 10: 64KB

IJ	Change Volume Type
	Name: Volume_0000
	Select the new volume type:  Optimized disk performance (RAID 0)  Efficient data hosting and protection (RAID 5)  The new volume will automatically include the disks that are part of the existing volume.
	Select additional disks to include in the new volume: 🖤
	SAS disk on Controller 1, Phy 4 SAS disk on Controller 1, Phy 6
	Data stripe size: 64 KB 💌 💯
	WARNING: Completing this action will immediately start the volume migration process. Any da on the disks to be added to the volume will be permanently lost and should be backed up before continuing. Volume data will be preseved. Performing a driver upgrade or downgrade while a volume migration is in progress may make the volume inaccessible due to driver incompatibility.
	More help OK Cancel

We recommend a lower stripe size for server systems, and a higher stripe size for multimedia computer systems used mainly for audio and video editing.

RAID 5: 64KB

### 6.4.3 Deleting a volume



Be cautious when deleting a volume. You will lose all data on the hard disk drives.Before you proceed, ensure that you back up all your important data from your hard drives.

To delete a volume:

1. From the utility main menu, select the volume (exp. Volume\_0000) in Volumes field you want to delete.

kogy enterprise	-			(intel)
r system is functioning norma s Volume	Volumes SA5_Array_0000	E	Volume Properties (*) Name: Volume, 0000 Rename Status Normal Type: RAID 1 Change type Size: 4.468 Mb Increase size System volume: No Delete Volume Write-back cache: Osable Grable (*) Initialized: No Initialize (*) Verification details Verify Parly errors: 0 Biolock with media errors: 0 Biolock with with with with with with with with	

2. Select Delete volume in Volume Properties field. The following screen appears.



 Click Yes to delete the volume and return to the utility main menu, or click No to return to the main menu.

## 6.4.4 Preferences

### System Preferences

Allow you to set to show the notification area icon and show system information, warning, or errors here.

Tintek® Rapid State Home	d Storage Techno S Preferences	logy enterprise	intel)
E-mail		System Preferences Subset the totalization area icon Subset the following notifications: Subset the following notifications: Subset the information Subset the	
			More help on this page

### E-Mail Preferences

Allow you to set to sent e-mail of the following events:

- Storage system information
- Storage system warnings
- Storage system errors

Intel® Rapid Storage Technology	y enterprise	_ @ ×
Home Preferences		(intel)
System E-mail	E-mail Preferences  Stotly ne by e mail of the following events:  Storage system information Storage system entrons  Compared comparation  Storage system entrons  Formal configuration  Storage system entrons  Perif  Perif  Recipient e mail address 1:  Recipient e mail address 2:  Recipient e mail address 3:  Recipient e mail address 4:  Recipient e mail address	More, beig on, this page



# **Driver installation**

This chapter provides instructions for installing the necessary drivers for different system components.

7

# 7.1 RAID driver installation

After creating the RAID sets for your server system, you are now ready to install an operating system to the independent hard disk drive or bootable array. This part provides the instructions on how to install the RAID controller drivers during OS installation.

## 7.1.1 Creating a RAID driver disk



The system does not include a floppy drive. You have to use a USB floppy drive when creating a SATA RAID driver disk.



If you have created RAID sets with the LSI Software RAID configuration utility, the boot priority of the SATA optical disk drive has to be manually adjusted. Otherwise, the system will not boot from the connected SATA ODD.

To create a RAID driver disk in Windows® environment

- 1. Start Windows®.
- 2. Place the motherboard support DVD into the optical drive.
- 3. Go to the **Make disk** menu, and then select the type of RAID driver disk you want to create.
- 4. Insert a floppy disk into the USB floppy disk drive.
- 5. Follow succeeding screen instructions to complete the process.



Write-protect the floppy disk to avoid computer virus infection.

To create a RAID driver disk in Red Hat® Enterprise Linux server environment

- 1. Insert a blank formatted high-density floppy disk to the USB floppy disk drive.
- Type dd if=XXX.img of=/dev/fd0 to decompress the file into the floppy disk from the following path in the support DVD:

For LSI MegaRAID Driver

### \Drivers\C610 LSI RAID\Driver\makedisk\Linux

3. Eject the floppy disk.

### 7.1.2 Installing the RAID controller driver

### During Windows® Server 2008 R2 OS installation

To install the RAID controller driver when installing Windows® Server 2008 R2 OS

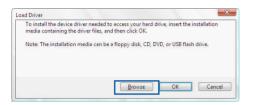
- 1. Boot the computer using the Windows<sup>®</sup> Server 2008 R2 OS installation disc. Follow the screen instructions to start installing Windows Server 2008 R2.
- 2. When prompted to choose a type of installation, click Custom (advanced).

	Upgrade Upgrade to a newer version of Windows and keep your files, settings, and programs. The option to upgrade is only available when an existing version of Windows is running. We recommend backing up your files before you proceed.
V	Cuttom (Relivanced) Install a new copy of Windows. This option does not keep your files, settings, and programs. The option tamks changes to disk and partitions is available when you start your computer using the installation disc. We recommend backing up your files before your process.
	programs. The option to make changes to disks and partitions is available when you start your computer using the installation disc. We recommend backing up your files

3. Click Load Driver.

	Name	Total Size	Free Space	Туре
a la	Disk 0 Partition 1	153.4 GB	144.1 GB	System
×				
9 <u>R</u> ef	resh d Driver		Drive option	s ( <u>a</u> dvanced)

4. A message appears, reminding you to insert the installation media containing the driver of the RAID controller driver. If you have only one optical drive installed in your system, eject the Windows OS installation disc and replace with the motherboard Support DVD into the optical drive. Click **Browse** to continue.



- 5. Locate the driver in the corresponding folder of the Support DVD then click **OK** to continue.
- 6. Select the RAID controller driver you need from the list and click Next.
- When the system finishes loading the RAID driver, replace the motherboard Support DVD with the Windows Server installation disc. Select the drive to install Windows and click Next.

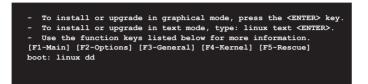
	Name	Total Size	Free Space	
P	Disk 0 Partition 1	153.4 GB	144.0 GB	System
-	Disk 1 Partition 1	592.3 GB	584.9 GB	Primary
* Bef	rech		Drive option	s (advanced)
	(631)		Drive option	(Towancen)

8. Setup then proceeds with the OS installation. Follow screen instructions to continue.

### Red Hat<sup>®</sup> Enterprise Linux OS 5.x

To load the LSI MegaRAID controller driver when installing Red Hat® Enterprise OS:

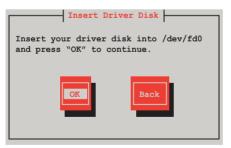
- 1. Boot the system from the Red Hat® OS installation CD.
- 2. At the boot:, type linux dd then press < Enter>.



 Select Yes using the <Tab> key when asked if you have the driver disk, then press <Enter>.

Main M	lenu
Do you have a o	driver disk?
Yes	No

 Insert the Red Hat® Enterprise RAID driver disk to the USB floppy disk drive, select OK, then press <Enter>.



The drivers for the RAID card are installed to the system.

 When asked if you will load additional RAID controller drivers, select No, then press <Enter>.



- 6. Follow the onscreen instructions to finish the OS installation.
- 7. When the installation is completed, DO NOT click **Reboot**. Press <Ctrl> + <Alt> + <F2> to switch to the command-line interface from graphic user interface.
- 8. Type the following commands when using a Legacy floppy.

```
mkdir /mnt/driver
mount /dev/fd0 /mnt/driver
cd /mnt/driver
sh replace_ahci.sh
reboot
```

## Red Hat<sup>®</sup> Enterprise Linux OS 6.x

To install the LSI MegaRAID controller driver when installing Red Hat® Enterprise OS:

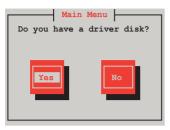
- 1. Boot the system from the Red Hat<sup>®</sup> OS installation CD.
- 2. Press <Tab> to edit options.



 While booting from DVD, press <ESC> to give the third party driver. Enter the following command at the boot: Linux dd blacklist=isci blacklist=ahci nodmraid, then press <ENTER>.



 Select Yes using the <Tab> key when asked if you have the driver disk, then press <Enter>.



5 . You have multiple devices which could serve as source for a driver disk. Choose one you like to use and select OK, then press <Enter>.

Driver Disk Source
You have multiple devices which could serve as source for a driver disk. Which would you like to use?
sdc
sdd
sdb
sr0
OK

6. Insert the Red Hat<sup>®</sup> Enterprise RAID driver disk to the USB floppy disk drive, select OK, then press <Enter>.



The drivers for the RAID card are installed to the system.

 When asked if you will load additional RAID controller drivers, select No, then press <Enter>.



8. Follow the onscreen instructions to finish the OS installation.

#### Preparing the Linux Driver

Ensure that there is another computer with a Linux-based OS to create the RAID driver. When creating the RAID driver, you may refer to the examples below which uses a 64bit SUSE Linux system to create a 64bit RAID driver for SUSE11 sp1.

1. Copy the image file into the Linux system.

Example: megasr-15.00.0120.2012-1-sles11-ga-x86\_64.img

2. Create a folder.

Example: image

3. Mount the image file into the image folder using this command format:

```
mount -oloop [image file name] image
```

Example: mount -oloop megasr-15-15.00.0120.2012-1-sles11ga-x86 64.img image



4. Copy the contents of the image directory, labeled as **01**, into a FAT32 USB drive.

		image - File Brows	er	_ = ×
<u>E</u> ile <u>E</u> dit ⊻iew <u>G</u>	o <u>B</u> ookmarks <u>T</u> abs <u>H</u> e	alp		
Back Forward	✓ ▲ Ø Stop	🔁  📷 Reload Home	Computer Search	0 <sup>0</sup> 0 0 0 0 0
E tmp i	mage 02			
Places ❤	< <u> </u>			
🖾 Desktop	01	02		
🔜 File System				
Detwork				

5. Rename the **01** folder to **CD Image**.

Ð							/er - File Bro			
<u>E</u> ile	<u>E</u> dit	⊻iew	<u>G</u> 0	<u>B</u> ookmarks	<u>T</u> abs <u>H</u>	elp				
🧔 Back	~	i Forwar	ď	<mark>∱</mark> ∪p	(X) Stop	🔁 Reload	Home	Computer	long Search	***
	<	JE	NNY_	BOOT	u× driver					
Plac			×	ſ						
🖾 De	sktop			c	d image					
🔜 Fil	-									

#### Installing SUSE 11 Linux OS

To install the LSI MegaRAID controller driver when installing SUSE Linux Enterprise Server OS:

- 1. Boot the system from the SUSE OS installation CD.
- 2. Use the arrow keys to select Installation from the Boot Options menu.

SUSE Linux Enterptise Server	-	
	Boot from Hard Disk	
	Installation	
	Repair Installed System	
	Rescue System	
	Check Installation Media	
	Firmware Test	
	Memory Test	
		Yes
Boot Optio	ns	No
		File
		URL
	/ideo Mode F4 Source F5 Kerne 300 x 600 DVD Defau	

3. Press <F6>, then select **Yes** from the menu. Press <Enter>.

SUSE. Linax Enterprise Server		
	Boot from Hard Disk	
	Installation	
	Repair Installed System	
	Rescue System	
	Check Installation Media	
	Firmware Test	
	Memory Test	
		Yes
		No
Boot Option		File
		URL
	ideo Mode F4 Source F5 Kernel F 00 x 600 DVD Default	6 Driver No

4. Use the USB drive to provide the third-party driver during the OS installation. Type the command **brokenmodules=ahci** in **Boot Options** field, and press <Enter>.

SURE Linux Enterprise Server	
	Boot from Hard Disk
	Installation
	Repair Installed System
	Rescue System
	Check Installation Media
	Firmware Test
	Memory Test
Boot Optic	ns brokenmodules=ahci
	Video Mode F4 Source F5 Kernel F6 Driver 800 x 600 DVD Default Yes

 When below screen appears, select the USB floppy disk drive (sda) as the driver update medium. Select OK, then press <Enter>.

Please choose the Driver Update medium.	
sda: USB Floppy other device	]
 Back	

6. Select **Back** and follow the onscreen instructions to finish the installation.

# 7.2 Management applications and utilities installation

The support DVD that is bundled with your motherboard contains drivers, management applications, and utilities that you can install to maximize the features of your motherboard.

- The contents of the support DVD are subject to change at any time without notice. Visit the ASUS website (www.asus.com) for the latest updates on software and utilities.
  - The support DVD is supported on Windows<sup>®</sup> Server 2008 R2 and Windows<sup>®</sup> Server 2012.

# 7.3 Running the Support DVD

When you place the support DVD into the optical drive, the DVD automatically displays the main screen if Autorun is enabled in your computer. By default, the Drivers tab is displayed.



If Autorun is NOT enabled in your computer, browse the contents of the support DVD to locate the file **ASSETUP.EXE** from the **BIN** folder. Double-click the **ASSETUP.EXE** to run the support DVD.

The main screen of the Support DVD contains the following tabs:

- 1. Drivers
- 2. Utilities
- 3. MakeDisk
- 4. Manual
- 5. Contact



The main screen of the Support DVD looks exactly the same on the Windows<sup>®</sup> Server 2008 R2 and on the Windows<sup>®</sup> Server 2012 Operating System (OS).

#### 7.3.1 Drivers menu tab

The Drivers Menu shows the available device drivers if the system detects installed devices. Install the necessary drivers to activate the devices.



#### 7.3.2 Utilities menu tab

The Utilities menu displays the software applications and utilities that the motherboard supports.



#### 7.3.3 MakeDisk menu tab

The MakeDisk menu contains items to create the Intel RAID driver disks.

Press the arrow down button in the lower part of the menu to view more items.

#### 7.3.4 Manual menu

The Manual menu provides the link to the server system motherboard and the Broadcom NetXtreme II Network Adapter user guide.



You need an internet browser installed in your OS to view the User Guide.

 Onscreen display and content vary depending on the motherboard and chipset. The screenshot is provided for reference only.



## 7.3.5 Contact information menu

The Contact menu displays the ASUS contact information, e-mail addresses, and useful links if you need more information or technical support for your motherboard.



# 7.4 Intel<sup>®</sup> chipset device software installation

This section provides the instructions on how to install the Intel<sup>®</sup> chipset device software on the system.

You need to manually install the Intel® chipset device software on a Windows operating system.

To install the Intel® chipset device software:

- 1. Restart the computer, and then log on with Administrator privileges.
- Insert the motherboard/system support DVD to the optical drive. The support DVD automatically displays the **Drivers** menu if Autorun is enabled in your computer.



If Autorun is NOT enabled in your computer, browse the contents of the support DVD to locate the file **ASSETUP.EXE** from the **BIN** folder. Double-click the **ASSETUP.EXE** to run the support DVD.

3. Click the item Intel Chipset Device Software from the menu.



4. From the Intel(R) Chipset Device Software window, click Next to start the installation.



5. From the License Agreement window, select Yes to accept the terms and continue the process.



- 6. Read the Readme File Information then press Next.
- 7. Wait for the installation of the driver to finish then click Next.



8. When prompted, Toggle Yes, I want to restart the computer now then click Finish.



# 7.5 Installing the Intel<sup>®</sup> I210 Gigabit Adapters driver

This section provides the instructions on how to install the Intel<sup>®</sup> I210 Gigabits Adapter Driver on the system.

To install the Intel® I210 Gigabit Adapters Driver on the Windows® operating system:

- 1. Restart the computer.
- 2. Log on with Administrator privileges.
- 3. Insert the motherboard/system support DVD to the optical drive.



If Autorun is NOT enabled in your computer, browse the contents of the support DVD to locate the file **ASSETUP.EXE** from the **BIN** folder. Double-click the **ASSETUP.EXE** to run the support DVD.

4. From the Drivers menu, click Intel® I350-AM4/I350-AM2/I210/X540-BT2 Gigabit Adapters Drivers to start the installation.



5. Click Install Drivers and Software option to begin installation.



6. From the Intel(R) Network Connections-InstallShield Wizard window, click Next.

tel
cel

7. Tick I accept the terms in the license agreement and click Next to continue.



8. From the Setup Options window, click Next to start the installation.



By default, **Intel(R) PROSet for Windows Device Manager** and Windows PowerShell Module are ticked.

Intel(R) Network Connections	)
Setup Options Select the program features you want installed.	(intel)
Instal: Christers Christers Christers Christers Construction Const	
Feature Description	
< Back Next >	Cancel

9. Click Install to start the installation.



10. When the installation is done, click **Finish** to complete the installation.



# 7.6 VGA driver installation

This section provides the instructions on how to install the ASPEED Video Graphics Adapter (VGA) driver.

You need to manually install the ASPEED VGA driver on a Windows<sup>®</sup> operating system. To install the ASPEED VGA driver:

- 1. Restart the computer, and then log on with Administrator privileges.
- Insert the motherboard/system support DVD to the optical drive. The support DVD automatically displays the **Drivers** menu if Autorun is enabled in your computer.



If Autorun is NOT enabled in your computer, browse the contents of the support DVD to locate the file **ASSETUP.EXE** from the **BIN** folder. Double-click the **ASSETUP.EXE** to run the support DVD.

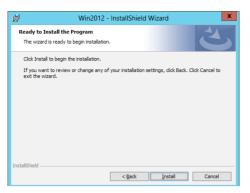
3. Click the ASPEED AST2300/AST2400/AST1400 Display Driver to begin installation.



4. From the installation window, click **Next** to start the installation.



5. Click Install to proceed with the installation.



6. Click Finish to complete the installation.



# 7.7 Intel<sup>®</sup> Rapid Storage Technology enterprise 4.1 installation

This section provides the instructions on how to install the Intel<sup>®</sup> Rapid Storage Technology enterprise 4.1 on the system.

You need to manually install the Intel<sup>®</sup> Rapid Storage Technology enterprise 4.1 utility on a Windows<sup>®</sup> operating system.

To install the Intel® Rapid Storage Technology enterprise 4.1 utility:

- 1. Restart the computer, and then log on with Administrator privileges.
- Insert the motherboard/system support DVD to the optical drive, and find the utility menu.
- 3. Click the Intel<sup>®</sup> Rapid Storage Technology enterprise 4.1 to begin installation.



4. When the Welcome to the Setup Program appears, click Next to start the installation.



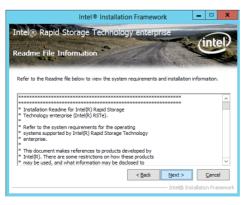
5. Read the **Warning** message and click **Next** to continue.



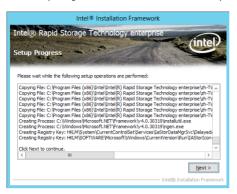
6. Read the License Agreement and click Yes to continue.



7. Read the Readme File Information and click Next to continue.



8. After completing the installation, click **Next** to complete the setup process.



9. Select **Yes**, I want to restart my computer now and click **Finish** to restart your computer before using the program.



# **ASUS** contact information

# ASUSTeK COMPUTER INC.

Address
Telephone
Fax
E-mail
Web site

15 Li-Te Road, Peitou, Taipei, Taiwan 11259 +886-2-2894-3447 +886-2-2890-7798 info@asus.com.tw http://www.asus.com

#### **Technical Support**

Telephone	+86-21-38429911
Fax	+86-21-58668722 ext: 9101
Online Support	http://support.asus.com/techserv/techserv.aspx

## ASUSTeK COMPUTER INC. (Taiwan)

Address Telephone Fax E-mail Web site 15 Li-Te Road, Peitou, Taipei, Taiwan 11259 +886-2-2894-3447 +886-2-2890-7798 info@asus.com.tw http://www.asus.com.tw

### **Technical Support**

Telephone	+886-2-2894-3447 (0800-093-456)
Online Support	http://support.asus.com/techserv/techserv.aspx

## ASUSTeK COMPUTER INC. (China)

Address

Telephone Fax Web site No.508, Chundong Road, Xinzhuang Industrial Zone, Minhang District, Shanghai, China. +86-21-5442-1616 +86-21-5442-0099 http://www.asus.com.cn

#### **Technical Support**

Telephone Online Support 400-620-6655 http://support.asus.com/techserv/techserv.aspx

# **ASUS** contact information

# **ASUS COMPUTER INTERNATIONAL (America)**

Address Fax Web site 800 Corporate Way, Fremont, CA 94539, USA +1-510-608-4555 http://usa.asus.com

Technical Support Support fax General support Online support

+1-812-284-0883 +1-812-282-2787 http://support.asus.com/techserv/techserv.aspx

# ASUS COMPUTER GmbH (Germany and Austria)

Address Fax Web site Online contact Harkort Str. 21-23, D-40880 Ratingen, Germany +49-2102-959911 http://www.asus.de http://www.asus.de/sales

#### **Technical Support**

Telephone Support Fax Online support +49-1805-010923 +49-2102-959911 http://support.asus.com/techserv/techserv.aspx

### ASUS Czech Service s.r.o. (Europe)

Address Telephone Web site Na Rovince 887, 720 00 Ostrava – Hrabová, Czech Republic +420-596766888 http://www.asus.cz

#### **Technical Support**

Telephone Fax E-mail Online Support +420-596-766-891 +420-596-766-329 advance.rma.eu@asus.com http://support.asus.com/techserv/techserv.aspx

# **ASUS** contact information

## **ASUS Holland BV (The Netherlands)**

Address Marconistraat 2, 7825GD EMMEN, The Netherlands Web site http://www.asus.com

### **Technical Support**

Telephone	+31-(0)591-5-70292
Fax	+31-(0)591-666853
E-mail	advance.rma.eu@asus.com
Online Support	http://support.asus.com/techserv/techserv.aspx

#### ASUS Polska Sp. z o.o. (Poland)

Address	•	Ul. Postępu 6, 02-676 Warszawa, Poland
Web site		http://pl.asus.com

#### **Technical Support**

Telephone	+48-225718033
Online Support	http://support.asus.com/techserv/techserv.aspx

# **ASK-Service (Russia and CIS)**

Address Telephone Web site г.Москва, ул. Орджоникидзе, д.10, Россия (495) 640-32-75 http://ru.asus.com

## **Technical Support**

Telephone	008-800-100-ASUS (008-800-100-2787)
Online Support	http://vip.asus.com/eservice/techserv.aspx?SLanguage=ru

