

Dell EMC PowerEdge T640

Installation and Service Manual

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Status	Released

Notes, cautions, and warnings

 **NOTE:** A NOTE indicates important information that helps you make better use of your product.

 **CAUTION:** A CAUTION indicates either potential damage to hardware or loss of data and tells you how to avoid the problem.

 **WARNING:** A WARNING indicates a potential for property damage, personal injury, or death.

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Status	Released

Dell EMC PowerEdge T640 overview

The Dell EMC PowerEdge T640 is a dual-socket, 5U rackable tower server that supports up to:

- Two Intel Xeon Scalable processors
- 24 DIMM slots (support for DDR4 RDIMM, LR-DIMM) or 12 NVDIMM-N (one DIMM per channel) are supported
- Nine PCIe Gen 3 expansion cards, including a dedicated PERC slot
- Four GPUs
- Two hot swappable power supply units
- Drive configurations:
 - 8 x 3.5-inch or 8 x 2.5 inch (in 3.5 inch carrier) SAS/SATA/SSD drives
 - 18 x 3.5-inch SAS/SATA/SSD drives
 - 16 x 2.5-inch SAS/SATA/SSD drives
 - 16 x 2.5-inch SAS/SATA/SSD drives with 8 x NVME drives
 - 32 x 2.5-inch SAS/SATA/SSD drives

Topics:

- [Supported configurations](#)
- [Front view of the system](#)
- [Back view of the system](#)
- [Locating the Service Tag of your system](#)
- [System information label](#)

Supported configurations

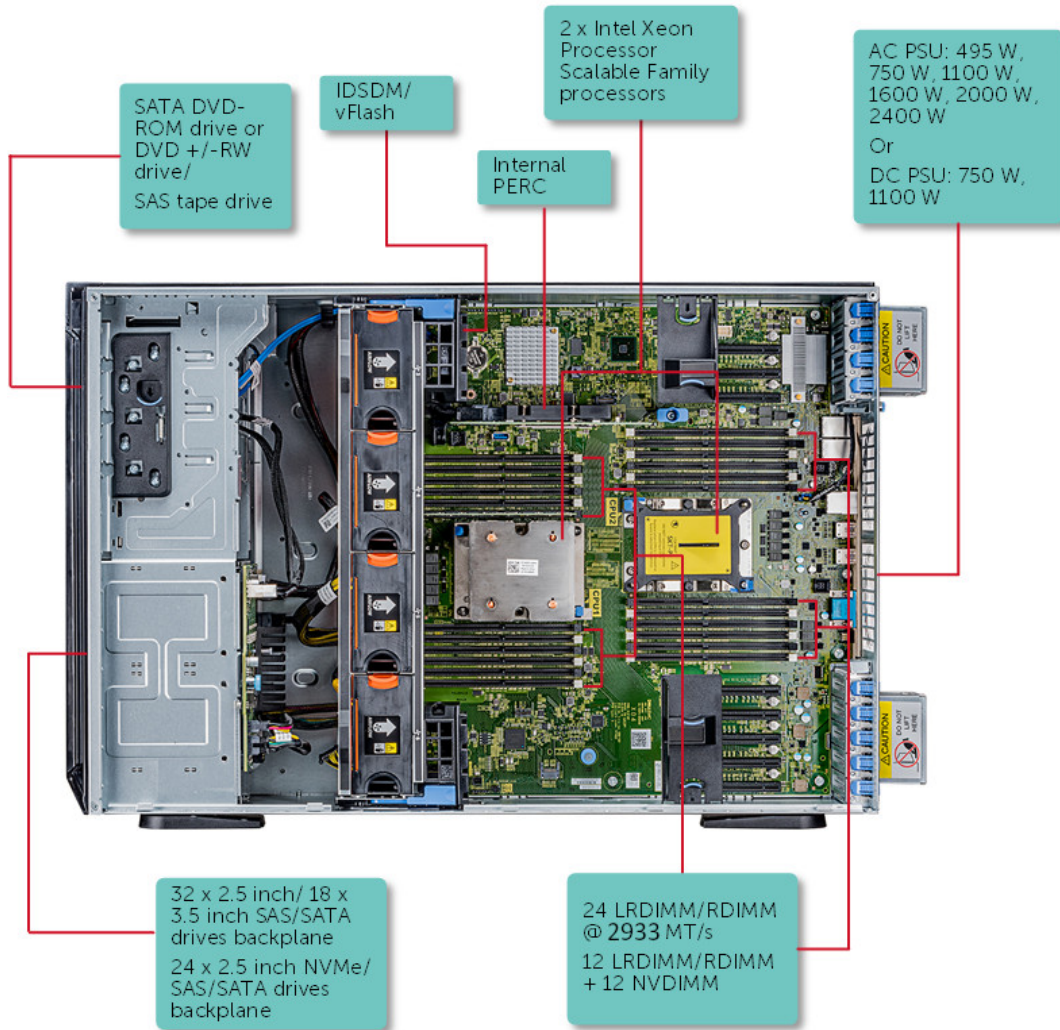


Figure 1. Supported configurations of the PowerEdge T640

Front view of the system

The front view displays the features available on the front of the system.

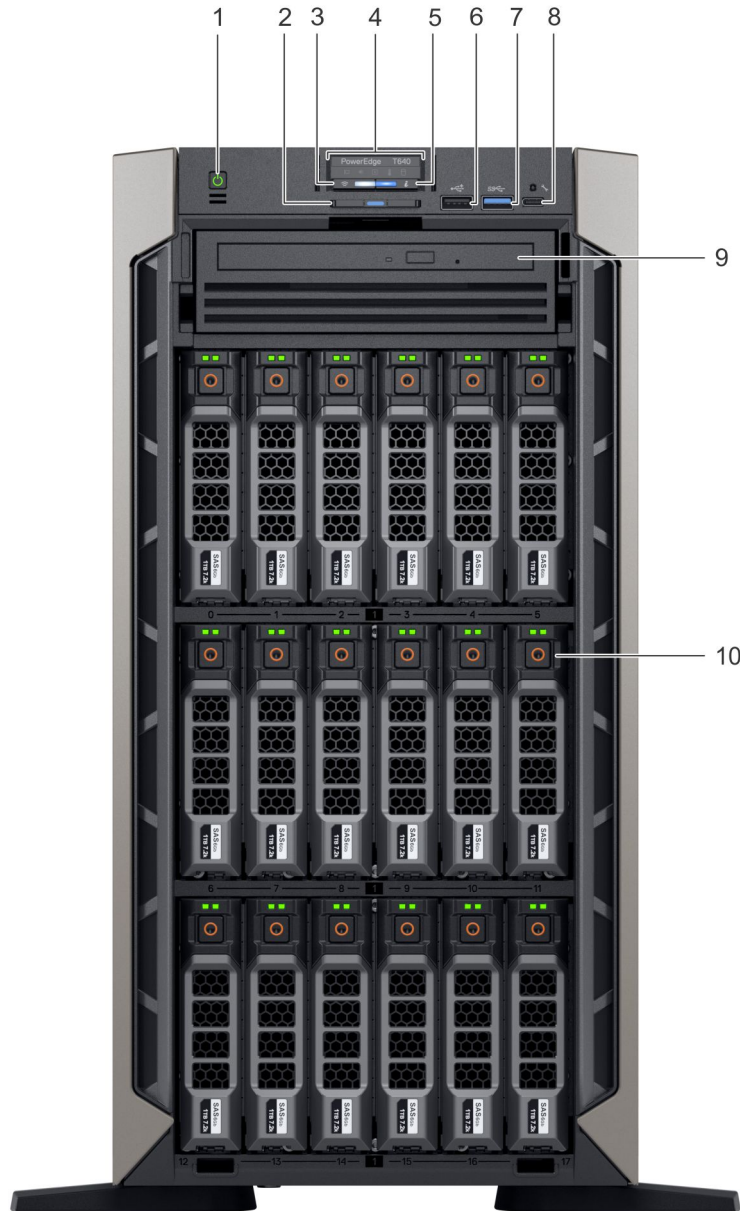


Figure 2. Front view of the 18 x 3.5-inch drive tower system

- | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|
| 1. Power button | 2. Information tag |
| 3. iDRAC Quick Sync 2 wireless indicator (optional) | 4. Status LED indicators |
| 5. System health and system ID indicator | 6. USB port (USB 2.0-compliant) |
| 7. USB port (USB 3.0-compliant) | 8. iDRAC Direct (Micro-AB USB) port |
| 9. Optical drive (optional) | 10. Drive slots |

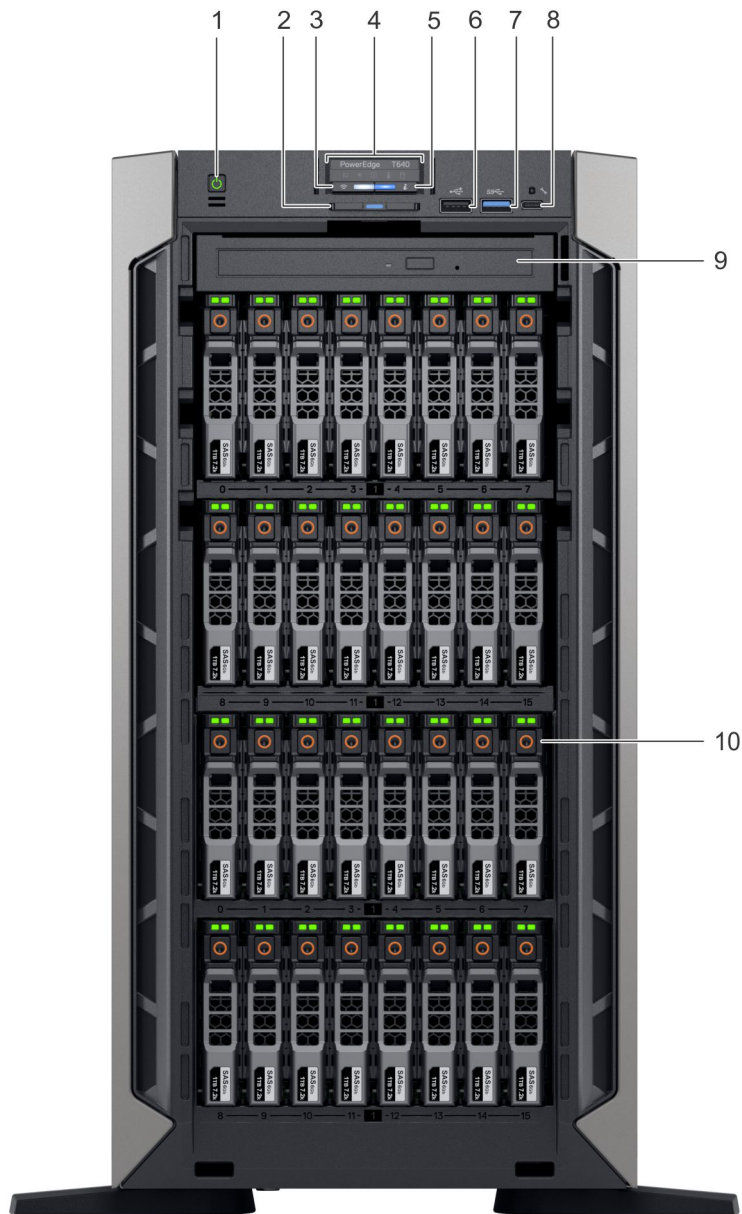


Figure 3. Front view of the 32 x 2.5-inch drive tower system

- | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|
| 1. Power button | 2. Information tag |
| 3. iDRAC Quick Sync 2 wireless indicator (optional) | 4. Status LED indicators |
| 5. System health and system ID indicator | 6. USB port (USB 2.0-compliant) |
| 7. USB port (USB 3.0-compliant) | 8. iDRAC Direct (Micro-AB USB) port |
| 9. Optical drive (optional) | 10. Drive slots |

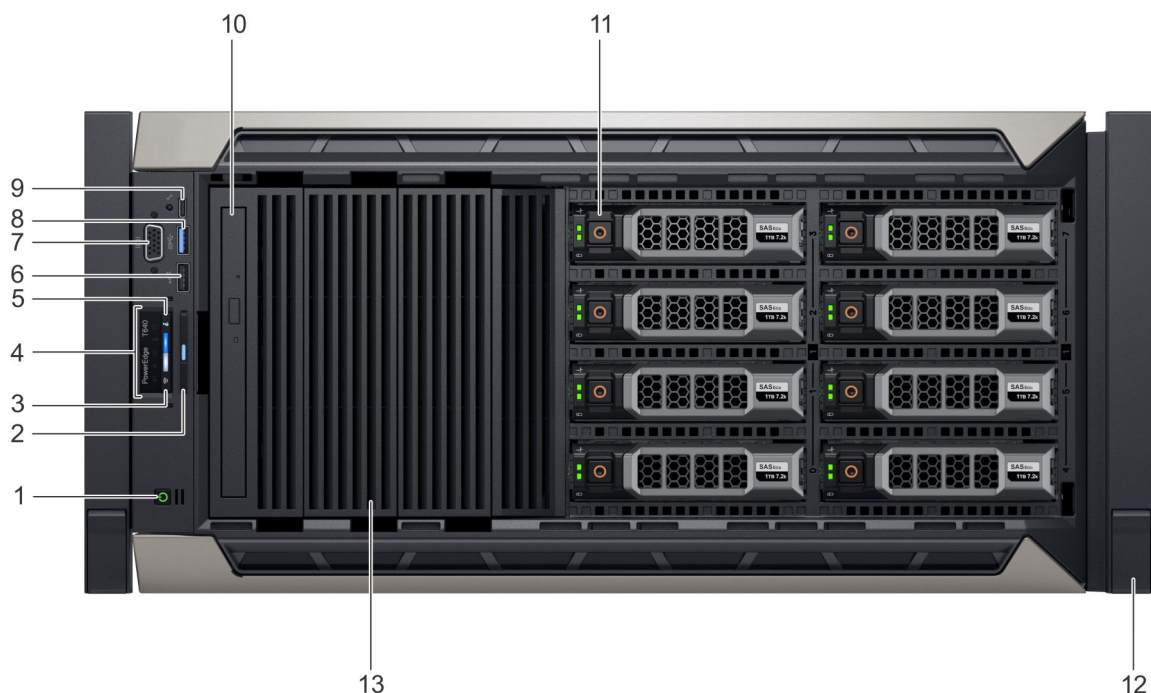


Figure 4. Front view of the 8 x 3.5-inch drive rack system

- 1. Power button
- 2. Information tag
- 3. iDRAC Quick Sync 2 wireless indicator (optional)
- 4. Status LED indicators
- 5. System health and system ID indicator
- 6. USB port (USB 2.0-compliant)
- 7. VGA port
- 8. USB port (USB 3.0-compliant)
- 9. iDRAC Direct (Micro-AB USB) port
- 10. Optical drive (optional)
- 11. Drive slots
- 12. Rack ear latch (2)
- 13. Drive blank

For more information on the ports, see the Technical specifications section.

```
Identifier GUID-91D9AD0A-F91E-47F5-B3C4-14B72436A319
Status Released
```

Status LED indicators





NOTE: The indicators display solid amber if any error occurs.



Figure 5. Status LED indicators

Table 1. Status LED indicators and descriptions

Icon	Description	Condition	Corrective action
	PCIe indicator	The indicator turns solid amber if a PCIe card experiences an error.	Restart the system. Update any required drivers for the PCIe card. Reinstall the card. If the problem persists, see Getting help . NOTE: For more information about the supported PCIe cards, see Expansion card installation guidelines .

Icon	Description	Condition	Corrective action
	Memory indicator	The indicator turns solid amber if a memory error occurs.	Check the System Event Log or system messages for the location of the failed memory. Reseat the memory module. If the problem persists, see Getting help .
	Electrical indicator	The indicator turns solid amber if the system experiences an electrical error (for example, voltage out of range, or a failed power supply unit (PSU) or voltage regulator).	Check the System Event Log or system messages for the specific issue. If it is due to a problem with the PSU, check the LED on the PSU. Reseat the PSU. If the problem persists, see Getting help .
	Temperature indicator	The indicator turns solid amber if the system experiences a thermal error (for example, the ambient temperature is out of range or there is a fan failure).	Ensure that none of the following conditions exist: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • A cooling fan has been removed or has failed. • System cover, air shroud, memory module blank, or back filler bracket is removed. • Ambient temperature is too high. • External airflow is obstructed. If the problem persists, see Getting help .
	Drive indicator	The indicator turns solid amber if there is a drive error.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Check the System Event Log to determine if the drive has an error. • Run the appropriate Online Diagnostics test. Restart the system and run embedded diagnostics (ePSA). • If the drives are configured in a RAID array, restart the system, and enter the host adapter configuration utility program.

Identifier GUID-16DB537C-6552-4949-87F8-60987894C36C
Status Released

iDRAC Direct LED indicator codes

The iDRAC Direct LED indicator lights up to indicate that the port is connected and is being used as a part of the iDRAC subsystem.

You can configure iDRAC Direct by using a USB to micro USB (type AB) cable, which you can connect to your laptop or tablet. The following table describes iDRAC Direct activity when the iDRAC Direct port is active:



Table 2. iDRAC Direct LED indicator codes

iDRAC Direct LED indicator code	Condition
Solid green for two seconds	Indicates that the laptop or tablet is connected.
Flashing green (on for two seconds and off for two seconds)	Indicates that the laptop or tablet connected is recognized.
Turns off	Indicates that the laptop or tablet is unplugged.

iDRAC Quick Sync 2 indicator codes

iDRAC Quick Sync 2 module (optional) is located on the front panel of your system.

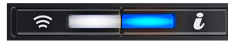


Figure 6. iDRAC Quick Sync 2 indicator

Table 3. iDRAC Quick Sync 2 indicators and descriptions

iDRAC Quick Sync 2 indicator code	Condition	Corrective action
Off (default state)	Indicates that the iDRAC Quick Sync 2 feature is turned off. Press the iDRAC Quick Sync 2 button to turn on the iDRAC Quick Sync 2 feature.	If the LED fails to turn on, reseal the cable and check. If the problem persists, see the Getting help section.
Solid white	Indicates that iDRAC Quick Sync 2 is ready to communicate. Press the iDRAC Quick Sync 2 button to turn off.	If the LED fails to turn off, restart the system. If the problem persists, see the Getting help section.
Blinks white rapidly	Indicates data transfer activity.	If the indicator continues to blink indefinitely, see the Getting help section.
Blinks white slowly	Indicates that firmware update is in progress.	If the indicator continues to blink indefinitely, see the Getting help section.
Blinks white five times rapidly and then turns off	Indicates that the iDRAC Quick Sync 2 feature is disabled.	Check if iDRAC Quick Sync 2 feature is configured to be disabled by iDRAC. If the problem persists, see the Getting help section. For more information, see www.dell.com/idracmanuals www.dell.com/operatingsystemmanuals .
Solid amber	Indicates that the system is in fail-safe mode.	Restart the system. If the problem persists, see the Getting help section.
Blinking amber	Indicates that the iDRAC Quick Sync 2 hardware is not responding properly.	Restart the system. If the problem persists, see the Getting help section.

System health and system ID indicator codes

The system health and system ID indicator is located on the front panel of your system.



Figure 7. System health and system ID indicators

Table 4. System health and system ID indicator codes

System health and system ID indicator code	Condition
Solid blue	Indicates that the system is turned on, system is healthy, and system ID mode is not active. Press the system health and system ID button to switch to system ID mode.
Blinking blue	Indicates that the system ID mode is active. Press the system health and system ID button to switch to system health mode.
Solid amber	Indicates that the system is in fail-safe mode. If the problem persists, see the Getting help section.

System health and system ID indicator code	Condition
Blinking amber	Indicates that the system is experiencing a fault. Check the System Event Log for specific error messages. For information about the event and error messages generated by the system firmware and agents that monitor system components, see the Error Code Lookup page at qrl.dell.com .

Identifier	GUID-33F263D6-5079-49F9-AC6C-4679C563FA9A
Status	Released

Drive indicator codes

Each drive carrier has an activity LED indicator and a status LED indicator. The indicators provide information about the current status of the drive. The activity LED indicator indicates whether the drive is currently in use or not. The status LED indicator indicates the power condition of the drive.

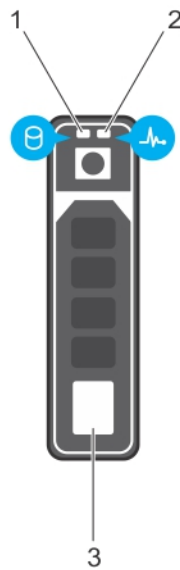


Figure 8. Drive indicators

1. Drive activity LED indicator
2. Drive status LED indicator
3. Drive capacity label

NOTE: If the drive is in the Advanced Host Controller Interface (AHCI) mode, the status LED indicator does not turn on.

Table 5. Drive indicator codes

Drive status indicator code	Condition
Flashes green twice per second	Identifying drive or preparing for removal.
Off	Drive ready for removal. NOTE: The drive status indicator remains off until all drives are initialized after the system is turned on. Drives are not ready for removal during this time.
Flashes green, amber, and then turns off	Predicted drive failure.
Flashes amber four times per second	Drive failed.
Flashes green slowly	Drive rebuilding.
Solid green	Drive online.
Flashes green for three seconds, amber for three seconds, and then turns off after six seconds	Rebuild stopped.

Back view of the system

The back view displays the features available on the back of the system.

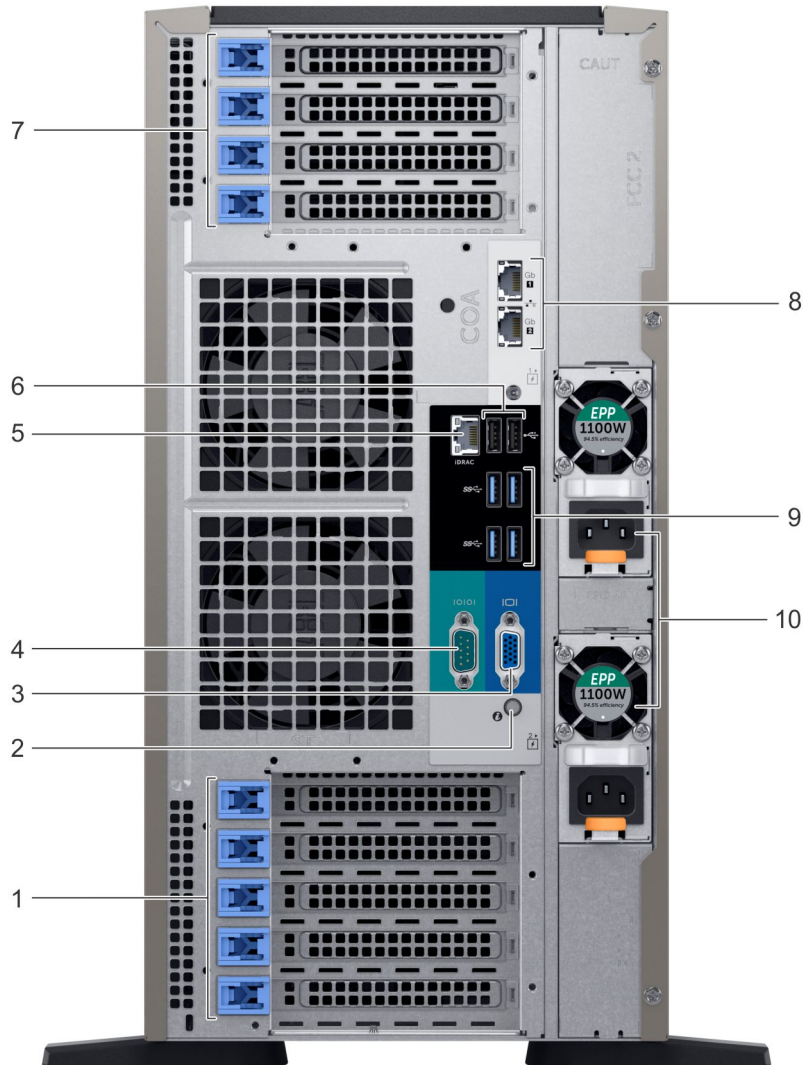


Figure 9. Back view of the tower configuration

- | | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1. PCIe expansion card slots | 2. System ID button/indicator |
| 3. VGA port | 4. Serial port |
| 5. iDRAC9 dedicated network port | 6. USB 2.0 port (2) |
| 7. PCIe expansion card slots | 8. NIC port (2) |
| 9. USB 3.0 port (4) | 10. Power supply unit (2) |

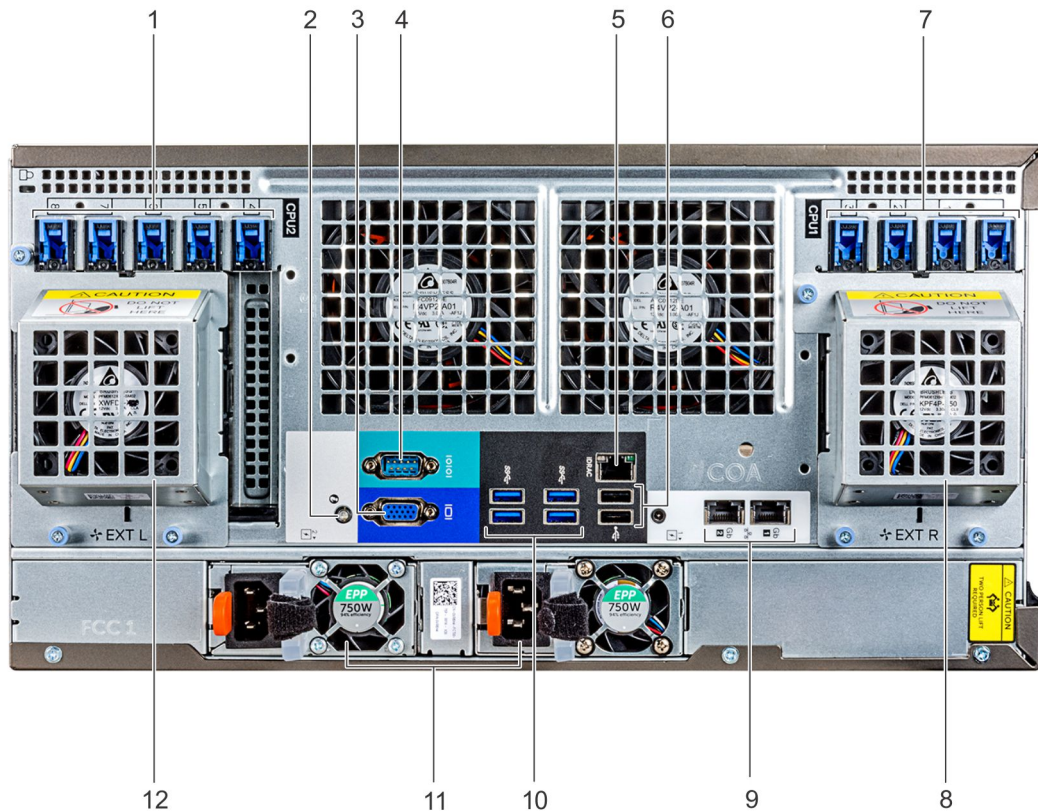


Figure 10. Back view of the rack configuration

- | | |
|----------------------------------|---|
| 1. PCIe expansion card slots | 2. System ID button/indicator |
| 3. VGA port | 4. Serial port |
| 5. iDRAC9 dedicated network port | 6. USB 2.0 port (2) |
| 7. PCIe expansion card slots | 8. Right external fan (available only with GPGPU configuration) |
| 9. NIC port (2) | 10. USB 3.0 port (4) |
| 11. Power supply unit (2) | 12. Left external fan (available only with GPGPU configuration) |

Identifier	GUID-69917AA3-18D7-4C03-9F10-D649853E5311
Status	Released

NIC indicator codes

Each NIC on the back of the system has indicators that provide information about the activity and link status. The activity LED indicator indicates if data is flowing through the NIC, and the link LED indicator indicates the speed of the connected network.

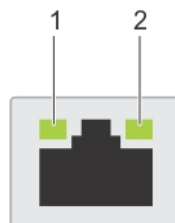


Figure 11. NIC indicator codes

- | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------------|
| 1. link LED indicator | 2. activity LED indicator |
|-----------------------|---------------------------|

Table 6. NIC indicator codes

Status	Condition
Link and activity indicators are off	The NIC is not connected to the network.

Status	Condition
Link indicator is green and activity indicator is blinking green	The NIC is connected to a valid network at its maximum port speed and data is being sent or received.
Link indicator is amber and activity indicator is blinking green	The NIC is connected to a valid network at less than its maximum port speed and data is being sent or received.
Link indicator is green and activity indicator is off	The NIC is connected to a valid network at its maximum port speed and data is not being sent or received.
Link indicator is amber and activity indicator is off	The NIC is connected to a valid network at less than its maximum port speed and data is not being sent or received.
Link indicator is blinking green and activity is off	NIC identify is enabled through the NIC configuration utility.

NOTE: The LOM (Broadcom 57416) is compatible with 10GBASE-T IEEE 802.3an and 1000 BASE-T IEEE 802.3ab.

Identifier	GUID-2D31CABC-4AD3-4C1D-844D-CF8D0A19B0F8
Status	Released

Power supply unit indicator codes

AC power supply units (PSUs) have an illuminated translucent handle that serves as an indicator.

The DC PSUs have an LED that serves as an indicator.

The indicator shows whether power is present or if a power fault has occurred.

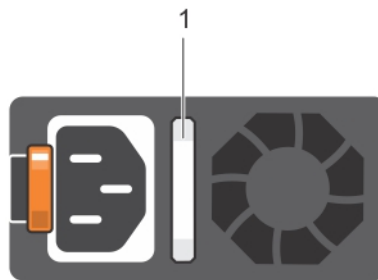


Figure 12. AC PSU status indicator

1. AC PSU status indicator/handle

Table 7. AC PSU status indicator codes

Power indicator codes	Condition
Green	A valid power source is connected to the PSU and the PSU is operational.
Blinking amber	Indicates a problem with the PSU.
Not illuminated	Power is not connected to the PSU.
Blinking green	When the firmware of the PSU is being updated, the PSU handle blinks green. CAUTION: Do not disconnect the power cord or unplug the PSU when updating firmware. If firmware update is interrupted, the PSUs do not function.
Blinking green and turns off	When hot-plugging a PSU, the PSU handle blinks green five times at a rate of 4 Hz and turns off. This indicates a PSU mismatch with respect to efficiency, feature set, health status, or supported voltage. CAUTION: If two PSUs are installed, both the PSUs must have the same type of label; for example, Extended Power Performance (EPP) label. Mixing PSUs from previous generations of PowerEdge servers is not supported, even if the PSUs have the same power rating. This results in a PSU mismatch condition or failure to turn the system on. CAUTION: When correcting a PSU mismatch, replace only the PSU with the blinking indicator. Swapping the PSU to make a matched pair can result in an error condition and

Power indicator codes	Condition
	unexpected system shutdown. To change from a high output configuration to a low output configuration or vice versa, you must turn off the system.
△	CAUTION: AC PSUs support both 240 V and 120 V input voltages with the exception of Titanium PSUs, which support only 240 V. When two identical PSUs receive different input voltages, they can output different wattages, and trigger a mismatch.
△	CAUTION: If two PSUs are used, they must be of the same type and have the same maximum output power.
△	CAUTION: Combining AC and DC PSUs is not supported and triggers a mismatch.

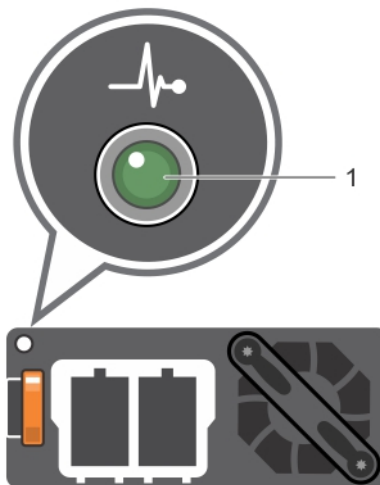


Figure 13. DC PSU status indicator

1. DC PSU status indicator

Table 8. DC PSU status indicator codes

Power indicator codes	Condition
Green	A valid power source is connected to the PSU and the PSU is operational.
Blinking amber	Indicates a problem with the PSU.
Not illuminated	Power is not connected to the PSU.
Blinking green	When hot-plugging a PSU, the PSU indicator blinks green. This indicates that there is a PSU mismatch with respect to efficiency, feature set, health status, or supported voltage. △ CAUTION: If two PSUs are installed, both the PSUs must have the same type of label; for example, Extended Power Performance (EPP) label. Mixing PSUs from previous generations of PowerEdge servers is not supported, even if the PSUs have the same power rating. This results in a PSU mismatch condition or failure to turn the system on. △ CAUTION: When correcting a PSU mismatch, replace only the PSU with the blinking indicator. Swapping the PSU to make a matched pair can result in an error condition and unexpected system shutdown. To change from a High Output configuration to a Low Output configuration or vice versa, you must turn off the system. △ CAUTION: If two PSUs are used, they must be of the same type and have the same maximum output power. △ CAUTION: Combining AC and DC PSUs is not supported and triggers a mismatch.

Locating the Service Tag of your system

You can identify your system using the unique Express Service Code and Service Tag. Pull out the information tag in front of the system to view the Express Service Code and Service Tag. Alternatively, the information may be on a sticker on the chassis of the system. The mini Enterprise Service Tag (EST) is found on the back of the system. This information is used by Dell to route support calls to the appropriate personnel.

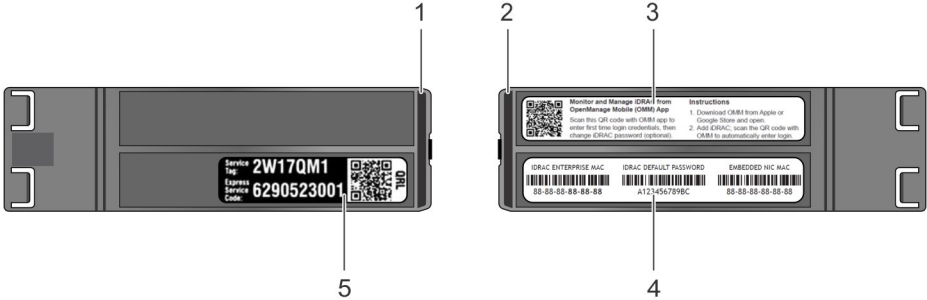


Figure 14. Locating Service Tag of your system

- | | |
|----------------------------------|--|
| 1. information tag (top view) | 2. information tag (back view) |
| 3. OpenManage Mobile (OMM) label | 4. iDRAC MAC address and iDRAC secure password label |
| 5. Service Tag | |

System information label

PowerEdge T640 – system information label

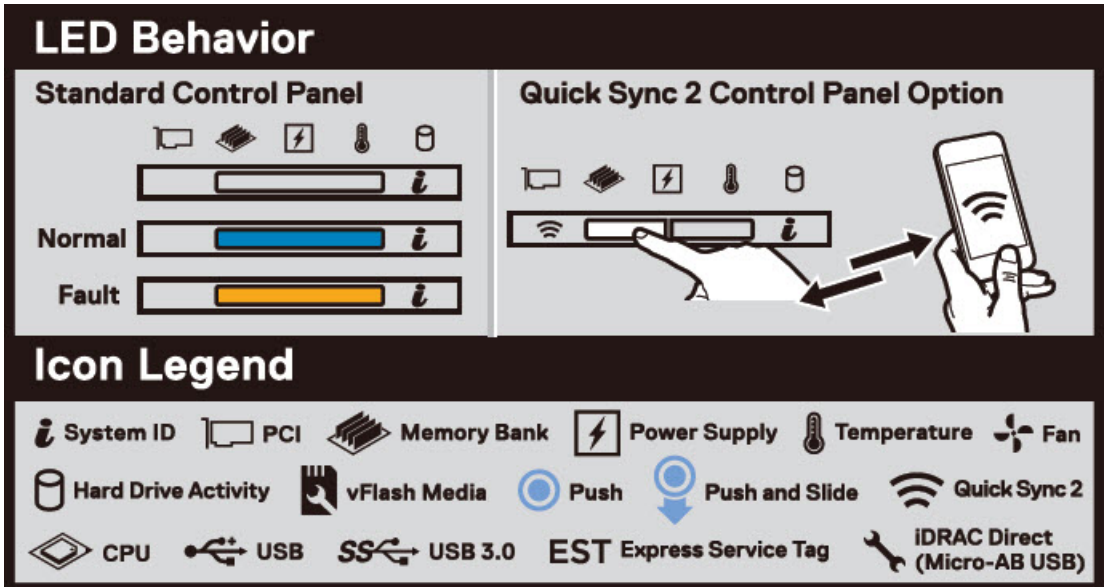


Figure 15. LED behavior

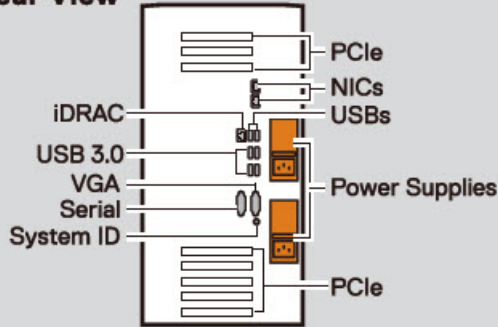
Service Information

System Touch Points

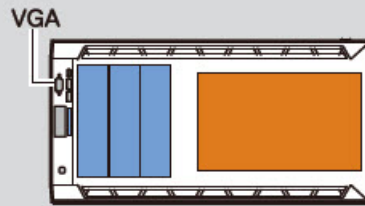
- **Hot swap touchpoints:** Components with terracotta touchpoints can be serviced while the system is running.
- **Cold swap touchpoints:** Components with blue touchpoints require a full system shutdown before servicing.

Mechanical Overviews

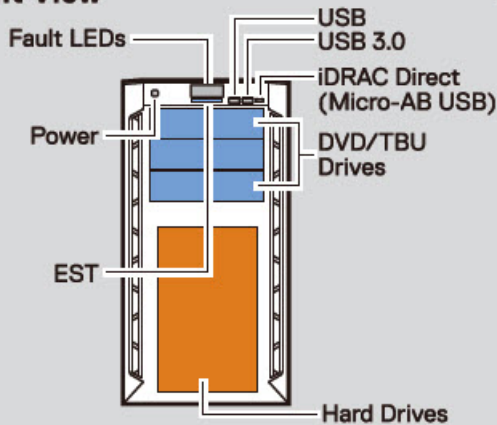
Rear View



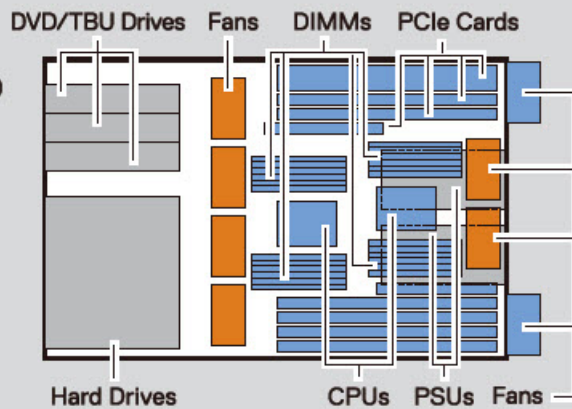
Rack Mode



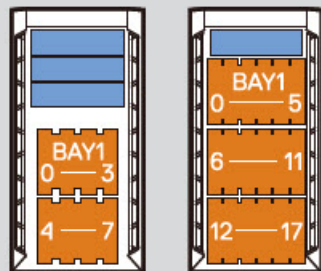
Front View



Side View



3.5" CONFIG



2.5" CONFIG

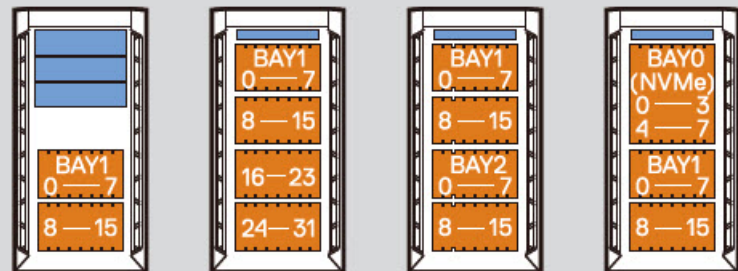


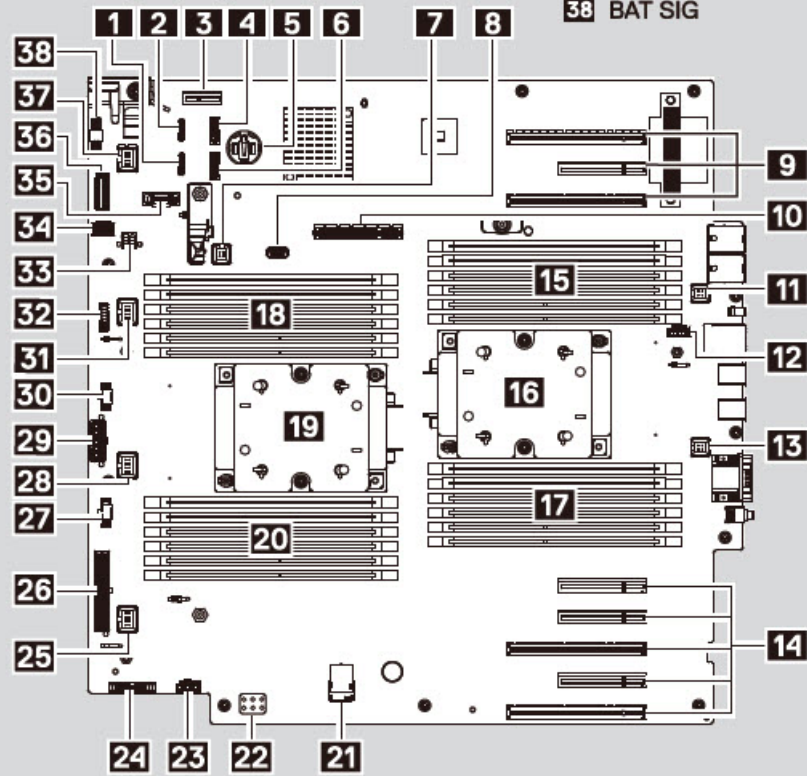
Figure 16. Configuration and layout

Service Information

Electrical Overview

System Board Information

- | | | |
|--------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|
| 1 SATA B | 13 Fan2 | 24 PIB Signals |
| 2 SATA A | 14 PCIe Card Slot (CPU2) | 25 Fan6 |
| 3 IDSDM+vFlash | 15 DIMMs For CPU2 Channels 0&1&2 | 26 PWR_CONN_1 |
| 4 CDROM | 16 CPU2 | 27 BP_SIG2 |
| 5 Battery | 17 DIMMs For CPU2 Channels 3&4&5 | 28 Fan5 |
| 6 TBU | 18 DIMMs For CPU1 Channels 3&4&5 | 29 PWR_CONN_2 |
| 7 Intrusion | 19 CPU1 | 30 BP_SIG1 |
| 8 Internal USB | 20 DIMMs For CPU1 Channels 0&1&2 | 31 Fan4 |
| 9 PCIe Card Slot (CPU1) | 21 TPM Socket | 32 BP_SIG0 |
| 10 PERC | 22 PWRD_EN&NVRAM_CLR | 33 BAT PWR |
| 11 Fan1 | 23 Fan Ext L | 34 Front VGA |
| 12 Fan Ext R | | 35 Front USB |
| | | 36 Control Panel Signals |
| | | 37 Fan3 |
| | | 38 BAT SIG |



Jumper Settings

Jumper	Setting	Description
	(default)	BIOS configuration settings retained at system boot.
		BIOS configuration settings cleared at system boot.
	(default)	BIOS password is enabled.
		BIOS password is disabled. iDRAC local access is unlocked at next AC power cycle.

Figure 17. Electrical overview

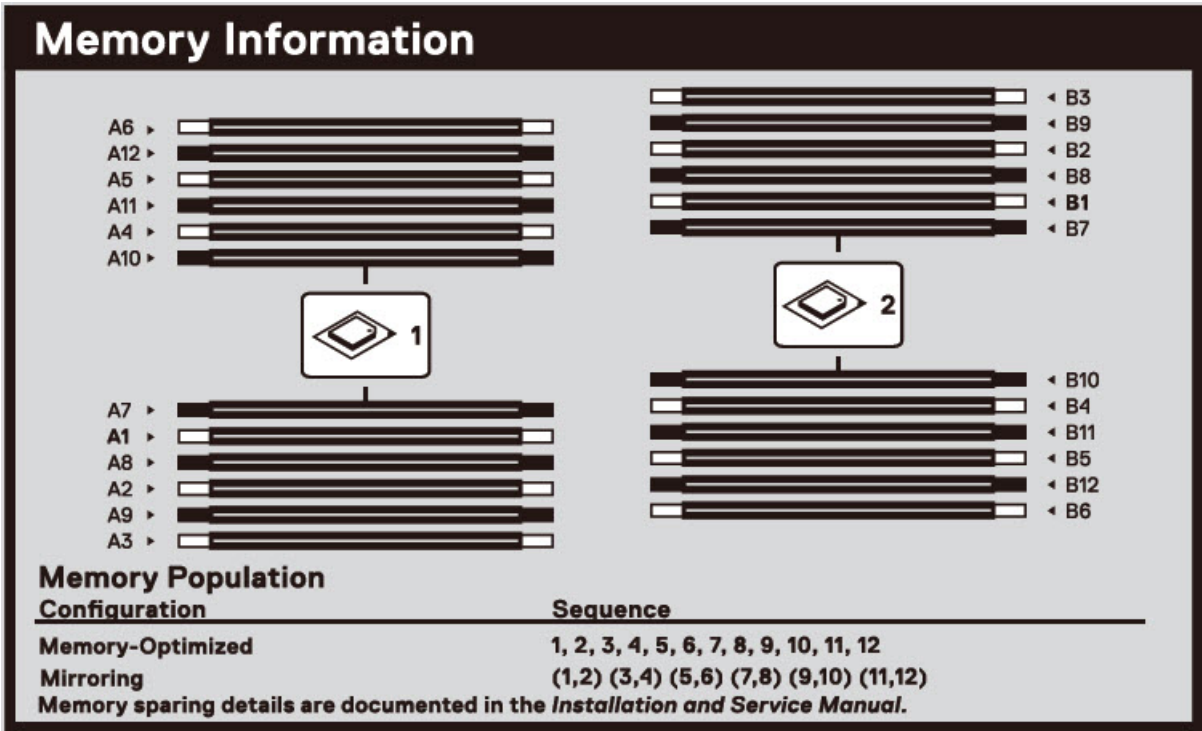


Figure 18. Memory information

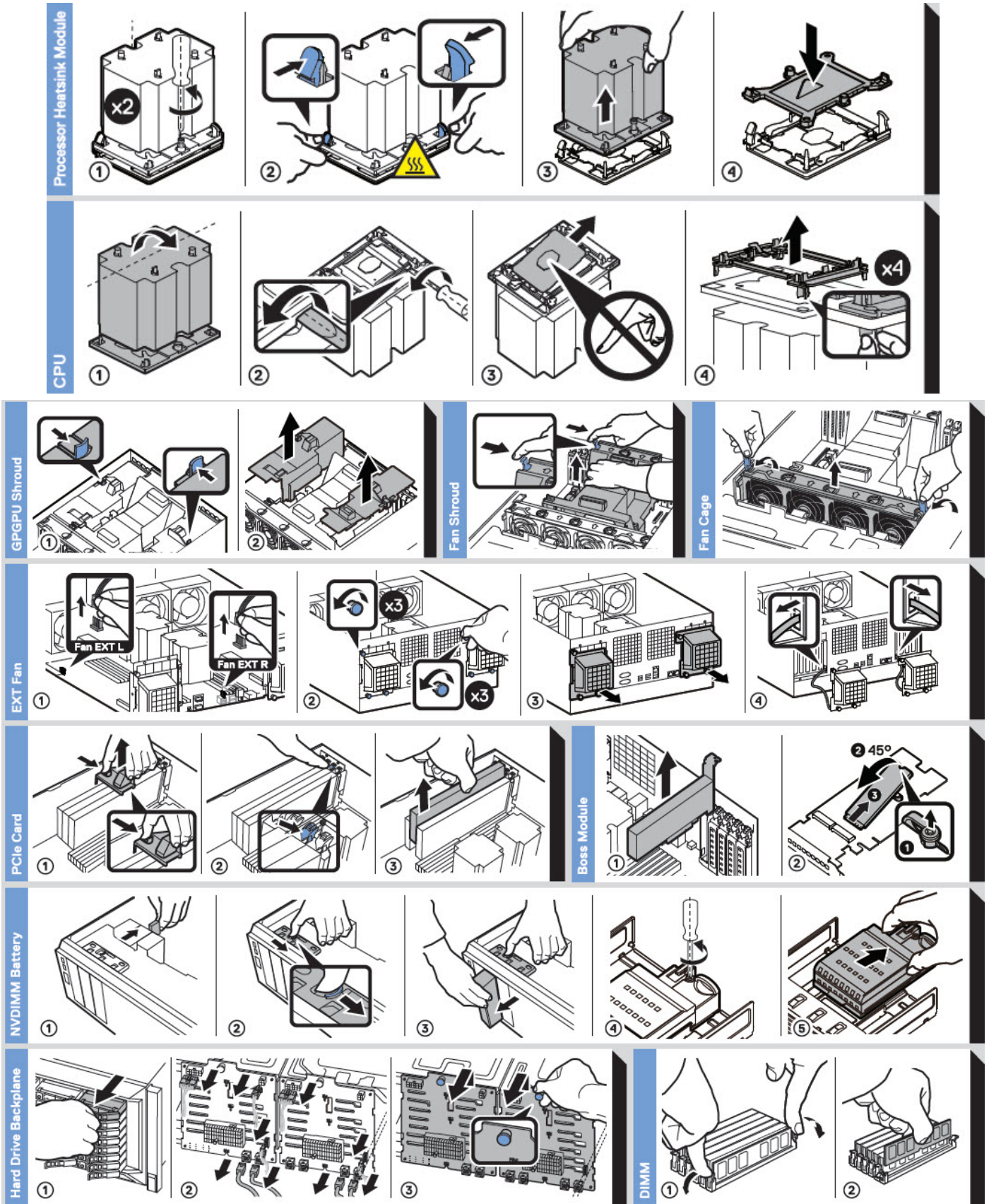


Figure 19. System tasks

Identifier	GUID-538FEA06-FB40-4286-850B-52BD2DF0D5AD
Status	Released

Technical specifications

The technical and environmental specifications of your system are outlined in this section.

Topics:

- Chassis dimensions
- Chassis weight
- Processor specifications
- Supported operating systems
- Cooling fans
- PSU specifications
- System battery specifications
- Expansion bus specifications
- Memory specifications
- Storage controller specifications
- Drive specifications
- Ports and connectors specifications
- Video specifications
- Environmental specifications

Identifier	GUID-65C84D63-5AC3-4B07-830D-65C907FFC873
Status	Released

Chassis dimensions

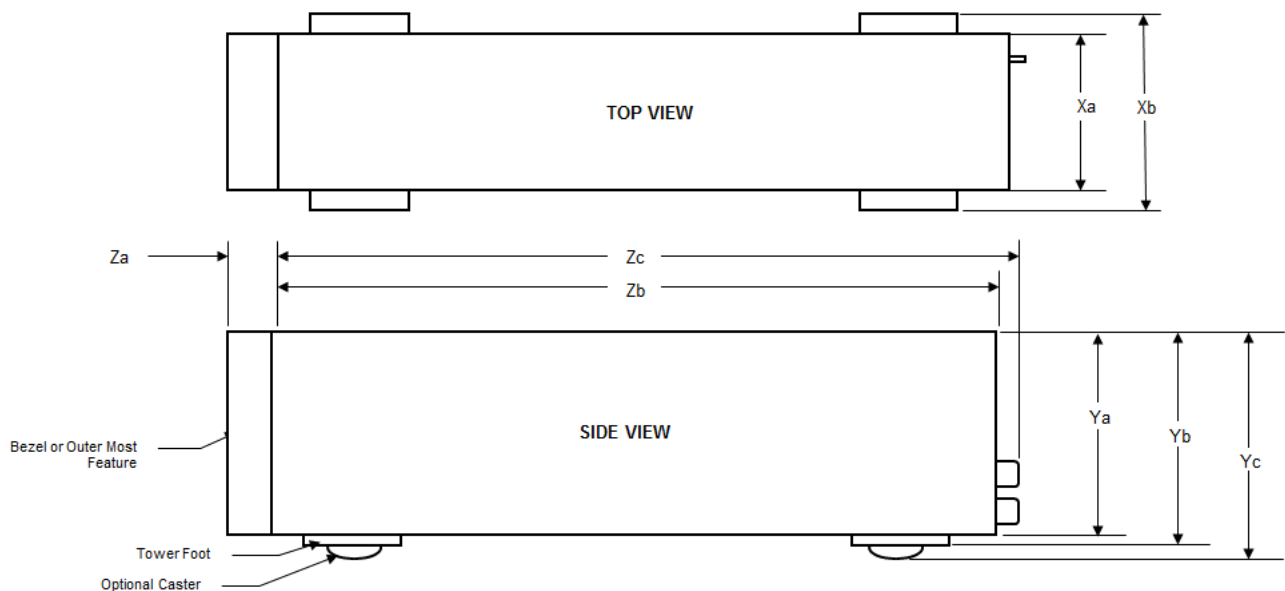


Figure 20. Dimensions of the Dell EMC PowerEdge T640 system

Table 9. The dimensions of the Dell EMC PowerEdge T640 system

Xa	Xb	Ya	Yb	Yc	Za (with bezel)	Zb	Zc
304.5 mm (11.99 inches)	217.9 mm (8.57 inches)	434.5 mm (17.10 inches)	443.5 mm (17.46 inches)	471.5 mm (18.56 inches)	15.9 mm (0.62 inches)	659.9 mm (25.98 inches)	692.8 mm (27.27 inches)

Identifier	GUID-4CD5A75A-A997-4468-B8CA-D4341079F246
Status	Released

Chassis weight

Table 10. Chassis weight

System	Maximum weight (with all hard drives/SSDs)
32 x 2.5-inch	42.36 Kg (93.38 lb)
18 x 3.5-inch	49.65 Kg (109.45 lb)

Identifier	GUID-14AC6742-C7C4-479E-A07C-A71FB89BB164
Status	Released

Processor specifications

The Dell EMC PowerEdge T640 system supports up to two Intel Xeon Scalable processors, up to 28 cores per processor.

Identifier	GUID-F05D4772-8F2B-44F7-A8AB-7873DB6E4330
Status	Released

Supported operating systems

The PowerEdge T640 system supports the following operating systems:

- Canonical Ubuntu LTS
- Citrix XenServer
- Microsoft Windows Server with Hyper-V
- Red Hat Enterprise Linux
- SUSE Linux Enterprise Server
- VMware ESXi

For more information on the specific versions and additions, see <https://www.dell.com/support/home/Drivers/SupportedOS/poweredge-t640>.

Identifier	GUID-AD224D1F-9DBD-4CBD-8EAC-E1FFA764346D
Status	Released

Cooling fans

Identifier	GUID-9977ED29-329E-49A7-B166-4838628E1147
Status	Released

Cooling fan specifications

The cooling fans are integrated into the system to dissipate the heat generated by the functioning of the system. These fans provide cooling for the processors, expansion cards, and memory modules.

Your system supports a total of eight fans, including six hot-swappable fans and two external fans. Two hot-swappable fans are mounted in rear side of the air shroud. The other four hot-swappable (middle) fans are mounted in the fan assembly that is located in the chassis between the hard drive bay and the processors. The two external fans are mounted on the outside of the chassis for GPU configurations. There are two additional fans integrated in the power supplies to cool the power supplies and provide additional cooling for the whole system.

The below listed configurations, features, and the PCIe expansion cards are supported only with the four hot-swappable (middle) fans installed:

- Fan redundancy
- Fresh air condition
- NVMe/PCIe SSD
- 3.5 inch x 18 hard drives chassis
- Mellanox CX4 DP 100 Gb QSFP NIC (0272F)
- Mellanox CX4 DP 100 Gb NIC (068F2)
- Mellanox CX4 SP 100 Gb NIC (6W1HY)
- Mellanox DP 40 Gb QSFP NIC (C8Y42)
- Intel QP 10 Gb Base-T NIC (K5V44)
- Solarflare Sunspot DP 10Gb NIC (NPHCM)
- Solarflare Nova DP 10Gb NIC (WY7T5)
- Qlogic DP 10Gb V1 NIC (VCXN5)

Listed below are the restrictions for fan redundancy:

- GPGPU configurations are not supported at 35deg. C of ambient or above.
- Mellanox 100G NICs are not supported.

For information on the restriction for fresh air condition, see the [Expanded operating temperature restrictions](#) topic in the Technical Specification section.

Identifier	GUID-8ED0DF0C-C4BE-480A-A249-819A3CDE1B4B
Status	Released

Cooling fan matrix

Table 11. Cooling fan matrix

Chassis	FAN1, FAN2 (Standard [STD])	FAN3, FAN4, FAN5, FAN6 (Standard [STD]/High performance [HPR])	FAN_EXT_R, FAN_EXT_L	Fan configuration
3.5 inch x 8	Yes	-	-	Base configuration
3.5 inch x 18	Yes	Yes (STD)	-	Rich configuration
2.5 inch x 16	Yes	-	-	Base configuration
2.5 inch x 32	Yes	-	-	Base configuration
2.5 inch x 16 + NVMe	Yes	Yes (STD)	-	Rich configuration
Fan redundancy, FA and high cooling tier PCIe card	Yes	Yes (STD)	-	Rich configuration
GPGPU card	Yes	Yes (HPR)	Yes	GPU configuration

Identifier	GUID-59281A1D-5EDF-4095-B438-64F0341DE5AE
Status	Released

Removing a middle or rear cooling fan

The procedure for removing a standard and a high performance fans is identical.

Prerequisites

NOTE: Opening or removing the system cover when the system is on may expose you to a risk of electric shock. Exercise utmost care while removing or installing cooling fans.

CAUTION: The cooling fans are hot swappable. To maintain proper cooling while the system is on, replace only one fan at a time.

1. Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).

2. Follow the procedure listed in [Before working inside your system](#).

Steps

Press the release tab and lift the cooling fan out of the cooling fan assembly.



Figure 21. Removing a middle cooling fan

Next steps

1. [Installing a middle or rear cooling fan](#).

Identifier	GUID-1D6C2B2B-5DDD-4F14-9CC5-B3CB46538600
Status	Released

Installing a middle or rear cooling fan

The procedure for installing a standard and a high performance fans is identical.

Prerequisites

NOTE: Opening or removing the system cover when the system is on may expose you to a risk of electric shock. Exercise utmost care while removing or installing cooling fans.

CAUTION: The cooling fans are hot swappable. To maintain proper cooling while the system is on, replace only one fan at a time.

1. Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).
2. Follow the procedure listed in [Before working inside your system](#).

Steps

Holding the release tab, align the connector at the base of the cooling fan with the connector on the system board.



Figure 22. Installing a middle cooling fan

Next steps

1. Follow the procedure listed in [After working inside your system](#).

Identifier	GUID-BA77696B-7486-45AF-815C-A31F2E850D2D
Status	Released

Removing the right external fan

Prerequisites

NOTE: Opening or removing the system cover when the system is on may expose you to a risk of electric shock. Exercise utmost care while removing or installing cooling fans.

NOTE: The procedure to remove the left external fan is similar to removing the right rear fan.

1. Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).
2. [Remove the GPU air shrouds](#).
3. [Remove the air shroud](#).

Steps

1. Disconnect the fan cable from the system board.
2. Using the Phillips #2 screwdriver, loosen the captive screws that secure the fan to the system.
3. Lift the fan away, while guiding the fan cable through the cable vent.

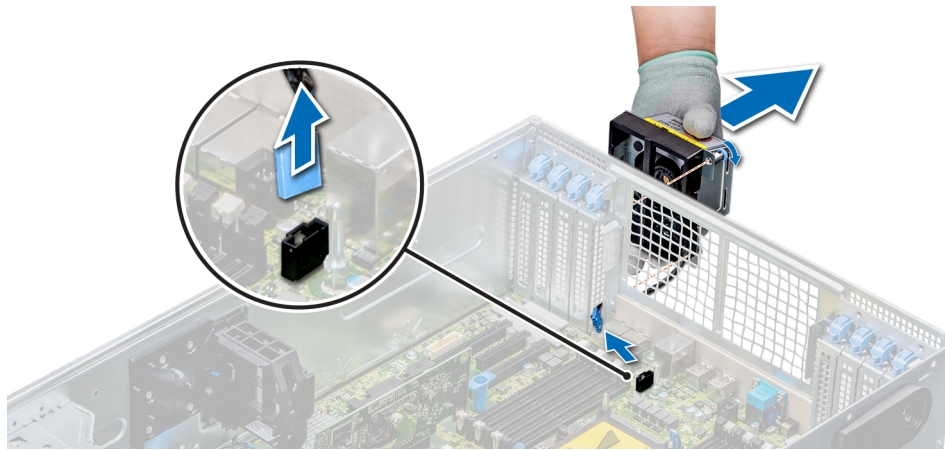


Figure 23. Removing the right external fan

Next steps

1. [Installing the right external fan.](#)

Identifier	GUID-4514693C-C837-4E28-A280-7AAE368737EF
Status	Released

Installing the right external fan

Prerequisites

NOTE: The procedure to install the left external fan is similar to installing the right rear fan.

Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).

Steps

1. Guiding the fan cable through the cable vent, install the external fan over the PCIe slots.
2. Using the Phillips #2 screwdriver, secure the fan in place.
3. Connect the fan cable to the connected on the system board.

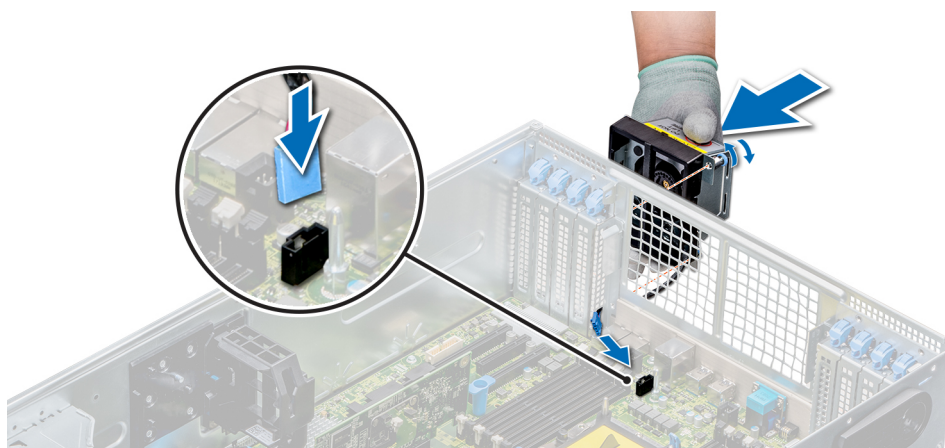


Figure 24. Install the right external fan

Next steps

1. [Install the air shroud.](#)
2. [Install the GPU air shrouds.](#)
3. Follow the procedure listed in [After working inside your system.](#)

Identifier	GUID-9FE4EF69-950E-4589-A30A-4F648D39003F
Status	Released

PSU specifications

The Dell EMC PowerEdge T640 system supports up to two AC or DC redundant power supply units (PSUs).

Table 12. PSU specifications

PSU	Class	Heat dissipation (maximum)	Frequency	Voltage	Current
495 W AC	Platinum	1908 BTU/hr	50/60 Hz	100–240 V AC, autoranging	6.5 A–3 A
750 W AC	Platinum	2891 BTU/hr	50/60 Hz	100–240 V AC, autoranging	10 A–5 A
750 W AC	Titanium	2843 BTU/hr	50/60 Hz	200–240 V AC, autoranging	5 A
750 W Mix Mode	Platinum	2891 BTU/hr	50/60 Hz	100–200 V AC, autoranging	10–5A
750 W Mix Mode	Platinum	2891 BTU/hr	50/60 Hz	240 V DC, autoranging	4.5A
1100 W AC	Platinum	4100 BTU/hr	50/60 Hz	100–240 V AC, autoranging	12 A–6.5 A
1100 W DC	Gold	4416 BTU/hr	-	–(48–60) V DC, autoranging	32 A
1600 W AC	Platinum	6000 BTU/hr	50/60 Hz	100–240 V AC, autoranging	10 A
2000 W Mix Mode	Platinum	7500 BTU/hr	50/60 Hz	100–200 V AC, autoranging	11.5 A
2000 W Mix Mode	Platinum	7500 BTU/hr	50/60 Hz	240 V AC, autoranging	11.8 A
2400 W AC	Platinum	9000 BTU/hr	50/60 Hz	100–240 V AC, autoranging	16 A

NOTE: Heat dissipation is calculated using the PSU wattage rating.

NOTE: This system is also designed to connect to the IT power systems with a phase-to-phase voltage not exceeding 240 V.

NOTE: If a system with 2400 W AC PSU operates at low line 100–120 V AC, then the power rating per PSU is derated to 1400 W.

NOTE: If a system with 2000 W AC PSU operates at low line 100–120 V AC, then the power rating per PSU is derated to 1000 W.

NOTE: If a system with 1600 W AC PSU operates at low line 100–120 V AC, then the power rating per PSU is derated to 800 W.

NOTE: If a system with 1100 W AC PSU operates at low line 100–120 V AC, then the power rating per PSU is derated to 1050 W.

Identifier	GUID-D376D63D-8059-406C-89B5-7C17F3EB4248
Status	Released

System battery specifications

The Dell EMC PowerEdge T640 system supports CR 2032 3.0-V lithium coin cell system battery.

Identifier	GUID-5FAEC068-A56B-4566-991A-E0503EFDD91D
Status	Released

Expansion bus specifications

The Dell EMC PowerEdge T640 system supports PCI express (PCIe) generation 3 and 2 expansion cards. The following table describes the supported expansion cards:

Table 13. Supported PCI express generation 3 expansion cards

PCIe Slot	Processor Connection	Height	Length	Link Width	Slot Width
0 (Internal PERC/HBA Slot)	Processor 1	Full Height	Half Length	x8	x8
1 (Gen3)	Processor 1	Full Height	Full Length	x16	x16
2 (Gen3)	Processor 1	Full Height	Full Length	x4	x8
3 (Gen3)	Processor 1	Full Height	Full Length	x16	x16
4 (Gen3)	Processor 2	Full Height	Half Length	x8	x8
5 (Gen3)	Processor 2	Full Height	Full Length	x4	x8
6 (Gen3)	Processor 2	Full Height	Full Length	x16	x16
7 (Gen3)	Processor 2	Full Height	Full Length	x8	x8
8 (Gen3)	Processor 2	Full Height	Full Length	x16	x16

NOTE: To use PCIe slots 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8 both the processors must be installed.

NOTE: The expansion card slots are not hot-swappable.

Identifier	GUID-E579CC51-EA89-4D5E-AF04-EF0C027DE874
Status	Released

Memory specifications

Table 14. Memory specifications

DIMM type	DIMM rank	DIMM capacity	Single processor		Dual processors	
			Minimum RAM	Maximum RAM	Minimum RAM	Maximum RAM
RDIMM	Single rank	8 GB	8 GB	96 GB	16 GB	192 GB
	Single rank	16 GB	16 GB	192 GB	32 GB	384 GB
LRDIMM	Dual rank	32 GB / 64 GB	32 GB	384 GB	64 GB	768 GB
	Quad rank	64 GB	64 GB	768 GB	128 GB	1536 GB
NVDIMM-N	Octal rank	128 GB	128 GB	1536 GB	256 GB	3072 GB
	Single rank	16 GB	Not supported with single processor	Not supported with single processor	RDIMM: 192 GB NVDIMM-N: 16 GB	RDIMM: 384 GB NVDIMM-N: 192 GB

NOTE: 8 GB RDIMMs and NVDIMM-N must not be mixed.

NOTE: A minimum of two processors are required for any configuration that supports NVDIMM-N DIMMs.

Identifier	GUID-135C7318-B18D-4D5A-9A57-03E580CBB443
Status	Released

Storage controller specifications

The Dell EMC PowerEdge T640 system supports:

- **Internal controllers:** PERC H730P, H740P, HBA330, H330, Software RAID (SWRAID) S140
- **External PERC (RAID):** H840
- **External HBAs (non-RAID):** 12 Gbps SAS HBA
- **Boot Optimized Storage Subsystem:** HWRAID 2 x M.2 SSDs 120GB or 240GB

Identifier	GUID-E4C684A0-9CD9-40C9-A5EF-A5F95E90A9C6
Status	Released

Drive specifications

Identifier	GUID-19C8EAB7-05C6-464F-835B-FA60F40B2961
Status	Released

Hard drives

The Dell EMC PowerEdge T640 system supports:

Backplane configuration options:

- 8 x 3.5-inch SAS, SATA, Near-Line SAS, SSD
- 16 x 2.5-inch SAS, SATA, Near-Line SAS, SSD, NVMe drives
- 18 x 3.5-inch SAS, SATA, Near-Line SAS, SSD
- 32 x 2.5-inch SAS, SATA, Near-Line SAS, SSD
- SW RAID on 3.5-inch SAS, SATA, Near-Line SAS, SSD
- 8 x NVMe drive

Internal hard drive bay and hot-plug backplane:

- Up to 8 x 3.5-inch SAS, SATA, Near-Line SAS, SSD drives
- Up to 16 x 2.5-inch SAS, SATA, Near-Line SAS, SSD, NVMe drives with optional flex bay
- Up to 18 x 3.5-inch SAS, SATA, Near-Line SAS, SSD drives without optional flex bay
- Up to 32 x 2.5-inch SAS, SATA, Near-Line SAS, SSD drives with optional flex bay

Identifier	GUID-61C2C7EE-00BA-417A-9C39-F85BCBEF3E55
Status	Released

Optical drive

The Dell EMC PowerEdge T640 system supports one optional slim SATA DVD-ROM drive or DVD +/-RW drive.

Identifier	GUID-14A19061-8740-458A-B3F3-04D3C33275C3
Status	Released

Ports and connectors specifications

Identifier	GUID-9A6855BF-7F2F-44B3-B177-B0574611711D
Status	Released

USB ports

The Dell EMC PowerEdge T640 system supports the following USBs.

Table 15. USB specifications

System	Front panel	Back panel	Internal
PowerEdge T640	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • One USB 2.0 compliant port and one USB 3.0 compliant port • One iDRAC USB MGMT port (USB 2.0) 	Six USB ports <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Four USB 3.0 compliant ports • Two USB 2.0 compliant ports 	One USB 3.0 compliant port

Identifier	GUID-DC57161E-5D7F-486C-942B-65314334CA09
Status	Released

NIC ports

The Dell EMC PowerEdge T640 system supports two onboard Network Interface Controller (NIC) ports on the back panel, which is available in the following NIC configurations:

- Two 10 Gbps

NOTE: The LOM (Broadcom 57416) is compatible with 10GBASE-T IEEE 802.3an and 1000 BASE-T IEEE 802.3ab.

Identifier	GUID-71479E16-EFB7-4C83-BA6A-B2DF5C8C8449
Status	Released

VGA ports

The Video Graphic Array (VGA) port enables you to connect the system to a VGA display. The Dell EMC PowerEdge T640 system supports two 15-pin VGA ports on the front and back panels.

NOTE: The front VGA port is available only with the rack configuration.

Identifier	GUID-025073A0-8E99-4C44-ACB4-7A413B021250
Status	Released

Serial connector

The Dell EMC PowerEdge T640 system supports one serial connector on the back panel, which is a 9-pin connector, Data Terminal Equipment (DTE), 16550-compliant.

Identifier	GUID-2824BE62-4D3C-416E-AD50-D3B5DE013F5D
Status	Released

Internal Dual SD Module with vFlash card

The Dell EMC PowerEdge T640 system supports Internal Dual SD module (IDSDM) and vFlash card. In 14th generation of PowerEdge servers, IDSDM and vFlash card are combined into a single card module, and are available in anyone of these configurations:

- vFlash
- vFlash and IDSDM

The IDSDM/vFlash module sits in the back of the system, in a Dell-proprietary slot. The IDSDM/vFlash module supports three micro SD cards (two cards for IDSDM and one card for vFlash). The micro SD cards capacity for IDSDM are 16/32/64 GB while for vFlash the microSD card capacity is 16 GB.

NOTE: The write-protect switch is on the IDSDM or vFlash module.

NOTE: The IDSDM supports only Micro SD cards.

Identifier	GUID-FB33F9F6-CAF1-4C5C-AC50-58E9DBC48442
Status	Released

Video specifications

The Dell EMC PowerEdge T640 system supports integrated Matrox G200eW3 graphics controller with 16 MB of video frame buffer.

Table 16. Supported video resolution options

Resolution	Refresh rate (Hz)	Color depth (bits)
1024 x 768	60	8, 16, 32
1280 x 800	60	8, 16, 32
1280 x 1024	60	8, 16, 32
1360 x 768	60	8, 16, 32

Resolution	Refresh rate (Hz)	Color depth (bits)
1440 x 900	60	8, 16, 32
1600 x 900	60	8, 16, 32
1600 x 1200	60	8, 16, 32
1680 x 1050	60	8, 16, 32
1920 x 1080	60	8, 16, 32
1920 x 1200	60	8, 16, 32

NOTE: 1920 x 1080 and 1920 x 1200 resolutions are only supported in reduced blanking mode.

Identifier GUID-270CD05A-264B-4BA5-8296-985583B437CF
 Status Released

Environmental specifications

NOTE: For additional information about environmental certifications, please refer to the Product Environmental Datasheet located with the Manuals & Documents on www.dell.com/poweredgemanuals

Table 17. Temperature specifications

Temperature	Specifications
Storage	-40°C to 65°C (-40°F to 149°F)
Continuous operation (for altitude less than 950 m or 3117 ft)	10°C to 35°C (50°F to 95°F) with no direct sunlight on the equipment.
Fresh air	For information about fresh air, see Expanded Operating Temperature section.
Maximum temperature gradient (operating and storage)	20°C/h (68°F/h)

Table 18. Relative humidity specifications

Relative humidity	Specifications
Storage	5% to 95% RH with 33°C (91°F) maximum dew point. Atmosphere must be non-condensing at all times.
Operating	10% to 80% relative humidity with 29°C (84.2°F) maximum dew point.

Table 19. Maximum vibration specifications

Maximum vibration	Specifications
Operating	0.26 G _{rms} at 5 Hz to 350 Hz (all operation orientations).
Storage	1.88 G _{rms} at 10 Hz to 500 Hz for 15 min (all six sides tested).

Table 20. Maximum shock specifications

Maximum vibration	Specifications
Operating	Six consecutively executed shock pulses in the positive and negative x, y, and z axes
Storage	Six consecutively executed shock pulses in the positive and negative x, y, and z axes (one pulse on each side of the system) of 71 G for up to 2 ms.

Table 21. Maximum altitude specifications

Maximum altitude	Specifications
Operating	30482000 m (10,0006560 ft)
Storage	12,000 m (39,370 ft)

Table 22. Operating temperature de-rating specifications

Operating temperature de-rating	Specifications
Up to 35°C (95°F)	Maximum temperature is reduced by 1°C/300 m (1°F/547 ft) above 950 m (3,117 ft).
35°C to 40°C (95°F to 104°F)	Maximum temperature is reduced by 1°C/175 m (1°F/319 ft) above 950 m (3,117 ft).
40°C to 45°C (104°F to 113°F)	Maximum temperature is reduced by 1°C/125 m (1°F/228 ft) above 950 m (3,117 ft).

Identifier	GUID-01055F97-8B7D-4D05-B667-6B90B838A503
Status	Released

Standard operating temperature

Table 23. Standard operating temperature specifications

Standard operating temperature	Specifications
Continuous operation (for altitude less than 950 m or 3117 ft)	10°C to 35°C (50°F to 95°F) with no direct sunlight on the equipment.

Identifier	GUID-0C526F0F-7621-420D-AE72-711A61E30D2B
Status	Released

Expanded operating temperature

Table 24. Expanded operating temperature specifications

Expanded operating temperature	Specifications
Continuous operation	<p>5°C to 40°C at 5% to 85% RH with 29°C dew point.</p> <p>NOTE: Outside the standard operating temperature (10°C to 35°C), the system can operate continuously in temperatures as low as 5°C and as high as 40°C.</p> <p>For temperatures between 35°C and 40°C, de-rate maximum allowable temperature by 1°C per 175 m above 950 m (1°F per 319 ft).</p>
≤ 1% of annual operating hours	<p>–5°C to 45°C at 5% to 90% RH with 29°C dew point.</p> <p>NOTE: Outside the standard operating temperature (10°C to 35°C), the system can operate down to –5°C or up to 45°C for a maximum of 1% of its annual operating hours.</p> <p>For temperatures between 40°C and 45°C, de-rate maximum allowable temperature by 1°C per 125 m above 950 m (1°F per 228 ft).</p>

NOTE: When operating in the expanded temperature range, system performance may be impacted.

NOTE: When operating in the expanded temperature range, ambient temperature warnings maybe reported in the System Event Log.

Identifier	GUID-0CBC110C-5628-4626-A99C-17E1408BA5A6
Status	Released

Expanded operating temperature restrictions and Fresh Air restrictions

- Six hot swappable fans (standard fans) are required.
- Two PSUs in redundancy mode are required, but PSU failure is not supported.
- 3.5-inch x 18 hard drives is not supported.
- NVMe or PCIe SSD is not supported.

- GPGPU is not supported.
- Processor > 165 W is not supported.
- Internal TBU (tape backup drive) is not supported.
- Non-Dell qualified peripheral cards are not supported.
- Peripheral cards consuming greater than 25 W are not supported.
- 128 GB LRDIMM is supported.
- NVDIMM is not supported.
- Mellanox 100 GB, Mellanox Navi DP/SP, Intel FortPond Solarflare Nova, Solarflare Sunspot are not supported.

Identifier	GUID-C3D78B50-3B36-45C5-80D3-7867F4A5A10F
Status	Released

Particulate and gaseous contamination specifications

The following table defines the limitations that help avoid any equipment damage or failure from particulate and gaseous contamination. If the levels of particulate or gaseous pollution exceed the specified limitations and result in equipment damage or failure, you may need to rectify the environmental conditions. Remediation of environmental conditions is the responsibility of the customer.

Table 25. Particulate contamination specifications

Particulate contamination	Specifications
Air filtration	<p>Data center air filtration as defined by ISO Class 8 per ISO 14644-1 with a 95% upper confidence limit.</p> <p>NOTE: The ISO Class 8 condition applies to data center environments only. This air filtration requirement does not apply to IT equipment designed to be used outside a data center, in environments such as an office or factory floor.</p> <p>NOTE: Air entering the data center must have MERV11 or MERV13 filtration.</p>
Conductive dust	<p>Air must be free of conductive dust, zinc whiskers, or other conductive particles.</p> <p>NOTE: This condition applies to data center and non-data center environments.</p>
Corrosive dust	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Air must be free of corrosive dust. • Residual dust present in the air must have a deliquescent point less than 60% relative humidity. <p>NOTE: This condition applies to data center and non-data center environments.</p>

Table 26. Gaseous contamination specifications

Gaseous contamination	Specifications
Copper coupon corrosion rate	<300 Å/month per Class G1 as defined by ANSI/ISA71.04-2013.
Silver coupon corrosion rate	<200 Å/month as defined by ANSI/ISA71.04-2013.

NOTE: Maximum corrosive contaminant levels measured at ≤50% relative humidity.

Identifier	GUID-AEDA80DE-F171-42AC-967B-D62DF112EFDE
Status	Released

Initial system setup and configuration

Identifier	GUID-CEB81DE2-87AF-458B-952E-B71D3A5C3FEA
Status	Released

Setting up your system

Perform the following steps to set up your system:

Steps

1. Unpack the system.
2. Install the system into the rack. For more information about installing the system into the rack, see the *Rail Installation Guide* at www.dell.com/poweredgemanuals.
3. Connect the peripherals to the system.
4. Connect the system to its electrical outlet.
5. Power on the system by pressing the power button or by using iDRAC.
6. Power on the attached peripherals.

For more information about setting up your system, see the *Getting Started Guide* that shipped with your system.

Identifier	GUID-F6A0C7AF-C3D1-430A-9C19-9CD1F42FD138
Status	Released

iDRAC configuration

The Integrated Dell Remote Access Controller (iDRAC) is designed to make system administrators more productive and improve the overall availability of Dell systems. iDRAC alerts administrators about system issues and enables them to perform remote system management. This reduces the need for physical access to the system.

Identifier	GUID-B103AA76-1FAA-4450-87DB-595415D60C5B
Status	Released

Options to set up iDRAC IP address

To enable communication between your system and iDRAC, you must first configure the network settings based on your network infrastructure.

NOTE: For static IP configuration, you must request for it at the time of purchase.

This option is set to **DHCP** by Default. You can set up the IP address by using one of the following interfaces:

Interfaces	Document/Section
iDRAC Settings utility	<i>Dell Integrated Dell Remote Access Controller User's Guide</i> at www.dell.com/poweredgemanuals
Dell Deployment Toolkit	<i>Dell Deployment Toolkit User's Guide</i> at www.dell.com/openmanagemanuals > OpenManage Deployment Toolkit
Dell Lifecycle Controller	<i>Dell Lifecycle Controller User's Guide</i> at www.dell.com/poweredgemanuals
iDRAC Direct and Quick Sync 2 (optional)	See <i>Dell Integrated Dell Remote Access Controller User's Guide</i> at www.dell.com/poweredgemanuals

NOTE: To access iDRAC, ensure that you connect the ethernet cable to the iDRAC9 dedicated network port. You can also access iDRAC through the shared LOM mode, if you have opted for a system that has the shared LOM mode enabled.

Identifier GUID-4C2107BA-EF66-4B32-9913-6F8E53C335F2
Status Released

Log in to iDRAC

You can log in to iDRAC as:

- iDRAC user
- Microsoft Active Directory user
- Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP) user

If you have opted for secure default access to iDRAC, you must use the iDRAC secure default password available on the system Information tag. If you have not opted for secure default access to iDRAC, then use the default user name and password `-root` and `ca1v1n`. You can also log in by using your Single Sign-On or Smart Card.

NOTE: You must have the iDRAC credentials to log in to iDRAC.

NOTE: Ensure that you change the default user name and password after setting up the iDRAC IP address.

NOTE: The Intel Quick Assist Technology (QAT) on the Dell EMC PowerEdge T640 is supported with chipset integration and is enabled through an optional license. The license files are enabled on the sleds through iDRAC.

For more information about drivers, documentation, and white papers on the Intel QAT, see <https://01.org/intel-quickassist-technology>.

For more information about logging in to the iDRAC and iDRAC licenses, see the latest *Integrated Dell Remote Access Controller User's Guide* at www.dell.com/poweredgemanuals.

You can also access iDRAC by using RACADM. For more information, see the *RACADM Command Line Interface Reference Guide* at www.dell.com/poweredgemanuals.

Identifier GUID-DB9032D7-9186-4AD3-88C9-72F96686378C
Status Released

Options to install the operating system

If the system is shipped without an operating system, install a supported operating system by using one of the following resources:

Table 27. Resources to install the operating system

Resources	Location
iDRAC	www.dell.com/idracmanuals
Lifecycle Controller	www.dell.com/idracmanuals > Lifecycle Controller
OpenManage Deployment Toolkit	www.dell.com/openmanagemanuals > OpenManage Deployment Toolkit
Dell certified VMware ESXi	www.dell.com/virtualizationsolutions
Installation and How-to videos for supported operating systems on PowerEdge systems	Supported Operating Systems for Dell EMC PowerEdge systems

Identifier GUID-5D54BF63-7014-4627-8336-7EED724A6E97
Status Released

Methods to download firmware and drivers

You can download the firmware and drivers by using any of the following methods:

Table 28. Firmware and drivers

Methods	Location
From the Dell EMC support site	www.dell.com/support/home
Using Dell Remote Access Controller Lifecycle Controller (iDRAC with LC)	www.dell.com/idracmanuals
Using Dell Repository Manager (DRM)	www.dell.com/openmanagemanuals > Repository Manager
Using Dell OpenManage Essentials (OME)	www.dell.com/openmanagemanuals > OpenManage Essentials
Using Dell Server Update Utility (SUU)	www.dell.com/openmanagemanuals > Server Update Utility
Using Dell OpenManage Deployment Toolkit (DTK)	www.dell.com/openmanagemanuals > OpenManage Deployment Toolkit
Using iDRAC virtual media	www.dell.com/idracmanuals

Identifier Status	GUID-3FEE65C4-8FCA-4A29-B042-19F05D746390 Released
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Downloading drivers and firmware

Dell EMC recommends that you download and install the latest BIOS, drivers, and systems management firmware on your system.

Prerequisites

Ensure that you clear the web browser cache before downloading the drivers and firmware.

Steps

1. Go to www.dell.com/support/home.
2. In the **Drivers & Downloads** section, type the Service Tag of your system in the **Enter a Service Tag or product ID** box, and then click **Submit**.
 **NOTE: If you do not have the Service Tag, select Detect Product to allow the system to automatically detect the Service Tag, or click View products, and navigate to your product.**
3. Click **Drivers & Downloads**.
The drivers that are applicable to your system are displayed.
4. Download the drivers to a USB drive, CD, or DVD.

Identifier	GUID-53CC073C-7846-4BB4-901B-8043412A4237
Status	Released

Pre-operating system management applications

You can manage basic settings and features of a system without booting to the operating system by using the system firmware.

Topics:

- Options to manage the pre-operating system applications
- System Setup
- Dell Lifecycle Controller
- Boot Manager
- PXE boot

Identifier	GUID-29043DBD-F47B-4194-9EDF-A4AD839649D5
Status	Released

Options to manage the pre-operating system applications

Your system has the following options to manage the pre-operating system applications:

- System Setup
- Dell Lifecycle Controller
- Boot Manager
- Preboot Execution Environment (PXE)

Identifier	GUID-D926FD8D-A977-4289-B1E7-45D0FE546139
Status	Released

System Setup

By using the **System Setup** screen, you can configure the BIOS settings, iDRAC settings, and device settings of your system.

NOTE: Help text for the selected field is displayed in the graphical browser by default. To view the help text in the text browser, press F1.

You can access system setup by one of the following:

- Standard graphical browser—The browser is enabled by default.
- Text browser—The browser is enabled by using Console Redirection.

Identifier	GUID-89205AA6-C400-4026-AE6A-76A0A287F636
Status	Released

Viewing System Setup

To view the **System Setup** screen, perform the following steps:

Steps

1. Power on, or restart your system.

2. Press F2 immediately after you see the following message:

```
F2 = System Setup
```

NOTE: If your operating system begins to load before you press F2, wait for the system to finish booting, and then restart your system and try again.

Identifier	GUID-A3527EA8-BDCC-42EF-BEE3-DE4E4463A55B
Status	Released

System Setup details

The **System Setup Main Menu** screen details are explained as follows:

Option	Description
System BIOS	Enables you to configure BIOS settings.
iDRAC Settings	Enables you to configure the iDRAC settings. The iDRAC settings utility is an interface to set up and configure the iDRAC parameters by using UEFI (Unified Extensible Firmware Interface). You can enable or disable various iDRAC parameters by using the iDRAC settings utility. For more information about this utility, see <i>Integrated Dell Remote Access Controller User's Guide</i> at www.dell.com/poweredgemanuals .
Device Settings	Enables you to configure device settings.

Identifier	GUID-4C2BEF93-8071-4771-8FD6-8B34A3C9A0D2
Status	Released

System BIOS

You can use the **System BIOS** screen to edit specific functions such as boot order, system password, and setup password, set the SATA and PCIe NVMe RAID mode, and enable or disable USB ports.

Identifier	GUID-27E3876A-751B-4D5C-8AF6-D23532E519C7
Status	Released

Viewing System BIOS

To view the **System BIOS** screen, perform the following steps:

Steps

1. Power on, or restart your system.
2. Press F2 immediately after you see the following message:

```
F2 = System Setup
```

NOTE: If the operating system begins to load before you press F2, wait for the system to finish booting, and then restart the system and try again.

3. On the **System Setup Main Menu** screen, click **System BIOS**.

Identifier	GUID-62C95E9F-DCA7-4314-967F-8C31B3E9EDB1
Status	Released

System BIOS Settings details

About this task

The **System BIOS Settings** screen details are explained as follows:

Option	Description
System Information	Provides information about the system such as the system model name, BIOS version, and Service Tag.

Option	Description
Memory Settings	Provides information and options related to the installed memory.
Processor Settings	Provides information and options related to the processor such as speed and cache size.
SATA Settings	Provides options to enable or disable the integrated SATA controller and ports.
NVMe Settings	Provides options to change the NVMe settings. If the system contains the NVMe drives that you want to configure in a RAID array, you must set both this field and the Embedded SATA field on the SATA Settings menu to RAID mode. You might also need to change the Boot Mode setting to UEFI . Otherwise, you should set this field to Non-RAID mode.
Boot Settings	Provides options to specify the Boot mode (BIOS or UEFI). Enables you to modify UEFI and BIOS boot settings.
Network Settings	Provides options to manage the UEFI network settings and boot protocols. Legacy network settings are managed from the Device Settings menu.
Integrated Devices	Provides options to manage integrated device controllers and ports, specifies related features and options.
Serial Communication	Provides options to manage the serial ports, their related features and options.
System Profile Settings	Provides options to change the processor power management settings, and memory frequency.
System Security	Provides options to configure the system security settings, such as system password, setup password, Trusted Platform Module (TPM) security, and UEFI secure boot. It also manages the power button on the system.
Redundant OS Control	Sets the redundant OS information for redundant OS control.
Miscellaneous Settings	Provides options to change the system date and time.

Identifier	GUID-CC252A6A-99FC-4DCF-8872-5C84F52B5D64
Status	Released

System Information

You can use the **System Information** screen to view system properties such as Service Tag, system model name, and BIOS version.

Identifier	GUID-702069D6-7862-4BD4-A2EA-627A2CD38A6E
Status	Released

Viewing System Information

To view the **System Information** screen, perform the following steps:

Steps

1. Power on, or restart your system.
2. Press F2 immediately after you see the following message:

F2 = System Setup

NOTE: If your operating system begins to load before you press F2, wait for the system to finish booting, and then restart your system and try again.

3. On the **System Setup Main Menu** screen, click **System BIOS**.
4. On the **System BIOS** screen, click **System Information**.

Identifier	GUID-673D8A44-44EA-411A-A73F-3C43E3D9A083
Status	Released

System Information details

About this task

The **System Information** screen details are explained as follows:

Option	Description
System Model Name	Specifies the system model name.
System BIOS Version	Specifies the BIOS version installed on the system.
System Management Engine Version	Specifies the current version of the Management Engine firmware.
System Service Tag	Specifies the system Service Tag.
System Manufacturer	Specifies the name of the system manufacturer.
System Manufacturer Contact Information	Specifies the contact information of the system manufacturer.
System CPLD Version	Specifies the current version of the system complex programmable logic device (CPLD) firmware.
UEFI Compliance Version	Specifies the UEFI compliance level of the system firmware.

Identifier	GUID-87E8FC3A-D77A-4D26-9F74-A84DD1073CEC
Status	Released

Memory Settings

You can use the **Memory Settings** screen to view all the memory settings and enable or disable specific memory functions, such as system memory testing and node interleaving.

Identifier	GUID-39B095BC-6429-4A16-B399-1537E3351366
Status	Released

Viewing Memory Settings

To view the **Memory Settings** screen, perform the following steps:

Steps

1. Power on, or restart your system.
2. Press F2 immediately after you see the following message:

```
F2 = System Setup
```

NOTE: If the operating system begins to load before you press F2, wait for the system to finish booting, and then restart the system and try again.

3. On the **System Setup Main Menu** screen, click **System BIOS**.
4. On the **System BIOS** screen, click **Memory Settings**.

Identifier	GUID-82ABA29C-1E0D-404D-A7C7-B2F2C93E65CC
Status	Released

Memory Settings details

About this task

The **Memory Settings** screen details are explained as follows:

Option	Description
System Memory Size	Specifies the memory size in the system.
System Memory Type	Specifies the type of memory installed in the system.
System Memory Speed	Specifies the system memory speed.
System Memory Voltage	Specifies the system memory voltage.
Video Memory	Specifies the amount of video memory.
System Memory Testing	Specifies whether the system memory tests are run during system boot. Options are Enabled and Disabled . This option is set to Disabled by default.
Memory Operating Mode	Specifies the memory operating mode. The options available are Optimizer Mode , Single Rank Spare Mode , Multi Rank Spare Mode , Mirror Mode , and Dell Fault Resilient Mode . This option is set to Optimizer Mode by default. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i NOTE: The Memory Operating Mode option can have different default and available options based on the memory configuration of your system. i NOTE: The Dell Fault Resilient Mode option establishes an area of memory that is fault resilient. This mode can be used by an operating system that supports the feature to load critical applications or enables the operating system kernel to maximize system availability.
Current State of Memory Operating Mode	Specifies the current state of the memory operating mode.
Node Interleaving	Specifies if Non-Uniform Memory Architecture (NUMA) is supported. If this field is set to Enabled , memory interleaving is supported if a symmetric memory configuration is installed. If this field is set to Disabled , the system supports NUMA (asymmetric) memory configurations. This option is set to Disabled by default.
ADDDC Setting	Enables or disables ADDDC Setting feature. When Adaptive Double DRAM Device Correction (ADDDC) is enabled, failing DRAM's are dynamically mapped out. When set to Enabled it can have some impact to system performance under certain workloads. This feature is applicable for x4 DIMMs only. This option is set to Enabled by default.
Opportunistic Self-Refresh	Enables or disables opportunistic self-refresh feature. This option is set to Disabled by default.
Persistent Memory	This field controls Persistent Memory on the system. This option is only available if the persistent memory module is installed in the system.

Identifier	GUID-F5A74B92-A689-4BE1-828C-3B306D688A3A
Status	Released

Persistent Memory details

About this task

The **Persistent Memory** screen details can be found in the *NVDIMM-N User Guide* and *DCPMM User Guide* at www.dell.com/poweredge/manuals.

Identifier	GUID-62A667F2-00F2-4DEE-BFA7-1924C88FCAAF
Status	Released

Processor Settings

You can use the **Processor Settings** screen to view the processor settings and perform specific functions such as enabling virtualization technology, hardware prefetcher, logical processor idling.

Identifier	GUID-C441DB6C-38FF-4CA9-BDBA-DA060A8B16F1
Status	Released

Viewing Processor Settings

To view the **Processor Settings** screen, perform the following steps:

Steps

1. Power on, or restart your system.
2. Press F2 immediately after you see the following message:

```
F2 = System Setup
```

NOTE: If your operating system begins to load before you press F2, wait for the system to finish booting, and then restart your system and try again.

3. On the **System Setup Main Menu** screen, click **System BIOS**.
4. On the **System BIOS** screen, click **Processor Settings**.



Identifier	GUID-AC6A729A-E608-44B1-AFFC-E024F94B28C9
Status	Released

Processor Settings details

About this task

The **Processor Settings** screen details are explained as follows:

Option	Description
Logical Processor	Enables or disables the logical processors and displays the number of logical processors. If this option is set to Enabled , the BIOS displays all the logical processors. If this option is set to Disabled , the BIOS displays only one logical processor per core. This option is set to Enabled by default.
CPU Interconnect Speed	<p>Enables you to govern the frequency of the communication links among the processors in the system.</p> <p>NOTE: The standard and basic bin processors support lower link frequencies.</p> <p>The options available are Maximum data rate, 10.4 GT/s, and 9.6 GT/s. This option is set to Maximum data rate by default.</p> <p>Maximum data rate indicates that the BIOS runs the communication links at the maximum frequency supported by the processors. You can also select specific frequencies that the processors support, which can vary.</p> <p>For best performance, you should select Maximum data rate. Any reduction in the communication link frequency affects the performance of non-local memory accesses and cache coherency traffic. In addition, it can slow access to non-local I/O devices from a particular processor.</p> <p>However, if power saving considerations outweigh performance, you might want to reduce the frequency of the processor communication links. If you do this, you should localize memory and I/O accesses to the nearest NUMA node to minimize the impact to system performance.</p>
Virtualization Technology	Enables or disables the virtualization technology for the processor. This option is set to Enabled by default.
Adjacent Cache Line Prefetch	Optimizes the system for applications that need high utilization of sequential memory access. This option is set to Enabled by default. You can disable this option for applications that need high utilization of random memory access.
Hardware Prefetcher	Enables or disables the hardware prefetcher. This option is set to Enabled by default.

Option	Description
Software Prefetcher	Enables or disables the software prefetcher. This option is set to Enabled by default.
DCU Streamer Prefetcher	Enables or disables the Data Cache Unit (DCU) streamer prefetcher. This option is set to Enabled by default.
DCU IP Prefetcher	Enables or disables the Data Cache Unit (DCU) IP prefetcher. This option is set to Enabled by default.
UPI Prefetch	Enables you to get the memory read started early on DDR bus. The Ultra Path Interconnect (UPI) Rx path will spawn the speculative memory read to Integrated Memory Controller (iMC) directly. This option is set to Enabled by default.
Logical Processor Idling	Enables you to improve the energy efficiency of a system. It uses the operating system core parking algorithm and parks some of the logical processors in the system which in turn allows the corresponding processor cores to transition into a lower power idle state. This option can only be enabled if the operating system supports it. It is set to Disabled by default.
Configurable TDP	Enables you to configure the TDP level. The available options are Nominal , Level 1 , and Level 2 . This option is set to Nominal by default.  NOTE: This option is only available on certain stock keeping units (SKUs) of the processors.
x2APIC Mode	Enables or disables the x2APIC mode. This option is set to Enabled by default.
Number of Cores per Processor	Controls the number of enabled cores in each processor. This option is set to All by default.
Processor Core Speed	Specifies the maximum core frequency of the processor.
Processor Bus Speed	Displays the bus speed of the processor.
Processor n	 NOTE: Depending on the number of processors, there might be up to two processors listed.

The following settings are displayed for each processor installed in the system:

Option	Description
Family-Model-Stepping	Specifies the family, model, and stepping of the processor as defined by Intel.
Brand	Specifies the brand name.
Level 2 Cache	Specifies the total L2 cache.
Level 3 Cache	Specifies the total L3 cache.
Number of Cores	Specifies the number of cores per processor.
Maximum Memory Capacity	Specifies the maximum memory capacity per processor.
Microcode	Specifies the microcode.

Identifier	GUID-699EFC0B-7064-45F8-BF04-BC2CEABDBC3
Status	Released

SATA Settings

You can use the **SATA Settings** screen to view the settings of SATA devices and enable SATA and PCIe NVMe RAID mode on your system.

Identifier	GUID-4EB7A9C6-1CCD-4F80-B520-BA9FCBC63360
Status	Released

Viewing SATA Settings

To view the **SATA Settings** screen, perform the following steps:

Steps

1. Power on, or restart your system.
2. Press F2 immediately after you see the following message:

F2 = System Setup

NOTE: If your operating system begins to load before you press F2, wait for the system to finish booting, and then restart your system and try again.

3. On the **System Setup Main Menu** screen, click **System BIOS**.
4. On the **System BIOS** screen, click **SATA Settings**.

Identifier	GUID-B28501D9-C477-4F5C-A0D4-0D20F2ACC4D8
Status	Released

SATA Settings details

About this task

The **SATA Settings** screen details are explained as follows:

Option	Description								
Embedded SATA	Enables the embedded SATA option to be set to Off , or AHCI Mode , or RAID Mode . This option is set to AHCI Mode by default.								
Security Freeze Lock	Enables you to send Security Freeze Lock command to the embedded SATA drives during POST. This option is applicable only for AHCI mode. This option is set to Enabled by default.								
Write Cache	Enables or disables the command for the embedded SATA drives during POST. This option is set to Disabled by default.								
Port n	Enables you to set the drive type of the selected device. For AHCI Mode or RAID Mode , BIOS support is always enabled.								
	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Option</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Model</td> <td>Specifies the drive model of the selected device.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Drive Type</td> <td>Specifies the type of drive attached to the SATA port.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Capacity</td> <td>Specifies the total capacity of the drive. This field is undefined for removable media devices such as optical drives.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Option	Description	Model	Specifies the drive model of the selected device.	Drive Type	Specifies the type of drive attached to the SATA port.	Capacity	Specifies the total capacity of the drive. This field is undefined for removable media devices such as optical drives.
Option	Description								
Model	Specifies the drive model of the selected device.								
Drive Type	Specifies the type of drive attached to the SATA port.								
Capacity	Specifies the total capacity of the drive. This field is undefined for removable media devices such as optical drives.								

Identifier	GUID-396B6A87-6C11-4116-B230-D8B2765905E4
Status	Released

NVMe Settings

The NVMe settings enable you to set the NVMe drives to either **RAID** mode or **Non-RAID** mode.

NOTE: To configure these drives as RAID drives, you must set the NVMe drives and the Embedded SATA option in the SATA Settings menu to RAID mode. If not, you must set this field to Non-RAID mode.

Identifier	GUID-41D3A07F-564A-4010-BA86-E02882BCBD13
Status	Released

Viewing NVMe Settings

To view the **NVMe Settings** screen, perform the following steps:

Steps

1. Power on, or restart your system.
2. Press F2 immediately after you see the following message:

```
F2 = System Setup
```

NOTE: If your operating system begins to load before you press F2, wait for the system to finish booting, and then restart your system and try again.

3. On the **System Setup Main Menu** screen, click **System BIOS**.
4. On the **System BIOS** screen, click **NVMe Settings**.

Identifier	GUID-D9FE4589-88F0-4172-A708-F1D76EAFB44B
Status	Released

NVMe Settings details

About this task

The NVMe Settings screen details are explained as follows:

Option	Description
NVMe Mode	Enables you to set the NVMe mode. This option is set to Non RAID by default.

Identifier	GUID-9E547053-FE7C-4824-8FCA-A0DBD619108F
Status	Released

Boot Settings

You can use the **Boot Settings** screen to set the boot mode to either **BIOS** or **UEFI**. It also enables you to specify the boot order.

- **UEFI:** The Unified Extensible Firmware Interface (UEFI) is a new interface between operating systems and platform firmware. The interface consists of data tables with platform related information, boot and runtime service calls that are available to the operating system and its loader. The following benefits are available when the **Boot Mode** is set to **UEFI**:
 - Support for drive partitions larger than 2 TB.
 - Enhanced security (e.g., UEFI Secure Boot).
 - Faster boot time.
- **NOTE:** You must use only the UEFI boot mode in order to boot from NVMe drives.
- **BIOS:** The **BIOS Boot Mode** is the legacy boot mode. It is maintained for backward compatibility.

Identifier	GUID-1433BB4D-532E-4873-BA59-635D7AA90DE7
Status	Released

Viewing Boot Settings

To view the **Boot Settings** screen, perform the following steps:

Steps

1. Power on, or restart your system.
2. Press F2 immediately after you see the following message:

```
F2 = System Setup
```

NOTE: If your operating system begins to load before you press F2, wait for the system to finish booting, and then restart your system and try again.





3. On the **System Setup Main Menu** screen, click **System BIOS**.
4. On the **System BIOS** screen, click **Boot Settings**.

Identifier	GUID-4288B5CF-F132-4B56-9F29-3E795967FF20
Status	Released

Boot Settings details

About this task

The **Boot Settings** screen details are explained as follows:

Option	Description
Boot Mode	<p>Enables you to set the boot mode of the system.</p> <p> CAUTION: Switching the boot mode may prevent the system from booting if the operating system is not installed in the same boot mode.</p> <p>If the operating system supports UEFI, you can set this option to UEFI. Setting this field to BIOS enables compatibility with non-UEFI operating systems. This option is set to UEFI by default.</p> <p> NOTE: Setting this field to UEFI disables the BIOS Boot Settings menu.</p>
Boot Sequence Retry	<p>Enables or disables the Boot Sequence Retry feature or resets the system. If the last attempt to boot has failed, the system immediately performs a cold reset or retries to boot after a 30 seconds, depending on if this field is set to Reset or Enabled. This option is set to Enabled by default.</p>
Hard-Disk Failover	<p>Specifies the drive that is booted in the event of a drive failure. The devices are selected in the Hard-Disk Drive Sequence on the Boot Option Setting menu. When this option is set to Disabled, only the first drive in the list is attempted to boot. When this option is set to Enabled, all drives are attempted to boot in the order selected in the Hard-Disk Drive Sequence. This option is not enabled for UEFI Boot Mode. This option is set to Disabled by default.</p>
Generic USB Boot	<p>Enables or disables the USB boot option. This option is set to Disabled by default.</p>
Hard-disk Drive Placeholder	<p>Enables or disables the Hard-disk drive placeholder option. This option is set to Disabled by default.</p>
BIOS Boot Settings	<p>Enables or disables BIOS boot options.</p> <p> NOTE: This option is enabled only if the boot mode is BIOS.</p>
UEFI Boot Settings	<p>Enables or disables UEFI Boot options.</p> <p>The Boot options include IPv4 PXE and IPv6 PXE. This option is set to IPv4 by default.</p> <p> NOTE: This option is enabled only if the boot mode is UEFI.</p>
UEFI Boot Sequence	<p>Enables you to change the boot device order.</p>
Boot Options Enable/Disable	<p>Enables you to select the enabled or disabled boot devices.</p>

Identifier	GUID-95595EDB-CAB5-4D81-86DD-282E9542F7B6
Status	Released

Choosing system boot mode

System Setup enables you to specify one of the following boot modes for installing your operating system:

- BIOS boot mode is the standard BIOS-level boot interface.
- UEFI boot mode (the default), is an enhanced 64-bit boot interface.

If you have configured your system to boot to UEFI mode, it replaces the system BIOS.

1. From the **System Setup Main Menu**, click **Boot Settings**, and select **Boot Mode**.
2. Select the UEFI boot mode you want the system to boot into.

CAUTION: Switching the boot mode may prevent the system from booting if the operating system is not installed in the same boot mode.

3. After the system boots in the specified boot mode, proceed to install your operating system from that mode.

NOTE: Operating systems must be UEFI-compatible to be installed from the UEFI boot mode. DOS and 32-bit operating systems do not support UEFI and can only be installed from the BIOS boot mode.

NOTE: For the latest information about supported operating systems, go to www.dell.com/ossupport.

Identifier	GUID-07C7DF74-38AB-4C4D-9AA8-D93624C5158E
Status	Released

Changing boot order

About this task

You may have to change the boot order if you want to boot from a USB key. You may have to change the boot order if you want to boot from a USB key or an optical drive. The following instructions may vary if you have selected **BIOS** for **Boot Mode**.

Steps

1. On the **System Setup Main Menu** screen, click **System BIOS > Boot Settings > UEFI/BIOS Boot Settings > UEFI/BIOS Boot Sequence**.

2. Click **Boot Option Settings > BIOS/UEFI Boot Settings > Boot Sequence**.

NOTE: Use the arrow keys to select a boot device, and use the plus (+) and minus (-) sign keys to move the device down or up in the order.

3. Click **Exit**, and then click **Yes** to save the settings on exit.

Identifier	GUID-CC167672-81D3-4B87-8CED-B74427962AD0
Status	Released

Network Settings

You can use the **Network Settings** screen to modify UEFI PXE, iSCSI, and HTTP boot settings. The network settings option is available only in the UEFI mode.

NOTE: BIOS does not control network settings in the BIOS mode. For the BIOS boot mode, the optional Boot ROM of the network controllers handles the network settings.

Identifier	GUID-C9080BAA-62B2-40DE-941F-5D939747475C
Status	Released

Viewing Network Settings

To view the **Network Settings** screen, perform the following steps:

Steps

1. Power on, or restart your system.

2. Press F2 immediately after you see the following message:

```
F2 = System Setup
```

NOTE: If your operating system begins to load before you press F2, wait for the system to finish booting, and then restart your system and try again.

3. On the **System Setup Main Menu** screen, click **System BIOS**.

4. On the **System BIOS** screen, click **Network Settings**.

Identifier	GUID-9C51DA51-981C-4A94-A060-BC107A2615A7
Status	Released

Network Settings screen details

The **Network Settings** screen details are explained as follows:

About this task

Option	Description				
UEFI PXE Settings	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Options</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>PXE Device n (n = 1 to 4)</td> <td>Enables or disables the device. When enabled, a UEFI PXE boot option is created for the device.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Options	Description	PXE Device n (n = 1 to 4)	Enables or disables the device. When enabled, a UEFI PXE boot option is created for the device.
Options	Description				
PXE Device n (n = 1 to 4)	Enables or disables the device. When enabled, a UEFI PXE boot option is created for the device.				
PXE Device n Settings (n = 1 to 4)	Enables you to control the configuration of the PXE device.				
UEFI HTTP Settings	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Options</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>HTTP Device (n = 1 to 4)</td> <td>Enables or disables the device. When enabled, a UEFI HTTP boot option is created for the device.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Options	Description	HTTP Device (n = 1 to 4)	Enables or disables the device. When enabled, a UEFI HTTP boot option is created for the device.
Options	Description				
HTTP Device (n = 1 to 4)	Enables or disables the device. When enabled, a UEFI HTTP boot option is created for the device.				
HTTP Device n Settings (n = 1 to 4)	Enables you to control the configuration of the HTTP device.				
UEFI iSCSI Settings	Enables you to control the configuration of the iSCSI device.				

Table 29. UEFI iSCSI Settings screen details

Option	Description
iSCSI Initiator Name	Specifies the name of the iSCSI initiator in IQN format.
iSCSI Device1	Enables or disables the iSCSI device. When disabled, a UEFI boot option is created for the iSCSI device automatically. This is set to Enabled by default.
iSCSI Device1 Settings	Enables you to control the configuration of the iSCSI device.

Identifier	GUID-3CC949D0-B7BD-42E2-8875-91CB6983D1CF
Status	Released

Integrated Devices

You can use the **Integrated Devices** screen to view and configure the settings of all integrated devices including the video controller, integrated RAID controller, and the USB ports.

Identifier	GUID-CF42E884-BDCB-4730-8AB7-60CA078E4FCC
Status	Released

Viewing Integrated Devices

To view the **Integrated Devices** screen, perform the following steps:

Steps

1. Power on, or restart your system.
2. Press F2 immediately after you see the following message:

F2 = System Setup

NOTE: If your operating system begins to load before you press F2, wait for the system to finish booting, and then restart your system and try again.

- On the **System Setup Main Menu** screen, click **System BIOS**.
- On the **System BIOS** screen, click **Integrated Devices**.

Identifier	GUID-23E470F9-16B1-4A77-A17E-637BFC3BA641
Status	Released

Integrated Devices details

About this task

The **Integrated Devices** screen details are explained as follows:

Option	Description
User Accessible USB Ports	<p>Configures the user accessible USB ports. Selecting Only Back Ports On disables the front USB ports; selecting All Ports Off disables all front and back USB ports; selecting All Ports Off (Dynamic) disables all front and back USB ports during POST and front ports can be enabled or disabled dynamically by an authorized user or authorized users without resetting the system.</p> <p>The USB keyboard and mouse function in certain USB ports during the boot process, depending on the selection. After the boot process is complete, the USB ports will be enabled or disabled as per the setting.</p>
Internal USB Port	<p>Enables or disables the internal USB port. This option is set to On or Off. This option is set to On by default.</p> <p>NOTE: The Internal SD Card Port on the PCIe riser is controlled by Internal USB Port.</p>
iDRAC Direct USB Port	<p>The iDRAC Direct USB port is managed by iDRAC exclusively with no host visibility. This option is set to ON or OFF. When set to OFF, iDRAC does not detect any USB devices installed in this managed port. This option is set to On by default.</p>
Embedded NIC1 and NIC2	<p>Enables or disables the OS interface of the embedded NIC1 and NIC2 Controller.</p> <p>NOTE: If set to Disabled (OS), the embedded NICs may still be available for shared network access by the embedded management controller. This function must be configured via the NIC management utilities provided with your system.</p> <p>NOTE: The LOM (Broadcom 57416) is compatible with 10GBASE-T IEEE 802.3an and 1000 BASE-T IEEE 802.3ab.</p>
I/OAT DMA Engine	<p>Enables or disables the I/O Acceleration Technology (I/OAT) option. I/OAT is a set of DMA features designed to accelerate network traffic and lower CPU utilization. Enable only if the hardware and software support the feature. This option is set to Disabled by default.</p>
Embedded Video Controller	<p>Enables or disables the use of Embedded Video Controller as the primary display. When set to Enabled, the Embedded Video Controller is used as the primary display even if add-in graphic cards are installed. When set to Disabled, an add-in graphics card is used as the primary display. BIOS will output displays to both the primary add-in video and the embedded video during POST and pre-boot environment. The embedded video is disabled before the operating system boots. This option is set to Enabled by default.</p> <p>NOTE: When there are multiple add-in graphic cards installed in the system, the first card discovered during PCI enumeration is selected as the primary video. You might have to re-arrange the cards in the slots in order to control which card is the primary video.</p>
Current State of Embedded Video Controller	<p>Displays the current state of the embedded video controller. The Current State of Embedded Video Controller option is a read-only field. If the Embedded Video Controller is the only display capability in the system (that is, no add-in graphics card is installed), then the Embedded Video Controller is automatically used as the primary display even if the Embedded Video Controller setting is set to Enabled.</p>
SR-IOV Global Enable	<p>Enables or disables the BIOS configuration of Single Root I/O Virtualization (SR-IOV) devices. This option is set to Disabled by default.</p>
OS Watchdog Timer	<p>If your system stops responding, this watchdog timer aids in the recovery of your operating system. When this option is set to Enabled, the operating system initializes the timer. When this option is set to Disabled (the default), the timer does not have any effect on the system.</p>
Empty Slot Unhide	<p>Enables or disables the root ports of all the empty slots that are accessible to the BIOS and OS. This option is set to Disabled by default.</p>

Option	Description
Memory Mapped I/O above 4 GB	Enables or disables the support for the PCIe devices that need large amounts of memory. Enable this option only for 64-bit operating systems. This option is set to Enabled by default.
Memory Mapped I/O Base	When set to 12 TB , the system maps the MMIO base to 12 TB. Enable this option for an OS that requires 44 bit PCIe addressing. When set to 512 GB , the system maps the MMIO base to 512 GB, and reduces the maximum support for memory to less than 512 GB. Enable this option only for the 4 GPU DGMA issue. This option is set to 56 TB by default.
Slot Disablement	Enables or disables the available PCIe slots on your system. The slot disablement feature controls the configuration of the PCIe cards installed in the specified slot. Slots must be disabled only when the installed peripheral card prevents booting into the operating system or causes delays in system startup. If the slot is disabled, both the Option ROM and UEFI drivers are disabled. Only slots that are present on the system are available for control.
Slot Bifurcation	Allows Platform Default Bifurcation , Auto Discovery of Bifurcation and Manual Bifurcation Control . The default is set to Platform Default Bifurcation . The slot bifurcation field is accessible when set to Manual Bifurcation Control and is disabled when set to Platform Default Bifurcation or Auto Discovery of Bifurcation .

Table 30. Slot Bifurcation

Option	Description
Slot 1 Bifurcation	x16, x4, x8, x4 x4 x8 or x8 x4 x4 Bifurcation
Slot 2 Bifurcation	x4 (Display only)
Slot 3 Bifurcation	x16, x4, x8, x4 x4 x8 or x8 x4 x4 Bifurcation
Slot 4 Bifurcation	x4 or x8 Bifurcation
Slot 5 Bifurcation	x4 (Display only)
Slot 6 Bifurcation	x16, x4, x8, x4 x4 x8 or x8 x4 x4 Bifurcation
Slot 7 Bifurcation	x4 or x8 Bifurcation
Slot 8 Bifurcation	x16, x4, x8, x4 x4 x8 or x8 x4 x4 Bifurcation

Identifier	GUID-8D06E915-1110-489C-8985-45419AE5C99A
Status	Released

Serial Communication

You can use the **Serial Communication** screen to view the properties of the serial communication port.

Identifier	GUID-86BA3A37-3D8F-4D6F-A11C-4DA28D0D90D3
Status	Released

Viewing Serial Communication

To view the **Serial Communication** screen, perform the following steps:

Steps

1. Power on, or restart your system.
2. Press F2 immediately after you see the following message:

```
F2 = System Setup
```

NOTE: If your operating system begins to load before you press F2, wait for the system to finish booting, and then restart your system and try again.

3. On the **System Setup Main Menu** screen, click **System BIOS**.
4. On the **System BIOS** screen, click **Serial Communication**.

Identifier	GUID-E0779196-FA22-4268-8E8C-E3EBB586897D
Status	Released

Serial Communication details

About this task

The **Serial Communication** screen details are explained as follows:

Option	Description
Serial Communication	Enables you to select serial communication devices (Serial Device 1 and Serial Device 2) in BIOS. BIOS console redirection can also be enabled, and the port address can be specified. This option is set to Auto by default.
Serial Port Address	Enables you to set the port address for serial device. This field sets the serial port address to either COM1 or COM2 (COM1=0x3F8, COM2=0x2F8). This option is set to Serial Device1=COM2 or Serial Device 2=COM1 by default. <i>i</i> NOTE: You can use only Serial Device 2 for the Serial Over LAN (SOL) feature. To use console redirection by SOL, configure the same port address for console redirection and the serial device. <i>i</i> NOTE: Every time the system boots, the BIOS syncs the serial MUX setting saved in iDRAC. The serial MUX setting can independently be changed in iDRAC. Loading the BIOS default settings from within the BIOS setup utility may not always revert the serial MUX setting to the default setting of Serial Device 1.
External Serial Connector	Enables you to associate the External Serial Connector to Serial Device 1 , Serial Device 2 , or the Remote Access Device by using this option. This option is set to Serial Device 1 by default. <i>i</i> NOTE: Only Serial Device 2 can be used for Serial Over LAN (SOL). To use console redirection by SOL, configure the same port address for console redirection and the serial device. <i>i</i> NOTE: Every time the system boots, the BIOS syncs the serial MUX setting saved in iDRAC. The serial MUX setting can independently be changed in iDRAC. Loading the BIOS default settings from within the BIOS setup utility may not always revert this setting to the default setting of Serial Device 1.
Failsafe Baud Rate	Specifies the failsafe baud rate for console redirection. The BIOS attempts to determine the baud rate automatically. This failsafe baud rate is used only if the attempt fails, and the value must not be changed. This option is set to 115200 by default.
Remote Terminal Type	Enables you to set the remote console terminal type. This option is set to VT100/VT220 by default.
Redirection After Boot	Enables or disables the BIOS console redirection when the operating system is loaded. This option is set to Enabled by default.

Identifier	GUID-E16FB291-2D50-435C-A986-6B7364F1C26C
Status	Released

System Profile Settings

You can use the **System Profile Settings** screen to enable specific system performance settings such as power management.

Identifier	GUID-4F8DAFA5-E5A9-4078-A782-D2D2051D546D
Status	Released

Viewing System Profile Settings

To view the **System Profile Settings** screen, perform the following steps:

Steps

1. Power on, or restart your system.
2. Press F2 immediately after you see the following message:

F2 = System Setup

NOTE: If your operating system begins to load before you press F2, wait for the system to finish booting, and then restart your system and try again.

3. On the **System Setup Main Menu** screen, click **System BIOS**.
4. On the **System BIOS** screen, click **System Profile Settings**.

Identifier	GUID-F2409FCF-E00D-4510-9012-200658384CFD
Status	Released

System Profile Settings details

About this task

The **System Profile Settings** screen details are explained as follows:

Option	Description
System Profile	Sets the system profile. If you set the System Profile option to a mode other than Custom , the BIOS automatically sets the rest of the options. You can only change the rest of the options if the mode is set to Custom . This option is set to Performance Per Watt Optimized (DAPC) by default. DAPC is Dell Active Power Controller. NOTE: All the parameters on the system profile setting screen are available only when the System Profile option is set to Custom.
CPU Power Management	Sets the CPU power management. This option is set to System DBPM (DAPC) by default. DBPM is Demand-Based Power Management.
Memory Frequency	Sets the speed of the system memory. You can select Maximum Performance , Maximum Reliability , or a specific speed. This option is set to Maximum Performance by default.
Turbo Boost	Enables or disables the processor to operate in the turbo boost mode. This option is set to Enabled by default.
C1E	Enables or disables the processor to switch to a minimum performance state when it is idle. This option is set to Enabled by default.
C States	Enables or disables the processor to operate in all available power states. This option is set to Enabled by default.
Write Data CRC	Enables or disables the Write Data CRC. This option is set to Disabled by default.
Memory Patrol Scrub	Sets the memory patrol scrub frequency. This option is set to Standard by default.
Memory Refresh Rate	Sets the memory refresh rate to either 1x or 2x. This option is set to 1x by default.
Uncore Frequency	Enables you to select the Processor Uncore Frequency option. Dynamic mode enables the processor to optimize power resources across cores and uncores during runtime. The optimization of the uncore frequency to either save power or optimize performance is influenced by the setting of the Energy Efficiency Policy option.
Energy Efficient Policy	Enables you to select the Energy Efficient Policy option. The CPU uses the setting to manipulate the internal behavior of the processor and determines whether to target higher performance or better power savings. This option is set to Balanced Performance by default.
Number of Turbo Boost Enabled Cores for Processor 1	NOTE: If there are two processors installed in the system, you will see an entry for Number of Turbo Boost Enabled Cores for Processor 2 . Controls the number of turbo boost enabled cores for Processor 1. The maximum number of cores is enabled by default.
Monitor/Mwait	Enables the Monitor/Mwait instructions in the processor. This option is set to Enabled for all system profiles, except Custom by default. NOTE: This option can be disabled only if the C States option in the Custom mode is set to disabled. NOTE: When C States is set to Enabled in the Custom mode, changing the Monitor/Mwait setting does not impact the system power or performance.

Option	Description
CPU Interconnect Bus Link Power Management	Enables or disables the CPU Interconnect Bus Link Power Management. This option is set to Enabled by default.
PCI ASPM L1 Link Power Management	Enables or disables the PCI ASPM L1 Link Power Management. This option is set to Enabled by default.

Identifier	GUID-74D436C0-8345-4F55-B0B9-274B8A9F2FBF
Status	Released

System Security

You can use the **System Security** screen to perform specific functions such as setting the system password, setup password and disabling the power button.

Identifier	GUID-672C66C8-33C6-4BE4-A055-33A23A15FB93
Status	Released

Viewing System Security

To view the **System Security** screen, perform the following steps:

Steps

1. Power on, or restart your system.
2. Press F2 immediately after you see the following message:

```
F2 = System Setup
```

NOTE: If your operating system begins to load before you press F2, wait for the system to finish booting, and then restart your system and try again.

3. On the **System Setup Main Menu** screen, click **System BIOS**.
4. On the **System BIOS** screen, click **System Security**.

Identifier	GUID-31B04039-7E2B-460A-820F-DA8E9B23A9A3
Status	Released

System Security Settings details

About this task

The **System Security Settings** screen details are explained as follows:

Option	Description
CPU AES-NI	Improves the speed of applications by performing encryption and decryption by using the Advanced Encryption Standard Instruction Set (AES-NI). This option is set to Enabled by default.
System Password	Enables you to set the system password. This option is set to Enabled by default and is read-only if the password jumper is not installed in the system.
Setup Password	Enables you to set the system setup password. This option is read-only if the password jumper is not installed in the system.
Password Status	Enables you to lock the system password. This option is set to Unlocked by default.
TPM Security	<p>NOTE: The TPM menu is available only when the TPM module is installed.</p> <p>Enables you to control the reporting mode of the TPM. The TPM Security option is set to Off by default. You can only modify the TPM Status TPM Activation, and the Intel TXT fields if the TPM Status field is set to either On with Pre-boot Measurements or On without Pre-boot Measurements.</p> <p>When TPM 1.2 is installed, the TPM Security option is set to Off, On with Pre-boot Measurements, or On without Pre-boot Measurements.</p>

Option **Description**

Table 31. TPM 1.2 security information

Option	Description
TPM Information	Changes the operational state of the TPM. This option is set to No Change by default.
TPM Firmware	Indicates the firmware version of the TPM.
TPM Status	Specifies the TPM status.
TPM Command	Controls the Trusted Platform Module (TPM). When set to None , no command is sent to the TPM. When set to Activate , the TPM is enabled and activated. When set to Deactivate , the TPM is disabled and deactivated. When set to Clear , all the contents of the TPM are cleared. This option is set to None by default.

When TPM 2.0 is installed, the **TPM Security** option is set to **On** or **Off**. This option is set to **Off** by default.

Table 32. TPM 2.0 security information

Option	Description
TPM Information	Changes the operational state of the TPM. This option is set to No Change by default.
TPM Firmware	Indicates the firmware version of the TPM.
TPM Hierarchy	Enable, disable, or clear the storage and endorsement hierarchies. When set to Enabled , the storage and endorsement hierarchies can be used. When set to Disabled , the storage and endorsement hierarchies cannot be used. When set to Clear , the storage and endorsement hierarchies are cleared of any values, and then reset to Enabled .

- TPM Information** Enables you to change the operational state of the TPM. This option is set to **No Change** by default.
- TPM Status** Specifies the TPM status.
- TPM Command** Controls the Trusted Platform Module (TPM). When set to **None**, no command is sent to the TPM. When set to **Activate**, the TPM is enabled and activated. When set to **Deactivate**, the TPM is disabled and deactivated. When set to **Clear**, all the contents of the TPM are cleared. This option is set to **None** by default.

 **CAUTION: Clearing the TPM results in the loss of all keys in the TPM. The loss of TPM keys may affect booting to the operating system.**

This field is read-only when **TPM Security** is set to **Off**. The action requires an additional reboot before it can take effect.

- Intel(R) TXT** Enables you to set the Intel Trusted Execution Technology (TXT) option. To enable the **Intel TXT** option, virtualization technology and TPM Security must be enabled with Pre-boot measurements. This option is set to **Off** by default.
- Power Button** Enables you to set the power button on the front of the system. This option is set to **Enabled** by default.
- AC Power Recovery** Sets how the system behaves after AC power is restored to the system. This option is set to **Last** by default.
- AC Power Recovery Delay** Enables you to set the time that the system should take to power up after AC power is restored to the system. This option is set to **Immediate** by default.
- User Defined Delay (60 s to 600 s)** Enables you to set the **User Defined Delay** option when the **User Defined** option for **AC Power Recovery Delay** is selected.

Option	Description								
UEFI Variable Access	Provides varying degrees of securing UEFI variables. When set to Standard (the default), UEFI variables are accessible in the operating system per the UEFI specification. When set to Controlled , selected UEFI variables are protected in the environment, and new UEFI boot entries are forced to be at the end of the current boot order.								
In-Band Manageability Interface	When set to Disabled , this setting will hide the Management Engine's (ME), HECI devices, and the system's IPMI devices from the operating system. This prevents the operating system from changing the ME power capping settings, and blocks access to all in-band management tools. All management should be managed through out-of-band. This option is set to Enabled by default. NOTE: BIOS update requires HECI devices to be operational and DUP updates require IPMI interface to be operational. This setting needs to be set to Enabled to avoid updating errors.								
Secure Boot	Enables Secure Boot, where the BIOS authenticates each pre-boot image by using the certificates in the Secure Boot Policy. Secure Boot is set to Disabled by default.								
Secure Boot Policy	When Secure Boot policy is set to Standard , the BIOS uses the system manufacturer key and certificates to authenticate pre-boot images. When Secure Boot policy is set to Custom , the BIOS uses the user-defined key and certificates. Secure Boot policy is set to Standard by default.								
Secure Boot Mode	Enables you to configure how the BIOS uses the Secure Boot Policy Objects (PK, KEK, db, dbx). If the current mode is set to Deployed Mode , the available options are User Mode and Deployed Mode . If the current mode is set to User Mode , the available options are User Mode , Audit Mode , and Deployed Mode . <table border="1" data-bbox="331 869 1489 1422"> <thead> <tr> <th>Options</th> <th>Description</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>User Mode</td> <td>In User Mode, PK must be installed, and BIOS performs signature verification on programmatic attempts to update policy objects. BIOS allows unauthenticated programmatic transitions between modes.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Audit Mode</td> <td>In Audit mode, PK is not present. BIOS does not authenticate programmatic updates to the policy objects, and transitions between modes. Audit Mode is useful for programmatically determining a working set of policy objects. BIOS performs signature verification on pre-boot images and logs the results in the image Execution Information Table, but approves the images whether they pass or fail verification.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Deployed Mode</td> <td>Deployed Mode is the most secure mode. In Deployed Mode, PK must be installed and the BIOS performs signature verification on programmatic attempts to update policy objects. Deployed Mode restricts the programmatic mode transitions.</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Options	Description	User Mode	In User Mode , PK must be installed, and BIOS performs signature verification on programmatic attempts to update policy objects. BIOS allows unauthenticated programmatic transitions between modes.	Audit Mode	In Audit mode , PK is not present. BIOS does not authenticate programmatic updates to the policy objects, and transitions between modes. Audit Mode is useful for programmatically determining a working set of policy objects. BIOS performs signature verification on pre-boot images and logs the results in the image Execution Information Table, but approves the images whether they pass or fail verification.	Deployed Mode	Deployed Mode is the most secure mode. In Deployed Mode , PK must be installed and the BIOS performs signature verification on programmatic attempts to update policy objects. Deployed Mode restricts the programmatic mode transitions.
Options	Description								
User Mode	In User Mode , PK must be installed, and BIOS performs signature verification on programmatic attempts to update policy objects. BIOS allows unauthenticated programmatic transitions between modes.								
Audit Mode	In Audit mode , PK is not present. BIOS does not authenticate programmatic updates to the policy objects, and transitions between modes. Audit Mode is useful for programmatically determining a working set of policy objects. BIOS performs signature verification on pre-boot images and logs the results in the image Execution Information Table, but approves the images whether they pass or fail verification.								
Deployed Mode	Deployed Mode is the most secure mode. In Deployed Mode , PK must be installed and the BIOS performs signature verification on programmatic attempts to update policy objects. Deployed Mode restricts the programmatic mode transitions.								
Secure Boot Policy Summary	Specifies the list of certificates and hashes that secure boot uses to authenticate images.								
Secure Boot Custom Policy Settings	Configures the Secure Boot Custom Policy. To enable this option, set the Secure Boot Policy to Custom .								

Identifier	GUID-984D6DD1-69C0-4BED-8926-E98CE36EB826
Status	Released

Creating a system and setup password

Prerequisites

Ensure that the password jumper is enabled. The password jumper enables or disables the system password and setup password features. For more information, see the System board jumper settings section.

NOTE: If the password jumper setting is disabled, the existing system password and setup password are deleted and you need not provide the system password to boot the system.

Steps

1. To enter System Setup, press F2 immediately after turning on or rebooting your system.
2. On the **System Setup Main Menu** screen, click **System BIOS > System Security**.
3. On the **System Security** screen, verify that **Password Status** is set to **Unlocked**.
4. In the **System Password** field, type your system password, and press Enter or Tab.

Use the following guidelines to assign the system password:

- A password can have up to 32 characters.
- The password can contain the numbers 0 through 9.
- Only the following special characters are allowed: space, ("), (+), (,), (-), (.), (/), (:), ([), (\), (]), (').

A message prompts you to reenter the system password.

5. Reenter the system password, and click **OK**.
6. In the **Setup Password** field, type your setup password and press Enter or Tab.
A message prompts you to reenter the setup password.
7. Reenter the setup password, and click **OK**.
8. Press Esc to return to the System BIOS screen. Press Esc again.
A message prompts you to save the changes.

NOTE: Password protection does not take effect until the system reboots.

Identifier	GUID-1D68A622-09C9-4741-849C-78791F7F485A
Status	Released

Using your system password to secure the system

About this task

If you have assigned a setup password, the system accepts your setup password as an alternate system password.

Steps

1. Power on or reboot your system.
2. Type the system password and press Enter.

Next steps

When **Password Status** is set to **Locked**, type the system password and press Enter when prompted at reboot.

NOTE: If an incorrect system password is typed, the system displays a message and prompts you to reenter your password. You have three attempts to type the correct password. After the third unsuccessful attempt, the system displays an error message that the system has stopped functioning and must be turned off. Even after you turn off and restart the system, the error message is displayed until the correct password is entered.

Identifier	GUID-EFB53C42-EDA6-42AA-8795-227BAF55DCC3
Status	Released

Deleting or changing system and setup password

Prerequisites

NOTE: You cannot delete or change an existing system or setup password if the Password Status is set to Locked.

Steps

1. To enter System Setup, press F2 immediately after turning on or restarting your system.
2. On the **System Setup Main Menu** screen, click **System BIOS > System Security**.
3. On the **System Security** screen, ensure that **Password Status** is set to **Unlocked**.
4. In the **System Password** field, change or delete the existing system password, and then press Enter or Tab.
5. In the **Setup Password** field, alter or delete the existing setup password, and then press Enter or Tab.

NOTE: If you change the system password or setup password, a message prompts you to reenter the new password. If you delete the system password or setup password, a message prompts you to confirm the deletion.

6. Press Esc to return to the **System BIOS** screen. Press Esc again, and a message prompts you to save the changes.
7. Select **Setup Password**, change, or delete the existing setup password and press Enter or Tab.

NOTE: If you change the system password or setup password, a message prompts you to reenter the new password. If you delete the system password or setup password, a message prompts you to confirm the deletion.

Identifier	GUID-54E6215C-94A0-4E6C-AA8F-D273EDA723B1
Status	Released

Operating with setup password enabled

If **Setup Password** is set to **Enabled**, type the correct setup password before modifying the system setup options.

If you do not type the correct password in three attempts, the system displays the following message:

```
Invalid Password! Number of unsuccessful password attempts: <x> System Halted! Must power down.
```

```
Password Invalid. Number of unsuccessful password attempts: <x> Maximum number of password attempts exceeded. System halted.
```

Even after you restart the system, the error message is displayed until the correct password is typed. The following options are exceptions:

- If **System Password** is not set to **Enabled** and is not locked through the **Password Status** option, you can assign a system password. For more information, see the [System Security Settings details](#) section.
- You cannot disable or change an existing system password.

NOTE: You can use the password status option with the setup password option to protect the system password from unauthorized changes.

Identifier	GUID-0177BFF2-C212-4670-AA15-723F85ACD9EC
Status	Released

Redundant OS Control

In the **Redundant OS Control** screen you can set the redundant OS information. This enables you to set up a physical recovery disk on the system.

Identifier	GUID-855936E4-232B-4BD9-8542-F43B58840E52
Status	Released

Viewing Redundant OS Control

To view the **Redundant OS Control** screen, perform the following steps:

Steps

1. Power on, or restart your system.
2. Press F2 immediately after you see the following message:

```
F2 = System Setup
```

NOTE: If your operating system begins to load before you press F2, wait for the system to finish booting, and then restart your system and try again.

3. On the **System Setup Main Menu** screen, click **System BIOS**.
4. On the **System BIOS** screen, click **Redundant OS Control**.

Identifier	GUID-B991B96F-3166-4AA6-B182-A5658A2556C1
Status	Released

Redundant OS Control screen details

The **Redundant OS Control** screen details are explained as follows:

About this task

Option	Description
Redundant OS Location	<p>Enables you to select a backup disk from the following devices:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • None • IDSDM • SATA Ports in AHCI mode • BOSS PCIe Cards (Internal M.2 Drives) • Internal USB <p>NOTE: RAID configurations and NVMe cards not are included as BIOS does not have the ability to distinguish between individual drives in those configurations.</p>
Redundant OS State	<p>NOTE: This option is disabled if Redundant OS Location is set to None.</p> <p>When set to Visible, the backup disk is visible to the boot list and OS. When set to Hidden, the backup disk is disabled and is not visible to the boot list and OS. This option is set to Visible by default.</p> <p>NOTE: BIOS will disable the device in hardware, so it cannot be accessed by the OS.</p>
Redundant OS Boot	<p>NOTE: This option is disabled if Redundant OS Location is set to None or if Redundant OS State is set to Hidden.</p> <p>When set to Enabled, BIOS boots to the device specified in Redundant OS Location. When set to Disabled, BIOS preserves the current boot list settings. This option is set to Disabled by default.</p>

Identifier	GUID-D2600F98-5F49-4C50-BAE6-9F333D6F8677
Status	Released

Miscellaneous Settings

You can use the **Miscellaneous Settings** screen to perform specific functions such as updating the asset tag and changing the system date and time.

Identifier	GUID-EFE6B2BF-F8DD-48AB-BF1A-1030644C9809
Status	Released

Viewing Miscellaneous Settings

To view the **Miscellaneous Settings** screen, perform the following steps:

Steps

1. Power on, or restart your system.
2. Press F2 immediately after you see the following message:

```
F2 = System Setup
```

NOTE: If your operating system begins to load before you press F2, wait for the system to finish booting, and then restart your system and try again.

3. On the **System Setup Main Menu** screen, click **System BIOS**.
4. On the **System BIOS** screen, click **Miscellaneous Settings**.

Identifier	GUID-5178EE7D-9F95-47E1-9E25-0448E7E6029A
Status	Released

Miscellaneous Settings details

About this task

The **Miscellaneous Settings** screen details are explained as follows:

Option	Description
System Time	Enables you to set the time on the system.
System Date	Enables you to set the date on the system.
Asset Tag	Specifies the asset tag and enables you to modify it for security and tracking purposes.
Keyboard NumLock	Enables you to set whether the system should boot with the NumLock enabled or disabled. This option is set to On by default. NOTE: This option does not apply to 84-key keyboards.
F1/F2 Prompt on Error	Enables or disables the F1/F2 prompt on error. This option is set to Enabled by default. The F1/F2 prompt also includes keyboard errors.
Load Legacy Video Option ROM	Enables you to determine whether the system BIOS loads the legacy video (INT 10H) option ROM from the video controller. Selecting Enabled in the operating system does not support UEFI video output standards. This field is available only for UEFI boot mode. You cannot set the option to Enabled if UEFI Secure Boot mode is enabled. This option is set to Disabled by default.
Dell Wyse P25/P45 BIOS Access	Enables or disables the Dell Wyse P25/P45 BIOS Access. This option is set to Enabled by default.
Power Cycle Request	Enables or disables the Power Cycle Request. This option is set to None by default.

Identifier	GUID-2D2F7DBD-0B3E-4B1A-8503-75D18E836955
Status	Released

iDRAC Settings utility

The iDRAC settings utility is an interface to set up and configure the iDRAC parameters by using UEFI. You can enable or disable various iDRAC parameters by using the iDRAC settings utility.

NOTE: Accessing some of the features on the iDRAC settings utility needs the iDRAC Enterprise License upgrade.

For more information about using iDRAC, see *Dell Integrated Dell Remote Access Controller User's Guide* at www.dell.com/poweredgemanuals.

Identifier	GUID-40773DA2-58EA-404E-BD8D-A0308E12A989
Status	Released

Device Settings

Device Settings enables you to configure the below device parameters:

- Controller Configuration Utility
- Embedded NIC Port1-X Configuration
- NICs in slotX, Port1-X Configuration
- BOSS Card configuration

Identifier	GUID-D1FF20AF-4F7C-4D18-874E-7BD41E141760
Status	Released

Dell Lifecycle Controller

Dell Lifecycle Controller (LC) provides advanced embedded systems management capabilities including system deployment, configuration, update, maintenance, and diagnosis. LC is delivered as part of the iDRAC out-of-band solution and Dell system embedded Unified Extensible Firmware Interface (UEFI) applications.

Identifier	GUID-882886FC-ADCC-414B-803E-E932F55D562B
Status	Released

Embedded system management

The Dell Lifecycle Controller provides advanced embedded system management throughout the lifecycle of the system. The Dell Lifecycle Controller can be started during the boot sequence and can function independently of the operating system.

NOTE: Certain platform configurations may not support the full set of features provided by the Dell Lifecycle Controller.

For more information about setting up the Dell Lifecycle Controller, configuring hardware and firmware, and deploying the operating system, see the Dell Lifecycle Controller documentation at www.dell.com/poweredgemanuals.

Identifier	GUID-301C8F19-9D4C-414E-B450-92A98C78C965
Status	Released

Boot Manager

The **Boot Manager** screen enables you to select boot options and diagnostic utilities.

Identifier	GUID-27C038B5-7632-468E-A9FC-A67BBFEEAAD8
Status	Released

Viewing Boot Manager

About this task

To enter Boot Manager:

Steps

1. Power on, or restart your system.
2. Press F11 when you see the following message:

F11 = Boot Manager

If your operating system begins to load before you press F11, allow the system to complete the booting, and then restart your system and try again.

Identifier	GUID-9B375692-1330-4E9A-A007-6535C90919CD
Status	Released

Boot Manager main menu

Menu item	Description
Continue Normal Boot	The system attempts to boot to devices starting with the first item in the boot order. If the boot attempt fails, the system continues with the next item in the boot order until the boot is successful or no more boot options are found.
One-shot Boot Menu	Enables you to access boot menu, where you can select a one-time boot device to boot from.
Launch System Setup	Enables you to access System Setup.

Menu item	Description
Launch Lifecycle Controller	Exits the Boot Manager and invokes the Dell Lifecycle Controller program.
System Utilities	Enables you to launch System Utilities menu such as System Diagnostics and UEFI shell.

Identifier	GUID-6831C705-6DBC-4C2C-A1B6-B697BA34D15F
Status	Released

One-shot UEFI boot menu

One-shot UEFI boot menu enables you to select a boot device to boot from.

Identifier	GUID-60273432-69F8-478E-A414-DE59FBD04EC8
Status	Released

System Utilities

System Utilities contains the following utilities that can be launched:

- Launch Diagnostics
- BIOS Update File Explorer
- Reboot System

Identifier	GUID-C6D96AEE-4A28-4152-A5F6-7F9306DA0CB9
Status	Released

PXE boot

You can use the Preboot Execution Environment (PXE) option to boot and configure the networked systems, remotely.







To access the **PXE boot** option, boot the system and then press F12 during POST instead of using standard Boot Sequence from BIOS Setup. It does not pull any menu or allows managing of network devices.

Identifier	GUID-D076F65C-768B-4685-8DDE-688DA5A03D59
Status	Released

Installing and removing system components

Identifier	GUID-8E6842AF-6F15-4CAC-92FB-8FFDC2ACC174
Status	Released

Safety instructions

-  **NOTE:** Whenever you need to lift the system, get others to assist you. To avoid injury, do not attempt to lift the system by yourself.
-  **WARNING:** Opening or removing the system cover while the system is powered on may expose you to a risk of electric shock.
-  **CAUTION:** Do not operate the system without the cover for a duration exceeding five minutes. Operating the system without the system cover can result in component damage.
-  **CAUTION:** Many repairs may only be done by a certified service technician. You should only perform troubleshooting and simple repairs as authorized in your product documentation, or as directed by the online or telephone service and support team. Damage due to servicing that is not authorized by Dell is not covered by your warranty. Read and follow the safety instructions that are shipped with your product.
-  **NOTE:** It is recommended that you always use an antistatic mat and antistatic strap while working on components inside the system.
-  **CAUTION:** To ensure proper operation and cooling, all bays in the system and system fans must be always populated with a component or a blank.

Identifier	GUID-F54F4A74-A747-4D3A-B321-00E4508AD7D0
Status	Released

Before working inside your system

Prerequisites

Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).

Steps

1. Turn off the system, including all attached peripherals.
2. Disconnect the system from the electrical outlet and disconnect the peripherals.
3. Lay the system on its side.
4. Remove the system cover.

Identifier	GUID-788375FB-52D9-4B3B-B357-4EF2AB39D2A0
Status	Released

After working inside your system

Prerequisites

Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).

Steps

1. Place the system upright on a flat, stable surface.
2. Reconnect the peripherals and connect the system to the electrical outlet.
3. Turn on the attached peripherals and then turn on the system.

Identifier	GUID-74B60D9A-ACB6-4CA1-9E06-15E25D9C56C3
Status	Released

Optional front bezel

Identifier	GUID-6A5D185F-CE5D-49ED-8DFD-1760575733C3
Status	Released

Removing the front bezel

Prerequisites

Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).

Steps

1. Unlock the bezel.
2. Press the blue release latch at the top of the bezel to release the bezel from the system.
3. Pull the top end of the bezel away from the system.
4. Unhook the bezel tabs from the slots at the bottom of the system, and lift the bezel away.

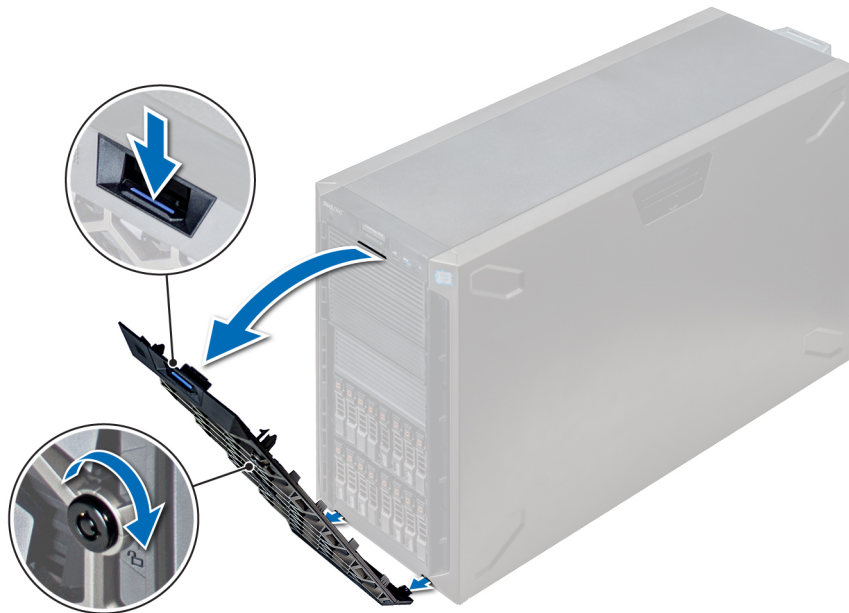


Figure 25. Removing the front bezel

Next steps

1. [Installing the front bezel.](#)

Identifier	GUID-5D2974B0-4443-44FA-B0D9-3E7173836EBC
Status	Released

Installing the front bezel

Prerequisites

Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).

Steps

1. Locate and remove the bezel key.

NOTE: There are two bezel keys attached to the back of the bezel.

2. Insert the bezel tabs into the slots in the chassis.
3. Press the release latch, and push the bezel toward the system until the bezel locks into place.
4. Using the key lock the bezel.

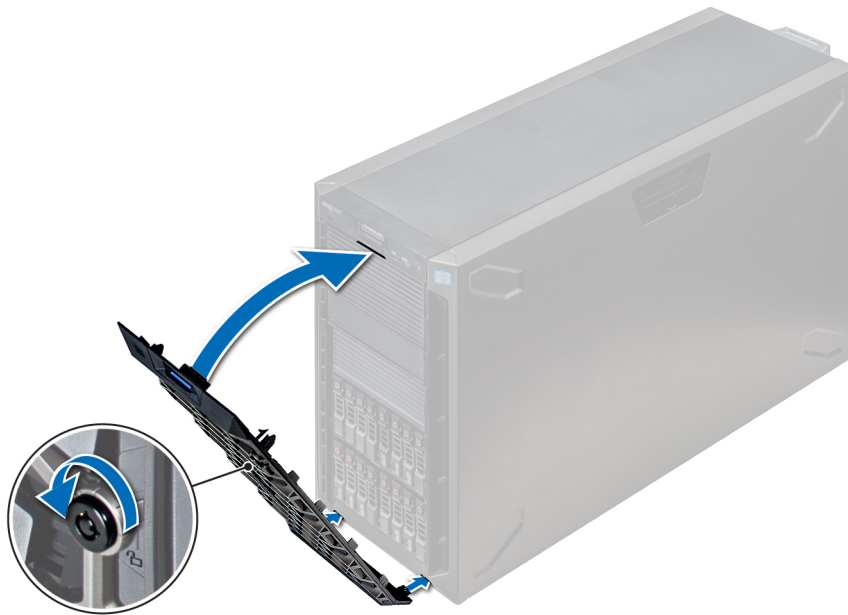


Figure 26. Installing the front bezel

Identifier	GUID-8E3D7DCD-E6EE-4232-BB8A-5802990C026F
Status	Released

System feet

Identifier	GUID-DB465F73-6F1A-40EF-AA9B-D36E83E8F195
Status	Released

Removing the system feet

Prerequisites

NOTE: It is recommended that you remove the system feet only when you are converting the system from the tower mode to the rack mode, or when you are replacing the system feet with the wheel assembly.

1. Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).
2. Place the system on its side on a flat, stable surface.
3. Rotate the system feet inward.

Steps

Using the Phillips #2 screwdriver, remove the screw that secures the foot to the base of the system.

- a) Repeat the above step for the 3 remaining feet.



Figure 27. Removing the system feet

Next steps

1. [Install the system feet](#) or [install the castor wheels](#).

Identifier	GUID-51F4648D-7F25-404F-B314-713011B5705B
Status	Released

Installing the system feet

Prerequisites

CAUTION: Install the feet on a stand-alone tower system to provide stability to the system. An unstable system might tip over and cause injury to the user or damage to the system.

1. Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).
2. Place the system on its side, on a flat, stable surface.

Steps

1. Align the three tabs on the system foot with the three slots on the base of the system.
2. Using the Phillips #2 screwdriver, secure the screw that secures the foot to the base of the system.
 - a) Repeat the above steps to install the remaining system feet.



Figure 28. Installing the system feet

Next steps

1. Place the system upright on a flat, stable surface, and rotate the system feet outward.
2. Follow the procedure listed in [After working inside your system](#).

Identifier	GUID-741503FC-FAD9-446B-BD8C-8C82AD2D0F5C
Status	Released

Caster wheels – optional

Identifier	GUID-E41DF413-D681-4E12-A352-136D2922C1CA
Status	Released

Removing caster wheels

Prerequisites

1. Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).
2. Place the system on a flat, stable surface.

Steps

1. Using the Phillips #2 screwdriver, loosen the captive screw that secures the front wheel unit to the base of the system.
2. Push the front wheel unit toward the rear of the system to release the retention hooks, and pull out the front wheel unit.
3. Loosen the screw that secures the back wheel unit to the base of the chassis.
4. Push the rear wheel unit toward the front of the system to release the retention hooks, and pull out the rear wheel unit.



Figure 29. Removing caster wheels

Next steps

1. [Install the caster wheels](#) or [the system feet](#), as applicable.

Identifier	GUID-428371A3-FD5F-4175-A48E-E72D1DDDBCDB
Status	Released

Installing caster wheels

Prerequisites

1. Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).
2. Place the system on its side on a flat, stable surface.
3. If installed, [remove the system feet](#).

Steps

1. Align the two retention hooks on the rear wheel unit with the two slots on the base of the system, and insert the hooks into the slots.
2. Push the rear wheel unit toward the back of the system and using a Phillips #2 screwdriver secure the unit in place using a single screw.
3. Align the two retention hooks on the front wheel unit with the two slots on the base of the system, and insert the hooks into the slots.
4. Push the front wheel unit toward the front of the system and using a Phillips #2 screwdriver secure the unit in place using a single screw.



Figure 30. Installing caster wheels

Next steps

1. Follow the procedure listed in [Before working inside your system](#).

Identifier	GUID-A3EB5F86-123B-4665-902D-4FE10BF78B84
Status	Released

Drives

Identifier	GUID-6FA61E96-1FF8-4FA3-AAA2-D35DA0E68E5B
Status	Released

Removing a drive blank

The procedure for removing 2.5 inch and 3.5 inch drive blanks is identical.

Prerequisites

1. Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).
2. If installed, [remove the front bezel](#).

CAUTION: To maintain proper system cooling, drive blanks must be installed in all empty drive slots.

CAUTION: Mixing drive blanks from previous generations of PowerEdge servers is not supported.

Steps

Press the release button, and slide the drive blank out of the drive slot.

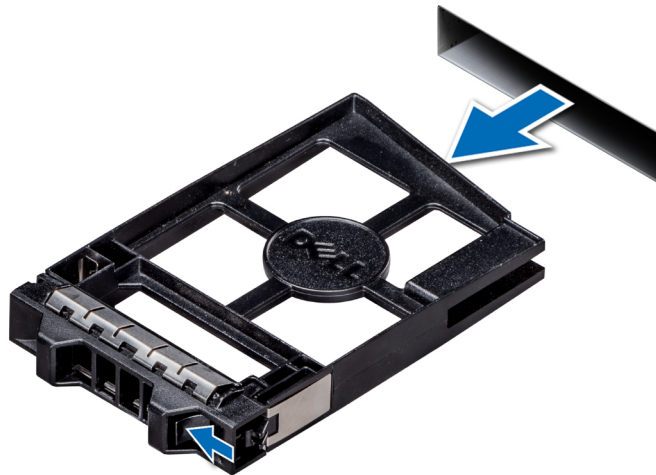


Figure 31. Removing a drive blank

Next steps

1. [Install a drive or drive blank.](#)

Identifier	GUID-43018019-EA24-4334-AE45-3045136CEAC1
Status	Released

Installing a drive blank

The procedure for installing 2.5 inch and 3.5 inch drive blanks is identical.

Prerequisites

1. Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).
2. If installed, [remove the front bezel](#).

CAUTION: Mixing drive blanks from previous generations of PowerEdge servers is not supported.

Steps

Insert the drive blank into the drive slot, and push the blank until the release button clicks into place.

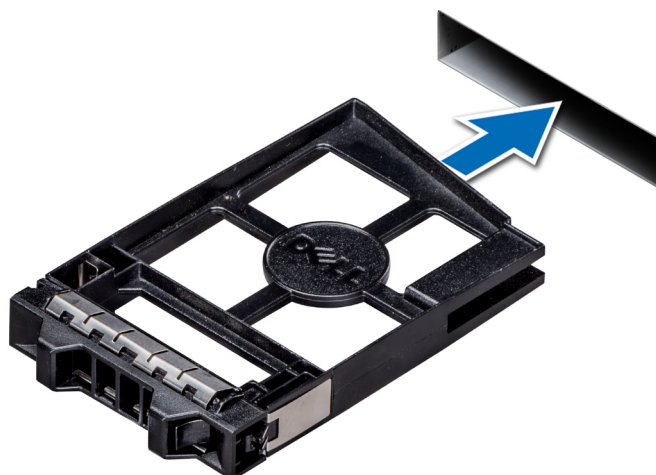


Figure 32. Installing a drive blank

Next steps

If removed, [install the front bezel](#).

Removing a drive carrier

Prerequisites

1. Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).
2. If applicable, [remove the front bezel](#)
3. Using the management software, prepare the drive for removal.

If the drive is online, the green activity or fault indicator flashes while the drive is turning off. When the drive indicators are off, the drive is ready for removal. For more information, see the documentation for the storage controller.

CAUTION: Before attempting to remove or install a drive while the system is running, see the documentation for the storage controller card to ensure that the host adapter is configured correctly to support drive removal and insertion.

CAUTION: Mixing drives from previous generations of PowerEdge servers is not supported.

CAUTION: To prevent data loss, ensure that your operating system supports drive installation. See the documentation supplied with your operating system.

Steps

1. Press the release button to open the drive carrier release handle.
2. Holding the handle, slide the drive carrier out of the drive slot.

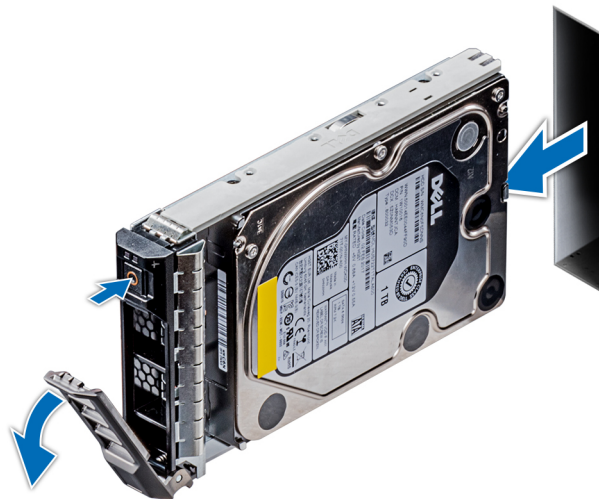


Figure 33. Removing a drive carrier

Next steps

1. [Installing a drive carrier](#).
2. If you are not replacing the drive immediately, insert a drive blank in the empty drive slot to maintain proper system cooling.

Installing a drive carrier

Prerequisites

CAUTION: Before attempting to remove or install a drive while the system is running, see the documentation for the storage controller card to ensure that the host adapter is configured correctly to support drive removal and insertion.

- ⚠ **CAUTION:** Mixing drives from previous generations of PowerEdge servers is not supported.
- ⚠ **CAUTION:** Combining SAS and SATA drives in the same RAID volume is not supported.
- ⚠ **CAUTION:** When installing a drive, ensure that the adjacent drives are fully installed. Inserting a drive carrier and attempting to lock its handle next to a partially installed carrier can damage the partially installed carrier's shield spring and make it unusable.
- ⚠ **CAUTION:** To prevent data loss, ensure that your operating system supports hot-swap drive installation. See the documentation supplied with your operating system.
- ⚠ **CAUTION:** When a replacement hot swappable drive is installed and the system is powered on, the drive automatically begins to rebuild. Ensure that the replacement drive is blank or contains data that you wish to overwrite. Any data on the replacement drive is immediately lost after the drive is installed.

1. Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).
2. If installed, [remove the drive blank](#).

Steps

1. Press the release button on the front of the drive carrier to open the release handle.
2. Insert the drive carrier into the drive slot and slide until the drive connects with the backplane.
3. Close the drive carrier release handle to lock the drive in place.

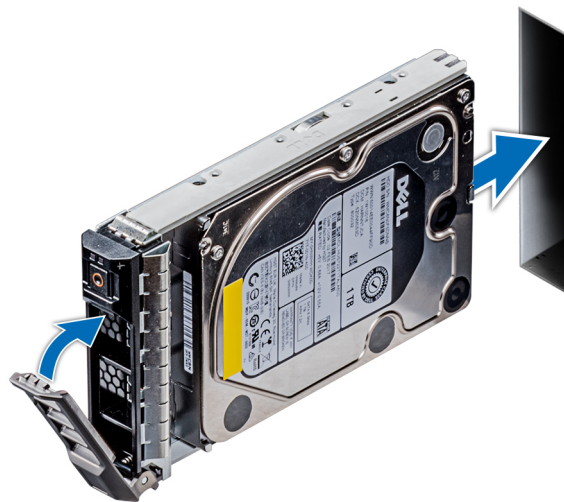


Figure 34. Installing a drive carrier

Next steps

1. If removed, [install the front bezel](#).

Identifier	GUID-76235FEF-9F93-4E58-AE42-000D8D5FF133
Status	Released

Removing the drive from the drive carrier

Prerequisites

Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).

- ⚠ **CAUTION:** Mixing drives from previous generations of PowerEdge servers is not supported.

Steps

1. Using a Phillips #1 screwdriver, remove the screws from the slide rails on the drive carrier.

2. Lift the drive out of the drive carrier.

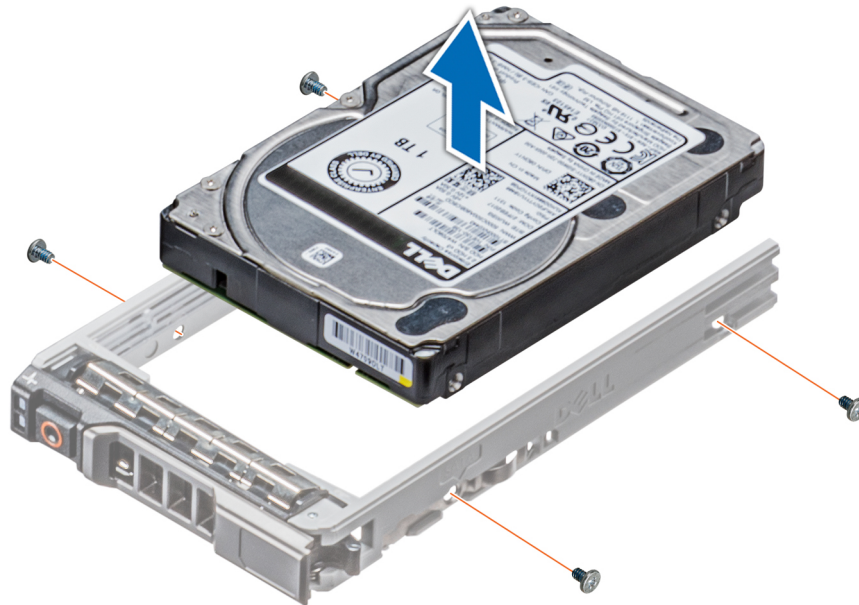


Figure 35. Removing the drive from the drive carrier

Next steps

1. Installing the drive into the drive carrier.

Identifier	GUID-0911CF49-102A-4488-884D-A405AC15C5B6
Status	Released

Installing a drive into the drive carrier

Prerequisites

Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).

CAUTION: Mixing drive carriers from other generations of PowerEdge servers is not supported.

NOTE: When installing a drive into the drive carrier, ensure that the screws are torqued to 4 in-lbs.

Steps

1. Insert the drive into the drive carrier with the connector end of the drive towards the back of the carrier.
2. Align the screw holes on the drive with the screws holes on the drive carrier.
When aligned correctly, the back of the drive is flush with the back of the drive carrier.
3. Using a Phillips #1 screwdriver, secure the drive to the drive carrier with screws.

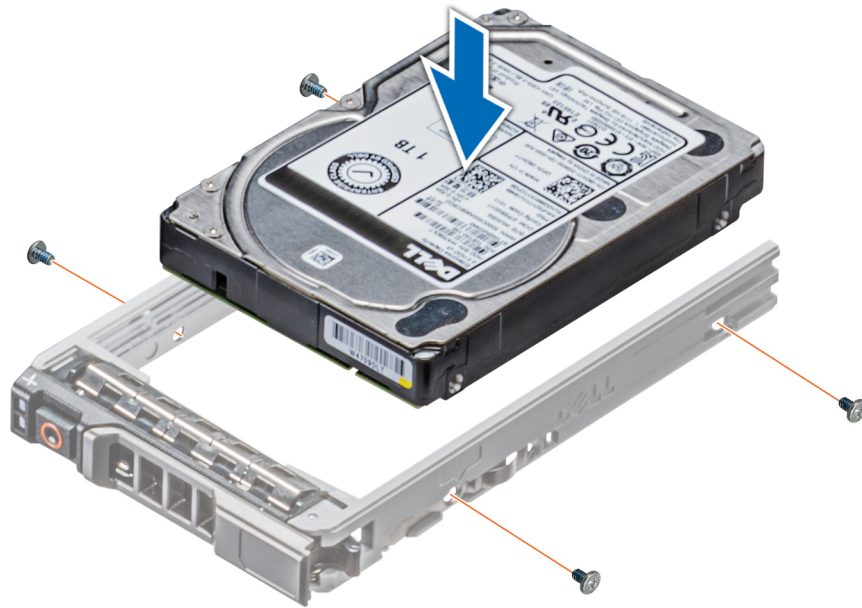


Figure 36. Installing a drive into the drive carrier

Identifier	GUID-FD7007E2-9B39-4EAE-954B-B5F7186A8934
Status	Released

Removing a 3.5 inch drive adapter from a 3.5 inch drive carrier

Prerequisites

1. Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).
2. If installed, [remove the front bezel](#).
3. [Remove the drive carrier](#).

Steps

1. Using a Phillips #1 screwdriver, remove the screws from the rails on the drive carrier.
2. Lift the 3.5 inch drive adapter out of the 3.5 inch drive carrier.

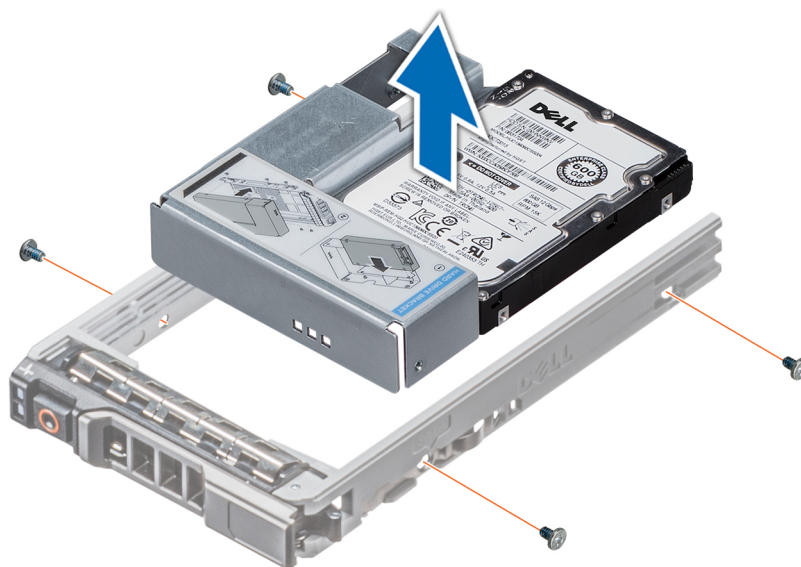


Figure 37. Removing a 3.5 inch drive adapter from a 3.5 inch drive carrier

Next steps

1. [Install the 3.5 inch drive adapter into the 3.5 inch drive carrier](#)

Identifier	GUID-2401BE0C-A67D-4BDF-B1A2-63B9082DCE1D
Status	Released

Installing a 3.5 inch drive adapter into the 3.5 inch drive carrier

Prerequisites

1. Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).
2. [Install the 2.5 inch drive into the 3.5 inch drive adapter](#).

Steps

1. Insert the 3.5 inch drive adapter into the 3.5 inch drive carrier with the connector end of the drive toward the back of the 3.5 inch drive carrier.
2. Align the screw holes on the 3.5 inch drive adapter with the holes on the 3.5 inch drive carrier.
3. Using a Phillips #1 screwdriver, secure the 3.5 inch drive adapter to the 3.5 inch carrier.

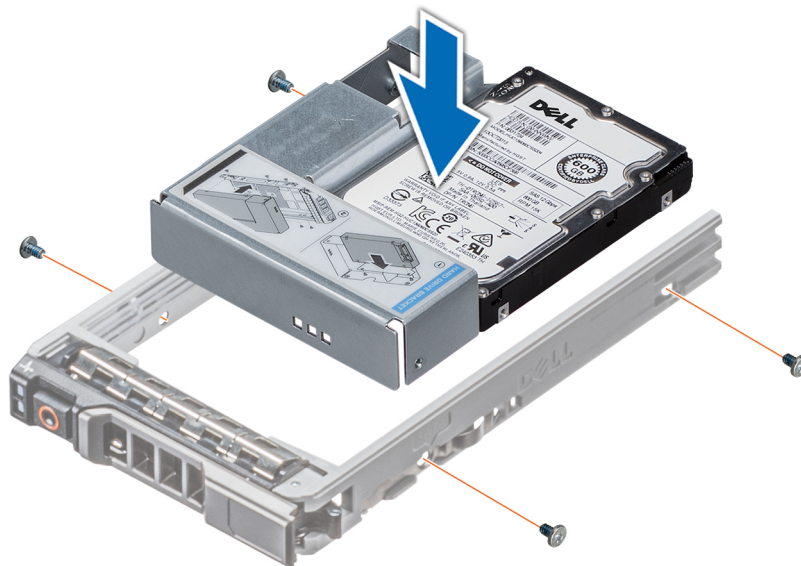


Figure 38. Installing a 3.5 inch drive adapter into the 3.5 inch drive carrier

Next steps

1. [Install the drive carrier](#).
2. If removed, [install the front bezel](#).

Identifier	GUID-43A7DDE1-0FE3-4449-9431-2B8D28CFB774
Status	Released

Removing a 2.5 inch drive from a 3.5 inch drive adapter

Prerequisites

1. Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).
2. [Remove the 3.5 inch drive adapter from the 3.5 inch drive carrier](#).

NOTE: A 2.5 inch drive is installed in a 3.5 inch drive adapter, which is then installed in the 3.5 inch drive carrier.

Steps

1. Using a Phillips #2 screwdriver, remove the screws from the side of the 3.5 inch drive adapter.
2. Remove the 2.5 inch drive from the 3.5 inch drive adapter.

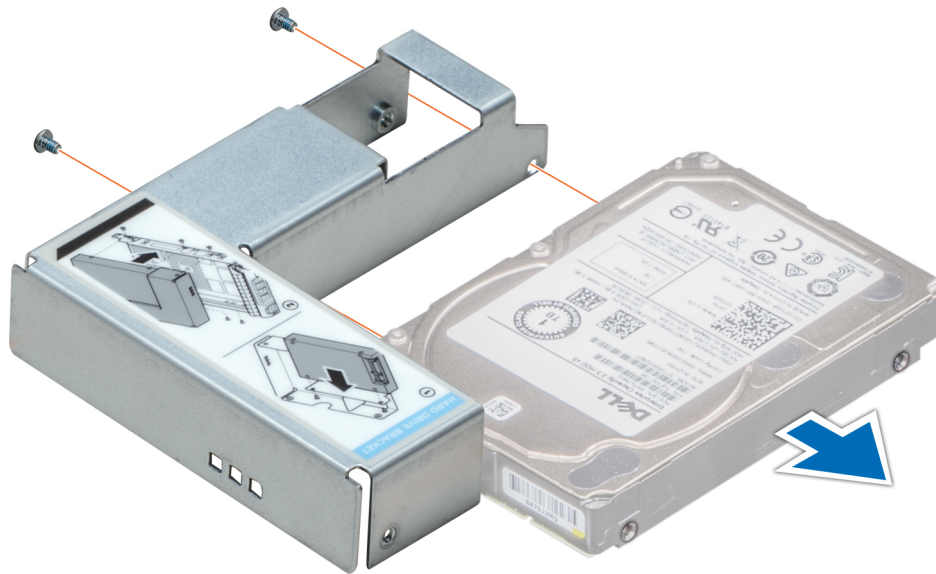


Figure 39. Removing a 2.5 inch drive from a 3.5 inch drive adapter

Next steps

Install a 2.5 inch drive into a 3.5 inch drive adapter.

Identifier	GUID-D9D8CDCE-C203-42E7-8890-F40057DA8BFC
Status	Released

Installing a 2.5 inch drive into a 3.5 inch drive adapter

Prerequisites

1. Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).
2. [Remove the 3.5 inch drive adapter from the 3.5 inch hot swappable drive carrier](#).

Steps

1. Align the screw holes on the 2.5 inch drive with the screw holes on the 3.5 inch drive adapter.
2. Using a Phillips #2 screwdriver, secure the 2.5 inch drive to the 3.5 inch drive adapter.

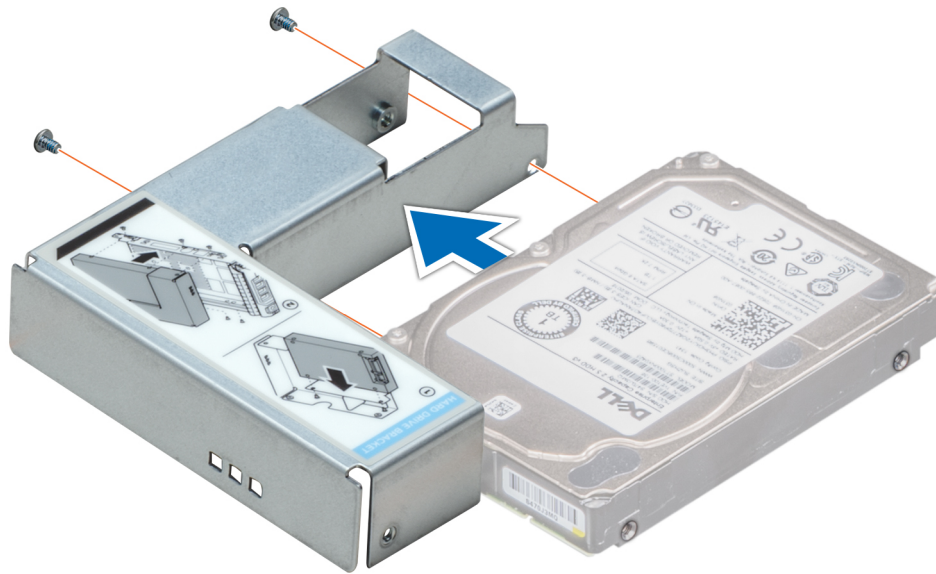


Figure 40. Installing a 2.5 inch drive into a 3.5 inch drive adapter

Next steps

1. Install the 3.5 inch drive adapter into the 3.5 inch hot swappable drive carrier.

Identifier	GUID-D13B8399-EECA-465B-BBD7-D2A4E4663239
Status	Released

Power supply units

Identifier	GUID-B01BC03B-2E42-4C8E-9CDA-5EE65A6A312D
Status	Released

PSU specifications

The power supply unit (PSU) is an internal hardware component which supplies power to the components in the system.

Your system supports one of the following:

- Two 2400 W, 2000 W, 1600 W, 1100 W, 750 W, or 495 W AC PSUs
- Two 750 W Mixed Mode HVDC PSUs

NOTE: For more information, see the [Technical specifications](#) section.

CAUTION: If two PSUs are installed, both the PSUs must have the same type of label. For example, Extended Power Performance (EPP) label. Mixing PSUs from previous generations of PowerEdge servers is not supported, even if the PSUs have the same power rating. Mixing PSUs will result in mismatch condition or failure to turn the system on.

NOTE: Titanium PSU is nominally rated for 200 V AC to 240 V AC input only.

NOTE: When two identical PSUs are installed, power supply redundancy (1+1 – with redundancy or 2+0 – without redundancy) is configured in system BIOS. In redundant mode, power is supplied to the system equally from both PSUs when Hot Spare is disabled. When Hot Spare is enabled, one of the PSUs is put into the sleep mode when system utilization is low in order to maximize efficiency.

NOTE: If two PSUs are used, they must be of the same maximum output power.

Identifier	GUID-0DA77AB8-4DEE-4805-86B0-4F5E0D055A2F
Status	Released

Hot spare feature

Your system supports the hot spare feature that significantly reduces the power overhead associated with power supply unit (PSU) redundancy.

When the hot spare feature is enabled, one of the redundant PSUs is switched to the sleep state. The active PSU supports 100 percent of the system load, thus operating at higher efficiency. The PSU in the sleep state monitors output voltage of the active PSU. If the output voltage of the active PSU drops, the PSU in the sleep state returns to an active output state.

If having both PSUs active is more efficient than having one PSU in the sleep state, the active PSU can also activate the sleeping PSU.

The default PSU settings are as follows:

- If the load on the active PSU is more than 50 percent of PSU rated power wattage, then the redundant PSU is switched to the active state.
- If the load on the active PSU falls below 20 percent of PSU rated power wattage, then the redundant PSU is switched to the sleep state.

You can configure the hot spare feature by using the iDRAC settings. For more information, see the iDRAC User's Guide available at Dell.com/idracmanuals.

Identifier	GUID-F128A24C-D8A9-44E2-95D3-197F3B5B407A
Status	Released

Removing a power supply unit blank

Prerequisites

Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).

Steps

If you are installing a second power supply unit, remove the power supply unit blank in the bay by pulling the blank outward.

CAUTION: To ensure proper system cooling, the power supply unit blank must be installed in the second power supply unit bay in a non-redundant configuration. Remove the power supply unit blank only if you are installing a second power supply unit.

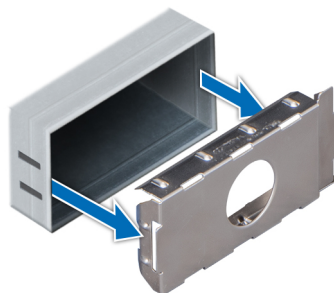


Figure 41. Removing a power supply unit blank

Next steps

1. Install the power supply unit blank.

Identifier	GUID-F8584EB6-26D0-48C6-836C-910269193F9B
Status	Released

Installing a power supply unit blank

Prerequisites

1. Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).

NOTE: Install the power supply unit (PSU) blank only in the second PSU bay.

Steps

Align the PSU blank with the PSU slot and push it into the PSU slot until it clicks into place.

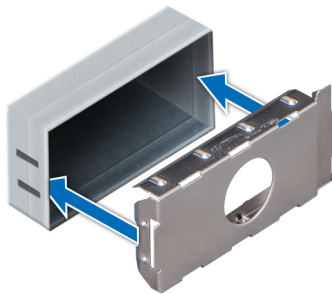


Figure 42. Installing a power supply unit blank

Next steps

1. Follow the procedure listed in [After working inside your system](#).

Identifier	GUID-B72A84F8-1AC4-4615-B1FD-FBB0D7859917
Status	Released

Removing a AC power supply unit

Prerequisites

CAUTION: The system needs one power supply unit (PSU) for normal operation. On power-redundant systems, remove and replace only one PSU at a time in a system that is powered on.

1. Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).
2. Disconnect the power cable from the power source and from the PSU you intend to remove, and then remove the cable from the strap on the PSU handle.

Steps

Press the orange release latch and slide the PSU out of the system by using the PSU handle.

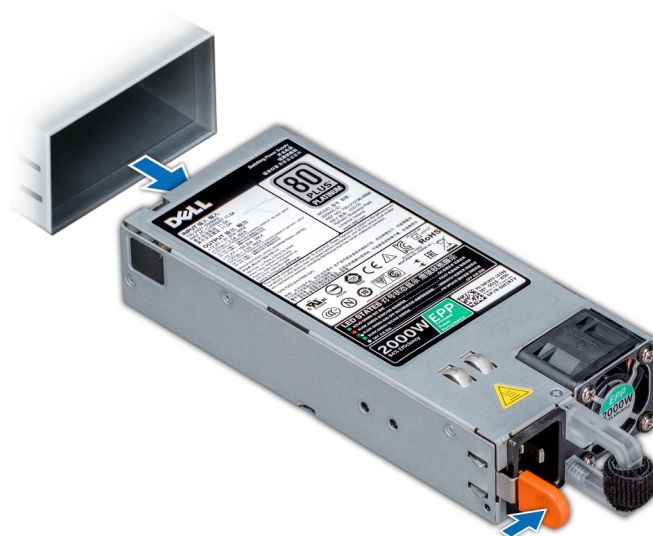


Figure 43. Removing a power supply unit

Next steps

1. [Install the AC PSU.](#)

Identifier	GUID-8562EB3C-1172-4B4F-9905-266FBC766BF7
Status	Released

Installing a AC power supply unit

Prerequisites

1. Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).
2. For systems that support redundant PSU, ensure that both the PSUs are of the same type and have the same maximum output power.

NOTE: The maximum output power (shown in watts) is listed on the PSU label.

Steps

Slide the PSU into the system until the PSU is fully seated and the release latch snaps into place.

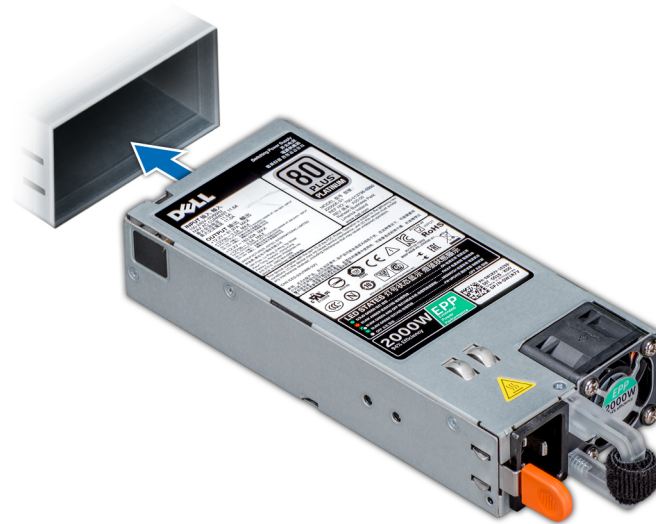


Figure 44. Installing a power supply unit

Next steps

1. Connect the power cable to the PSU, and plug the cable into a power outlet.

CAUTION: When connecting the power cable to the PSU, secure the cable to the PSU with the strap.

NOTE: When installing, hot swapping, or hot adding a new PSU, wait for 15 seconds for the system to recognize the PSU and determine its status. The PSU redundancy may not occur until discovery is complete. Wait until the new PSU is discovered and enabled before you remove the other PSU. The PSU status indicator turns green to signify that the PSU is functioning properly.

Identifier	GUID-90CCB98C-3EF1-46DA-B7CF-67A32D4B0645
Status	Released

Removing a DC power supply unit

Prerequisites

NOTE: For equipment using $-(48-60)$ V DC power supply units (PSUs), a qualified electrician must perform all connections to DC power and to safety grounds. Do not attempt connecting to DC power or installing grounds yourself.

All electrical wiring must comply with applicable local or national codes and practices. Damage due to servicing that is not authorized by Dell is not covered by your warranty. Read and follow all safety instructions that came with the product.

CAUTION: The system needs one PSU for normal operation. On power-redundant systems, remove and replace only one PSU at a time in a system that is powered on.

1. Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).
2. Disconnect the power wires from the power source and the connector from the PSU you intend to remove.
3. Disconnect the safety ground wire.

Steps

Press the release latch and slide the PSU out of the system by using the PSU handle.

Next steps

1. [Install the DC PSU.](#)

Identifier	GUID-0B494DB1-FF2C-4CFB-B652-23120101253A
Status	Released

Installing DC power supply unit

Prerequisites

NOTE: For equipment using $-(48-60)$ V DC power supply units (PSUs), a qualified electrician must perform all connections to DC power and to safety grounds. Do not attempt connecting to DC power or installing grounds yourself. All electrical wiring must comply with applicable local or national codes and practices. Damage due to servicing that is not authorized by Dell is not covered by your warranty. Read and follow all safety instructions that came with the product.

1. Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).
2. For systems that support redundant power supply units (PSUs), ensure that both the PSUs are of the same type and have the same maximum output power.

NOTE: The maximum output power (shown in watts) is listed on the PSU label.

Steps

Slide the PSU into the system until the PSU is fully seated and the release latch snaps into place.

Next steps

1. Connect the safety ground wire.
2. Install the DC power connector in the PSU.

CAUTION: When connecting the power wires, ensure that you secure the wires with the strap to the PSU handle.

3. Connect the wires to a DC power source.

NOTE: When installing, hot-swapping, or hot-adding a new PSU, wait for 15 seconds for the system to recognize the PSU and determine its status. The PSU status indicator turns green to signify that the PSU is functioning properly.

Identifier	GUID-A4BFB4EA-F24B-420A-863D-47C9986DC63C
Status	Released

Wiring instructions for a DC power supply unit

Your system supports up to two $-(48-60)$ V DC power supply units (PSUs).

NOTE: For equipment using $-(48-60)$ V DC power supply units (PSUs), a qualified electrician must perform all connections to DC power and to safety grounds. Do not attempt connecting to DC power or installing grounds yourself. All electrical wiring must comply with applicable local or national codes and practices. Damage due to servicing that is

not authorized by Dell is not covered by your warranty. Read and follow all safety instructions that came with the product.

CAUTION: Wire the unit with copper only, unless otherwise specified, use only 10 American Wire Gauge (AWG) wire rated minimum 90°C for source and return. Protect the -(48-60) V DC (1 wire) with a branch circuit over-current protection rated 50 A for DC with a high interrupt current rating.

CAUTION: Connect the equipment to a -(48-60) V DC supply source that is electrically isolated from the AC source (reliably grounded -(48-60) V DC SELV source). Ensure that the -(48-60) V DC source is efficiently secured to earth (ground).

NOTE: A readily accessible disconnect device that is suitably approved and rated shall be incorporated in the field wiring.

Input requirements

- Supply voltage: -(48-60) V DC
- Current consumption: 32 A (maximum)

Kit contents

- Dell part number 6RYJ9 terminal block or equivalent (1)
- #6-32 nut equipped with lock washer (1)

Required tools

Wire-stripper pliers capable of removing insulation from size 10 AWG solid or stranded, insulated copper wire.

NOTE: Use alpha wire part number 3080 or equivalent (65/30 stranding).

Required wires

- One UL 10 AWG, 2 m maximum (stranded) black wire [-(48-60) V DC].
- One UL 10 AWG, 2 m maximum (stranded) red wire (V DC return).
- One UL 10 AWG, 2 m maximum, green with a yellow stripe, stranded wire (safety ground).

Identifier	GUID-ABE4F511-EE7D-4F36-9421-72EA8DA6F2B3
Status	Released

System cover

Identifier	GUID-8A28BF33-DE6F-4EE9-A10F-280774FC2973
Status	Released

Removing the system cover

Prerequisites

- Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).
- Turn off the system and all attached peripherals.
- Disconnect the system from the electrical outlet and peripherals.
- If installed, [remove the front bezel](#).
- Place the system on a flat, stable surface.

Steps

- Turn the latch release lock to the unlocked position.
- Press the cover release latch and remove the system cover.

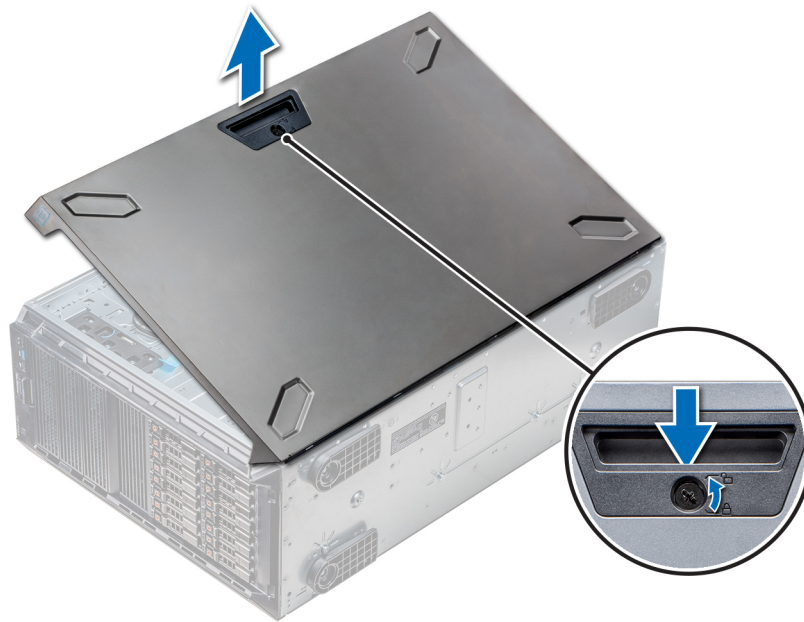


Figure 45. Removing the system cover

Next steps

1. [Install the system cover.](#)

Identifier	GUID-AD049D9C-50C5-40E0-ACCA-D624071D3407
Status	Released

Installing the system cover

Prerequisites

- NOTE:** Ensure that all internal cables are connected and placed out of the way and no tools or extra parts are left inside the system.

Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).

Steps

1. Align the tabs on the system cover with the slots on the chassis.
2. Press the cover release latch, and push the cover toward the chassis until the latch locks into place.
3. Rotate the latch release lock clockwise to the locked position.

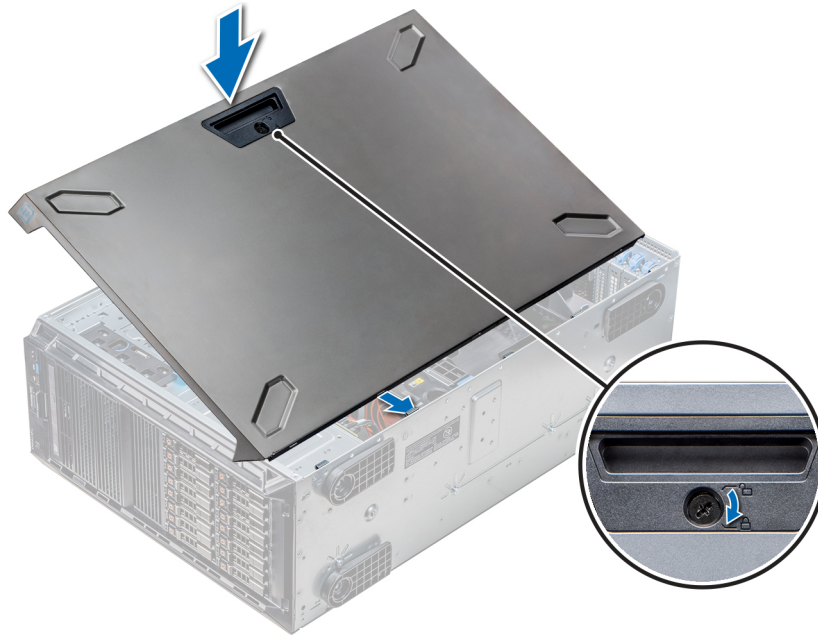


Figure 46. Installing the system cover

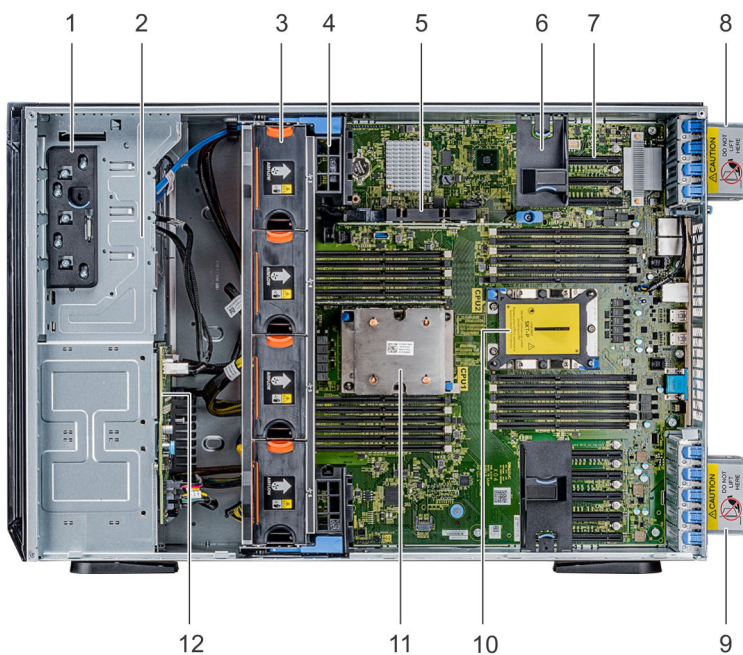
Next steps

1. Place the system upright on its feet on a flat and stable surface.
2. If removed, [install the front bezel](#).
3. Reconnect the peripherals and connect the system to the electrical outlet.
4. Turn on the system, including all attached peripherals.

Identifier	GUID-896CA050-3D3B-4C08-8C21-05E90DD64976
Status	Released

Inside the system

NOTE: Components that are hot swappable are marked orange and touch points on the components are marked blue.



1. Release latch
2. Drive cage

- Hot-swappable fans (middle fans)
- GPU card holder
- Internal PERC
- PCIe card holder
- PCIe slots
- Left external fan
- Right external fan
- CPU2 socket
- CPU1
- Backplane

Identifier	GUID-0B4704D4-784A-48ED-923A-AFF175724483
Status	Released

Air shroud

Identifier	GUID-17B5DDA5-CC9F-48B5-A45D-60FA4ED40D23
Status	Released

Removing the optional GPU air shrouds

Prerequisites

CAUTION: Never operate your system with the air shroud removed. The system may get overheated quickly, resulting in shutdown of the system and loss of data.

- Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).
- Follow the procedure listed in [Before working inside your system](#).

Steps

Holding the touch points, press the release latch and lift the shroud out.



Figure 47. Removing the optional GPU air shrouds

Next steps

1. Install the optional GPU air shrouds.

Identifier	GUID-9A03BBB9-5B86-4535-BEDD-4F09D436C0AC
Status	Released

Installing the optional GPU air shrouds

Prerequisites

Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).

Steps

1. Align the tabs on the GPU air shroud with the securing slots on the chassis.
2. Lower the GPU air shroud into the chassis until it is firmly seated.

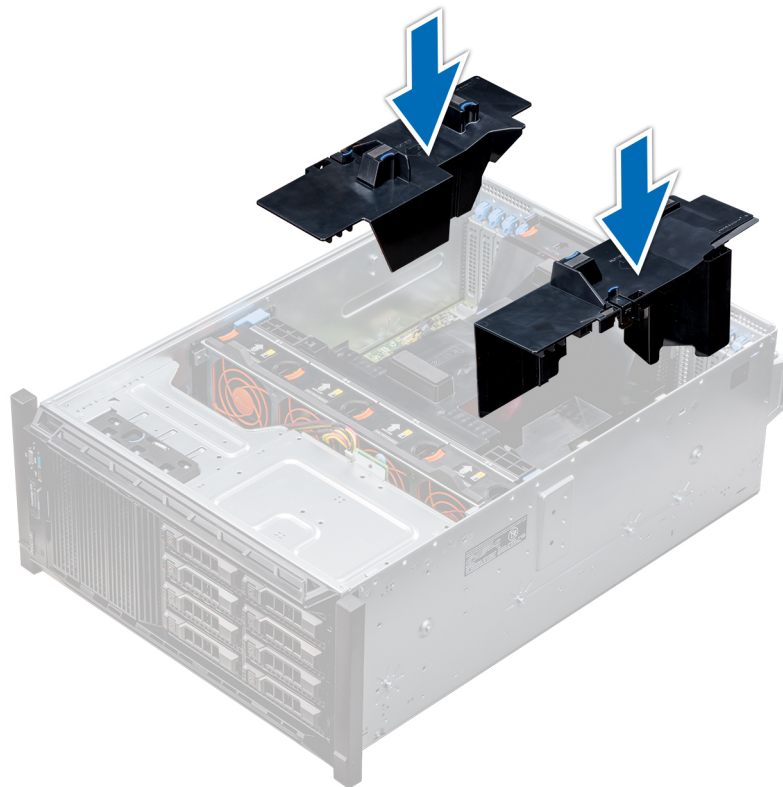


Figure 48. Installing the optional GPU air shrouds

Next steps

Follow the procedure listed in [After working inside your system](#).

Identifier	GUID-052BA1C6-4823-404D-85C5-76520D6EAB58
Status	Released

Removing the air shroud

Prerequisites

⚠ CAUTION: Never operate your system with the air shroud removed. The system may get overheated quickly, resulting in shutdown of the system and loss of data.

1. Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).
2. Follow the procedure listed in [Before working inside your system](#).

3. If required, [remove the two fans from the air shroud](#).

NOTE: The procedure to remove the cooling fan from the air shroud is similar to removing a cooling fan.

Steps

Push the air shroud release tab, and holding the touch points at the center of the air shroud, lift the shroud from the system.

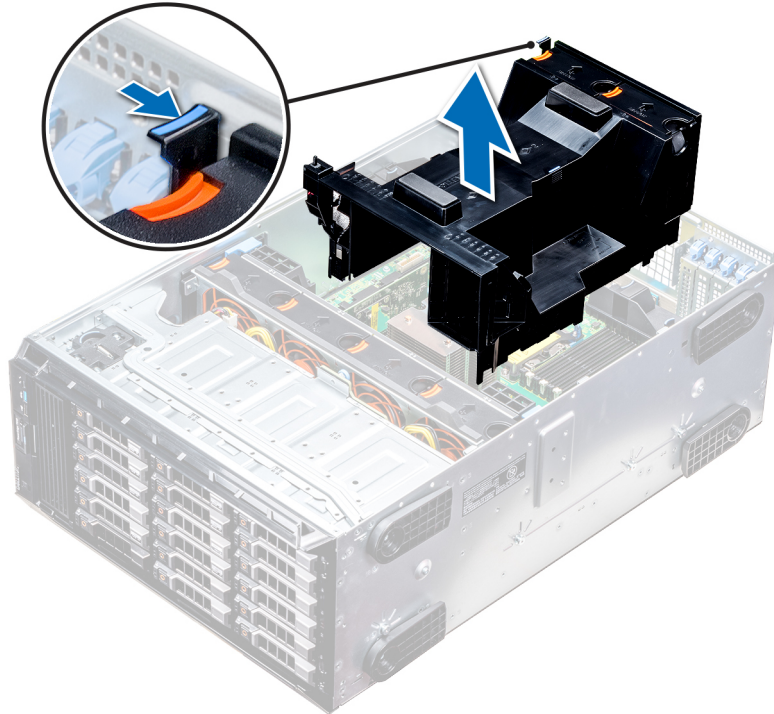


Figure 49. Removing the air shroud

Next steps

1. [Install the air shroud](#).

Identifier	GUID-CBB81AF2-BE7D-4060-AE7A-C5B4A901B78A
Status	Released

Installing the air shroud

Prerequisites

1. Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).
2. If applicable, route the cables inside the system along the chassis wall and secure the cables by using the cable-securing bracket.

Steps

1. Align the tabs on the air shroud with the securing slots on the chassis.
 - a) Guide on the air shroud with the guide pin on the system board.
 - b) Align the intrusion switch with the intrusion switch connector on the system board.
2. Lower the air shroud into the chassis until it is firmly seated.

When firmly seated, the memory socket numbers marked on the air shroud align with the respective memory sockets.

3. **NOTE:** The procedure to install the cooling fan into the air shroud is similar to installing a cooling fan.

If removed, [install the fans into the air shroud](#).

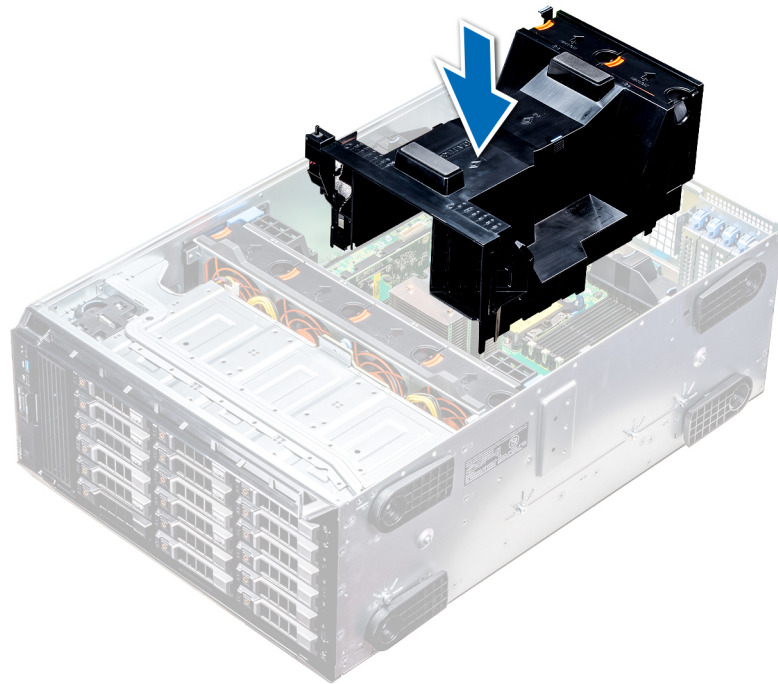


Figure 50. Installing the air shroud

Next steps

1. Follow the procedure listed in [After working inside your system](#).

Identifier	GUID-AD224D1F-9DBD-4CBD-8EAC-E1FFA764346D
Status	Released

Cooling fans

Identifier	GUID-9977ED29-329E-49A7-B166-4838628E1147
Status	Released

Cooling fan specifications

The cooling fans are integrated into the system to dissipate the heat generated by the functioning of the system. These fans provide cooling for the processors, expansion cards, and memory modules.

Your system supports a total of eight fans, including six hot-swappable fans and two external fans. Two hot-swappable fans are mounted in rear side of the air shroud. The other four hot-swappable (middle) fans are mounted in the fan assembly that is located in the chassis between the hard drive bay and the processors. The two external fans are mounted on the outside of the chassis for GPU configurations. There are two additional fans integrated in the power supplies to cool the power supplies and provide additional cooling for the whole system.

The below listed configurations, features, and the PCIe expansion cards are supported only with the four hot-swappable (middle) fans installed:

- Fan redundancy
- Fresh air condition
- NVMe/PCIe SSD
- 3.5 inch x 18 hard drives chassis
- Mellanox CX4 DP 100 Gb QSFP NIC (0272F)
- Mellanox CX4 DP 100 Gb NIC (068F2)
- Mellanox CX4 SP 100 Gb NIC (6W1HY)
- Mellanox DP 40 Gb QSFP NIC (C8Y42)
- Intel QP 10 Gb Base-T NIC (K5V44)
- Solarflare Sunspot DP 10Gb NIC (NPHCM)
- Solarflare Nova DP 10Gb NIC (WY7T5)

- Qlogic DP 10Gb V1 NIC (VCXN5)

Listed below are the restrictions for fan redundancy:

- GPGPU configurations are not supported at 35deg. C of ambient or above.
- Mellanox 100G NICs are not supported.

For information on the restriction for fresh air condition, see the [Expanded operating temperature restrictions](#) topic in the Technical Specification section.

Identifier	GUID-8ED0DF0C-C4BE-480A-A249-819A3CDE1B4B
Status	Released

Cooling fan matrix

Table 33. Cooling fan matrix

Chassis	FAN1, FAN2 (Standard [STD])	FAN3, FAN4, FAN5, FAN6 (Standard [STD]/High performance [HPR])	FAN_EXT_R, FAN_EXT_L	Fan configuration
3.5 inch x 8	Yes	-	-	Base configuration
3.5 inch x 18	Yes	Yes (STD)	-	Rich configuration
2.5 inch x 16	Yes	-	-	Base configuration
2.5 inch x 32	Yes	-	-	Base configuration
2.5 inch x 16 + NVMe	Yes	Yes (STD)	-	Rich configuration
Fan redundancy, FA and high cooling tier PCIe card	Yes	Yes (STD)	-	Rich configuration
GPGPU card	Yes	Yes (HPR)	Yes	GPU configuration

Identifier	GUID-59281A1D-5EDF-4095-B438-64F0341DE5AE
Status	Released

Removing a middle or rear cooling fan

The procedure for removing a standard and a high performance fans is identical.

Prerequisites

NOTE: Opening or removing the system cover when the system is on may expose you to a risk of electric shock. Exercise utmost care while removing or installing cooling fans.

CAUTION: The cooling fans are hot swappable. To maintain proper cooling while the system is on, replace only one fan at a time.

1. Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).
2. Follow the procedure listed in [Before working inside your system](#).

Steps

Press the release tab and lift the cooling fan out of the cooling fan assembly.



Figure 51. Removing a middle cooling fan

Next steps

1. [Installing a middle or rear cooling fan.](#)

Identifier	GUID-1D6C2B2B-5DDD-4F14-9CC5-B3CB46538600
Status	Released

Installing a middle or rear cooling fan

The procedure for installing a standard and a high performance fans is identical.

Prerequisites

NOTE: Opening or removing the system cover when the system is on may expose you to a risk of electric shock. Exercise utmost care while removing or installing cooling fans.

CAUTION: The cooling fans are hot swappable. To maintain proper cooling while the system is on, replace only one fan at a time.

1. Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).
2. Follow the procedure listed in [Before working inside your system](#).

Steps

Holding the release tab, align the connector at the base of the cooling fan with the connector on the system board.



Figure 52. Installing a middle cooling fan

Next steps

1. Follow the procedure listed in [After working inside your system.](#)

Identifier	GUID-BA77696B-7486-45AF-815C-A31F2E850D2D
Status	Released

Removing the right external fan

Prerequisites

NOTE: Opening or removing the system cover when the system is on may expose you to a risk of electric shock. Exercise utmost care while removing or installing cooling fans.

NOTE: The procedure to remove the left external fan is similar to removing the right rear fan.

1. Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions.](#)
2. [Remove the GPU air shrouds.](#)
3. [Remove the air shroud.](#)

Steps

1. Disconnect the fan cable from the system board.
2. Using the Phillips #2 screwdriver, loosen the captive screws that secure the fan to the system.
3. Lift the fan away, while guiding the fan cable through the cable vent.

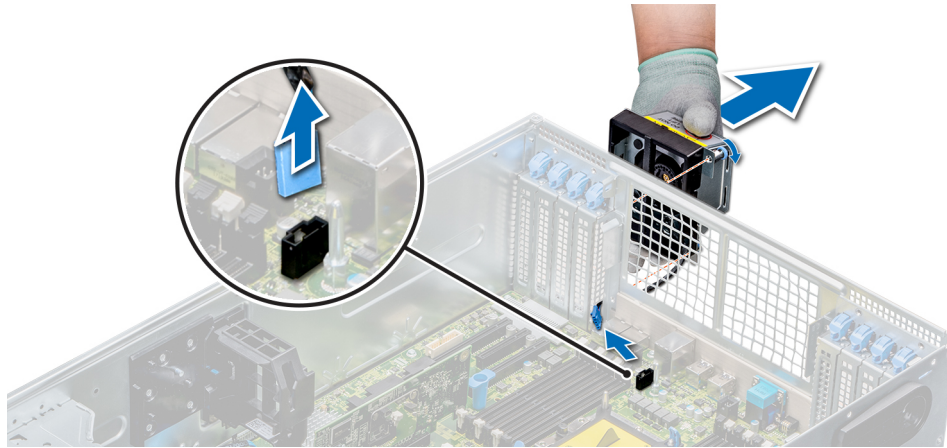


Figure 53. Removing the right external fan

Next steps

1. [Installing the right external fan.](#)

Identifier	GUID-4514693C-C837-4E28-A280-7AAE368737EF
Status	Released

Installing the right external fan

Prerequisites

NOTE: The procedure to install the left external fan is similar to installing the right rear fan.

Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).

Steps

1. Guiding the fan cable through the cable vent, install the external fan over the PCIe slots.
2. Using the Phillips #2 screwdriver, secure the fan in place.
3. Connect the fan cable to the connected on the system board.

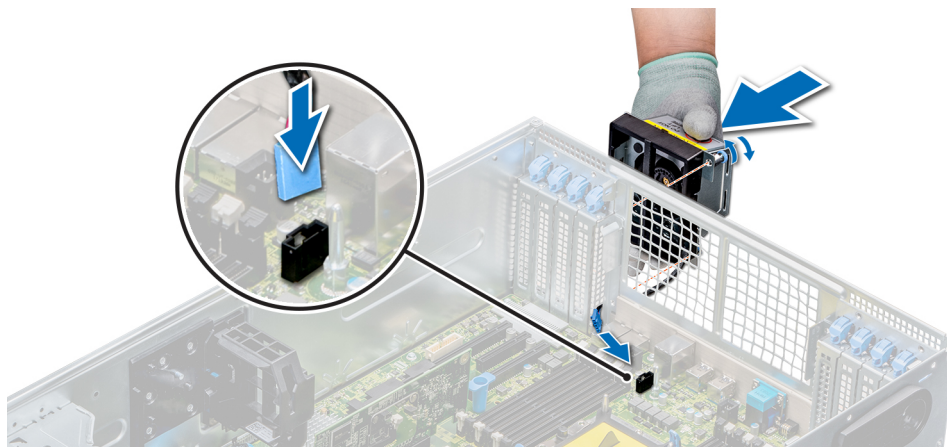


Figure 54. Install the right external fan

Next steps

1. [Install the air shroud.](#)
2. [Install the GPU air shrouds.](#)
3. Follow the procedure listed in [After working inside your system.](#)

Identifier	GUID-22DEE7A5-868F-479B-A19E-82F1AA3558D6
Status	Released

Cooling fan (middle fan) assembly

Identifier	GUID-D174796A-65CA-4261-ABD8-90DA6A43EEDC
Status	Released

Removing the middle cooling fan assembly

Prerequisites

1. Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).
2. Follow the procedure listed in [Before working inside your system](#).

Steps

1. Lift the release levers to unlock the cooling fan assembly from the system.
2. Hold the release levers, and lift the cooling fan assembly away from the system.

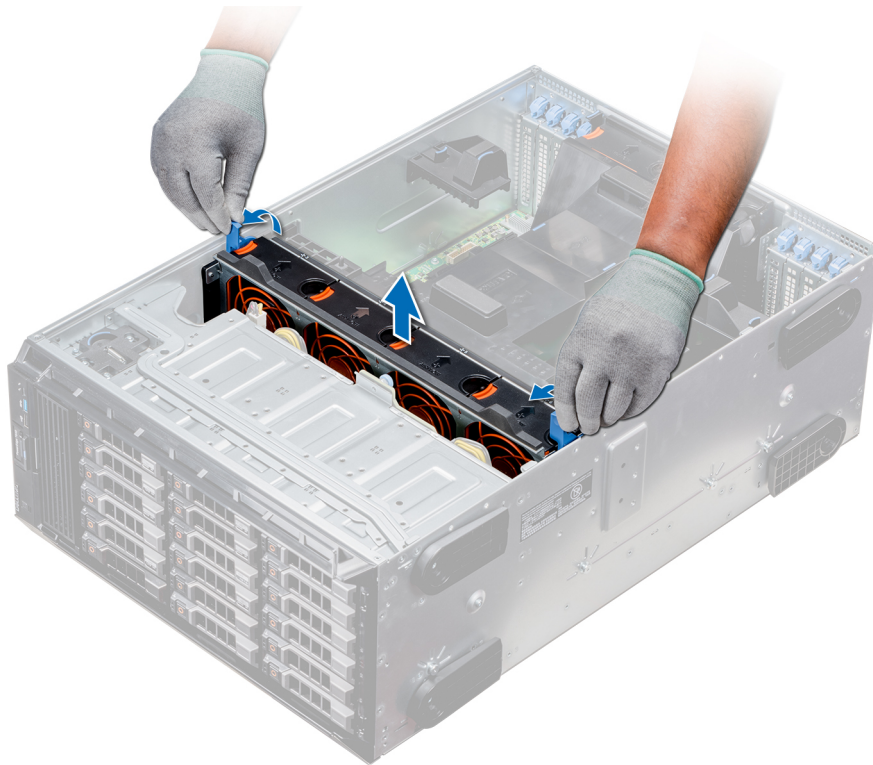


Figure 55. Removing the middle cooling fan assembly

Next steps

1. [Installing the middle cooling fan assembly](#).

Identifier	GUID-7B682A20-85ED-409E-B677-60CC612617EB
Status	Released

Installing the middle cooling fan assembly

Prerequisites

Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).

CAUTION: Ensure that the cables inside the system are correctly installed and retained by the cable retention bracket before installing the cooling fan assembly. Incorrectly installed cables may get damaged.

Steps

1. Align the guide rails on the cooling fan assembly with the standoffs on the system.
2. Lower the cooling fan assembly into the system until the cooling fan connectors engage with the connectors on the system board.
3. Press the release levers to lock the cooling fan assembly into the system.

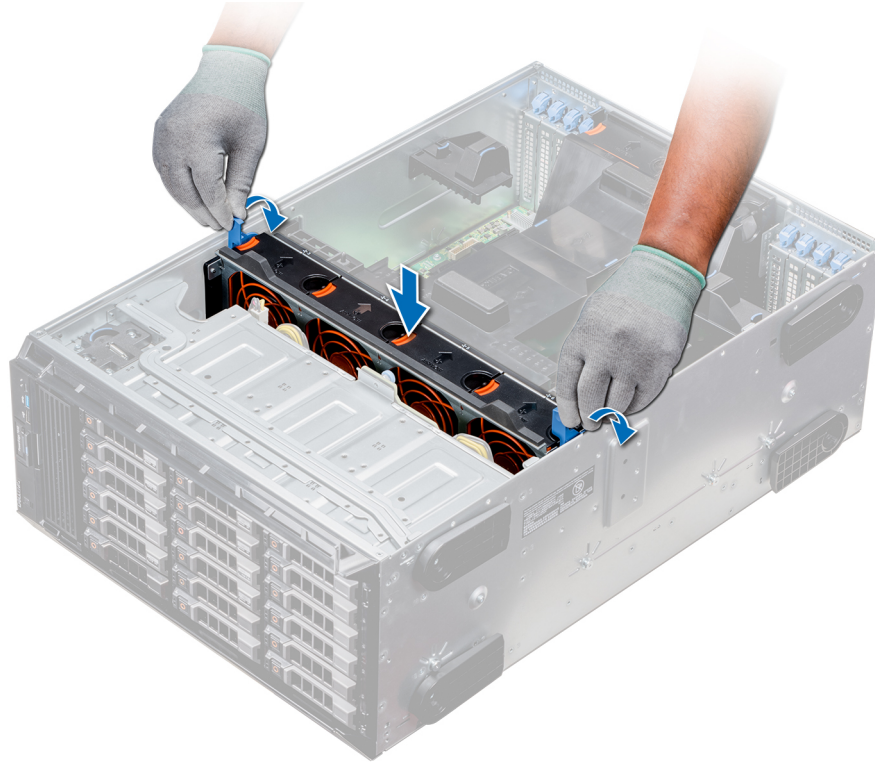


Figure 56. Installing the middle cooling fan assembly

Next steps

1. Follow the procedure listed in [After working inside your system](#).

Identifier	GUID-50B74C1E-A2EE-42DA-BB09-344FA4BB1324
Status	Released

Flex bays

Identifier	GUID-DAA47F3F-45F8-46F4-B2EB-CE8FFE0E5B1E
Status	Released

Removing a NVMe drive bay or flex bay

Prerequisites

NOTE: The procedure to remove the flex bay is identical to removing the NVMe drive bay.

1. Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).
2. Follow the procedure listed in [Before working inside your system](#).
3. Disconnect the slim optical-drive and the backplane cables.
4. [Remove the backplane from NVMe drive bay or the flex bay](#).

Steps

1. Using the Phillips #2 screwdriver, remove the two screws that secure the NVMe drive bay to the system.
2. Push the release latch down and slide the NVMe drive bay out of the system.



Figure 57. Removing a NVMe drive bay or flex bay

Next steps

1. Installing the NVMe drive bay or flex bay.

Identifier	GUID-2106A13C-6137-4570-95F3-6848B521FE00
Status	Released

Installing a NVMe drive bay or flex bay

Prerequisites

NOTE: The procedure to install the flex bay is identical to installing the NVMe drive bay.

Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).

Steps

1. Align the tabs on the NVMe drive bay with the slots on the front of the system.
2. Insert the NVMe drive bay into the system until the tabs click into place.
3. Using the Phillips #2 screwdriver secure the NVMe drive bay to the system.



Figure 58. Installing a NVMe drive bay or flex bay

Next steps

1. Install the backplane to the NVMe drive bay or flex bay.
2. Connect the slim optical drive and the back plane cables.
3. Follow the procedure listed in [After working inside your system](#).

Identifier	GUID-EB1968AA-3A01-485B-96B4-6FA331012BC3
Status	Released

Optical drives and tape drives

Identifier	GUID-2AD7F059-C61D-4CB3-A460-7C5C2117D287
Status	Released

Optical drives and tape drives specifications

Your system supports one of the following configurations:

Table 34. System configurations

System	Configurations
Eight 3.5 inch drives or sixteen 2.5 inch drives	Up to two SATA slim optical drives and one SAS tape drive
Sixteen 2.5 inch drives and eight NVMe drives	One SATA slim optical drive
Systems with up to eighteen 3.5 inch drives	One SATA slim optical drive or one SAS tape drive
Systems with up to thirty-two 2.5 inch drives	One SATA slim optical drive

Identifier	GUID-D5CD9464-5E47-481F-B9CD-9780B7A05B69
Status	Released

Removing the optical or tape drive blank

Prerequisites

1. Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).

2. Follow the procedure listed in [Before working inside your system](#).
3. If installed, [remove the front bezel](#).

Steps

1. To remove the drive blank, slide the release latch down to release the drive blank.
2. Push the drive blank to slide it out of the drive bay.

NOTE: Blanks must be installed on empty optical drive or tape drive slots to maintain FCC certification of the system. The brackets also keep dust and dirt out of the system and aid in proper cooling and airflow inside the system. Perform the same steps to install blanks.



Figure 59. Removing the optical drive or tape drive

Next steps

1. Install the [optical drive blank](#), an optical drive, or a tape drive.

Identifier	GUID-7E4BFCFE-6FDA-4E6C-A07D-E0A4C1A1840D
Status	Released

Installing the optical or tape drive blank

Prerequisites

1. Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).
2. If installed, [remove the front bezel](#).

Steps

1. Align the guide on the drive blank with the slot on drive bay.
2. Slide the drive into the slot until the latch snaps into place.



Figure 60. Installing the optical or tape drive blank

Next steps

1. If removed, [install the front bezel](#).
2. Follow the procedure listed in [After working inside your system](#).

Identifier	GUID-A1DD8DF2-0792-4BFF-A282-2287DC895F20
Status	Released

Removing the optical drive cage or tape drive

Prerequisites

NOTE: The procedure to remove the optical drive cage is identical to removing a tape drive.

1. Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).
2. Follow the procedure listed in [Before working inside your system](#).
3. If installed, [remove the front bezel](#).

Steps

1. Disconnect the power and data cable from the back of the drive.

NOTE: Observe the routing of the power and data cable inside the chassis as you remove them from the system board and the drive. You must route these cables properly when you replace them to prevent them from being pinched or crimped.

2. To remove the drive, push the release latch to release the drive.
3. Slide the drive out of the drive bay.
4. If you are not immediately replacing the tape drive, install the blank.

NOTE: Blanks must be installed on empty optical drive or tape drive slots to maintain FCC certification of the system. The brackets also keep dust and dirt out of the system and aid in proper cooling and airflow inside the system. Perform the same steps to install blanks.



Figure 61. Removing the optical drive cage or tape drive

Next steps

1. [Install the optical drive cage or tape drive.](#)

Identifier	GUID-414B96E7-4A01-4977-9A7A-B5DD848BEB31
Status	Released

Installing the optical drive cage or tape drive

Prerequisites

NOTE: The procedure to install the optical drive cage is the same as installing the tape drive.

Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).

Steps

1. Unpack and prepare the drive for installation.
For instructions, see the documentation that shipped with the drive.
If you are installing a SAS tape drive, you must have an internal tape adapter installed. For more information on installing a SAS tape drive, see the [Installing an expansion card](#) section.
2. If applicable, remove the existing drive or the drive blank.
3. Align the guide on the drive with the slot on drive bay.
4. Slide the drive into the slot until the latch clicks into place.
5. Connect the power and data cable to the drive.
6. Connect the power and data cables to the backplane and the system board.



Figure 62. Installing the optical drive cage or tape drive

Next steps

1. If removed, [install the front bezel](#).
2. Follow the procedure listed in [After working inside your system](#).

Identifier	GUID-A01272A4-1381-4F50-8A99-C724D6C01B21
Status	Released

Removing the slim optical drive

The procedure to remove the slim optical drive blank is similar to removing the slim optical drive.

Prerequisites

1. Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).
2. Follow the procedure listed in [Before working inside your system](#).
3. [Remove the optical drive cage](#).

NOTE: The procedure to remove the optical drive cage is identical to removing the optical or tape drive blank.

Steps

1. Locate the touch point for the slim optical drive lock on the cage.
2. Press the lock and push the slim optical drive out of the cage.

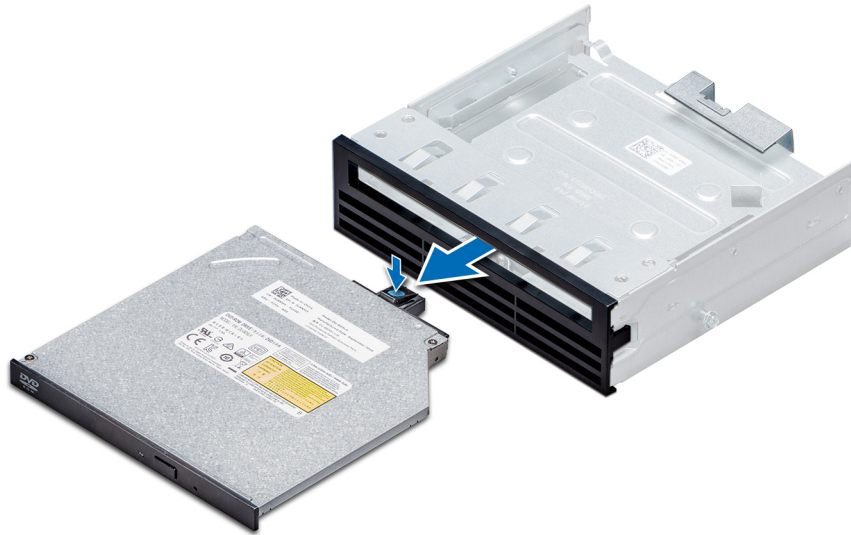


Figure 63. Removing the slim optical drive blank

Next steps

1. Install the slim optical drive or the optical drive blank.

Identifier	GUID-3FF14797-0FEC-44E6-9C4F-7ADF12AF3900
Status	Released

Installing the slim optical drive

The procedure to install the optical drive blank is similar to installing the slim optical drive.

Prerequisites

Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).

Steps

1. Align the slim optical drive with the slim optical drive bay on the optical drive cage.
2. Slide the optical drive into the optical drive bay until the lock clicks into place.



Figure 64. Installing the slim optical drive blank

Next steps

1. [Install the optical drive cage.](#)
2. Follow the procedure listed in [After working inside your system.](#)

Identifier	GUID-78EA5245-900A-44B0-8C55-FB23A47FE8E0
Status	Released

NVDIMM-N battery

Identifier	GUID-F8AAFC4B-976F-48A6-ACEF-822C4F2649A3
Status	Released

Removing the NVDIMM-N battery

Prerequisites

1. Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions.](#)
2. Follow the procedure listed in [Before working inside your system.](#)
 - ⚠ **CAUTION:** To prevent data loss, ensure that your system is turned off and that the indicator LEDs on the battery are Off before removing the NVDIMM-N battery.
 - ⚠ **CAUTION:** To avoid damage to the battery connector, you must firmly support the connector while installing or removing a battery.
3. Remove the NVDIMM-N battery cage.

Steps

1. Disconnect the cables from the NVDIMM-N battery.
2. Using the Phillips #2 screwdriver, loosen the screw securing the NVDIMM-N battery.
3. Holding the edges, lift the battery from the NVDIMM-N battery cage.



Figure 65. Removing the NVDIMM-N battery

Next steps

1. [Install the NVDIMM-N battery.](#)

Installing the NVDIMM-N battery

Prerequisites

CAUTION: To avoid damage to the battery connector, you must firmly support the connector while installing or removing a battery.

Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).

Steps

1. Install the NVDIMM-N battery into the battery cage.
2. Using the Phillips #2 screwdriver, tighten the screw to secure the NVDIMM-N battery.
3. Connect the cables to the NVDIMM-N battery.



Figure 66. Installing the NVDIMM-N battery

Next steps

1. Install the NVDIMM-N battery cage.
2. Follow the procedure listed in [After working inside your system](#).

Identifier	GUID-5A9623BD-BDCB-4B97-AACA-007722B43497
Status	Released

System memory

Identifier	GUID-A79FD0D7-1791-4771-96ED-03156CF48249
Status	Released

System memory guidelines

The PowerEdge systems support DDR4 Registered DIMMs (RDIMMs), Load Reduced DIMMs (LRDIMMs), and Non-Volatile DIMMs (NVDIMM-Ns). System memory holds the instructions that are executed by the processor.

Your system contains 24 memory sockets split into two sets of 12 sockets, one set per processor. Each 12-socket set is organized into six channels. Six memory channels are allocated to each processor. In each channel, the release tabs of the first socket are marked white, and the second socket black.

Memory channels are organized as follows:

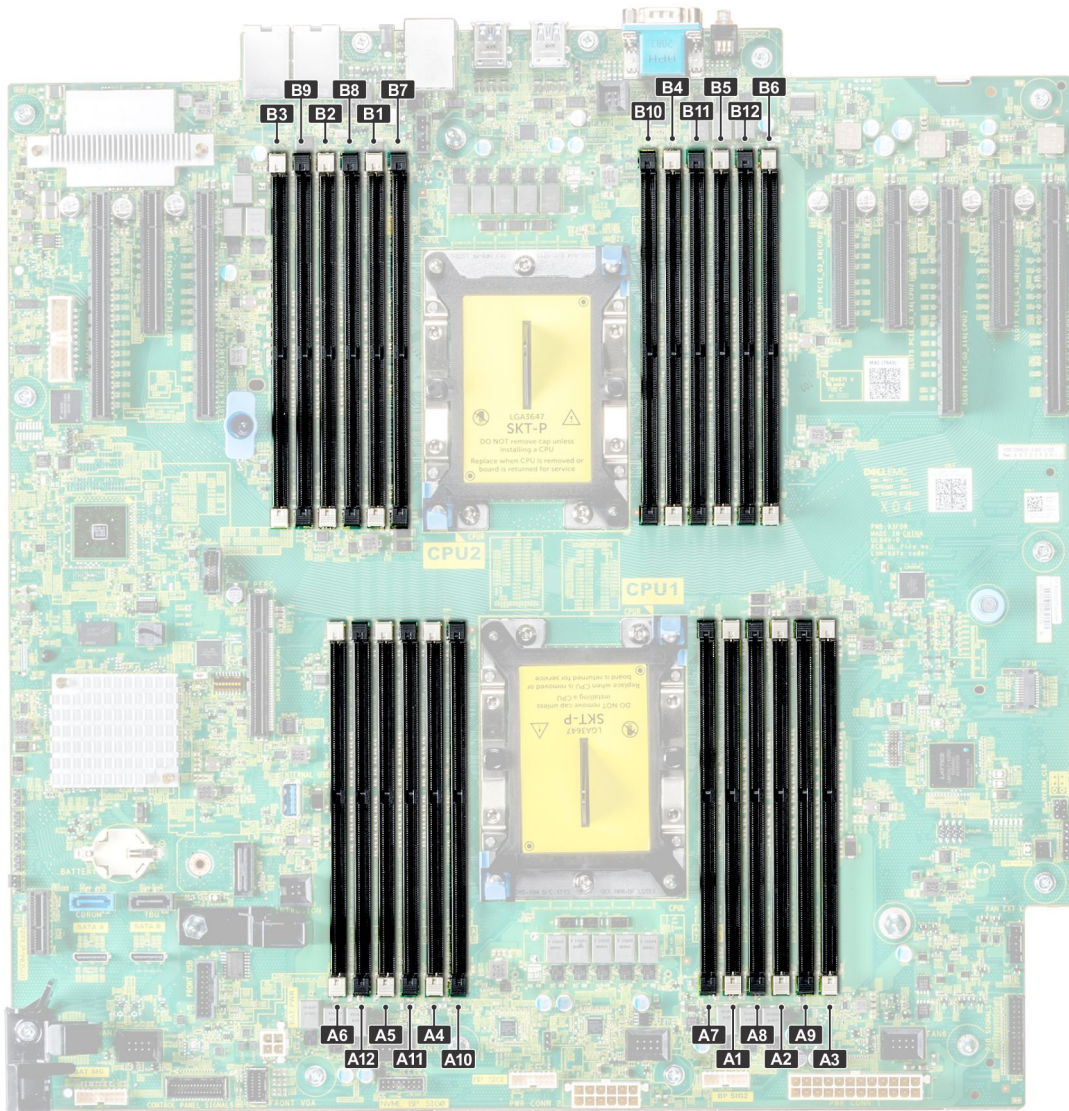


Figure 67. System memory view

Table 35. Memory channels

Processor	Channel 0	Channel 1	Channel 2	Channel 3	Channel 4	Channel 5
Processor 1	Slots A1 and A7	Slots A2 and A8	Slots A3 and A9	Slots A4 and A10	Slots A5 and A11	Slots A6 and A12
Processor 2	Slots B1 and B7	Slots B2 and B8	Slots B3 and B9	Slots B4 and B10	Slots B5 and B11	Slots B6 and B12

The following table shows the memory populations and operating frequencies for the supported configurations:

Table 36. Memory population

DIMM Type	DIMMs Populated/Channel	Voltage	Operating Frequency (in MT/s)	Maximum DIMM Rank/Channel
RDIMM	1	1.2 V	2933, 2666, 2400, 2133	Dual rank or single rank
	2		2666, 2400, 2133	Dual rank or single rank
LRDIMM	1	1.2 V	2933, 2666, 2400, 2133	Quad rank
	2		2666, 2400, 2133	Quad rank
NVDIMM-N	1	1.2 V	2933, 2666, 2400, 2133	Single rank

NVDIMM population rules

- Maximum of one NVDIMM per channel.
- Maximum of six NVDIMMs per processor
- Maximum capacity per NVDIMM is 16GB

NVDIMMs are not supported on the following configurations:

- 32 x 2.5-inch SAS/SATA/SSD drive configuration
- 16 x 2.5-inch SAS/SATA/SSD drives with 8 x NVME drive configuration

Identifier	GUID-ACBC0F13-DEDB-492B-A0B0-18303DED565A
Status	Released

General memory module installation guidelines

To ensure optimal performance of your system, observe the following general guidelines when configuring your system memory. If your system's memory configurations fail to observe these guidelines, your system might not boot, stop responding during memory configuration, or operate with reduced memory.

The memory bus may operate at frequency can be 2933 MT/s, 2666 MT/s, 2400 MT/s, or 2133 MT/s depending on the following factors:

- System profile selected (for example, Performance Optimized, or Custom [can be run at high speed or lower])
- Maximum supported DIMM speed of the processors. For memory frequency of 2933 MT/s, one DIMM per channel is supported.
- Maximum supported speed of the DIMMs

NOTE: MT/s indicates DIMM speed in MegaTransfers per second.

The system supports Flexible Memory Configuration, enabling the system to be configured and run in any valid chipset architectural configuration. The following are the recommended guidelines for installing memory modules:

- All DIMMs must be DDR4.
- RDIMMs and LRDIMMs must not be mixed.
- NVDIMMs and LRDIMMs must not be mixed.
- NVDIMMs and RDIMMs can be mixed.
- 64 GB LRDIMMs that are DDP (Dual Die Package) LRDIMMs must not be mixed with 128 GB LRDIMMs that are TSV (Through Silicon Via/3DS) LRDIMMs.
- x4 and x8 DRAM based memory modules can be mixed.
- Up to two RDIMMs can be populated per channel regardless of rank count.
- Up to two LRDIMMs can be populated per channel regardless of rank count.
- A maximum of two different ranked DIMMs can be populated in a channel regardless of rank count.

- If memory modules with different speeds are installed, they will operate at the speed of the slowest installed memory module(s).
- Populate memory module sockets only if a processor is installed.
 - For single-processor systems, sockets A1 to A12 are available.
 - For dual-processor systems, sockets A1 to A12 and sockets B1 to B12 are available.
- Populate all the sockets with white release tabs first, followed by the black release tabs.
- When mixing memory modules with different capacities, populate the sockets with memory modules with the highest capacity first.

For example, if you want to mix 8 GB and 16 GB memory modules, populate 16 GB memory modules in the sockets with white release tabs and 8 GB memory modules in the sockets with black release tabs.
- Memory modules of different capacities can be mixed provided other memory population rules are followed.

For example, 8 GB and 16 GB memory modules can be mixed.
- In a dual-processor configuration, the memory configuration for each processor must be identical.

For example, if you populate socket A1 for processor 1, then populate socket B1 for processor 2, and so on.
- Mixing of more than two memory module capacities in a system is not supported.
- Unbalanced memory configurations will result in a performance loss so always populate memory channels identically with identical DIMMs for best performance.
- Populate six identical memory modules per processor (one DIMM per channel) at a time to maximize performance.
- To ensure proper system cooling, memory module blanks must be installed in memory sockets that are not occupied.

DIMM population update for Performance Optimized mode with quantity of 4 and 8 DIMMs per processor.

- When the DIMM quantity is 4 per processor, the population is slot 1, 2, 4, 5.
- When the DIMM quantity is 8 per processor, the population is slot 1, 2, 4, 5, 7, 8, 10, 11 (2-2-2 platforms).

Identifier	GUID-D4D658C1-3081-4DC5-B443-04D2ED35FBAC
Status	Released

NVDIMM-N memory module installation guidelines

The following are the recommended guidelines for installing NVDIMM-N memory modules:

- Each system supports memory configurations with 1, 2, 4, 6, or 12 NVDIMM-Ns.
- Supported configurations have dual processors and a minimum of 12x RDIMMs.
- Maximum of 12 NVDIMM-Ns can be installed in a system.
- NVDIMM-Ns or RDIMMs must not be mixed with LRDIMMs.
- DDR4 NVDIMM-Ns must be populated only on the black release tabs on processor 1 and 2.
- All slots on configurations 3, 6, 9, and 12 can be used, but a maximum of 12 NVDIMM-Ns can be installed in a system.

For more information on the supported NVDIMM-N configurations, see the *NVDIMM-N User Guide* at www.dell.com/poweredgedmanuals.

Table 37. Supported NVDIMM-N for dual processor configurations

Configuration	Description	Memory population rules	
		RDIMMs	NVDIMM-N
Configuration 1	12x 16 GB RDIMMs, 1x NVDIMM-N	Processor1 {A1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6} Processor2 {B1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6}	Processor1 {A7}
Configuration 2	12x 32 GB RDIMMs, 1x NVDIMM-N	Same for all 12x RDIMM configurations. See Configuration 1.	Processor1 {A7}
Configuration 3	23x 32 GB RDIMMs, 1x NVDIMM-N	Processor1 {A1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12} Processor2 {B1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11}	Processor2 {B12}
Configuration 4	12x 16 GB RDIMMs, 2x NVDIMM-Ns	Same for all 12x RDIMM configurations. See Configuration 1.	Processor1 {A7} Processor2 {B7}

Configuration	Description	Memory population rules	
		RDIMMs	NVDIMM-N
Configuration 5	12x 32 GB RDIMMs, 2x NVDIMM-Ns	Same for all 12x RDIMM configurations. See Configuration 1.	Processor1 {A7} Processor2 {B7}
Configuration 6	22x 32 GB RDIMMs, 2x NVDIMM-Ns	Processor1 {A1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11} Processor2 {B1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11}	Processor1 {A12} Processor2 {B12}
Configuration 7	12x 16 GB RDIMMs, 4x NVDIMM-Ns	Same for all 12x RDIMM configurations. See Configuration 1.	Processor1 {A7, A8} Processor2 {B7, B8}
Configuration 8	22x 32 GB RDIMMs, 4x NVDIMM-Ns	Same for all 12x RDIMM configurations. See Configuration 1.	Processor1 {A7, A8} Processor2 {B7, B8}
Configuration 9	20x 32 GB RDIMMs, 4x NVDIMM-Ns	Processor1 {A1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10} Processor2 {B1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10}	Processor1 {A11, 12} Processor2 {B11, 12}
Configuration 10	12x 16 GB RDIMMs, 6x NVDIMM-Ns	Same for all 12x RDIMM configurations. See Configuration 1.	Processor1 {A7, 8, 9} Processor2 {B7, 8, 9}
Configuration 11	12x 32 GB RDIMMs, 6x NVDIMM-Ns	Same for all 12x RDIMM configurations. See Configuration 1.	Processor1 {A7, 8, 9} Processor2 {B7, 8, 9}
Configuration 12	18x 32 GB RDIMMs, 6x NVDIMM-Ns	Processor1 {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9} Processor2 {1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9}	Processor1 {A10, 11, 12} Processor2 {B10, 11, 12}
Configuration 13	12x 16 GB RDIMMs, 12x NVDIMM-Ns	Same for all 12x RDIMM configurations. See Configuration 1.	Processor1 {A7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12} Processor2 {B7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12}
Configuration 14	12x 32 GB RDIMMs, 12x NVDIMM-Ns	Same for all 12x RDIMM configurations. See Configuration 1.	Processor1 {A7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12} Processor2 {B7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12}

Identifier	GUID-7BC6FF1B-674F-4B65-BE86-1699131E66BA
Status	Released

Mode-specific guidelines

The configurations allowed depend on the memory mode selected in the System BIOS.

Table 38. Memory operating modes

Memory Operating Mode	Description
Optimizer Mode	The Optimizer Mode if enabled, the DRAM controllers operate independently in the 64-bit mode and provide optimized memory performance.

Memory Operating Mode

Mirror Mode

Description

The **Mirror Mode** if enabled, the system maintains two identical copies of data in memory, and the total available system memory is one half of the total installed physical memory. Half of the installed memory is used to mirror the active memory modules. This feature provides maximum reliability and enables the system to continue running even during a catastrophic memory failure by switching over to the mirrored copy. The installation guidelines to enable Mirror Mode require that the memory modules be identical in size, speed, and technology, and they must be populated in sets of 6 per processor.

Single Rank Spare Mode

Single Rank Spare Mode allocates one rank per channel as a spare. If excessive correctable errors occur in a rank or channel, while the operating system is running, they are moved to the spare area to prevent errors from causing an uncorrectable failure. Requires two or more ranks to be populated in each channel.

Multi Rank Spare Mode

Multi Rank Spare Mode allocates two ranks per channel as a spare. If excessive correctable errors occur in a rank or channel, while the operating system is running, they are moved to the spare area to prevent errors from causing an uncorrectable failure. Requires three or more ranks to be populated in each channel.

With single rank memory sparing enabled, the system memory available to the operating system is reduced by one rank per channel.

For example, in a dual-processor configuration with 24x 16 GB dual-rank memory modules, the available system memory is: $3/4$ (ranks/channel) \times 24 (memory modules) \times 16 GB = 288 GB, and not 24 (memory modules) \times 16 GB = 384 GB. For multi rank sparing, the multiplier changes to $1/2$ (ranks/channel).

NOTE: To use memory sparing, this feature must be enabled in the BIOS menu of System Setup.

NOTE: Memory sparing does not offer protection against a multi-bit uncorrectable error.

Dell Fault Resilient Mode

The **Dell Fault Resilient Mode** if enabled, the BIOS creates an area of memory that is fault resilient. This mode can be used by an OS that supports the feature to load critical applications or enables the OS kernel to maximize system availability.

Optimizer Mode

This mode supports Single Device Data Correction (SDDC) only for memory modules that use x4 device width. It does not impose any specific slot population requirements.

- Dual processor: Populate the slots in round robin sequence starting with processor 1.

NOTE: Processor 1 and processor 2 population should match.

Table 39. Memory population rules

Processor	Configuration	Memory population	Memory population information
Single processor	Optimizer (Independent channel) population order	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• DIMMs must be populated in the order specified.• Odd number of DIMM population is allowed <p>NOTE: Odd number of DIMMs will result in unbalanced memory configurations, which in turn will result in performance loss. It is recommended to populate all memory channels</p>

Processor	Configuration	Memory population	Memory population information
			<p>Identically with identical DIMMs for best performance.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Optimizer population order is not traditional for 4 and 8 DIMM installations of single processor. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> For 4 DIMMs: A1, A2, A4, A5 For 8 DIMMs: A1, A2, A4, A5, A7, A8, A10, A11
	Mirror population order	{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6} {7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12}	Mirroring is supported with 6 or 12 DIMMs per processor.
	Single rank sparing population order	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> DIMMs must be populated in the order specified. Requires two ranks or more per channel.
	Multi rank sparing population order	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> DIMMs must be populated in the order specified. Requires three ranks or more per channel.
	Fault resilient population order	{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6} {7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12}	Supported with 6 or 12 DIMMs per processor.
Dual processor (Start with processor1. processor1 and processor 2 population should match)	Optimized (Independent channel) population order	A{1}, B{1}, A{2}, B{2}, A{3}, B{3}, A{4}, B{4}, A{5}, B{5}, A{6}, B{6}	<p>Odd number of DIMM population per processor is allowed.</p> <p>NOTE: Odd number of DIMMs will result in unbalanced memory configurations, which in turn will result in performance loss. It is recommended to populate all memory channels identically with identical DIMMs for best performance.</p> <p>Optimizer population order is not traditional for 8 and 16 DIMMs installations for dual processor.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> For 8 DIMMs: A1, A2, A4, A5, B1, B2, B4, B5 For 16 DIMMs: A1, A2, A4, A5, A7, A8, A10, A11 B1, B2, B4, B5, B7, B8, B10, B11
	Mirroring population order	A{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6}, B{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6}, A{7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12}, B{7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12}	Mirroring is supported with 6 or 12 DIMMs per processor.
	Single rank sparing population order	A{1}, B{1}, A{2}, B{2}, A{3}, B{3}, A{4}, B{4}, A{5}, B{5}, A{6}, B{6}	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> DIMMs must be populated in the order specified. Requires two ranks or more per channel.
	Multi rank sparing population order	A{1}, B{1}, A{2}, B{2}, A{3}, B{3}, A{4}, B{4}, A{5}, B{5}, A{6}, B{6}	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> DIMMs must be populated in the order specified. Requires three ranks or more per channel.

Processor	Configuration	Memory population	Memory population information
	Fault resilient population order	A{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6}, B{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6}, A{7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12}, B{7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12}	Supported with 6 or 12 DIMMs per processor.

Identifier GUID-18558394-5F6D-4300-B653-B098183689D5
Status Released

Removing a memory module

The procedure for removing a DIMM module and an NVDIMM-N module is identical.

Prerequisites

1. Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).
2. Follow the procedure listed in [Before working inside your system](#).
3. **CAUTION:** To prevent data loss and potential damage to your system, ensure that your system, LEDs on system, LEDs on NVDIMM-N and LEDs on NVDIMM-N battery are turned off before removing the NVDIMM-N battery.
3. Remove the air shroud.

WARNING: Allow the memory modules to cool after you power off the system. Handle the memory modules by the card edges and avoid touching the components or metallic contacts on the memory module.

CAUTION: To ensure proper system cooling, memory module blanks must be installed in any memory socket that is not occupied. Remove memory module blanks only if you intend to install memory modules in those sockets.

Steps

1. Locate the appropriate memory module socket.
2. **CAUTION:** Handle each memory module only by the card edges, ensuring not to touch the middle of the memory module or metallic contacts.
2. Push the ejectors outward on both ends of the memory module socket to release the memory module from the socket.
3. Lift and remove the memory module from the system.

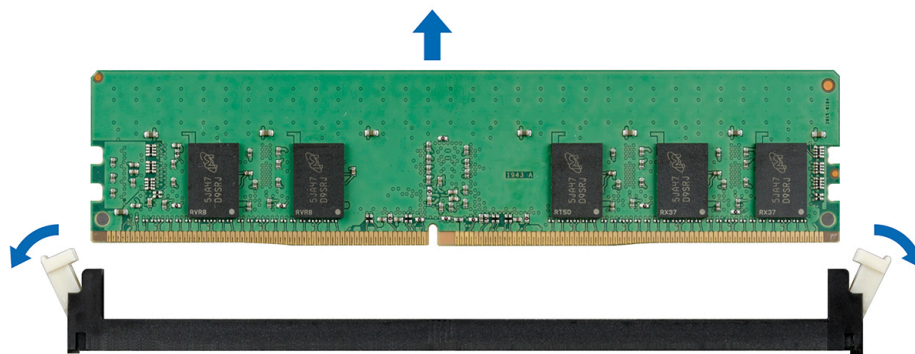


Figure 68. Removing a memory module

Next steps

1. [Install the memory module](#).
2. If you are removing the memory module permanently, install a memory module blank. The procedure to install a memory module blank is similar to that of the memory module.

Installing a memory module

The procedure for installing a DIMM module and an NVDIMM-N module is identical.

Prerequisites

Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).

- CAUTION:** Ensure that you install the NVDIMM-N battery if you are using NVDIMM-N.
- CAUTION:** To prevent data loss and potential damage to your system, ensure that your system, LEDs on system, LEDs on NVDIMM-N and LEDs on NVDIMM-N battery are turned off before installing the NVDIMM-N battery.
- CAUTION:** To ensure proper system cooling, memory module blanks must be installed in any memory socket that is not occupied. Remove memory module blanks only if you intend to install memory modules in those sockets.

Steps

1. Locate the appropriate memory module socket.
 - CAUTION:** Handle each memory module only by the card edges, ensuring not to touch the middle of the memory module or metallic contacts.
 - CAUTION:** To prevent damage to the memory module or the memory module socket during installation, do not bend or flex the memory module. You must insert both ends of the memory module simultaneously.
2. Open the ejectors on the memory module socket outward to allow the memory module to be inserted into the socket.
3. Align the edge connector of the memory module with the alignment key of the memory module socket, and insert the memory module in the socket.
 - CAUTION:** Do not apply pressure at the center of the memory module; apply pressure at both ends of the memory module evenly.
 - NOTE:** The memory module socket has an alignment key that enables you to install the memory module in the socket in only one orientation.
4. Press the memory module with your thumbs until the socket levers firmly click into place.

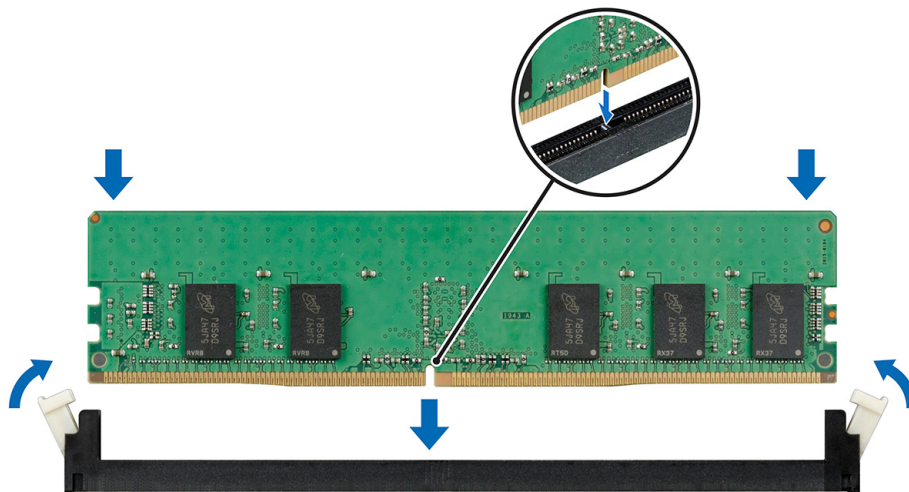


Figure 69. Installing a memory module

For more information on the memory slot locations, see the System memory population topic.

Next steps

1. [Install the air shroud.](#)

2. Follow the procedure listed in [After working inside your system](#).
3. To verify if the memory module has been installed properly, press F2 and navigate to **System Setup Main Menu > System BIOS > Memory Settings**. In the **Memory Settings** screen, the System Memory Size must reflect the updated capacity of the installed memory.
4. If the value is incorrect, one or more of the memory modules may not be installed properly. Ensure that the memory module is firmly seated in the memory module socket.
5. Run the system memory test in system diagnostics.

Identifier	GUID-7F122A3-B2E8-4316-90F4-DD68A8E80576
Status	Released

Processors and heat sinks

Identifier	GUID-ACE2E8B2-A642-46D9-9A07-42BDB7A91274
Status	Released

Removing a processor and heat sink module

Prerequisites

 **WARNING:** The heat sink may be hot to touch for some time after the system is powered down. Allow the heat sink to cool before removing it.

 **NOTE:** For a processor greater than 150 W, you need to use high performance heat sink and processor module.

1. Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).
2. Follow the procedure listed in [Before working inside your system](#).
3. [Remove the air shroud](#).

Steps

1. Using a Torx #T30 screwdriver, loosen the screws on the heat sink in the order below:
 - a) Loosen the first screw three turns.
 - b) Loosen the second screw completely.
 - c) Return to the first screw and loosen it completely.
2. Pushing both blue retention clips simultaneously, lift the processor and heat sink module (PHM).
3. Set the PHM aside with the processor side facing up.

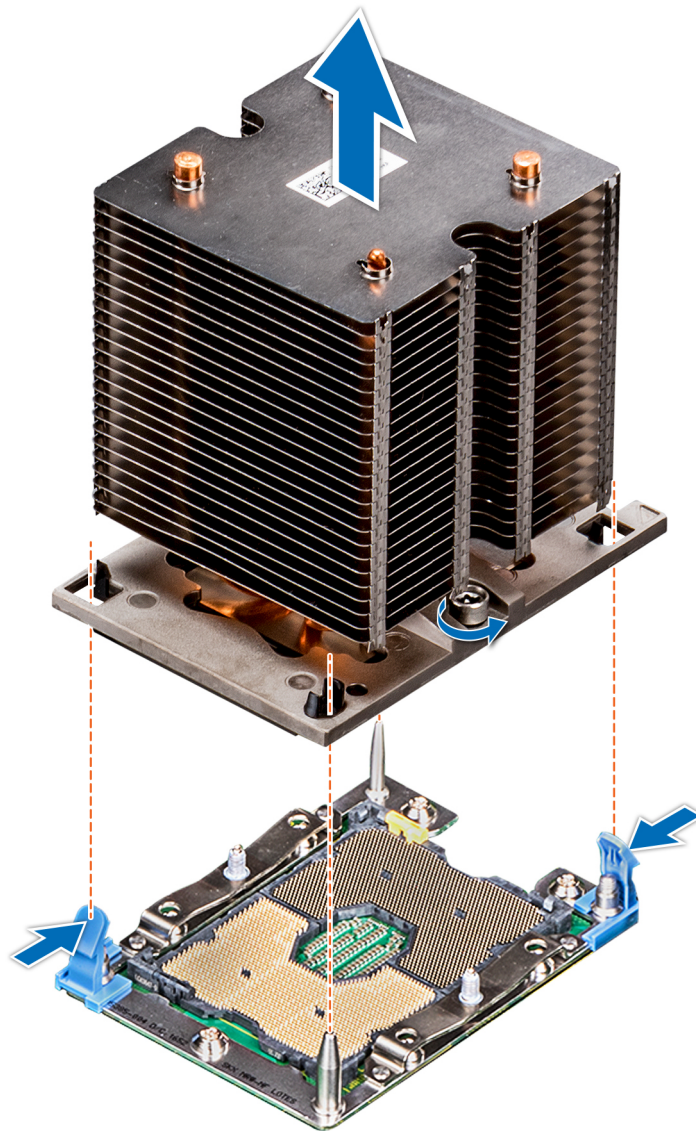


Figure 70. Removing the processor and heat sink module

Next steps

1. [Install the PHM.](#)

Identifier	GUID-A19B0F0F-6745-4049-9E94-67A3386CD3A0
Status	Released

Removing the processor from the processor and heat sink module

Prerequisites

NOTE: Only remove the processor from the processor and heat sink module if you are replacing the processor or heat sink. This procedure is not required when replacing a system board.

1. Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).
2. Follow the procedure listed in [Before working inside your system](#).
3. [Remove the air shroud.](#)
4. [Remove the processor and heat sink module.](#)

Steps

1. Place the heat sink with the processor side facing up.
2. Insert a flat blade screwdriver into the release slot marked with a yellow label. Twist (do not pry) the screwdriver to break the thermal paste seal.
3. Push the retaining clips on the processor bracket to unlock the bracket from the heat sink.

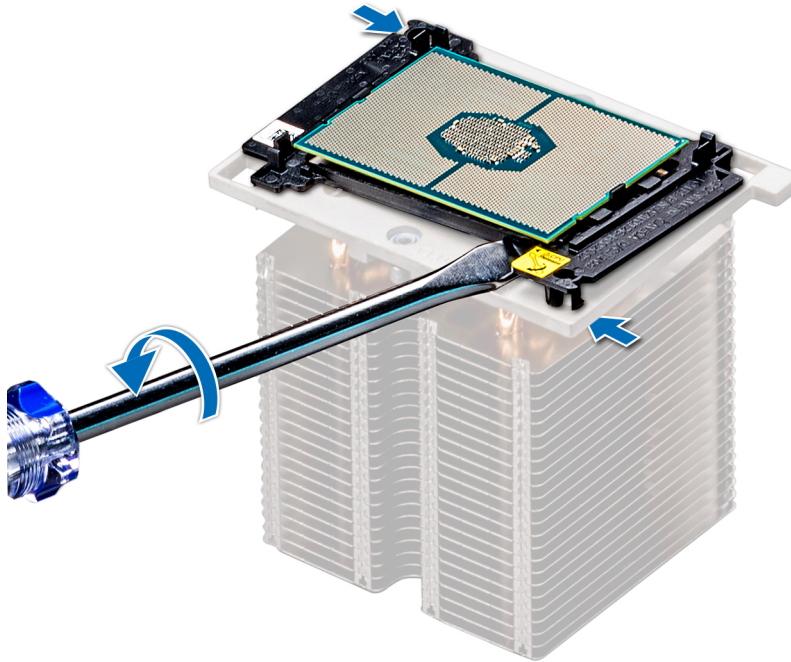


Figure 71. Loosening the processor bracket

4. Lift the bracket and the processor away from the heat sink, and place the processor connector side down on the processor tray.
5. Flex the outer edges of the bracket to release the bracket from the processor.

NOTE: Ensure that the processor and the bracket are placed in the tray after you remove the heat sink.



Figure 72. Removing the processor bracket

Next steps

1. Install the processor into the processor and heat sink module.

Installing the processor into a processor and heat sink module

Prerequisites

Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).

Steps

1. Place the processor in the processor tray.

NOTE: Ensure that the pin 1 indicator on the processor tray is aligned with the pin 1 indicator on the processor.

2. Flex the outer edges of the bracket around the processor ensuring that the processor is locked into the clips on the bracket.

NOTE: Ensure that the pin 1 indicator on the bracket is aligned with the pin 1 indicator on the processor before placing the bracket on the processor.

NOTE: Ensure that the processor and the bracket are placed in the tray before you install the heat sink.



Figure 73. Installing the processor bracket

3. If you are using an existing heat sink, remove the thermal grease from the heat sink by using a clean lint-free cloth.
4. Use the thermal grease syringe included with your processor kit to apply the grease in a quadrilateral design on the top of the processor.

CAUTION: Applying too much thermal grease can result in excess grease coming in contact with and contaminating the processor socket.

NOTE: The thermal grease syringe is intended for single use only. Dispose the syringe after you use it.

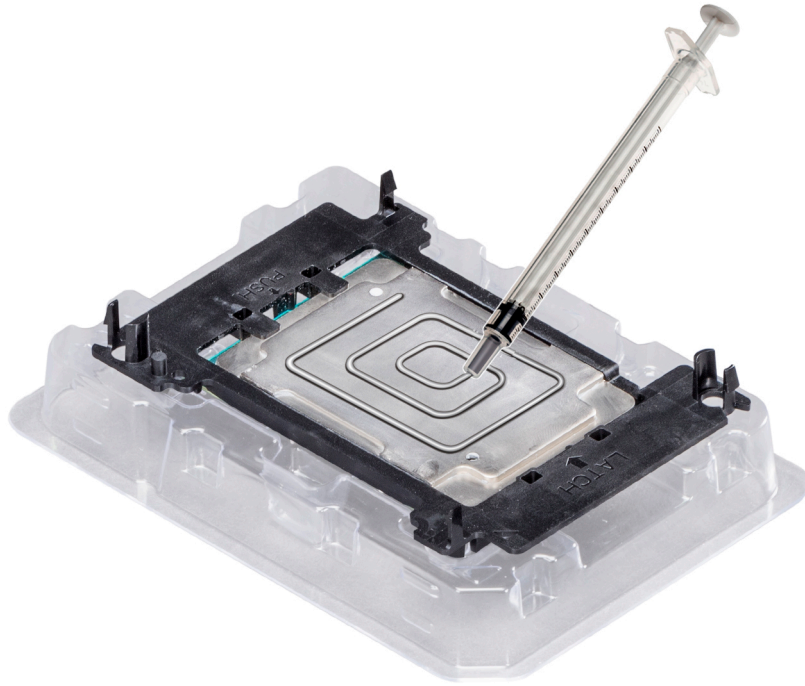


Figure 74. Applying thermal grease on top of the processor

5. Place the heat sink on the processor and push down on the base of the heat sink until the bracket locks onto the heat sink.

NOTE:

- Ensure that the two guide pin holes on the bracket match the guide holes on the heat sink.
- Do not press on the heat sink fins.
- Ensure that the pin 1 indicator on the heat sink is aligned with the pin 1 indicator on the bracket before placing the heat sink onto the processor and bracket.

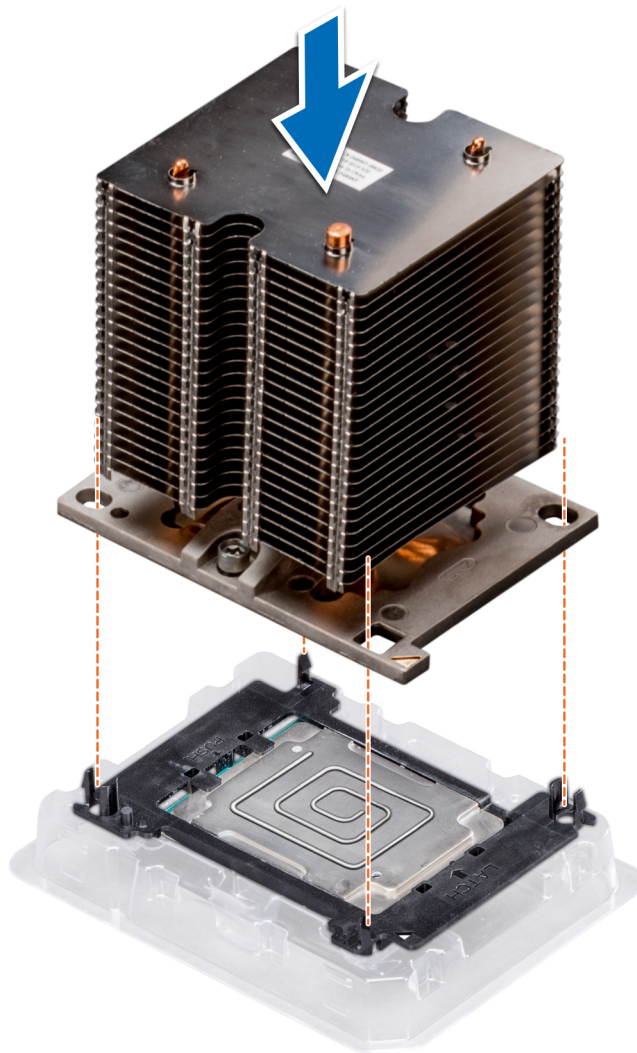


Figure 75. Installing the heat sink onto the processor

Next steps

1. [Install the processor and heat sink module.](#)
2. [Install the air shroud.](#)
3. Follow the procedure listed in [After working inside your system.](#)

Identifier	GUID-578997A0-576F-4CCC-B303-69C7117A3F7B
Status	Released

Installing a processor and heat sink module

Prerequisites

CAUTION: Never remove the heat sink from a processor unless you intend to replace the processor. The heat sink is necessary to maintain proper thermal conditions.

1. Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions.](#)
2. If installed, remove the processor blank and CPU dust cover.

Steps

1. Align the pin 1 indicator of the heat sink to the system board and then place the processor and heat sink module (PHM) on the processor socket.

CAUTION: To avoid damaging the fins on the heat sink, do not press down on the heat sink fins.

NOTE: Ensure that the PHM is held parallel to the system board to prevent damaging the components.

2. Push the blue retention clips inward to allow the heat sink to drop into place.
3. Using the Torx #T30 screwdriver, tighten the screws on the heat sink in the order below:
 - a) Partially tighten the first screw (approximately 3 turns).
 - b) Tighten the second screw completely.
 - c) Return to the first screw and tighten it completely.

If the PHM slips off the blue retention clips when the screws are partially tightened, follow these steps to secure the PHM:

- a. Loosen both the heat sink screws completely.
- b. Lower the PHM on to the blue retention clips, following the procedure described in step 2.
- c. Secure the PHM to the system board, following the replacement instructions listed in this step above. 4.

NOTE: The processor and heat sink module retention screws should not be tightened to more than 0.13 kgf-m (1.35 N.m or 12 in-lbf).

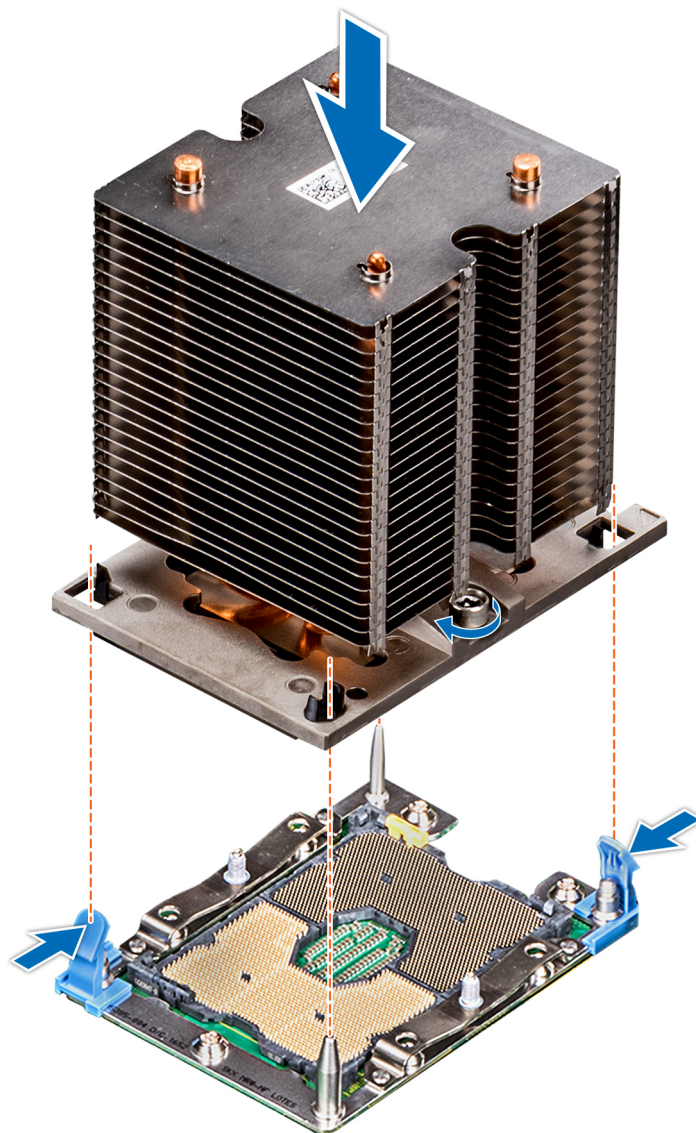


Figure 76. Installing a processor and heat sink module

Next steps

1. Follow the procedure listed in [After working inside your system.](#)

Identifier	GUID-95D2775B-38B4-4CE8-9458-76EA9ECE566D
Status	Released

Expansion card holder

Identifier	GUID-B98470B2-666A-4E8A-AF6A-6E7791DE0A38
Status	Released

Removing the expansion card holder

Prerequisites

1. Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).
2. Follow the procedure listed in [Before working inside your system](#).

Steps

1. Press the tab and slide the expansion card holder up.
2. Lift the expansion card holder away from the chassis.

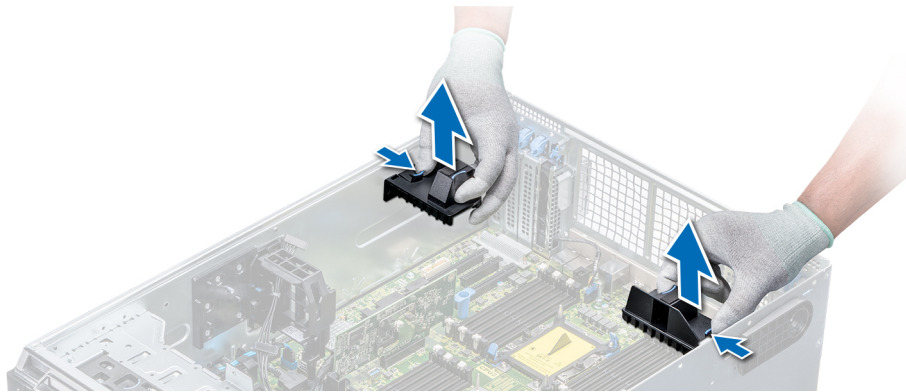


Figure 77. Removing the expansion card holder

Next steps

1. [Install the expansion card holder](#).

Identifier	GUID-EE12FFDB-01A8-4E49-BCD3-D7D85376FDA5
Status	Released

Installing the expansion card holder

Prerequisites

Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).

Steps

Align the expansion card holder with the guide pins on the system and push it down until it locks in place.

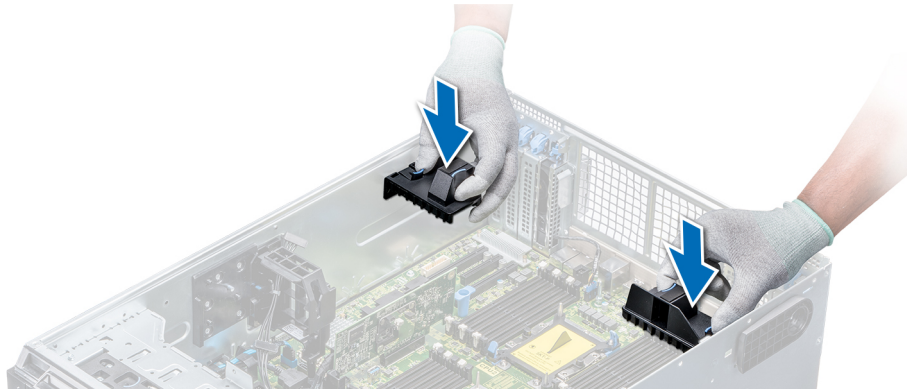


Figure 78. Installing the expansion card holder

Next steps

1. Follow the procedure listed in [After working inside your system.](#)

Identifier	GUID-B3F7261E-747F-48B5-95D7-0BA878FD3C4F
Status	Released

GPU card holder (optional)

Identifier	GUID-6A02391E-5E29-4EE3-AF31-374308CE1546
Status	Released

GPU card restriction

The restrictions for GPU card is listed below:

- Requires cooling fan assembly (middle high-performance fans) and 1 or 2 external fans.
- If a GPU is installed in slot 1, 3, the right external fan is required. If a GPU is installed in slot 6, 8, both external fans are required.
- Two external fans are required for GPU-ready SKUs, there is no SKU with left external fan only.
- If a GPU is installed on slot 1 or 3, only one 5.25 inch RMSD device (ODD/RD1000/half-height tape) is supported.
- Four single width GPUs cannot be supported if the second PERC with battery (H730/H730P/H830).
- 300 W GPUs only support the maximum ambient temperature of 30°C.
- GPU is not supported for 3.5 inch x 18 chassis and fresh air condition.
- GPU is only supported in rack mode.
- The left and right external fans are required when a GPU is installed in slots 6 and 8.

Identifier	GUID-D96F92EE-E286-43C0-B51B-25591CF73AE9
Status	Released

GPU card installation guidelines

Observe the following guidelines while installing a GPU card:

- GPU are supported only in the Rack mode configuration.
- GPU can be installed only on systems that have 1100 W or higher power supply units.
- Each GPU card supports up to 32 GB of dedicated GDDR5 memory.
- Two double-width GPU cards on a single processor configuration and four double width GPU cards on a dual processor configuration do not support any other add-on cards.
- The GPU cards must be installed:
 - On GPU enabled system (two processor and also contains the main air shroud and GPU air shrouds).
 - On systems with eight fan configuration (Fan1, Fan2 are standard (STD) fans. Fan3-Fan6 are high-performance (HPR) fans. Fan7 and Fan8 are external Left and Right fans).
- Specific GPU cards will need the use of the dongle power cable.

Removing the optional GPU card holder

Prerequisites

1. Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).
2. Follow the procedure listed in [Before working inside your system](#).
3. [Remove the air shroud](#).

Steps

Press the release tab and slide the graphical processing unit (GPU) card holder out of the chassis.

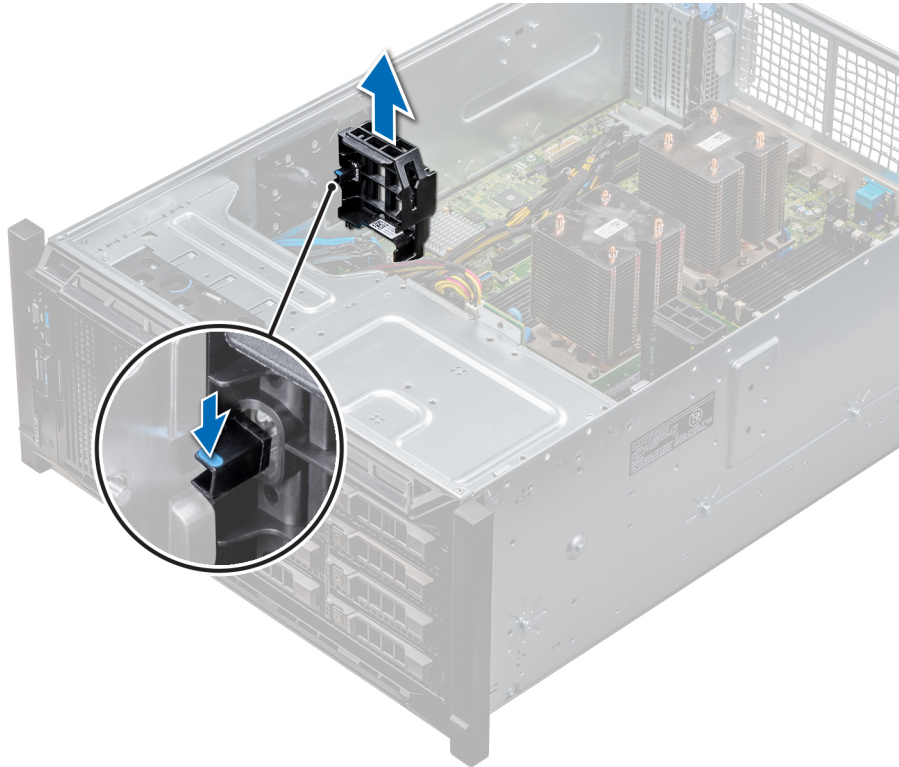


Figure 79. Removing the GPU card holder

Next steps

1. [Install the optional GPU card holder](#).

Installing the optional GPU card holder

Prerequisites

Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).

Steps

Align the GPU card holder with the slots and the guide pin on the system, and push the GPU card holder down until it locks in place.



Figure 80. Installing the optional GPU card holder

Next steps

1. [Install the air shroud.](#)
2. Follow the procedure listed in [After working inside your system.](#)

Identifier	GUID-C9E8823F-AF05-4EA0-B01C-13CABA6B6DCF
Status	Released

Expansion cards

Identifier	GUID-B9D292E5-4989-411F-90C1-F67FD785DB13
Status	Released

Expansion card installation guidelines

The following table describes the supported expansion cards:

Table 40. Supported PCI express generation 3 expansion cards

PCIe Slot	Processor Connection	Height	Length	Link Width	Slot Width
0 (Gen3) (dedicated for PERC or HBA)	Processor 1	-	Half Length	x8	x8
1 (Gen3)	Processor 1	Standard Height	Full Length	x16	x16
2 (Gen3)	Processor 1	Standard Height	Full Length	x4	x8
3 (Gen3)	Processor 1	Standard Height	Full Length	x16	x16
4 (Gen3)	Processor 2	Standard Height	Half Length	x8	x8
5 (Gen3)	Processor 2	Standard Height	Full Length	x4	x8
6 (Gen3)	Processor 2	Standard Height	Full Length	x16	x16
7 (Gen3)	Processor 2	Standard Height	Full Length	x8	x8

PCIe Slot	Processor Connection	Height	Length	Link Width	Slot Width
8 (Gen3)	Processor 2	Standard Height	Full Length	x16	x16

NOTE: To use PCIe slots 4-8, both the processors must be installed.

NOTE: The expansion-card slots are not hot-swappable.

Identifier	GUID-A8784763-3CFB-4594-AB59-0B6DB054B722
Status	Released

Expansion card slot priority

The following table describes the installation order for installing expansion cards to ensure proper cooling and mechanical fit. The expansion cards with the highest priority must be installed first by using the slot priority indicated.

NOTE: To use PCIe slots 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8, both the processors must be installed.

NOTE: The expansion card slots are not hot-swappable.

NOTE: To use PCIe cards with external I/O in slots 1, 2, 3, right external fan must not be installed, and to use PCIe cards with external I/O in slots 5, 6, 7, 8, left external fan must not be installed.

Table 41. Expansion card installation order

System Configuration	Card Priority	Card Type	Slot Priority	Maximum Allowed
1 or 2 CPU, no GPU (no external fan)	1	Dell PowerEdge Express Flash (PCIe SSD) Bridge	1, 3	2
	2	RAID (H330), RAID (H730P)	0	1
		RAID (H740P)	0, 1	2
		RAID (H840), BOSS	4, 7, 1, 6, 8	5
	3	Intel OPA NIC	1, 6	3
		Mellanox CX4 DP 100 Gb NICs*	8, 1, 6, 3	4
		Mellanox CX4 SP 100 Gb NIC*	8	1
	4	Intel 40 Gb NIC	4, 7, 1, 6, 8, 3	6
		Mellanox DP 40 Gb NIC*	8, 4, 7, 1, 6	5
Mellanox SP 25 Gb NIC		4, 7, 1, 6, 8	5	
Intel DP 25 Gb NIC, Qlogic DP 25 Gb NIC		4, 7, 1, 6	4	
Broadcom DP 25 Gb NIC		4, 7, 1, 6, 8, 3	6	
5	FC32 HBAs, FC16 HBAs	4, 7, 1, 6, 8	5	
6	Intel QP 10 Gb Base-T NIC*	8	1	
7	Intel DP 10 Gb Base-T NIC, Intel 4x 10 Gb SFP+ NIC, Broadcom DP 10 Gb 57416 NIC, Qlogic DP 10 Gb SFP V2 NIC, Mellanox DP 10 Gb SFP+ NIC	4, 7, 1, 6, 8	5	
	Intel DP 10 Gb SFP+ NICs, Broadcom DP 10 Gb 57412 NIC, Qlogic QLGX 10 Gb NICs	4, 7, 1, 6, 8, 3	6	
	Solarflare DP 10 Gb NICs*, Qlogic DP 10 Gb V1 NIC*	8, 4, 1, 7, 6	5	
	Qlogic DP 10 Gb SFP V1 NIC, Qlogic DP 10 Gb V2 NIC	4, 7, 1, 6	4	
8	FC8 HBAs	4, 7, 1, 6, 8, 5, 3, 2	8	
9	12G SAS HBA	4, 7, 1, 6, 8, 3	6	

System Configuration	Card Priority	Card Type	Slot Priority	Maximum Allowed
2 CPU, 1 External fan (Right)	1	HBA330	0, 1, 3	2
		PCIe SSD	8, 4, 7, 1, 6	5
		GPUs	3, 1	2
		RAID (H330), RAID (H730)	0	1
		RAID (H740)	0, 1, 3	2
		RAID (H840)	7, 8, 6, 4	4
		BOSS	1, 3, 7, 8, 6, 4	6
		100 Gb NICs	8, 6	4
		40 Gb NICs, 25 Gb NICs	7, 8, 6, 4	4
		FC32 HBAs, FC16 HBAs	7, 8, 6, 4	4
2 CPU, 2 External fans	2	10 Gb NICs	7, 8, 6, 4	4
		FC8 HBAs	7, 8, 6, 4	4
		1 Gb NICs	7, 8, 6, 4	4
		12Gb SAS HBA	7, 8, 6, 4	4
		HBA330	0, 1, 3	2
		PCIe SSD	1, 3, 7, 8, 6, 4	6
		Dell PowerEdge Express Flash (PCIe SSD) Bridge	1, 3	2
		GPUs	3, 6, 8, 1	4
		RAID (H330), RAID (H730)	0	1
		RAID (H740)	0, 1, 3	2
2 CPU, 2 External fans	3	RAID (H840)	4	1
		BOSS	1, 3, 7, 8, 6, 4	6
		NICs	4	1
		12Gb SAS HBA	4	1
		HBA330	0, 1, 3	2
		PCIe SSD	1, 3, 7, 8, 6, 4	6

NOTE: The PCIe cards with * require the cooling fan assembly (middle fans) to support.

NOTE: Without external fans, Mellanox CX4 SP 100 Gb NIC and Intel QP 10 Gb Base-T NIC are only allowed on slot 8 and 2 CPU configuration.

Identifier	GUID-27576947-6D28-40C2-AF33-B2B361B8BB24
Status	Released

Removing a expansion card

Prerequisites

1. Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).
2. Follow the procedure listed in [Before working inside your system](#).
3. [Remove the air shroud](#).
4. [Remove the expansion card holder](#).

Steps

1. If installed, disconnect the data cables from the PERC card and/or the power cables from the GPU card.
2. Press the expansion card latch and push down the latch to open it.
3. Hold the expansion card by its edge, and pull the card up to remove it from the expansion card connector and the system.
4. Install the filler brackets by performing the following steps:
 - a) Align the slot on the filler bracket with the tab on the expansion card slot.
 - b) Press the expansion card latch till the filler bracket locks into place.

NOTE: Filler brackets must be installed in empty expansion-card slots to maintain FCC certification of the system. The brackets also keep dust and dirt out of the system and aid in proper cooling and airflow inside the system.

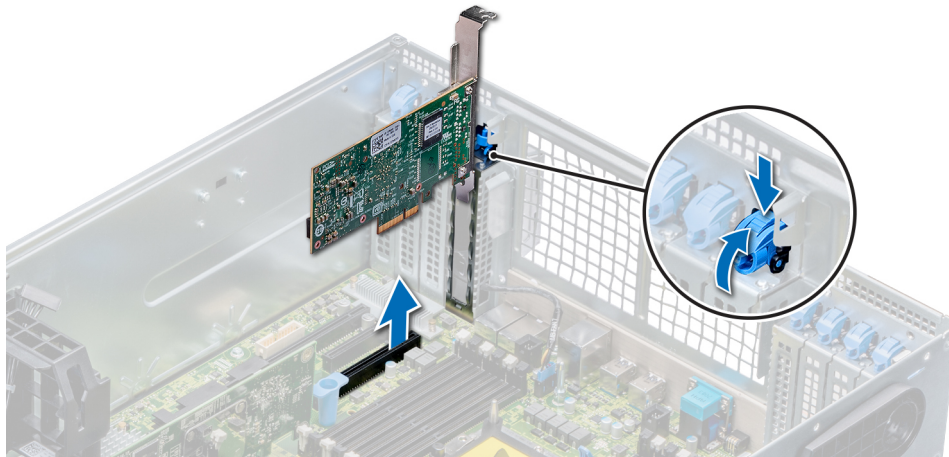


Figure 81. Removing an expansion card

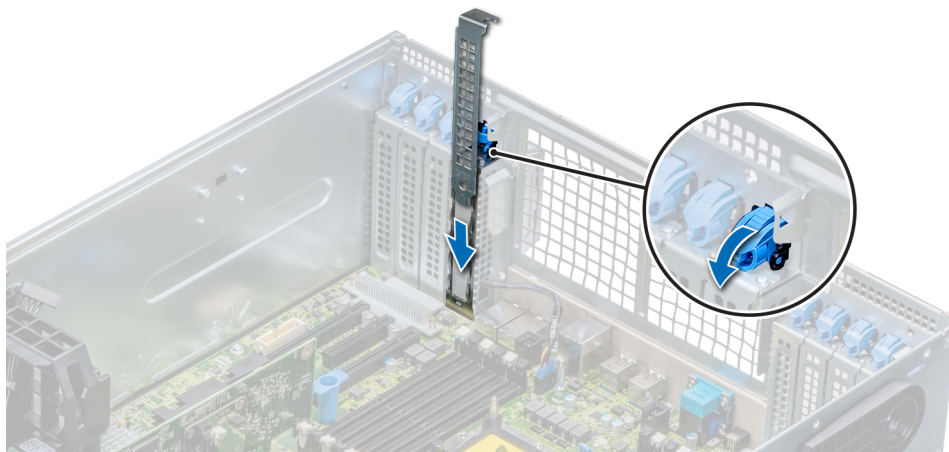


Figure 82. Installing the filler bracket

Next steps

1. Install an expansion card.

Identifier	GUID-83EC7A31-67C2-466D-A3E7-7427D698F222
Status	Released

Installing an expansion card

Prerequisites

1. Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).
2. Remove the air shroud.

3. Remove the expansion card holder.

Steps

1. Unpack the expansion card and prepare it for installation.
For instructions, see the documentation accompanying the card.
2. Open the expansion card latch adjacent to the slot you want to install the expansion card.
3. Remove the existing expansion card or filler bracket from the expansion card holder.

NOTE: Store this bracket for future use. Filler brackets must be installed in empty expansion-card slots to maintain FCC certification of the system. The brackets also keep dust and dirt out of the system and aid in proper cooling and airflow inside the system.

4. Holding the card by its edges, position the card so that the card aligns with the expansion card connector.
5. Insert the card firmly into the expansion card connector until the card is fully seated.
6. Close the expansion card latch by pushing the latch up until the latch snaps into place.
7. Connect the data cables to the expansion card and/or the power cables to the GPU card.

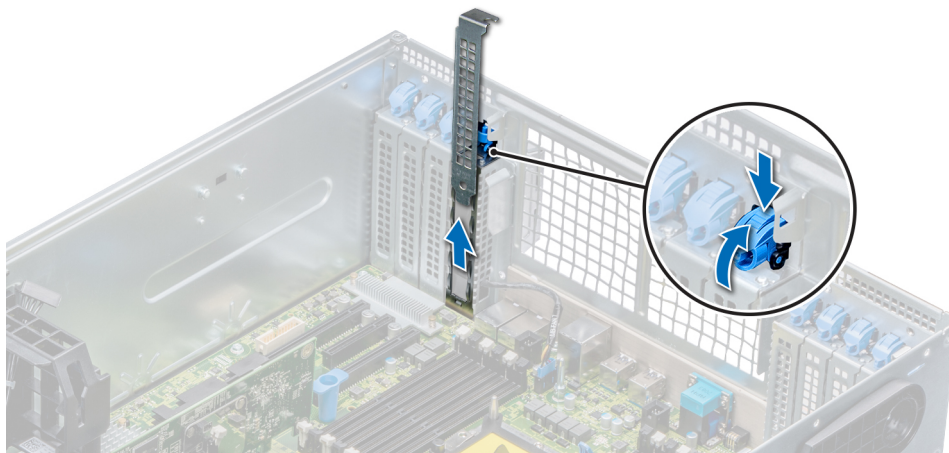


Figure 83. Removing the filler bracket

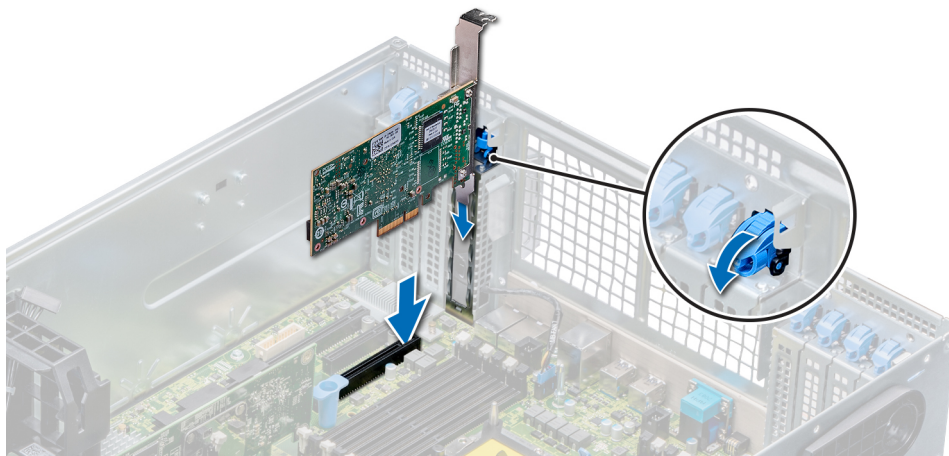


Figure 84. Installing an expansion card

Next steps

1. Install the expansion card holder.
2. Follow the procedure listed in [After working inside your system](#).

Identifier	GUID-541A240C-5B19-4B23-A8DF-ACBB896F1550
Status	Released

M.2 SSD module

Identifier	GUID-429179C3-A90E-423E-BF08-C0B59FCB4641
Status	Released

Removing the M.2 SSD module

Prerequisites

1. Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).
2. Follow the procedure listed in [Before working inside your system](#).
3. [Remove the air shroud](#).
4. Remove the BOSS card.

NOTE: Removing the BOSS card is similar to the procedure for removing an expansion card riser.

Steps

1. Loosen the screws and lift the retention straps that secure the M.2 SSD module on the BOSS card.
2. Pull the M.2 SSD module away from the BOSS card.

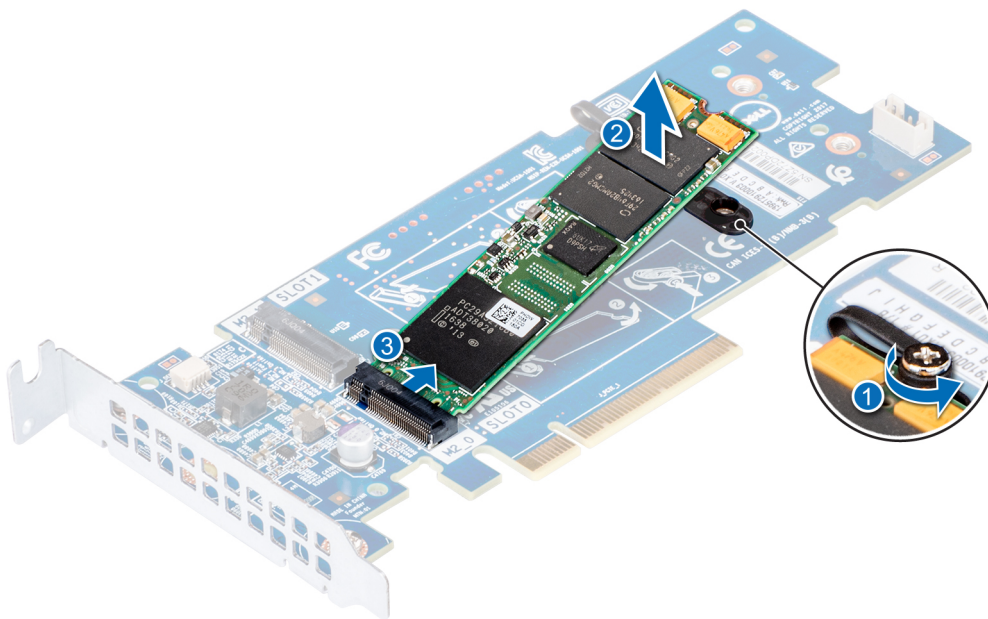


Figure 85. Removing the M.2 SSD module

Next steps

1. [Install the M.2 SSD module](#).

Identifier	GUID-746F0931-FFFC-4DB0-BA77-88A90AC3ECA7
Status	Released

Installing the M.2 SSD module

Prerequisites

1. Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).

Steps

1. Align the M.2 SSD module connectors with the connectors on the BOSS card.
2. Push the M.2 SSD module until the module is seated firmly on the BOSS card.
3. Secure the M.2 SSD module on the BOSS card with the retention straps and screws.

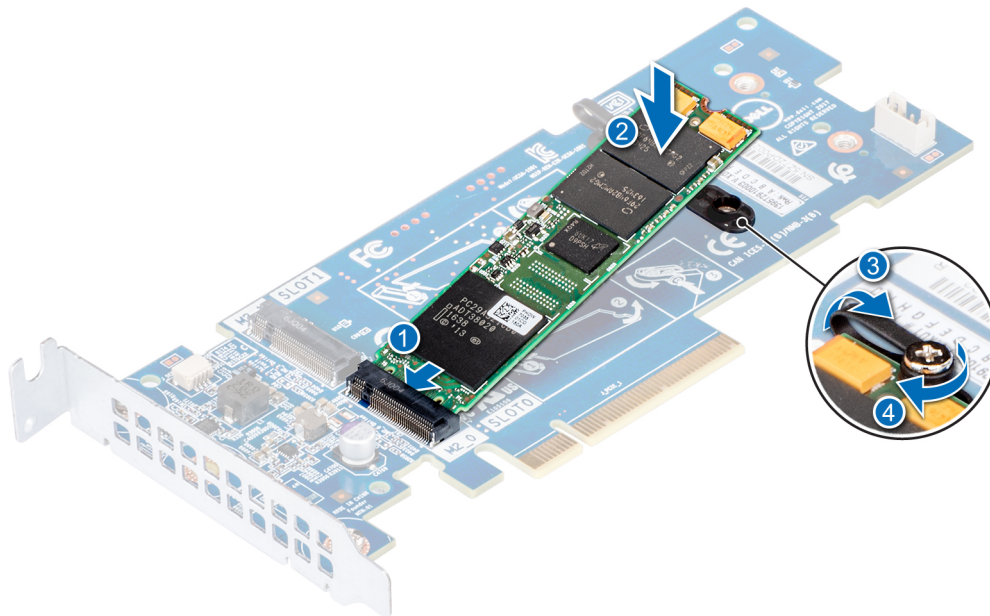


Figure 86. Installing the M.2 SSD module

Next steps

1. Install the BOSS card.
NOTE: Installing the BOSS card is similar to installing the expansion card riser.
2. Install the air shroud.
3. Follow the procedure listed in [After working inside your system](#).

Identifier	GUID-5E31A940-66EC-430D-AB67-4A90F233369E
Status	Released

Optional MicroSD or vFlash card

Identifier	GUID-22F69E5E-3E65-4BAC-B13A-F09FF147660D
Status	Released

Removing the MicroSD card

Prerequisites

1. Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).
2. Follow the procedure listed in [Before working inside your system](#).

Steps

1. Locate the MicroSD card slot on the vFlash/IDSDM module, and press the card to partially release it from the slot. To locate IDSDM/vFlash module, see the [System board jumpers and connectors](#) section.
2. Hold the MicroSD card and remove it from the slot.

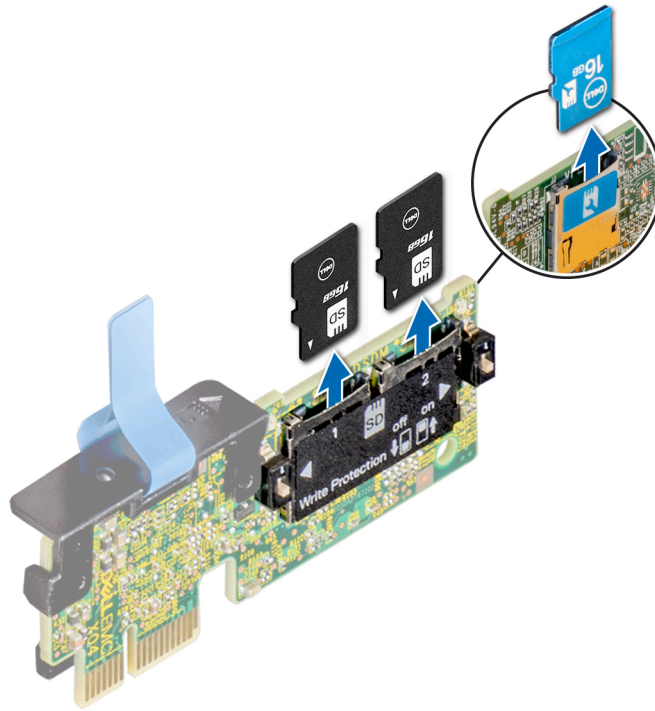


Figure 87. Removing the MicroSD card from the slot

NOTE: Temporarily label each MicroSD card with its corresponding slot number after removal.

Next steps

1. Install a MicroSD card.

Identifier	GUID-09475854-37B2-492A-A07D-46F223A08855
Status	Released

Installing the MicroSD card

Prerequisites

Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).

NOTE: To use an MicroSD card with your system, ensure that the Internal SD Card Port is enabled in System Setup.

NOTE: If reinstalling, ensure that you install the MicroSD cards into the same slots based on the labels you had marked on the cards during removal.

Steps

1. Locate the MicroSD card connector on the IDSDM/vFlash module. Orient the MicroSD card appropriately and insert the contact-pin end of the card into the slot. To locate IDSDM/vFlash, see the [System board jumpers and connectors](#) section.

NOTE: The slot is keyed to ensure correct insertion of the card.

2. Press the card into the card slot to lock it into place.

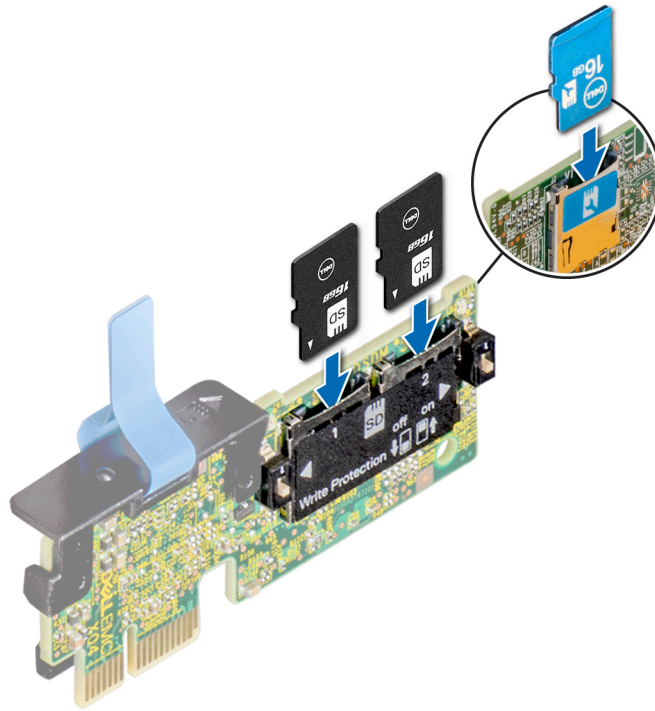


Figure 88. Installing the MicroSD card

Next steps

1. Follow the procedure listed in [After working inside your system.](#)

Identifier	GUID-195C604B-9799-475D-B0EF-4C47C23D3A06
Status	Released

Optional IDSDM or vFlash module

Identifier	GUID-F67991EA-CC5D-413D-B9C0-0BE2703AA7D7
Status	Released

Removing the optional IDSDM or vFlash module

Prerequisites

1. Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions.](#)
2. Follow the procedure listed in [Before working inside your system.](#)
3. If you are replacing the IDSDM/vFlash module, remove the MicroSD cards.

NOTE: Temporarily label each MicroSD card with its corresponding slot number after removal.

Steps

1. Locate the IDSDM/vFlash connector on the system board.
To locate IDSDM/vFlash connector, see the [System board jumpers and connectors](#) section.
2. Holding the pull tab, lift the IDSDM/vFlash module out of the system.

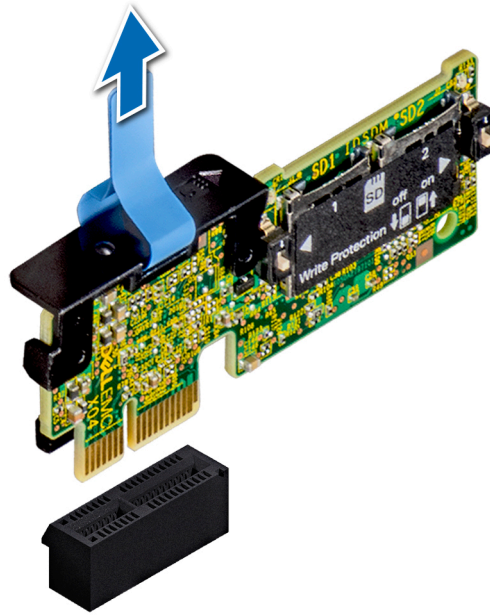


Figure 89. Removing the optional IDSDM/vFlash module

NOTE: There are two dip switches on the IDSDM/vFlash module for write-protection.

Next steps

1. Install the optional IDSDM/vFlash card.

Identifier	GUID-85A9280F-724B-4C12-A936-A7D7475A42B5
Status	Released

Installing optional IDSDM or vFlash module

Prerequisites

Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).

Steps

1. Locate the IDSDM/vFlash connector on the system board.
To locate IDSDM/vFlash connector, see the [System board jumpers and connectors](#) section.
2. Align the IDSDM/vFlash card with the connector on the system board.
3. Push the IDSDM/vFlash module until it is firmly seated on the system board.

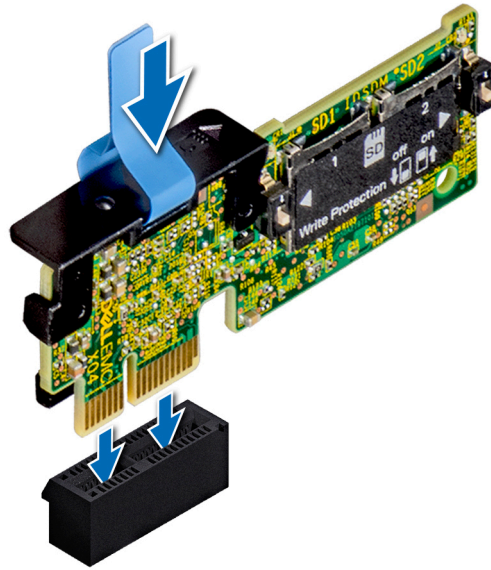


Figure 90. Installing optional IDSDM/vFlash module

Next steps

1. [Install the MicroSD cards.](#)



NOTE: Reinstall the MicroSD cards into the same slots based on the labels you had marked on the cards during removal.

2. Follow the procedure listed in [After working inside your system.](#)

Identifier	GUID-13B082FA-81D4-45CC-B64D-B0E32A782E79
Status	Released

Backplane

Identifier	GUID-7674C2B7-CAF5-4090-AF91-42A338CC61B0
Status	Released

Backplane connectors

Depending on the configuration, your system supports one of the following:

- 8 x 3.5 inch SAS/SATA backplane
- 18 x 3.5 inch SAS/SATA backplane
- 8 x 2.5 inch Dell PowerEdge Express Flash (NVMe) backplane
- 16 x 2.5 inch SAS/SATA backplane with the optional additional backplanes below:
 - 8 x 2.5 inch NVMe backplane
 - 16 x 2.5 inch SAS/SATA backplane (FlexBay)
- 32 x 2.5 inch SAS/SATA backplane

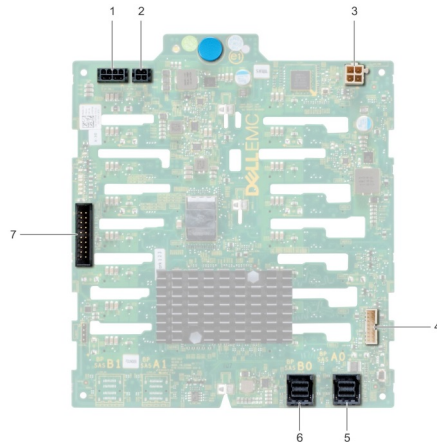


Figure 91. 16 x 2.5 SAS/SATA backplane

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1. backplane power connector A [J_BP_PWR_A] | 2. backplane power connector B [J_BP_PWR_B] |
| 3. optical drive power connector [J_ODD_PWR] | 4. backplane signal connector [J_BP_SIG] |
| 5. SAS A0 connector [J_SAS_A0] | 6. SAS B0 connector [J_SAS_B0] |
| 7. I2C connector | |

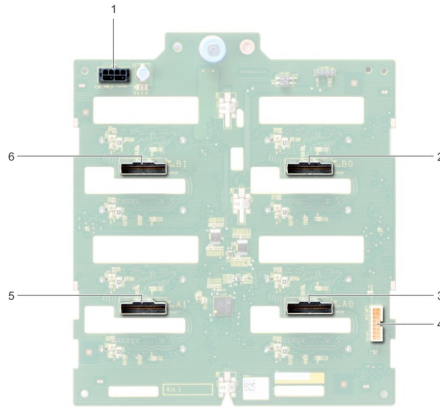


Figure 92. 8 x 2.5 NVMe backplane

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1. backplane power connector [J_BP_PWR1] | 2. PCIe B0 connector [J_PCIE_B0] |
| 3. PCIe A0 connector [J_PCIE_A0] | 4. backplane signal connector [J_BP_SIG1] |
| 5. PCIe A1 connector [J_PCIE_A1] | 6. PCIe B1 connector [J_PCIE_B1] |

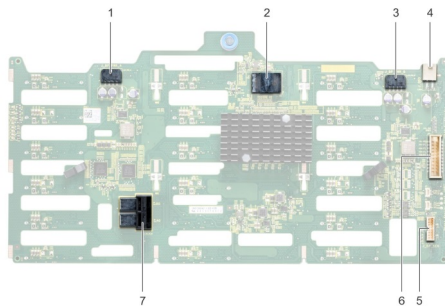


Figure 93. 18 x 3.5 SAS/SATA backplane

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1. backplane power connector A [J_BP_PWR_A1] | 2. controller |
| 3. backplane power connector B [J_BP_PWR_B1] | 4. optical drive power connector [J_ODD1] |
| 5. I2C connector | 6. backplane signal connector [J_BP_SIG1] |
| 7. SAS A0_B0 connector [J_SAS_A0_B0] | |

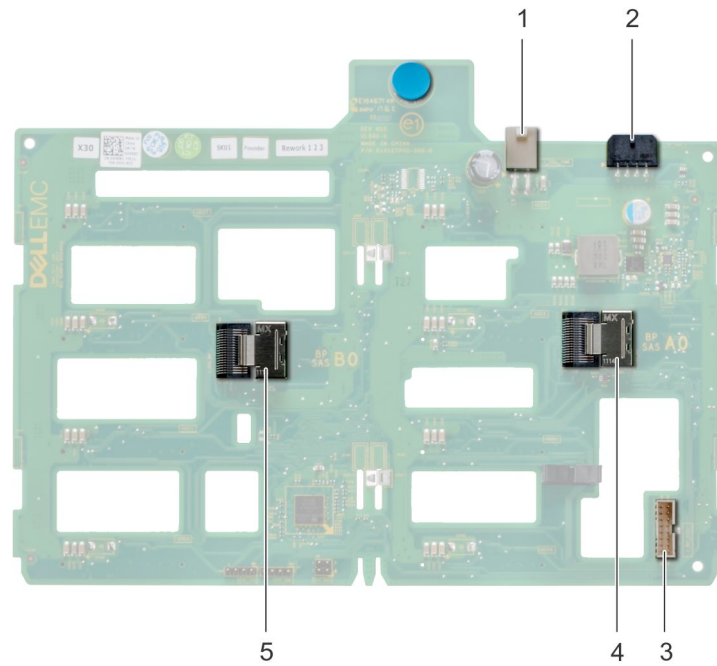


Figure 94. 8 x 3.5 SAS/SATA backplane

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1. optical drive power connector [J_ODD1] | 2. backplane power connector [J_BP_PWR_A] |
| 3. SAS A0 connector [J_BP_SIG] | 4. backplane signal connector [J_SAS_A0] |
| 5. SAS B0 connector [J_SAS_B0] | |

Identifier	GUID-E5CFD7A5-3D15-487E-AB61-8A7FA0DD1CD2
Status	Released

Removing a backplane

Prerequisites

CAUTION: To prevent damage to the drives and backplane, you must remove the hard drives from the system before removing the backplane.

CAUTION: You must note the number of each hard drive and temporarily label them before removal so that you can replace them in the same locations.

1. Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).
2. Follow the procedure listed in [Before working inside your system](#).
3. [Remove all the drives](#).
4. If installed, [remove the middle cooling fan assembly](#).

Steps

1. Disconnect the data, signal, and power cables from the backplane.
2. Pull the release pin and holding the pin, lift the backplane out of the system.

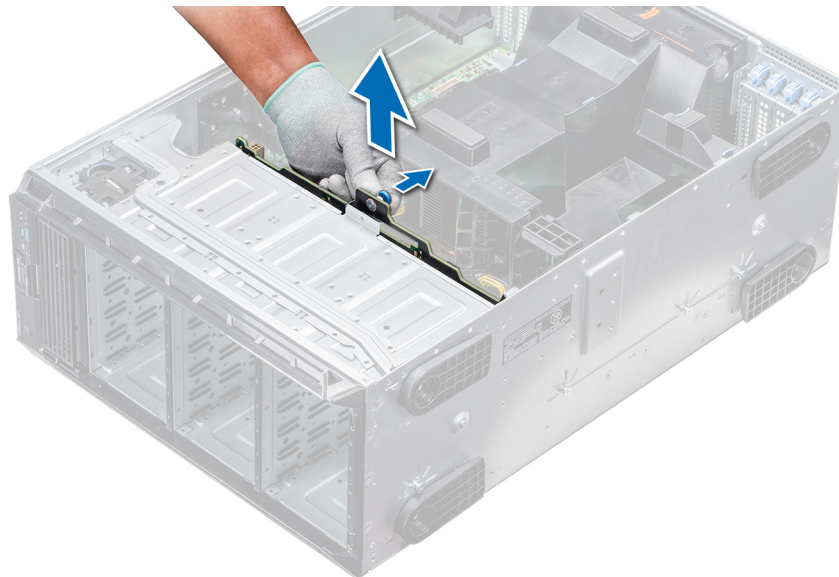


Figure 95. Removing a backplane

Next steps

1. [Install a backplane.](#)

Identifier	GUID-448DF5D8-4670-4266-9317-7C7601659DAB
Status	Released

Installing a backplane

Prerequisites

1. Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).
2. Follow the procedure listed in [Before working inside your system](#).

Steps

1. Use the hooks at the base of the system as guides to align the hard drive backplane.
2. Lower the hard-drive backplane into the system till the release pin locks in place, securing the hard drive backplane to the system.
3. Connect the data, signal, and power cables to the backplane.

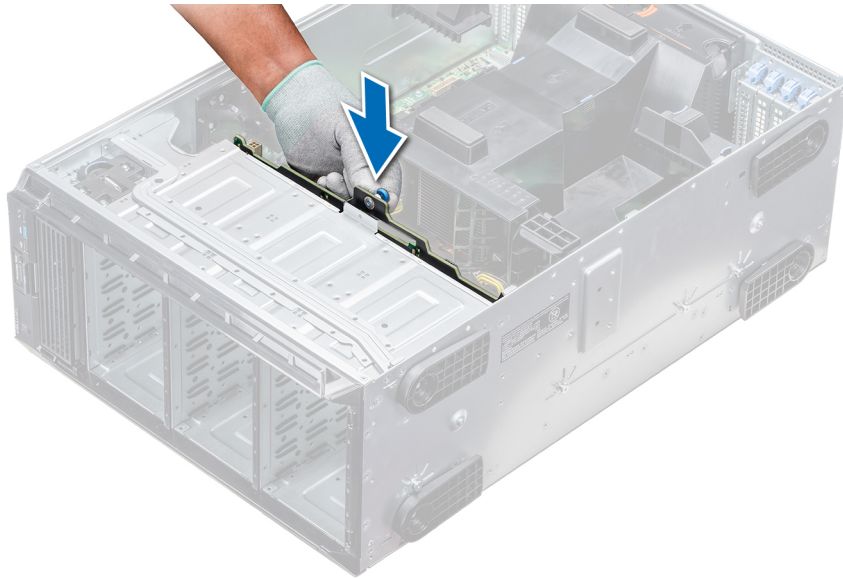


Figure 96. Installing a backplane

Next steps

1. If removed, [install the middle cooling fan assembly](#).
2. [Install the drives into their original slots](#).
3. Follow the procedure listed in [After working inside your system](#).

Identifier	GUID-BD1E08BB-B14E-4F08-9289-ED3B014A2594
Status	Released

Backplane cabling

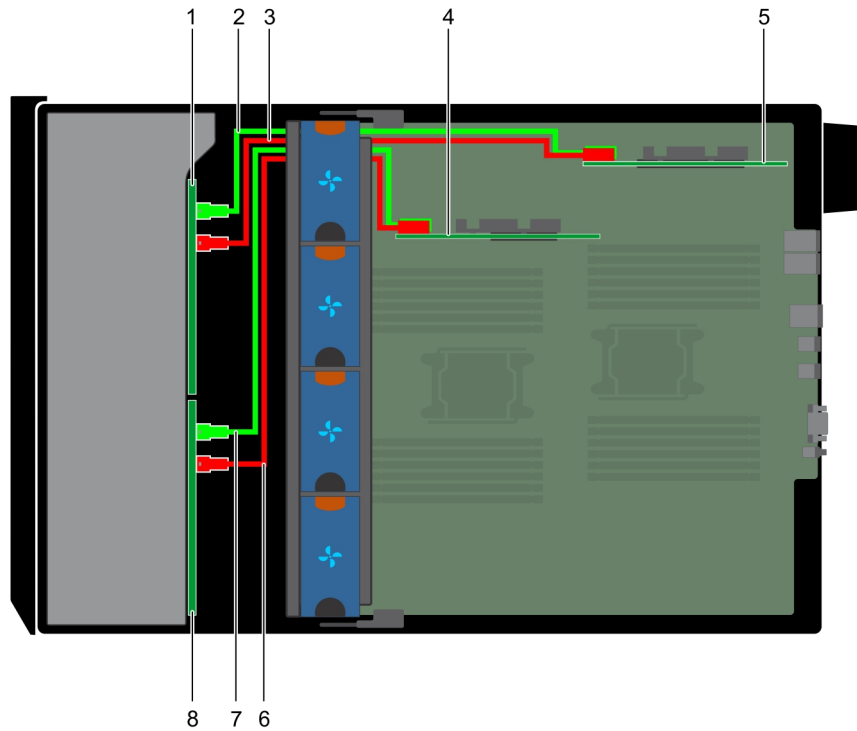


Figure 97. 2.5 inch x32 SAS/SATA to internal PERC and PERC adapter

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1. 2.5 inch x 16 backplane (flex bay) | 2. SAS cable (BP: J_EXP_A1 to PERC adapter) |
| 3. SAS cable (BP: J_EXP_B1 to PERC adapter) | 4. internal PERC card |

- 5. PERC adapter
- 6. SAS cable (BP: J_SAS_A0 to internal PERC card)
- 7. SAS cable (BP: J_SAS_B0 to internal PERC card)
- 8. 2.5 inch x 16 backplane

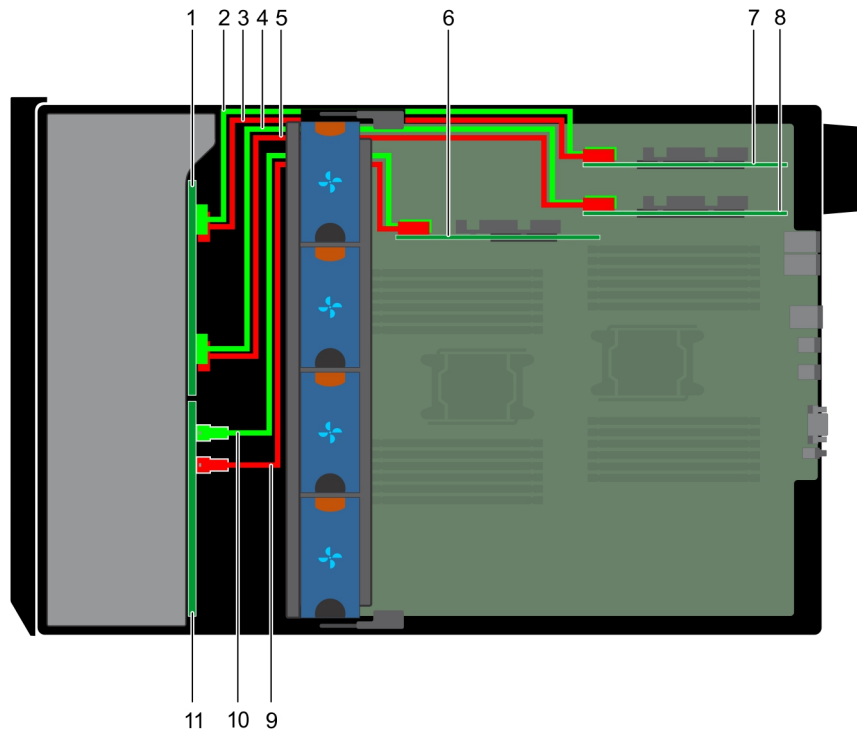


Figure 98. 2.5 inch x16 SAS/SATA to internal PERC with 2.5 inch x8 NVMe to PCIe bridge

- 1. 2.5 inch x8 NVMe backplane
- 2. NVMe cable (BP: J_PCIE_B0 to PCIe bridge: J6)
- 3. NVMe cable (BP: J_PCIE_A0 to PCIe bridge: J5)
- 4. NVMe cable (BP: J_PCIE_B1 to PCIe bridge: J6)
- 5. NVMe cable (BP: J_PCIE_A1 to PCIe bridge: J5)
- 6. internal PERC card
- 7. PCIe bridge on Slot 1
- 8. PCIe bridge on Slot 3
- 9. SAS cable (BP: SAS_B0 to internal PERC card: SAS_B)
- 10. SAS cable (BP: SAS_A0 to internal PERC card: SAS_A)
- 11. 2.5 inch x16 SAS/SATA backplane

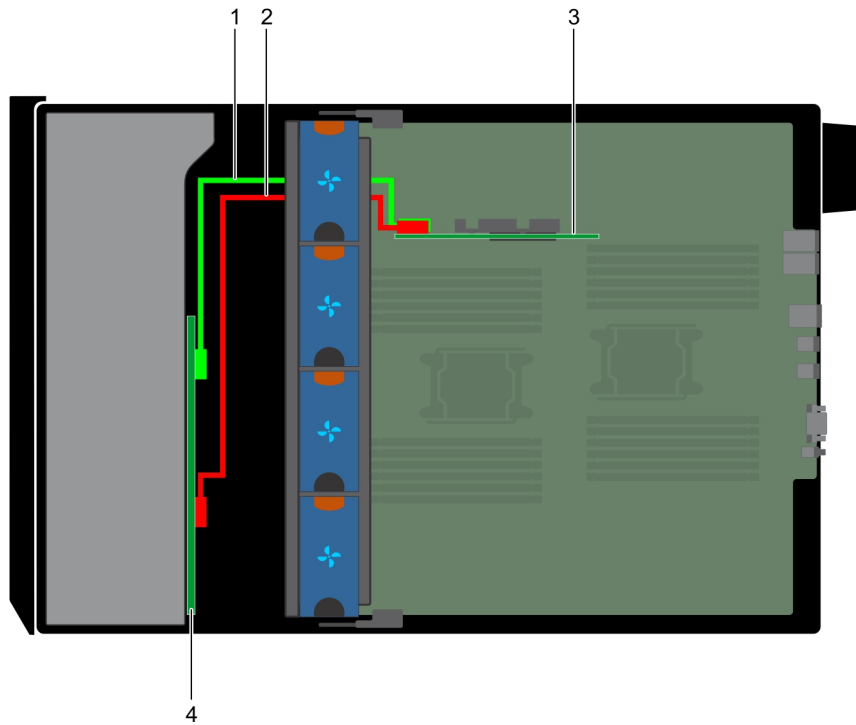


Figure 99. 3.5 inch x8 SAS/SATA to internal PERC

1. SAS cable (BP: SAS_A0 to internal PERC card: SAS_A)
2. SAS cable (BP: SAS_B0 to internal PERC card: SAS_B)
3. internal PERC
4. 3.5 inch x8 SAS/SATA backplane

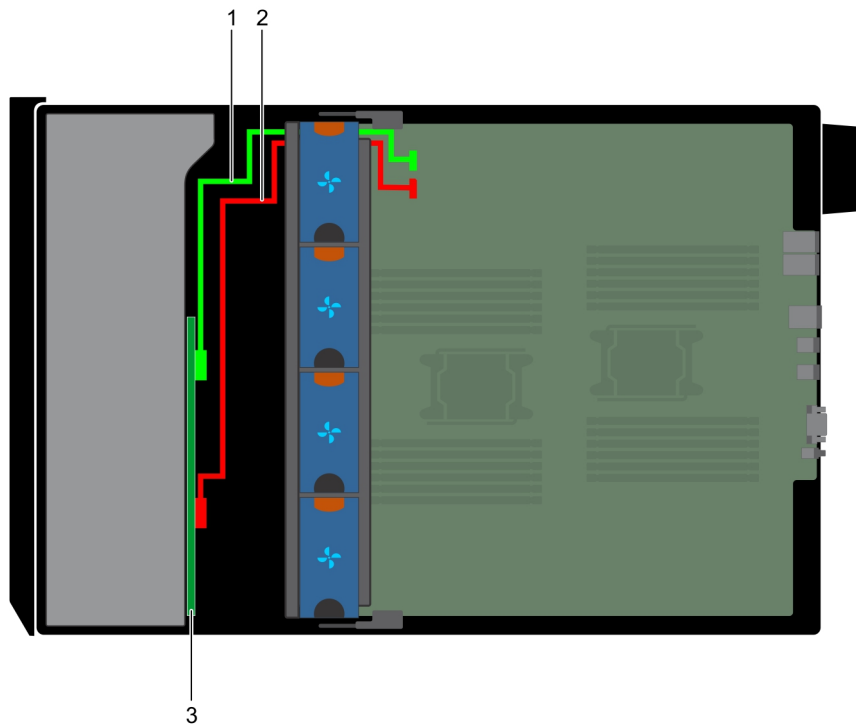


Figure 100. 3.5 inch x8 onboard SAS controller

1. SAS cable (BP: SAS_A0 to MB: SAS_A)
2. SAS cable (BP: SAS_B0 to MB: SAS_B)
3. 3.5 inch x8 SAS/SATA backplane

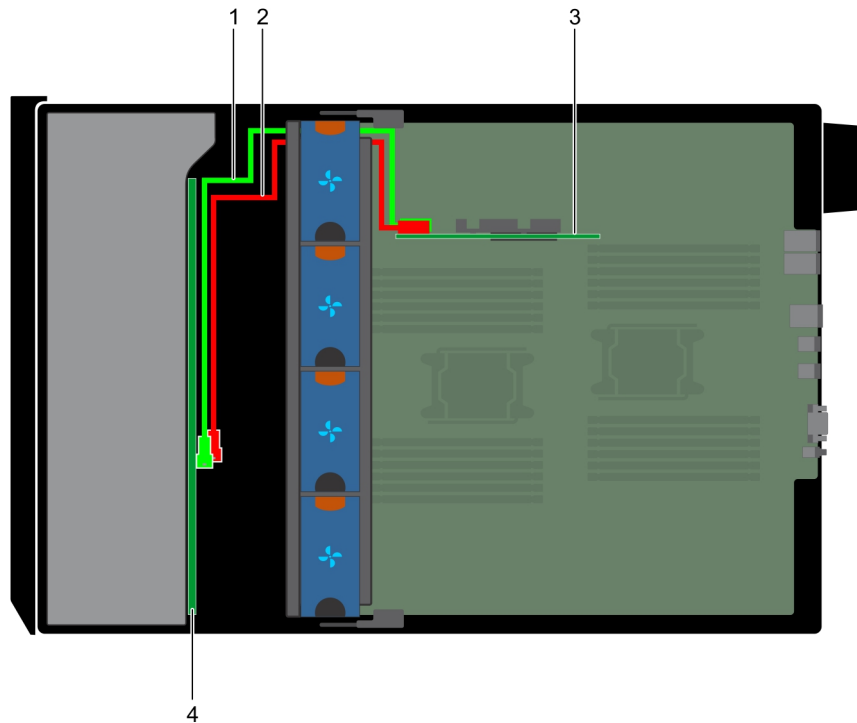


Figure 101. 3.5 inch x18 internal PERC

1. SAS cable (BP: SAS_A0 to internal PERC card: SAS_A)
2. SAS cable (BP: SAS_B0 to internal PERC card: SAS_B)
3. internal PERC card
4. 3.5 inch x18 SAS/SATA backplane

Identifier	GUID-399481FB-C455-4808-B68F-35407E8C789E
Status	Released

Integrated storage controller card

Identifier	GUID-97A63248-1AF6-4489-B402-7801FD365C92
Status	Released

Removing the integrated storage controller card

Prerequisites

1. Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).
2. Follow the procedure listed in [Before working inside your system](#).
3. [Remove the air shroud](#).
4. [Remove the GPU card holder](#).

Steps

1. Holding the integrated storage controller card firmly, lift the card out of the server.
2. Disconnect the data cables from the integrated storage controller.

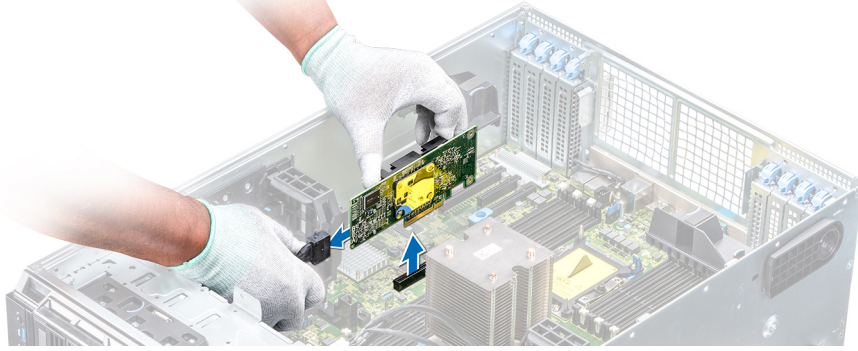


Figure 102. Removing the integrated storage controller card

Next steps

1. Install the integrated storage controller card.

Identifier	GUID-C6FDA837-9F4E-41EA-A159-34BA7084B421
Status	Released

Installing the integrated storage controller card

Prerequisites

Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).

Steps

1. Connect the data cables from the integrated storage controller.
2. Holding the storage controller card firmly, insert the card into the dedicated slot on the system board.

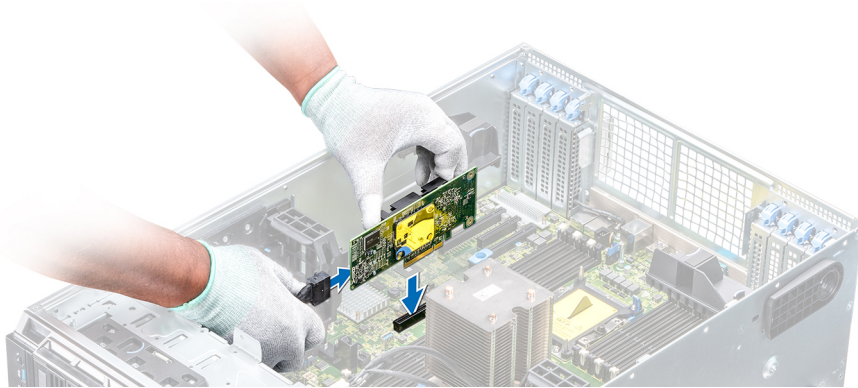


Figure 103. Installing the integrated storage controller card

Next steps

1. Install the GPU card holder.
2. Install the air shroud.
3. Follow the procedure listed in [After working inside your system](#).

Identifier	GUID-573623B6-CB38-4716-8ECC-18FF6E13483B
Status	Released

System battery

Replacing the system battery

Prerequisites

⚠ WARNING: There is a danger of a new battery exploding if it is incorrectly installed. Replace the battery only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer. For more information, see the safety information that shipped with your system.

1. Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).
2. Follow the procedure listed in [Before working inside your system](#).
3. If installed, disconnect the power or data cables from expansion card(s).

Steps

1. Locate the battery socket. For more information, see the [System board jumpers and connectors](#) section.

⚠ CAUTION: To avoid damage to the battery connector, you must firmly support the connector while installing or removing a battery.

2. Use a plastic scribe to pry out the system battery.

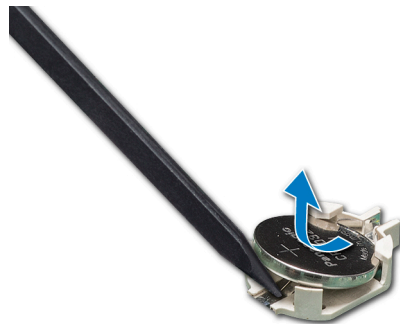


Figure 104. Removing the system battery

3. To install a new system battery, hold the battery with the positive side facing up and slide it under the securing tabs.
4. Press the battery into the connector until it snaps into place.

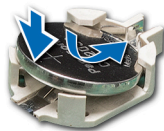


Figure 105. Installing the system battery

Next steps


1. If removed, connect the cables to the expansion card(s).
2. Follow the procedure listed in [After working inside your system](#).
3. While booting, press F2 to enter the System Setup and ensure that the battery is operating properly.
4. Enter the correct time and date in the System Setup **Time** and **Date** fields.
5. Exit the System Setup.

Optional internal USB memory key

Identifier	GUID-AE3187CC-DC2C-4182-BC1E-90FC195D4883
Status	Released

Replacing the optional internal USB memory key

Prerequisites

 **CAUTION:** To avoid interference with other components in the server, the maximum permissible dimensions of the USB memory key are 15.9 mm wide x 57.15 mm long x 7.9 mm high.

1. Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).
2. Follow the procedure listed in [Before working inside your system](#).

Steps

1. Locate the USB port or USB memory key on the system board.
To locate the USB port, see the [System board jumpers and connectors](#).
2. If installed, remove the USB memory key from the USB port.
3. Insert the replacement USB memory key into the USB port.

Next steps

1. Follow the procedure listed in [Before working inside your system](#).
2. While booting, press F2 to enter **System Setup** and verify that the system detects the USB memory key.

Identifier	GUID-3C276D31-6DA5-42E1-A5F4-513FFD946745
Status	Released

Control panel assembly

Identifier	GUID-025F9880-C847-4C73-8DF5-26CBE7B71CD5
Status	Released

Removing the control panel assembly

Prerequisites

1. Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).
2. Follow the procedure listed in [Before working inside your system](#).
3. [Remove the cooling fan assembly](#).

Steps

1. Using the Phillips #2 screwdriver, remove the screw that secures control panel to the chassis.
2. Disconnect the control panel cable and the control panel USB cable from the system board.

 **CAUTION:** Do not use excessive force when removing the control panel cables as it can damage the connectors.

3. Slide the control panel out of the chassis.

 **NOTE:** Follow the same steps to remove the control panel in the rack-mode configuration.



Figure 106. Removing the control panel assembly

4. To remove the information tag, perform the following steps:
 - a) Locate and press the tabs on the information tag.
 - b) Push the information tag out of the slot to remove it from the control panel.

NOTE: Retain the information tag to replace it in the new control panel.

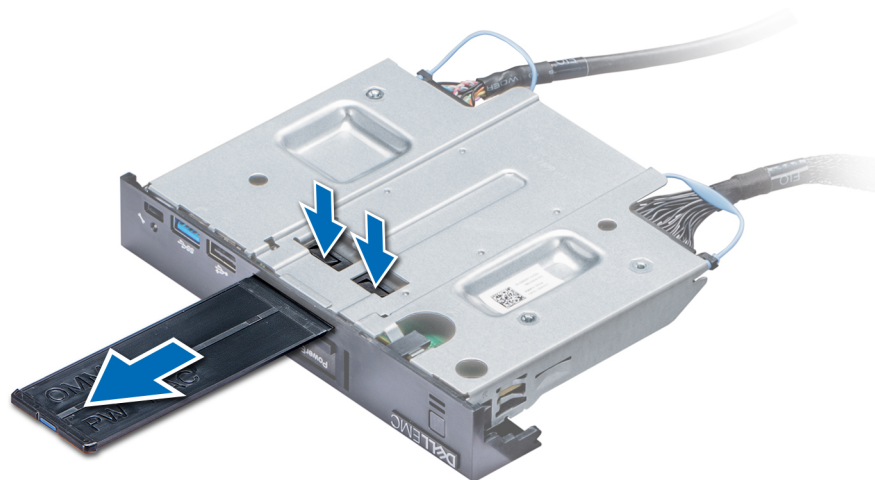


Figure 107. Removing the information tag

Next steps

1. Install the control panel assembly.

Identifier	GUID-20111CB3-F9A3-4C33-9288-B89653E8DDEF
Status	Released

Installing the control panel assembly

Prerequisites

Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).

Steps

1. Replace the blank information tag in the new control panel with the information tag retained from the old control panel.

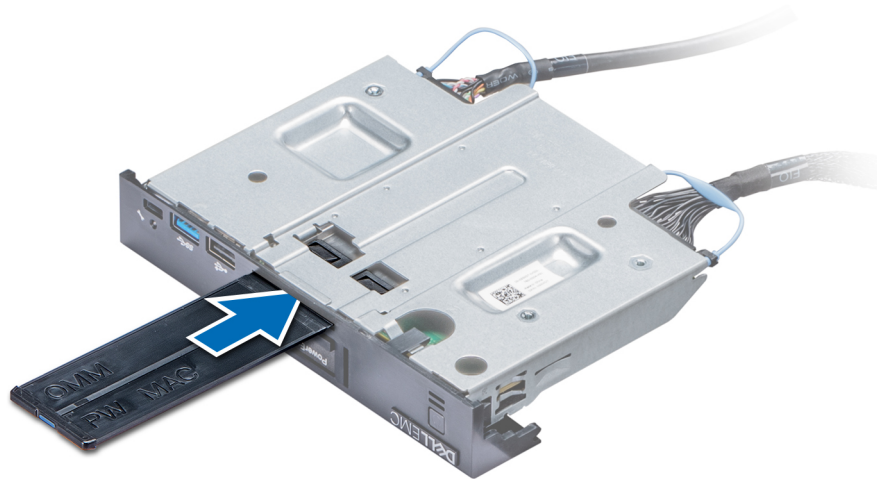


Figure 108. Installing the information tag

2. To install the information tag, push the information tag into the control-panel slot.
3. Connect the control panel cable and the control panel USB cable to the control panel assembly.
4. Align and insert the control panel into the control panel slot in the chassis.
5. Secure the control panel to the chassis by using the screw.
6. Connect the control panel cable and the control panel USB cable to the system board.



Figure 109. Installing the control panel assembly

Next steps

1. [Install the cooling fan assembly.](#)
2. Follow the procedure listed in [After working inside your system.](#)

Identifier	GUID-DFCC3B8E-B6D9-49AB-B48D-E2E6BE308609
Status	Released

Trusted Platform Module

Identifier	GUID-EFACD031-58DA-4319-85D6-C8F0AB87C980
Status	Released

Upgrading the Trusted Platform Module


Prerequisites


1. Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).
2. Follow the procedure listed in [Before working inside your system](#).

NOTE:

- Ensure that your operating system supports the version of the TPM module being installed.
- Ensure that you download and install the latest BIOS firmware on your system.
- Ensure that the BIOS is configured to enable UEFI boot mode.

About this task

 **CAUTION:** If you are using the Trusted Platform Module (TPM) with an encryption key, you may be prompted to create a recovery key during program or System Setup. Work with the customer to create and safely store this recovery key. When replacing this system board, you must supply the recovery key when you restart your system or program before you can access the encrypted data on your hard drives.

 **CAUTION:** Once the TPM plug-in module is installed, it is cryptographically bound to that specific system board. Any attempt to remove an installed TPM plug-in module breaks the cryptographic binding, the removed TPM cannot be reinstalled or installed on another system board.

Removing the TPM

Steps

1. Locate the TPM connector on the system board.
2. Press to hold the module down and remove the screw using the security Torx 8-bit shipped with the TPM module.
3. Slide the TPM module out from its connector.
4. Push the plastic rivet away from the TPM connector and rotate it 90° counterclockwise to release it from the system board.
5. Pull the plastic rivet out of its slot on the system board.

Installing the TPM

Steps

1. To install the TPM, align the edge connectors on the TPM with the slot on the TPM connector.
2. Insert the TPM into the TPM connector such that the plastic rivet aligns with the slot on the system board.
3. Press the plastic rivet until the rivet snaps into place.

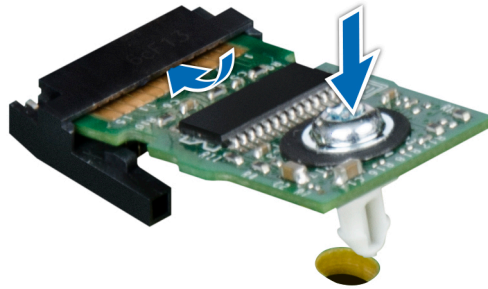


Figure 110. Installing the TPM

Next steps

1. [Install the system board.](#)
2. Follow the procedure listed in [After working inside your system.](#)

Identifier	GUID-102D0485-511F-479D-8A2B-0EA16E91DC80
Status	Released

Initializing TPM for BitLocker users

Steps

Initialize the TPM.

For more information, see .

The **TPM Status** changes to **Enabled, Activated**.

Identifier	GUID-F86F64F4-1FE0-432E-8EB4-F8C50A758062
Status	Released

Initializing the TPM 1.2 for TXT users

Steps

1. While booting your system, press F2 to enter System Setup.
2. On the **System Setup Main Menu** screen, click **System BIOS > System Security Settings**.
3. From the **TPM Security** option, select **On with Pre-boot Measurements**.
4. From the **TPM Command** option, select **Activate**.
5. Save the settings.
6. Restart your system.
7. Enter **System Setup** again.
8. On the **System Setup Main Menu** screen, click **System BIOS > System Security Settings**.
9. From the **Intel TXT** option, select **On**.

Identifier	GUID-9EC92834-0626-4572-BE1B-8B3CB4020A88
Status	Released

System board

Removing the system board

Prerequisites

CAUTION: If you are using the Trusted Platform Module (TPM) with an encryption key, you may be prompted to create a recovery key during program or System Setup. Be sure to create and safely store this recovery key. If you replace this system board, you must supply the recovery key when you restart your system or program before you can access the encrypted data on your hard drives.

CAUTION: Do not attempt to remove the TPM plug-in module from the system board. Once the TPM plug-in module is installed, it is cryptographically bound to that specific system board. Any attempt to remove an installed TPM plug-in module breaks the cryptographic binding, and it cannot be reinstalled or installed on another system board.

1. Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).
2. Follow the procedure listed in [Before working inside your system](#).
3. Remove the following:
 - a. [Air shroud](#)
 - b. [GPU card holder](#), if installed
 - c. [Expansion card holder](#)
 - d. [Cooling fan assembly](#), if installed
 - e. [Expansion cards](#), if installed
 - f. [Integrated storage controller card](#)
 - g. [vFlash/IDSDM module](#)
 - h. [Internal USB key](#), if installed
 - i. [Processors and heat sink modules](#)

CAUTION: To prevent damage to the processor pins when replacing a faulty system board, ensure that you cover the processor socket with the processor protective cap.
 - j. [Memory modules](#)

Steps

1. Disconnect all cables from the system board.

CAUTION: Take care not to damage the system identification button while removing the system board from the chassis.

CAUTION: Do not lift the system board by holding a memory module, processor, or other components.
2. Holding the post, lift the blue release pin, and slide the system board toward the front of the system. Sliding the system board toward the front of the chassis to disengage the connectors from the slots on the chassis.
3. Holding the post, incline the system board at an angle, and lift the system board out of the chassis.

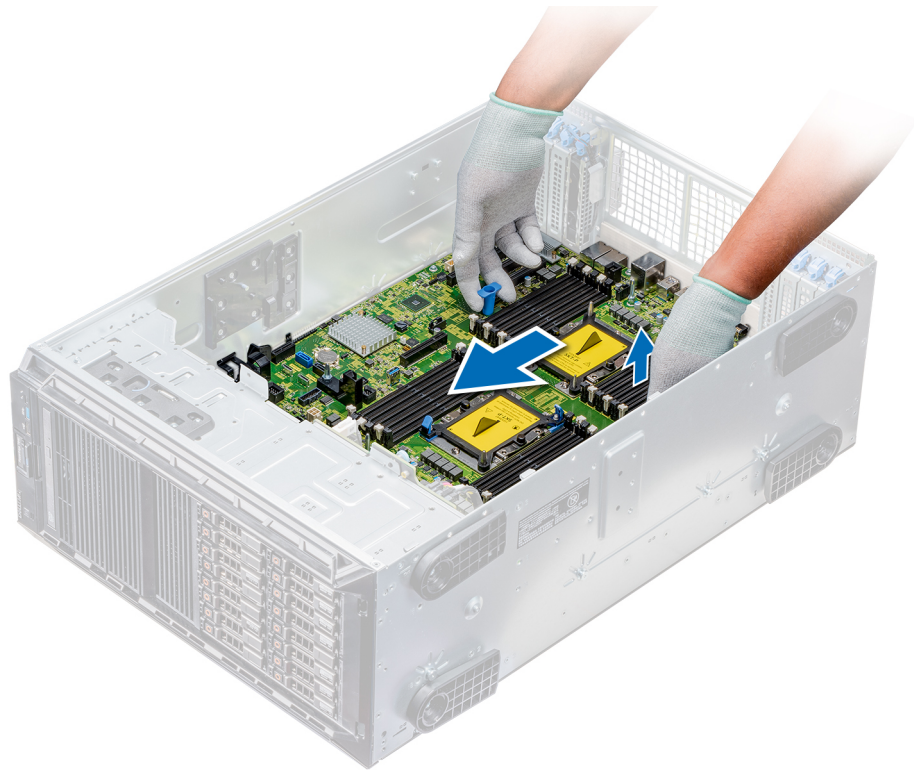


Figure 111. Disengaging the system board

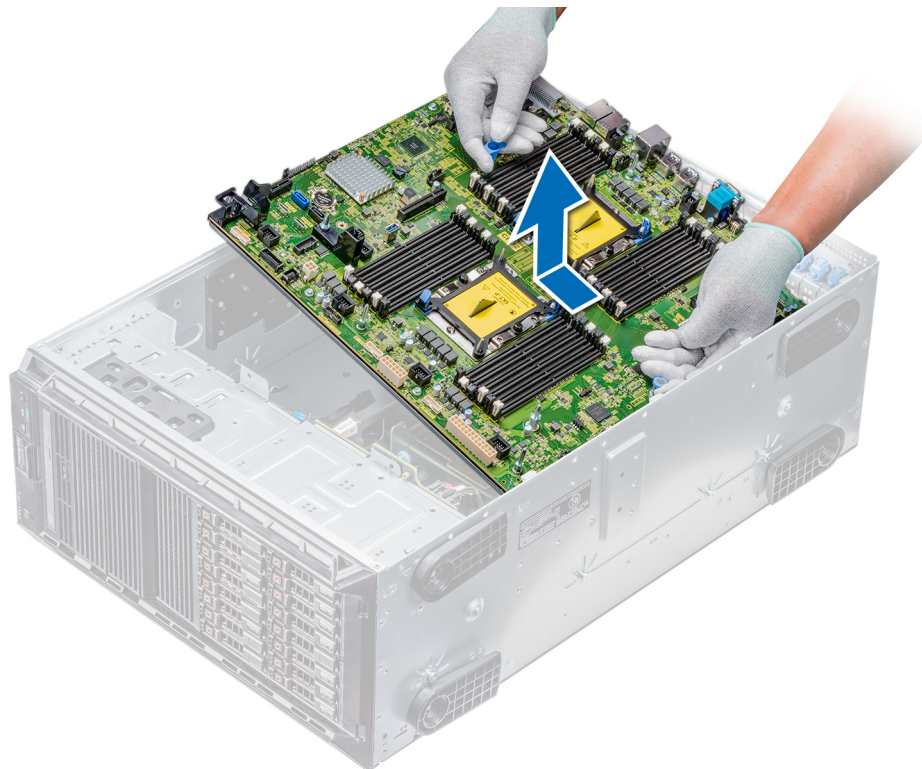


Figure 112. Removing the system board

Next steps

1. [Install the system board.](#)

Installing the system board

Prerequisites

Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).

Steps

1. Unpack the new system board assembly.

CAUTION: Do not lift the system board by holding a memory module, processor, or other components.

CAUTION: Take care not to damage the system identification button while placing the system board into the chassis.

2. Holding the post, incline the system board, and lower the system board into the chassis.
3. Holding the system board holder, push the system board toward the back of the system until the release pin clicks into place.

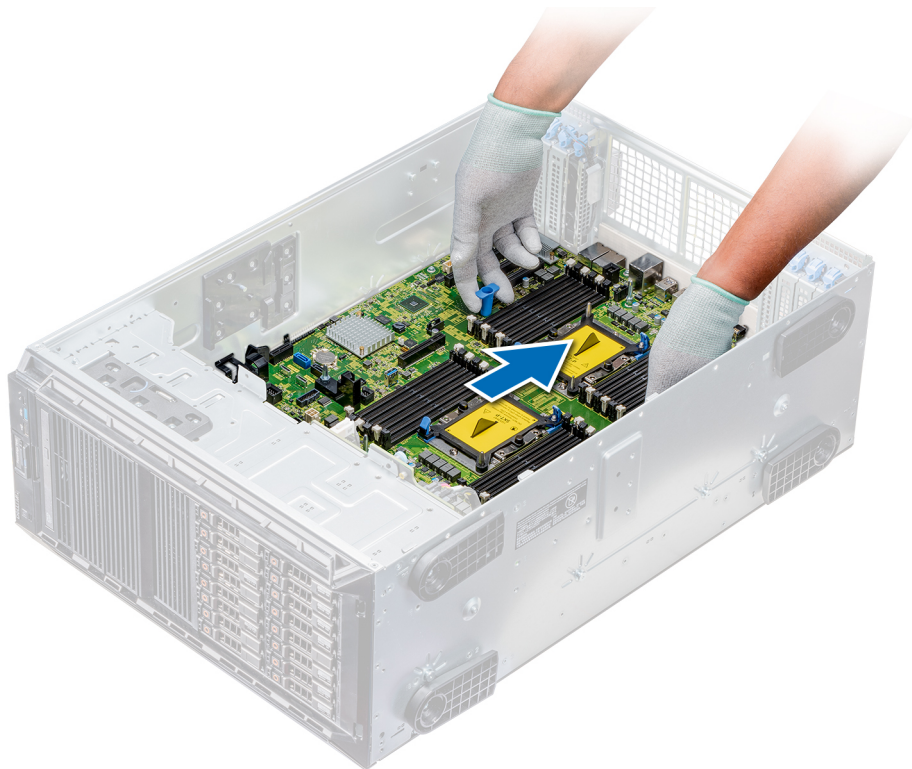


Figure 113. Installing the system board

4. Using the Phillips #2 screwdriver secure the system board to the chassis with screws.

Next steps

1. Replace the following:
 - a. [Trusted Platform Module \(TPM\)](#)
 - b. [Memory modules](#)
 - c. [Processors and heat sink modules](#)
 - d. [Internal USB key](#)
 - e. [vFlash/IDSDM module](#)
 - f. [Integrated storage controller card](#)
 - g. [Expansion cards](#), if installed
 - h. [Cooling fan assembly](#), if applicable
 - i. [Expansion card holder](#)
 - j. [GPU card holder](#)

- k. [Air shroud](#)
2. Reconnect all cables to the system board.
 - NOTE:** Ensure that the cables inside the system are routed along the chassis wall and secured by using the cable securing bracket.
3. Follow the procedure listed in [After working inside your system](#).
4. Ensure that you:
 - a. Use the Easy Restore feature to restore the Service Tag. For more information, see the [Restoring the Service Tag using Easy Restore](#) section.
 - b. If the Service Tag is not backed up in the backup flash device, enter the Service Tag manually. For more information, see the [Restoring the Service Tag using Easy Restore](#) section.
 - c. Update the BIOS and iDRAC versions.
 - d. Re-enable the Trusted Platform Module (TPM). For more information, see the [Upgrading the Trusted Platform Module](#) section.
5. Import your new or existing iDRAC Enterprise license.

For more information, see *Integrated Dell Remote Access Controller User's Guide*, at www.dell.com/poweredgemanuals.

Identifier	GUID-1931F3F0-21D4-4453-B1F5-352A90F23987
Status	Released

Restoring the Service Tag using Easy Restore

The easy restore feature allows you to restore your service tag, license, UEFI configuration, and the system configuration data after replacing the system board. All data is backed up in a backup flash device automatically. If BIOS detects a new system board, and the service tag in the backup flash device, BIOS prompts the user to restore the backup information.

About this task

Below is a list of options available:

- Restore the service tag, license, and diagnostics information, press **Y**
- Navigate to the Lifecycle Controller based restore options, press **N**.
- Restore data from a previously created **Hardware Server Profile**, press **F10**
- NOTE:** When the restore process is complete, BIOS prompts to restore the system configuration data.
- To restore the system configuration data, press **Y**
- To use the default configuration settings, press **N**
- NOTE:** After the restore process is complete, system reboots.

Manually update the Service Tag

After replacing a system board, if Easy Restore fails, follow this process to manually enter the Service Tag, using **System Setup**.

About this task

If you know the system service tag, use the **System Setup** menu to enter the service tag.

Steps

1. Turn on the system.
2. To enter the **System Setup**, press **F2**.
3. Click **Service Tag Settings**.
4. Enter the service tag.
 - NOTE:** You can enter the service tag only when the Service Tag field is empty. Ensure that you enter the correct service tag. Once the service tag is entered, it cannot be updated or changed.
5. Click **OK**.

Identifier	GUID-8C48A964-FA97-429D-81A4-31889A5E59A1
Status	Released

Power interposer boards

Main and GPU power interposer boards connectors

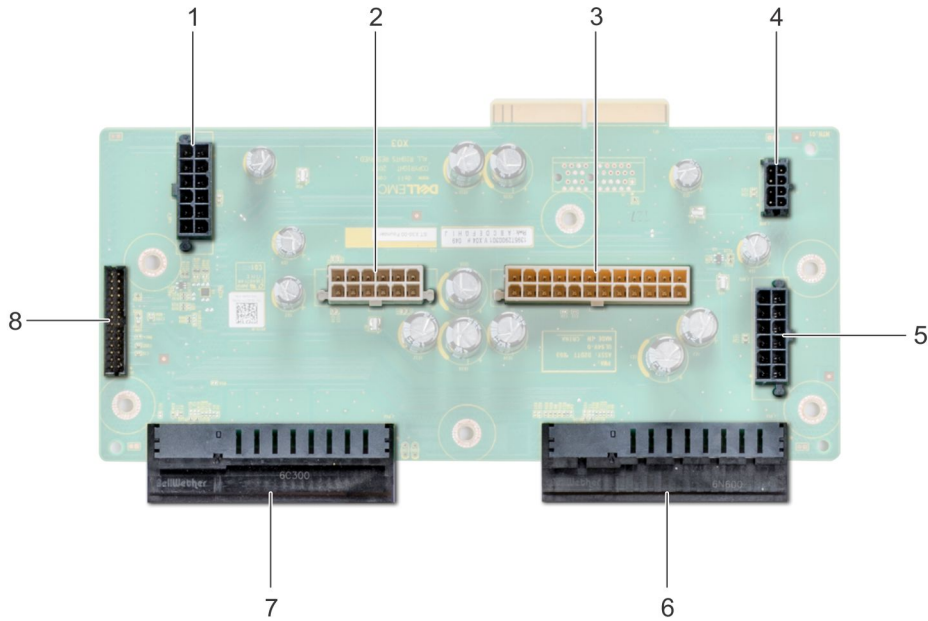


Figure 114. Main power interposer board

- | | |
|--|-------------------------------------|
| 1. backplane 1 power connector [J_BP1] | 2. backplane 0 power connector [J5] |
| 3. P2 power connector [J3] | 4. P1 power connector [J_BP0] |
| 5. backplane 2 power connector [J_BP2] | 6. PSU 1 connector |
| 7. PSU 2 connector | 8. signal cable connector [J4] |

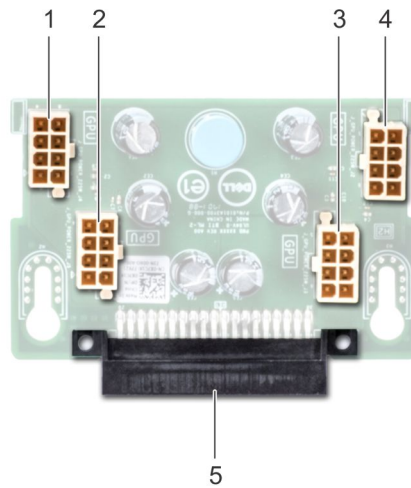


Figure 115. GPU power interposer board

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1. GPU power connector [J_GPU_POWER_225W_J4] | 2. GPU power connector [J_GPU_POWER_225W_J5] |
| 3. GPU power connector [J_GPU_POWER_225W_J3] | 4. GPU power connector [J_GPU_POWER_225W_J2] |
| 5. main power interposer board link connector | |

Removing the GPU power interposer board

Prerequisites

1. Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).
2. Follow the procedure listed in [Before working inside your system](#).
3. [Remove the power supply units \(PSUs\)](#).
4. [Remove the system board](#).

Steps

1. Lift the release pin, and slide the power interposer board (PIB) to release the board from the guide pin.
2. Disengage the GPU PIB from the guide pins and lift the PIB out of the system.

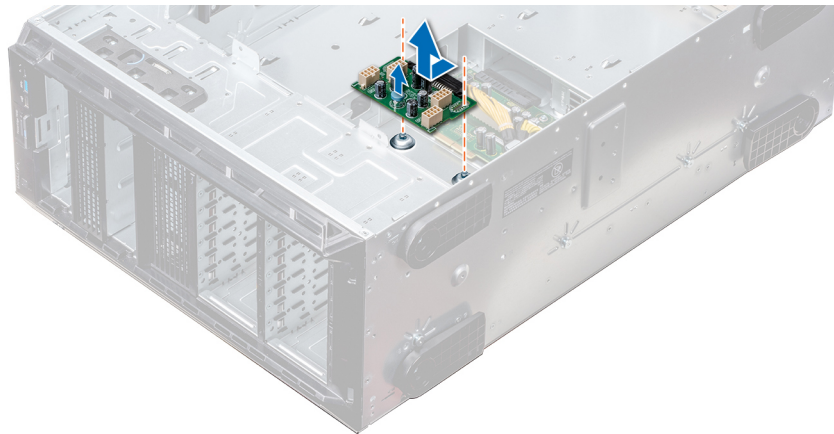


Figure 116. Removing the GPU power interposer board

Next steps

1. [Install the GPU power interposer board](#).

Installing the GPU power interposer board

Prerequisites

Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).

Steps

1. Align the guide slots on the GPU power interposer board (PIB) with the guide pins on the chassis.
2. Slide the GPU PIB until the release pin locks into place and secures the PIB.

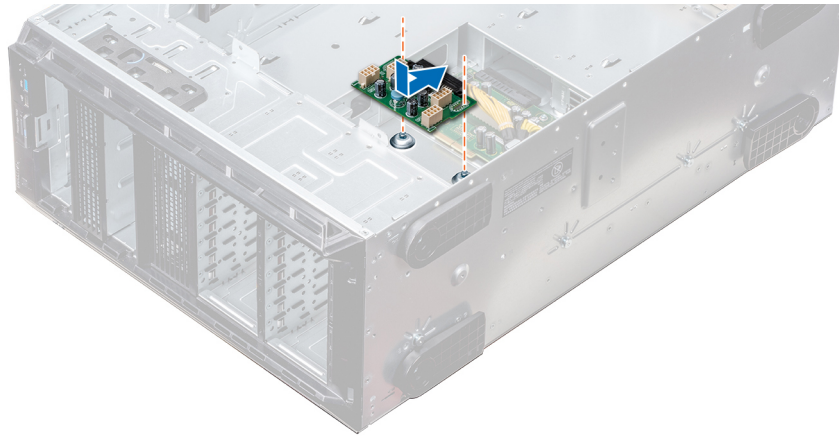


Figure 117. Installing the GPU power interposer board

Next steps

1. [Install the system board.](#)
2. [Install the PSUs.](#)
3. Follow the procedure listed in [After working inside your system.](#)

Identifier	GUID-94E7777F-4367-400D-8235-883189F798C2
Status	Released

Removing the main power interposer board

Prerequisites

CAUTION: To prevent damage to the main power interposer board (PIB), you must remove the power supply units (PSUs) from the system before removing the PIBs.

1. Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions.](#)
2. Follow the procedure listed in [Before working inside your system.](#)
3. [Remove the PSUs.](#)
4. [Remove the system board.](#)
5. If installed, [remove the GPU PIB.](#)

Steps

1. Disconnect all the power cables from the main PIB.
2. Using the Phillips #2 screwdriver, remove the screws that secure the main PIB to the system.
3. Lift the main PIB out of the system.

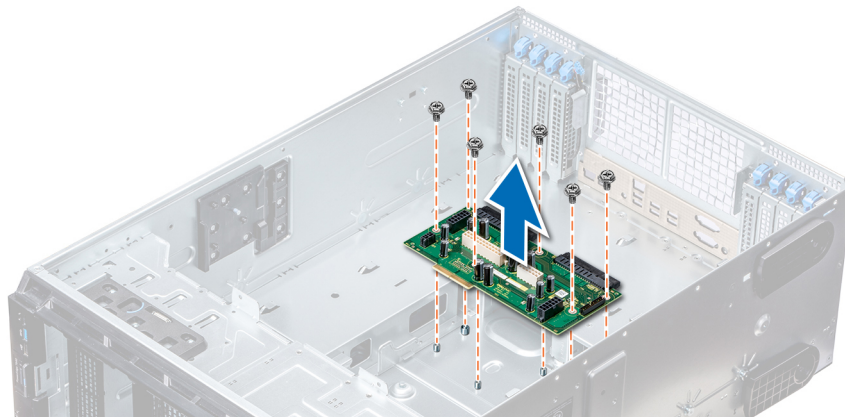


Figure 118. Removing the main PIB

Next steps

1. [Install the main power interposer board.](#)

Identifier	GUID-F71BEEC4-2EB8-4721-9BD4-EA279F57A10E
Status	Released

Installing the main power interposer board

Prerequisites

Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).

Steps

1. Align the screw holes on the main power interposer board (PIB) with the holes on the system chassis.
2. Using the Phillips #2 screwdriver, secure the main PIB to the system using the screws.
3. Connect all the disconnected power cables to the main PIB.

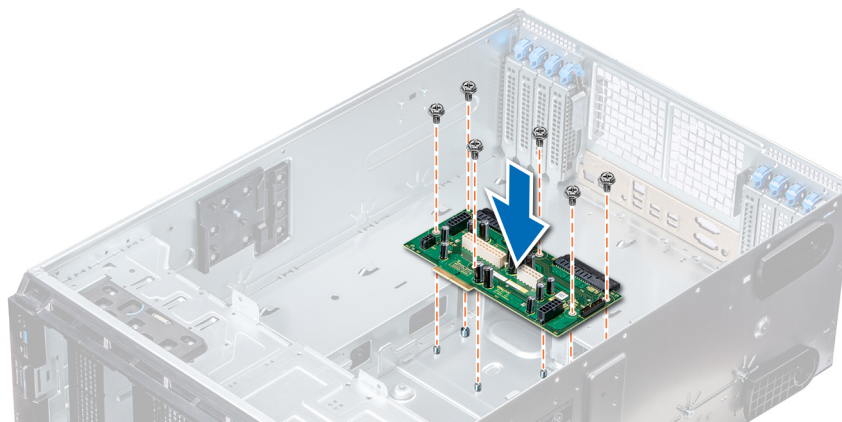


Figure 119. Installing the main power interposer board

Next steps

1. If removed, [install the GPU PIB](#).
2. [Install the system board](#).
3. [Install the power supply units](#).
4. Follow the procedure listed in [After working inside your system](#).

Identifier	GUID-C2439697-DED3-43B9-A835-404EC6907904
Status	Released

Converting the system from tower mode to rack mode

Your system can be converted from the tower mode to the rack mode.

To convert your system from the tower mode to the rack mode, you require the tower to rack conversion kit, which contains the following:

- Rack ears (left and right) with three screws each
- VGA module
- VGA cable
- Rack slide cover
- Mylar cover

Converting the system from tower mode to rack mode

Prerequisites

1. Follow the safety guidelines listed in [Safety instructions](#).
2. Follow the procedure listed in [Before working inside your system](#).
3. Lay the system on a flat, stable surface.
4. [Remove the system cover](#).
5. If installed, [remove the system feet](#) or [caster wheels](#).

Steps

1. Remove the system top cover.
2. Remove the control-panel assembly.
3. Install the rack slide cover by performing the following steps:
 - a) Slide the rack slide cover between the system's side cover and the chassis.
 - b) Slide the rack slide cover toward the back of the system until the tabs on rack slide cover locks with the tabs extending from the chassis.

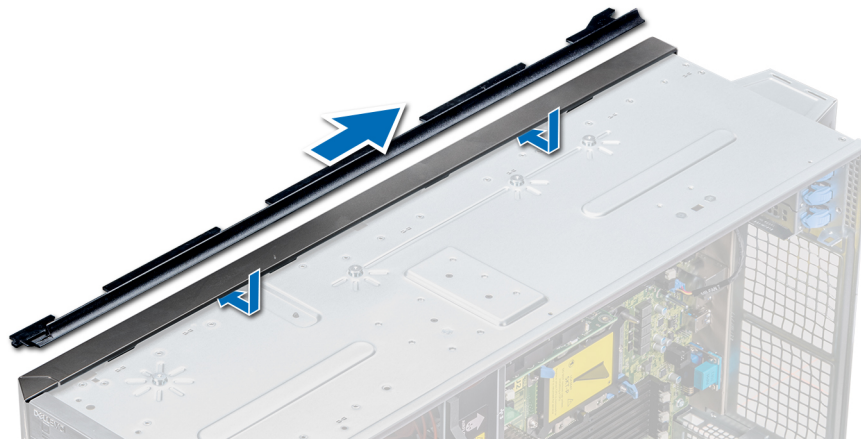


Figure 120. Installing the rack slide cover

4. Install the control panel assembly.
5. Attach the mylar to cover the screw hole on the chassis where one of the system rear feet was installed while in the tower mode.



Figure 121. Attaching the mylar cover

6. Install the rack ears by performing the following steps:
 - a) Align the three screw holes on the rack ears with the screw holes on the top and the bottom of system.
 - b) Using a Phillips #2 screwdriver, secure the rack ears to the system.



Figure 122. Installing the system ears

Next steps

1. [Install the system cover.](#)
2. Install the system in the rack. For more information, see the Rack Installation Guide that is shipped with your system.
3. Follow the procedure listed in [After working inside your system.](#)

Identifier	GUID-36DC3F01-8F25-4C37-A6EE-57861CE811CB
Status	Released

System diagnostics

If you experience a problem with your system, run the system diagnostics before contacting Dell for technical assistance. The purpose of running system diagnostics is to test your system hardware without using additional equipment or risking data loss. If you are unable to fix the problem yourself, service and support personnel can use the diagnostics results to help you solve the problem.

Topics:

- [Dell Embedded System Diagnostics](#)

Identifier	GUID-1605B82A-D1FF-4100-8ABF-360FEA7E5887
Status	Released

Dell Embedded System Diagnostics

NOTE: The Dell Embedded System Diagnostics is also known as Enhanced Pre-boot System Assessment (ePSA) diagnostics.

The Embedded System Diagnostics provides a set of options for particular device groups or devices allowing you to:

- Run tests automatically or in an interactive mode
- Repeat tests
- Display or save test results
- Run thorough tests to introduce additional test options to provide extra information about the failed device(s)
- View status messages that inform you if tests are completed successfully
- View error messages that inform you of problems encountered during testing

Identifier	GUID-1E13B31E-71C2-4727-A788-FE65991C422E
Status	Released

Running the Embedded System Diagnostics from Boot Manager

Run the Embedded System Diagnostics (ePSA) if your system does not boot.

Steps

1. When the system is booting, press F11.
2. Use the up arrow and down arrow keys to select **System Utilities > Launch Diagnostics**.
3. Alternatively, when the system is booting, press F10, select **Hardware Diagnostics > Run Hardware Diagnostics**. The **ePSA Pre-boot System Assessment** window is displayed, listing all devices detected in the system. The diagnostics starts executing the tests on all the detected devices.

Results

Identifier	GUID-6741A128-2B0D-4613-BA58-8247403F4BA3
Status	Released

Running the Embedded System Diagnostics from the Dell Lifecycle Controller

Steps

1. As the system boots, press F10.
2. Select **Hardware Diagnostics** → **Run Hardware Diagnostics**.
The **ePSA Pre-boot System Assessment** window is displayed, listing all devices detected in the system. The diagnostics starts executing the tests on all the detected devices.

Identifier	GUID-3C4899F0-142A-4DB3-90E6-D820799D4509
Status	Released

System diagnostic controls

Menu	Description
Configuration	Displays the configuration and status information of all detected devices.
Results	Displays the results of all tests that are run.
System health	Provides the current overview of the system performance.
Event log	Displays a time-stamped log of the results of all tests run on the system. This is displayed if at least one event description is recorded.

Identifier	GUID-882E39D8-4986-45E1-A28B-1B3C5D0F7501
Status	Released

Getting help

Topics:

- [Contacting Dell EMC](#)
- [Documentation feedback](#)
- [Accessing system information by using QRL](#)
- [Receiving automated support with SupportAssist](#)
- [Recycling or End-of-Life service information](#)

Identifier	GUID-DCA91BD8-DB0D-45D8-BB42-184861B08BA9
Status	Released

Contacting Dell EMC

Dell EMC provides several online and telephone based support and service options. If you do not have an active internet connection, you can find contact information about your purchase invoice, packing slip, bill, or Dell EMC product catalog. Availability varies by country and product, and some services may not be available in your area. To contact Dell EMC for sales, technical assistance, or customer service issues:

Steps

1. Go to www.dell.com/support/home.
2. Select your country from the drop-down menu on the lower right corner of the page.
3. For customized support:
 - a) Enter your system Service Tag in the **Enter your Service Tag** field.
 - b) Click **Submit**.
The support page that lists the various support categories is displayed.
4. For general support:
 - a) Select your product category.
 - b) Select your product segment.
 - c) Select your product.
The support page that lists the various support categories is displayed.
5. For contact details of Dell EMC Global Technical Support:
 - a) Click [Global Technical Support](#).
 - b) The **Contact Technical Support** page is displayed with details to call, chat, or e-mail the Dell EMC Global Technical Support team.

Identifier GUID-4B759C30-846C-4112-9D10-F2E046D6690A
Status Released

Documentation feedback

You can rate the documentation or write your feedback on any of our Dell EMC documentation pages and click **Send Feedback** to send your feedback.

Identifier GUID-9ACE1BD3-E3FB-4823-A49B-88E2F2787E62
Status Released

Accessing system information by using QRL

You can use the Quick Resource Locator (QRL) located on the information tag in the front of the T640, to access the information about the Dell EMC PowerEdge T640.

Prerequisites

Ensure that your smartphone or tablet has the QR code scanner installed.

The QRL includes the following information about your system:

- How-to videos
- Reference materials, including the Installation and Service Manual, and mechanical overview
- Your system service tag to quickly access your specific hardware configuration and warranty information
- A direct link to Dell to contact technical assistance and sales teams

Steps

1. Go to www.dell.com/qrl and navigate to your specific product or
2. Use your smartphone or tablet to scan the model-specific Quick Resource (QR) code on your system or in the Quick Resource Locator section.

Identifier GUID-02ECE9B7-370B-4459-BC00-C759DC604C84
Status Released

Quick Resource Locator for PowerEdge T640



Figure 123. Quick Resource Locator for PowerEdge T640

Identifier GUID-61748589-5F8A-4B0B-A909-F08477FE3572
Status Released

Receiving automated support with SupportAssist

Dell EMC SupportAssist is an optional Dell EMC Services offering that automates technical support for your Dell EMC server, storage, and networking devices. By installing and setting up a SupportAssist application in your IT environment, you can receive the following benefits:

- **Automated issue detection** — SupportAssist monitors your Dell EMC devices and automatically detects hardware issues, both proactively and predictively.

- **Automated case creation** — When an issue is detected, SupportAssist automatically opens a support case with Dell EMC Technical Support.
- **Automated diagnostic collection** — SupportAssist automatically collects system state information from your devices and uploads it securely to Dell EMC. This information is used by Dell EMC Technical Support to troubleshoot the issue.
- **Proactive contact** — A Dell EMC Technical Support agent contacts you about the support case and helps you resolve the issue.

The available benefits vary depending on the Dell EMC Service entitlement purchased for your device. For more information about SupportAssist, go to www.dell.com/supportassist.

Identifier	GUID-13205CA2-D447-498D-BBB8-B2A7F8CAADA0
Status	Released

Recycling or End-of-Life service information

Take back and recycling services are offered for this product in certain countries. If you want to dispose of system components, visit www.dell.com/recyclingworldwide and select the relevant country.