

# Latitude 7220EX Rugged Extreme Tablet

## Service Manual

## Notes, cautions, and warnings

 **NOTE:** A NOTE indicates important information that helps you make better use of your product.

 **CAUTION:** A CAUTION indicates either potential damage to hardware or loss of data and tells you how to avoid the problem.

 **WARNING:** A WARNING indicates a potential for property damage, personal injury, or death.

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# Working on your tablet

## Safety instructions

### Prerequisites

Use the following safety guidelines to protect your tablet from potential damage and to ensure your personal safety. Unless otherwise noted, each procedure in this document assumes that the following conditions exist:

- You have read the safety information that shipped with your tablet.
- A component can be replaced or, if purchased separately, installed by performing the removal procedure in reverse order.

### About this task

 **NOTE:** Disconnect all power sources before opening the tablet. After you finish working inside your tablet, replace all the components and screws before connection the power source.

 **WARNING:** Before working inside your tablet, read the safety information that shipped with your tablet. For more safety practices information, see the [Regulatory Compliance Homepage](#)

 **CAUTION:** All repairs must be done by a certified service technician. Perform troubleshooting and simple repairs as authorized in your product documentation, or as directed by the online or telephone service and support team. Damage due to servicing that is not authorized by Dell is not covered by your warranty. Read and follow the safety instructions that came with the product.

 **CAUTION:** To avoid electrostatic discharge, ground yourself by using a wrist grounding strap or by periodically touching an unpainted metal surface simultaneously as touching a connector on the back of the tablet.

 **CAUTION:** Handle components and cards with care. Do not touch the components or contacts on a card. Hold a card by its edges or by its metal mounting bracket. Hold a component such as a processor by its edges, not by its pins.

 **CAUTION:** When you disconnect a cable, pull on its connector or on its pull-tab, not on the cable itself. Some cables have connectors with locking tabs; if you are disconnecting this type of cable, press in on the locking tabs before you disconnect the cable. As you pull connectors apart, keep them evenly aligned to avoid bending any connector pins. Also, before you connect a cable, ensure that both connectors are correctly oriented and aligned.

 **NOTE:** The color of your tablet and certain components may appear differently than shown in this document.

## Before working inside the tablet

### About this task

 **NOTE:** If ATEX label is missing or damaged, the system must not be repaired as the system cannot be recertified.

 **WARNING:** Repair by a noncertified technician results in loss of IECEX certification of the unit.

To avoid damaging your tablet, perform the following steps before you begin working inside the tablet:

### Steps

1. Ensure that you follow the [Safety Instruction](#).
2. Ensure that your work surface is flat and clean to prevent the tablet cover from being scratched.
3. Turn off your tablet.

4. Disconnect your tablet and all attached devices from their electrical outlets.
5. Press and hold the power button while the tablet is unplugged to ground the system board.

**NOTE:** To avoid electrostatic discharge, ground yourself by using a wrist grounding strap or by periodically touching an unpainted metal surface simultaneously as touching a connector on the back of the tablet.

6. Remove any installed ExpressCards or Smart Cards from the appropriate slots.

## Safety precautions

The safety precautions chapter details the primary steps to be taken before performing any disassembly instructions.

Observe the following safety precautions before you perform any installation or break/fix procedures involving disassembly or reassembly:

- Turn off the tablet and all attached peripherals.
- Disconnect the tablet and all attached peripherals from AC power.
- Disconnect all network cables, telephone, and telecommunications lines from the system.
- Use an ESD field service kit when working inside any tablet to avoid electrostatic discharge (ESD) damage.
- After removing any system component, carefully place the removed component on an antistatic mat.
- Wear shoes with nonconductive rubber soles to reduce the chance of getting electrocuted.

## Bonding

Bonding is a method for connecting two or more grounding conductors to the same electrical potential. This is done by using a field service electrostatic discharge (ESD) kit. When connecting a bonding wire, ensure that it is connected to bare metal and never to a painted or nonmetal surface. The wrist strap should be secure and in full contact with your skin, and ensure that you remove all jewelry such as watches, bracelets, or rings prior to bonding yourself and the equipment.

## Electrostatic discharge—ESD protection

ESD is a major concern when you handle electronic components, especially sensitive components such as expansion cards, processors, memory DIMMs, and system boards. Very slight charges can damage circuits in ways that may not be obvious, such as intermittent problems or a shortened product life span. As the industry pushes for lower power requirements and increased density, ESD protection is an increasing concern.

Due to the increased density of semiconductors used in recent Dell products, the sensitivity to static damage is now higher than in previous Dell products. For this reason, some previously approved methods of handling parts are no longer applicable.

Two recognized types of ESD damage are catastrophic and intermittent failures.

- **Catastrophic** – Catastrophic failures represent approximately 20 percent of ESD-related failures. The damage causes an immediate and complete loss of device functionality. An example of catastrophic failure is a memory DIMM that has received a static shock and immediately generates a "No POST/No Video" symptom with a beep code emitted for missing or nonfunctional memory.
- **Intermittent** – Intermittent failures represent approximately 80 percent of ESD-related failures. The high rate of intermittent failures means that most of the time when damage occurs, it is not immediately recognizable. The DIMM receives a static shock, but the tracing is merely weakened and does not immediately produce outward symptoms related to the damage. The weakened trace may take weeks or months to melt, and in the meantime may cause degradation of memory integrity, intermittent memory errors, etc.

The more difficult type of damage to recognize and troubleshoot is the intermittent (also called latent or "walking wounded") failure.

Perform the following steps to prevent ESD damage:

- Use a wired ESD wrist strap that is properly grounded. The use of wireless anti-static straps is no longer allowed; they do not provide adequate protection. Touching the chassis before handling parts does not ensure adequate ESD protection on parts with increased sensitivity to ESD damage.
- Handle all static-sensitive components in a static-safe area. If possible, use anti-static floor pads and workbench pads.
- When unpacking a static-sensitive component from its shipping carton, do not remove the component from the anti-static packing material until you are ready to install the component. Before unwrapping the anti-static packaging, ensure that you discharge static electricity from your body.
- Before transporting a static-sensitive component, place it in an anti-static container or packaging.

## ESD field service kit

The unmonitored Field Service kit is the most commonly used service kit. Each Field Service kit includes three main components: anti-static mat, wrist strap, and bonding wire.

### Components of an ESD field service kit

The components of an ESD field service kit are:

- **Anti-Static Mat** – The anti-static mat is dissipative and parts can be placed on it during service procedures. When using an anti-static mat, your wrist strap should be snug and the bonding wire should be connected to the mat and to any bare metal on the system being worked on. Once deployed properly, service parts can be removed from the ESD bag and placed directly on the mat. ESD-sensitive items are safe in your hand, on the ESD mat, in the system, or inside a bag.
- **Wrist Strap and Bonding Wire** – The wrist strap and bonding wire can be either directly connected between your wrist and bare metal on the hardware if the ESD mat is not required, or connected to the anti-static mat to protect hardware that is temporarily placed on the mat. The physical connection of the wrist strap and bonding wire between your skin, the ESD mat, and the hardware is known as bonding. Use only Field Service kits with a wrist strap, mat, and bonding wire. Never use wireless wrist straps. Always be aware that the internal wires of a wrist strap are prone to damage from normal wear and tear, and must be checked regularly with a wrist strap tester in order to avoid accidental ESD hardware damage. It is recommended to test the wrist strap and bonding wire at least once per week.
- **ESD Wrist Strap Tester** – The wires inside of an ESD strap are prone to damage over time. When using an unmonitored kit, it is a best practice to regularly test the strap prior to each service call, and at a minimum, test once per week. A wrist strap tester is the best method for doing this test. If you do not have your own wrist strap tester, check with your regional office to find out if they have one. To perform the test, plug the wrist-strap's bonding-wire into the tester while it is strapped to your wrist and push the button to test. A green LED is lit if the test is successful; a red LED is lit and an alarm sounds if the test fails.
- **Insulator Elements** – It is critical to keep ESD sensitive devices, such as plastic heat sink casings, away from internal parts that are insulators and often highly charged.
- **Working Environment** – Before deploying the ESD Field Service kit, assess the situation at the customer location. For example, deploying the kit for a server environment is different than for a desktop or portable environment. Servers are typically installed in a rack within a data center; desktops or portables are typically placed on office desks or cubicles. Always look for a large open flat work area that is free of clutter and large enough to deploy the ESD kit with additional space to accommodate the type of system that is being repaired. The workspace should also be free of insulators that can cause an ESD event. On the work area, insulators such as Styrofoam and other plastics should always be moved at least 12 inches or 30 centimeters away from sensitive parts before physically handling any hardware components.
- **ESD Packaging** – All ESD-sensitive devices must be shipped and received in static-safe packaging. Metal, static-shielded bags are preferred. However, you should always return the damaged part using the same ESD bag and packaging that the new part arrived in. The ESD bag should be folded over and taped shut and all the same foam packing material should be used in the original box that the new part arrived in. ESD-sensitive devices should be removed from packaging only at an ESD-protected work surface, and parts should never be placed on top of the ESD bag because only the inside of the bag is shielded. Always place parts in your hand, on the ESD mat, in the system, or inside an anti-static bag.
- **Transporting Sensitive Components** – When transporting ESD sensitive components such as replacement parts or parts to be returned to Dell, it is critical to place these parts in anti-static bags for safe transport.

### ESD protection summary

It is recommended that all field service technicians use the traditional wired ESD grounding wrist strap and protective anti-static mat at all times when servicing Dell products. In addition, it is critical that technicians keep sensitive parts separate from all insulator parts while performing service and that they use anti-static bags for transporting sensitive components.

## After working inside the tablet

### About this task

After you complete any replacement procedure, ensure that you connect external devices, cards, and cables before turning on your tablet.

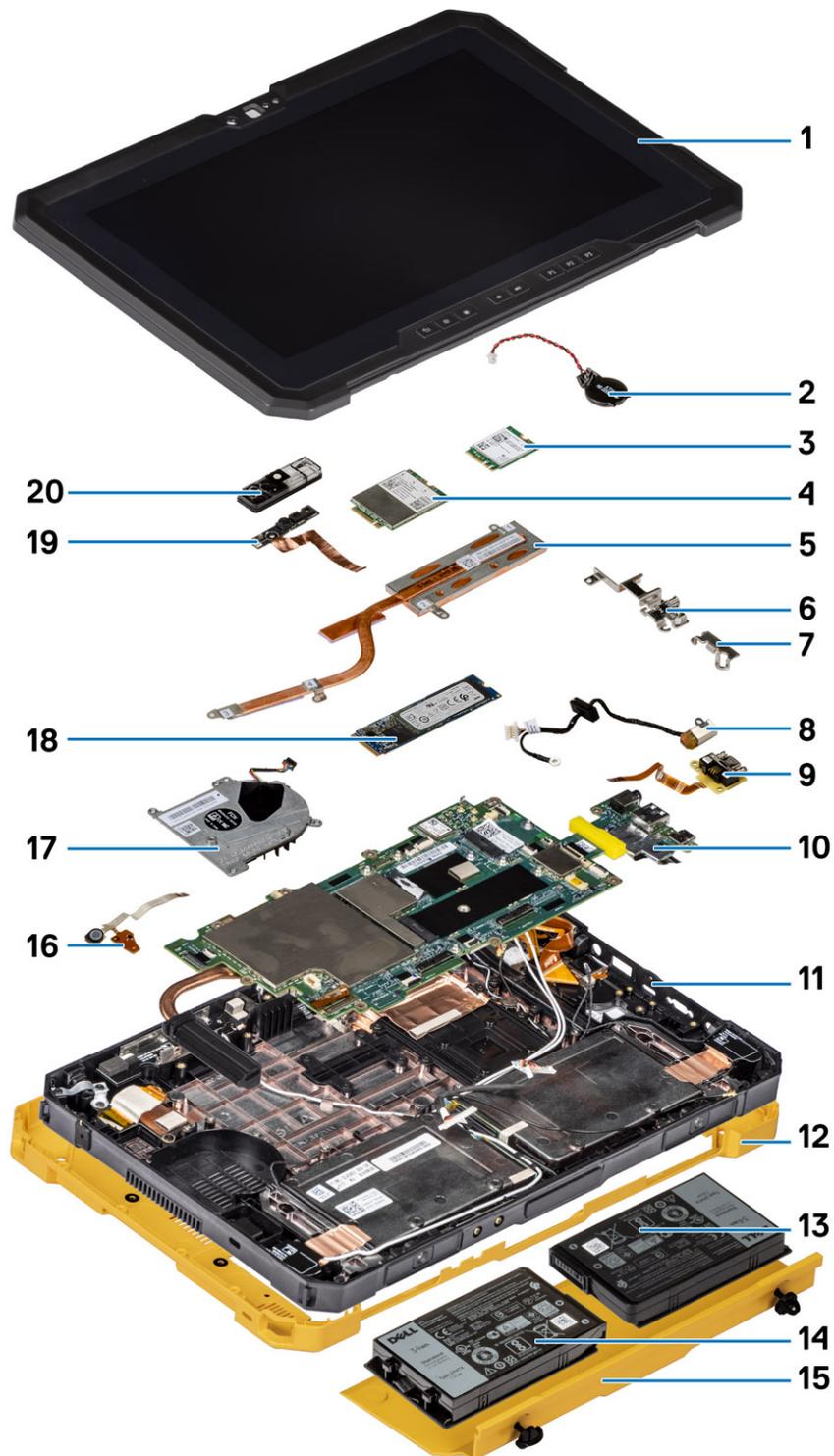
 **CAUTION: To avoid damage to the tablet, use only the battery that is designed for this particular Dell tablet. Do not use batteries that are designed for other Dell tablets.**

### Steps

1. Connect any external devices, such as a mobile keyboard or a docking station, and replace any cards, such as an ExpressCard.
2. Connect your tablet and all attached devices to their electrical outlets.

3. Turn on your tablet.

## Major components of the tablet



1. Display assembly
2. Coin-cell battery

3. WLAN card
4. WWAN card
5. Heat-sink
6. USB Type-C bracket
7. Mini-serial bracket
8. Power adapter port
9. Mini-serial port
10. System board
11. NFC antenna
12. System cover
13. Left battery (as viewed from the back)
14. Right battery (as viewed from the back)
15. Battery cover assembly
16. Microphone assembly circuit board
17. System fan
18. Solid-state drive
19. Front camera cable
20. Front camera cover

# System setup

**CAUTION:** Unless you are an expert computer user, do not change the settings in the BIOS Setup program. Certain changes can make your computer work incorrectly.

**NOTE:** Before you change BIOS Setup program, it is recommended that you write down the BIOS Setup program screen information for future reference.

Use the BIOS Setup program for the following purposes:

- Get information about the hardware installed in your computer, such as the amount of RAM and the size of the hard drive.
- Change the system configuration information.
- Set or change a user-selectable option, such as the user password, type of hard drive installed, and enabling or disabling base devices.

## Topics:

- [Boot menu](#)
- [Navigation keys](#)
- [Boot Sequence](#)
- [System setup options](#)
- [Updating the BIOS in Windows](#)
- [System and setup password](#)

## Boot menu

Press and hold the Volume down key to access the BIOS. Press and hold the Volume up key to access the one time boot menu with a list of the valid boot devices for the system. Diagnostics and BIOS Setup options are also in this menu. The devices that are listed on the boot menu depend on the bootable devices in the system. This menu is useful when you are attempting to boot to a particular device or to bring up the diagnostics for the system. Using the boot menu does not make any changes to the boot order stored in the BIOS.

The options are:

- **UEFI Boot:**
  - Windows Boot Manager
- **Other Options:**
  - BIOS Setup
  - Device Configuration
  - BIOS Flash Update
  - Diagnostics
  - SupportAssist OS Recovery
  - Exit Boot Menu and Continue

## Navigation keys

**NOTE:** For most of the System Setup options, changes that you make are recorded but do not take effect until you restart the system.

Keys	Navigation
<b>Up arrow</b>	Moves to the previous field.
<b>Down arrow</b>	Moves to the next field.
<b>Enter</b>	Selects a value in the selected field (if applicable) or follow the link in the field.
<b>Spacebar</b>	Expands or collapses a drop-down list, if applicable.

## Keys

## Navigation

- Tab** Moves to the next focus area.
- Esc** Moves to the previous page until you view the main screen. Pressing Esc in the main screen displays a message that prompts you to save any unsaved changes and restarts the system.

# Boot Sequence

Boot sequence enables you to bypass the System Setup–defined boot device order and boot directly to a specific device (for example: optical drive or hard drive). During the Power-on Self-Test (POST), when the Dell logo appears, you can:

- Access System Setup by pressing F2 key
- Bring up the one-time boot menu by pressing F12 key.

The one-time boot menu displays the devices that you can boot from including the diagnostic option. The boot menu options are:

- Removable Drive (if available)
- STXXXX Drive

**NOTE:** XXXX denotes the SATA drive number.

- Optical Drive (if available)
- SATA Hard Drive (if available)
- Diagnostics

**NOTE:** Choosing Diagnostics, displays the ePSA diagnostics screen.

The boot sequence screen also displays the option to access the System Setup screen.

# System setup options

**NOTE:** Depending on the and its installed devices, the items listed in this section may or may not appear.

## General options

Table 1. General

Option	Description
System Information	Displays the following information: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• System Information: Displays <b>BIOS Version, Service Tag, Asset Tag, Ownership Tag, Manufacture Date, Ownership Date,</b> and the <b>Express Service Code.</b></li><li>• Memory Information: Displays <b>Memory Installed, Memory Available, Memory Speed, Memory Channel Mode, Memory Technology, DIMM A size, and DIMM B size</b></li><li>• Processor Information: Displays <b>Processor Type, Core Count, Processor ID, Current Clock Speed, Minimum Clock Speed, Maximum Clock Speed, Processor L2 Cache, Processor L3 Cache, HT Capable, and 64-Bit Technology.</b></li><li>• Device Information: Displays <b>M.2 SATA-0, M.2 SATA-1, M.2 PCIe SSD-0, M.2 PCIe SSD-1, Video Controller, Video BIOS Version, Video Memory, Panel type, Native Resolution, Audio Controller, Wi-Fi Device, Cellular Device, and Bluetooth Device.</b></li></ul>
Battery Information	Displays the battery status health and whether the AC adapter is installed.
Boot Sequence	Allows you to specify the order in which the computer attempts to find an operating system from the devices specified in this list.
Advanced Boot Options	Allows you to select the UEFI Network Stack option, when in UEFI boot mode. By default, option is selected.
UEFI Boot Path Security	This option controls whether or not the system will prompt the user to enter the Admin password when booting a UEFI boot path from the F12 Boot Menu. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Always, Except Internal HDD—Default</li></ul>

Option	Description
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Always, Except Internal HDD&amp;PXE</li> <li>Always</li> <li>Never</li> </ul>
Date/Time	Allows you to set the date and time settings. Changes to the system date and time take effect immediately.

## System information

Table 2. System Configuration

Option	Description
SATA Operation	<p>Allows you to configure the operating mode of the integrated hard drive controller.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Disabled = The SATA controllers are hidden</li> <li>AHCI = SATA is configured for AHCI mode</li> <li>RAID ON = SATA is configured to support RAID mode (selected by default)</li> </ul>
Smart Reporting	This field controls whether hard drive errors for integrated drives are reported during system startup. The <b>Enable Smart Reporting option</b> is disabled by default.
USB Configuration	<p>Allows you to enable or disable the integrated USB controller for:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Enable USB Boot Support</li> <li>Enable External USB Port</li> </ul> <p>All the options are enabled by default.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Optimize USB (selected by default)</li> <li>Optimize GPS</li> </ul>
USB PowerShare	<p>This option configures the USB PowerShare feature behavior.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Enable USB PowerShare - disabled by default</li> </ul> <p>This feature is intended to allow users to power or charge external devices, such as phones and portable music players, using the stored system battery power through the USB PowerShare port on the notebook, while the notebook is in a sleep state.</p>
Audio	<p>Allows you to enable or disable the integrated audio controller. The option <b>Enable Audio</b> is selected by default.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Enable Microphone</li> <li>Enable Internal Speaker</li> </ul> <p>Both the options are selected by default.</p>
Keyboard Illumination	<p>This field lets you choose the operating mode of the keyboard illumination feature. The keyboard brightness level can be set from 25% to 100%. The options are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Disabled</li> <li>Level is 25%</li> <li>Level is 50%</li> <li>Level is 75%</li> <li>Level is 100%-enabled by default</li> </ul>
Tablet Buttons Illumination	<p>This controls the LED brightness for the following tablet buttons: Power, Rotation Lock, LCD Brightness Down, LCD Brightness Up, Volume Down, Volume Up, P1, P2, and P3. The options are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Off</li> <li>Level is 25%</li> <li>Level is 50%</li> </ul>

Option	Description
Keyboard Backlight Timeout on AC	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Level is 75%</li> <li>• Level is 100%-enabled by default</li> </ul> <p>The Keyboard Backlight Timeout dims out with AC option. The main keyboard illumination feature is not affected. Keyboard Illumination will continue to support the various illumination levels. This field has an effect when the backlight is enabled. The options are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 5 sec</li> <li>• 10 sec-enabled by default</li> <li>• 15 sec</li> <li>• 30 sec</li> <li>• 1 min</li> <li>• 5 min</li> <li>• 15 min</li> <li>• Never</li> </ul>
Keyboard Backlight Timeout on Battery	<p>The Keyboard Backlight Timeout dims out with the Battery option. The main keyboard illumination feature is not affected. Keyboard Illumination will continue to support the various illumination levels. This field has an effect when the backlight is enabled. The options are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• 5 sec</li> <li>• 10 sec-enabled by default</li> <li>• 15 sec</li> <li>• 30 sec</li> <li>• 1 min</li> <li>• 5 min</li> <li>• 15 min</li> <li>• Never</li> </ul>
RGB Keyboard Backlight	<p>The RGB keyboard backlight feature: There are six available colors: four preset colors (white, red, green, and blue) and two user configurable colors.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• White: Enabled and Active</li> <li>• Red: Enabled</li> <li>• Green: Enabled</li> <li>• Blue: Enabled</li> <li>• Custom1: Disabled by default</li> <li>• Custom2: Disabled by default</li> </ul>
Touchscreen	<p>This field controls whether the touchscreen is enabled or disabled</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Touchscreen (selected by default)</li> </ul>
Stealth Mode Control	<p>This option configures the Dell Stealth Mode feature:</p> <p>Checking 'Enable Stealth Mode' enables this feature. Default is enabled:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Disable onboard LEDs</li> <li>• Disable onboard LCD screen</li> <li>• Disable onboard speaker*</li> <li>• Disable onboard fans*</li> <li>• Disable Bluetooth radio*</li> <li>• Disable GPS receiver*</li> <li>• Disable WLAN radio*</li> <li>• Disable WWAN radio*</li> </ul> <p>* - when present</p>
Fingerprint Reader	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Enable Fingerprint Reader Device (enabled by default)</li> </ul> <p>Enable or disable the Fingerprint Reader Device</p>
Miscellaneous Devices	<p>Allows you to enable or disable the following devices:</p>

Option	Description
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Enable User-Facing Camera (enabled by default)</li> <li>• Enable World-Facing Camera (enabled by default)</li> <li>• Enable Dedicated GPS Radio (enabled by default)</li> <li>• Enable Secure Digital (SD) Card (enabled by default)</li> <li>• Secure Digital (SD) Card Boot</li> <li>• Secure Digital (SD) Card Read-Only Mode</li> </ul>

## Video

Option	Description
LCD Brightness	Allows you to set the display brightness depending up on the power source—On Battery and On AC. The LCD brightness is independent for battery and AC adapter. It can be set using the slider.

**NOTE:** The video setting is visible only when a video card is installed into the system.

## Security

Table 3. Security

Option	Description
Admin Password	Allows you to set, change, and delete the admin password.
System Password	Allows you to set, change, and delete the system password.
Strong Password	This option lets you enable or disable strong passwords for the system.
Password Configuration	Allows you to control the minimum and maximum number of characters allowed for a administrative password and the system password. The range of characters is between 4 and 32.
Password Bypass	<p>This option lets you bypass the System (Boot) Password and the internal HDD password prompts during a system restart.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Disabled — Always prompt for the system and internal HDD password when they are set. This option is enabled by default.</li> <li>• Reboot Bypass — Bypass the password prompts on Restarts (warm boots).</li> </ul> <p><b>NOTE:</b> The system will always prompt for the system and internal HDD passwords when powered on from the off state (a cold boot). Also, the system will always prompt for passwords on any module bay HDDs that may be present.</p>
Password Change	<p>This option lets you determine whether changes to the System and Hard Disk passwords are permitted when an administrator password is set.</p> <p><b>Allow Non-Admin Password Changes</b> - This option is enabled by default.</p>
Non-Admin Setup Changes	<p>This option lets you determine whether changes to the setup option are permitted when an administrator password is set.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Allow Wireless Switch Changes (disabled by default)</li> </ul>
UEFI Capsule Firmware Updates	This option controls whether this system allows BIOS updates via UEFI capsule update packages. This option is selected by default. Disabling this option will block BIOS updates from services such as Microsoft Windows Update and Linux Vendor Firmware Service (LVFS)
TPM 2.0 Security	<p>Allows you to control whether the Trusted Platform Module (TPM) is visible to the operating system.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• TPM On (default)</li> <li>• Clear</li> <li>• PPI Bypass for Enable Commands</li> <li>• PPI Bypass for Disable Commands</li> </ul>

Option	Description
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• PPI Bypass for Clear Commands</li> <li>• Attestation Enable (default)</li> <li>• Key Storage Enable (default)</li> <li>• SHA-256 (default)</li> </ul> <p>Choose any one option:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Disabled</li> <li>• Enabled (default)</li> </ul>
Absolute	<p>This field lets you Enable, Disable or Permanently Disable the BIOS module interface of the optional Absolute Persistence Module service from Absolute Software.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Enabled - This option is selected by default.</li> <li>• Disabled</li> <li>• Permanently Disabled</li> </ul>
OROM Keyboard Access	<p>This option determines whether users are able to enter Option ROM configuration screen via hotkeys during boot.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Enabled (default)</li> <li>• Disabled</li> <li>• One Time Enable</li> </ul>
Admin Setup Lockout	<p>Allows you to prevent users from entering Setup when Admin password is set. This option is not set by default.</p>
Master Password Lockout	<p>Allows you to disable master password support Hard Disk passwords need to be cleared before the settings can be changed. This option is not set by default.</p>
SMM Security Mitigation	<p>Allows you to enable or disable additional UEFI SMM Security Mitigation protections. This option is selected by default.</p>

## Secure boot

**Table 4. Secure Boot**

Option	Description
Secure Boot Enable	<p>Allows you to enable or disable Secure Boot feature</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Secure Boot Enable</li> </ul> <p>Option is selected by default.</p>
Secure Boot Mode	<p>Allows you to modify the behavior of Secure Boot to allow evaluation or enforcement of UEFI driver signatures.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Deployed Mode (default)</li> <li>• Audit Mode</li> </ul>
Expert key Management	<p>Allows you to manipulate the security key databases only if the system is in Custom Mode. The <b>Enable Custom Mode</b> option is disabled by default. The options are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• PK (default)</li> <li>• KEK</li> <li>• db</li> <li>• dbx</li> </ul> <p>If you enable the <b>Custom Mode</b>, the relevant options for <b>PK, KEK, db, and dbx</b> appear. The options are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Save to File</b>- Saves the key to a user-selected file</li> <li>• <b>Replace from File</b>- Replaces the current key with a key from a user-selected file</li> <li>• <b>Append from File</b>- Adds a key to the current database from a user-selected file</li> <li>• <b>Delete</b>- Deletes the selected key</li> </ul>

Option	Description
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Reset All Keys</b>- Resets to default setting</li> <li>• <b>Delete All Keys</b>- Deletes all the keys</li> </ul> <p><b>NOTE:</b> If you disable the Custom Mode, all the changes made will be erased and the keys will restore to default settings.</p>

## Intel Software Guard Extensions

Table 5. Intel Software Guard Extensions

Option	Description
<b>Intel SGX Enable</b>	<p>This field specifies you to provide a secured environment for running code/storing sensitive information in the context of the main OS.</p> <p>Click one of the following options:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Disabled</b></li> <li>• <b>Enabled</b></li> <li>• <b>Software controlled—Default</b></li> </ul>
<b>Enclave Memory Size</b>	<p>This option sets <b>SGX Enclave Reserve Memory Size</b></p> <p>Click one of the following options:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>32 MB</b></li> <li>• <b>64 MB</b></li> <li>• <b>128 MB—Default</b></li> </ul>

## Performance

Table 6. Performance

Option	Description
<b>Multi Core Support</b>	<p>This field specifies whether the process has one or all cores enabled. The performance of some applications improves with the additional cores.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>All—Default</b></li> <li>• <b>1</b></li> <li>• <b>2</b></li> <li>• <b>3</b></li> </ul>
<b>Intel SpeedStep</b>	<p>Allows you to enable or disable the Intel SpeedStep mode of processor.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Enable Intel SpeedStep</b></li> </ul> <p>This option is set by default.</p>
<b>C-States Control</b>	<p>Allows you to enable or disable the additional processor sleep states.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>C states</b></li> </ul> <p>This option is set by default.</p>
<b>Intel TurboBoost</b>	<p>Allows you to enable or disable the Intel TurboBoost mode of the processor.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Enable Intel TurboBoost</b></li> </ul>

Option	Description
	This option is set by default.
<b>Hyper-Thread Control</b>	<p>Allows you to enable or disable the HyperThreading in the processor.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Disabled</b></li> <li>• <b>Enabled</b>—Default</li> </ul>

## Power management

Option	Description
<b>Lid Switch</b>	<p>Allows you to disable the lid switch so the screen does not shut off when lid is closed.</p> <p>Default setting: Enable Lid Switch is selected.</p>
<b>AC Behavior</b>	<p>Allows you to enable or disable the computer from turning on automatically when an AC adapter is connected.</p> <p>Default setting: Wake on AC is not selected.</p>
<b>Enable Intel Speed Shift Technology</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Enable Intel Speed Shift Technology</li> </ul> <p>Default setting: Enabled</p>
<b>Auto On Time</b>	<p>Allows you to set the time at which the computer must turn on automatically. The options are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Disabled</li> <li>• Every Day</li> <li>• Weekdays</li> <li>• Select Days</li> </ul> <p>Default setting: Disabled</p>
<b>USB Wake Support</b>	<p>Allows you to enable USB devices to wake the system from Standby.</p> <p><b>NOTE: This feature is only functional when the AC power adapter is connected. If the AC power adapter is removed during Standby, the system setup removes power from all the USB ports to conserve battery power.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Enable Wake on Dell USB-C Dock</li> </ul>
<b>Wake on LAN</b>	<p>Allows you to enable or disable the feature that powers on the computer from the Off state when triggered by a LAN signal.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Disabled</li> <li>• LAN Only</li> </ul> <p>Default setting: Disabled</p>
<b>Peak Shift</b>	<p>This option enables you to minimize the AC power consumption during the peak power times of day. After you enable this option, your system runs only in battery even if the AC is attached.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Enable peak shift—is disabled</li> <li>• Set battery threshold (15% to 100%) - 15 % (enabled by default)</li> </ul>
<b>Advanced Battery Charge Configuration</b>	<p>This option enables you to maximize the battery health. By enabling this option, your system uses the standard charging algorithm and other techniques, during the non work hours to improve the battery health.</p> <p>Enable Advanced Battery Charge Mode- is disabled</p>
<b>Battery#1 Charge Configuration</b>	<p>Allows you to select the charging mode for the battery. The options are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Adaptive—enabled by default</li> <li>• Standard—Fully charges your battery at a standard rate.</li> <li>• ExpressCharge—The battery charges over a shorter time using Dell's fast charging technology.</li> <li>• Primarily AC use</li> <li>• Custom</li> </ul>

Option	Description
	<p>If Custom Charge is selected, you can also configure Custom Charge Start and Custom Charge Stop.</p> <p><b>NOTE:</b> All charging mode may not be available for all the batteries. To enable this option, disable the Advanced Battery Charge Configuration option.</p>
<b>Battery#2 Charge Configuration</b>	<p>Allows you to select the charging mode for the battery. The options are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Adaptive—enabled by default</li> <li>Standard—Fully charges your battery at a standard rate.</li> <li>ExpressCharge—The battery charges over a shorter time using Dell’s fast charging technology.</li> <li>Primarily AC use</li> <li>Custom</li> </ul> <p>If Custom Charge is selected, you can also configure Custom Charge Start and Custom Charge Stop.</p> <p><b>NOTE:</b> All charging mode may not be available for all the batteries. To enable this option, disable the Advanced Battery Charge Configuration option.</p>
<b>Dock Battery Charger Mode</b>	<p>Allows you to select the charging mode for the battery. The options are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Standard—enabled by default</li> <li>ExpressCharge—The battery charges over a shorter time using Dell’s fast charging technology.</li> </ul>
<b>Type-C Connector Power</b>	<p>This allows you to set the maximum power that can be drawn from the Type-C connector. The options are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>7.5 Watts—enabled by default</li> <li>15 Watts</li> </ul> <p><b>NOTE:</b> Setting a higher power value for the Type-C connector may cause the system to throttle sooner, if the total system power budget is exceeded.</p>
<b>Power Usage Mode</b>	<p>Allows you to choose the system power usage mode. The options are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Power Saver</li> <li>Balanced-enabled by default</li> <li>Performance</li> <li>High Performance</li> </ul>

## POST behavior

Option	Description
<b>Adapter Warnings</b>	<p>Allows you to enable or disable the system setup (BIOS) warning messages when you use certain power adapters.</p> <p>Default setting: Enable Adapter Warnings</p>
<b>USB-C Warnings</b>	<p>Allows you to enable the system displays warning messages for USB-C devices.</p> <p>Enable Dock Warning Messages. This option is enabled by default.</p>
<b>Keypad (Embedded)</b>	<p>Allows you to select one of the two methods to enable the keypad that is embedded in the internal keyboard.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Fn Key Only—enabled by default</li> <li>By Numlock</li> </ul>
<b>Fn Lock Options</b>	<p>Allows you to let hot key combinations Fn + Esc toggle the primary behavior of F1–F12, between their standard and secondary functions. If you disable this option, you cannot toggle dynamically the primary behavior of these keys. The available options are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Fn Lock—enabled by default</li> <li>Lock Mode Disable/Standard—enabled by default</li> <li>Lock Mode Enable/Secondary</li> </ul>
<b>Fastboot</b>	<p>Allows you to speed up the boot process by bypassing some of the compatibility steps. The options are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Minimal</li> </ul>

Option	Description
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Thorough—enabled by default</li> <li>Auto</li> </ul>
<b>Extended BIOS POST Time</b>	<p>Allows you to create an extra preboot delay. The options are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>0 seconds—enabled by default.</li> <li>5 seconds</li> <li>10 seconds</li> </ul>
<b>Full Screen Log</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Enable Full Screen Logo—not enabled</li> </ul>
<b>Sign of Life Indication</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Enable Tablet Button LED Sign of Life—enabled by default</li> </ul>
<b>Warnings and errors</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Prompt on warnings and errors—enabled by default</li> <li>Continue on warnings</li> <li>Continue on warnings and errors</li> </ul>
<b>MAC Address Pass-Through</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Passthrough MAC Address—enabled by default</li> <li>Disabled</li> </ul>

## Manageability

Option	Description
<b>Intel AMT Capability</b>	<p>Allows you to provision AMT and MEBx Hotkey function is enabled, during the system boot.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Disabled</li> <li>Enabled - by default</li> <li>Restrict MEBx Access</li> </ul>
<b>USB Provision</b>	<p>When enabled Intel AMT can be provisioned using the local provisioning file via a USB storage device.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Enable USB Provision - disabled by default</li> </ul>
<b>MEBx Hotkey</b>	<p>Allows you to specify whether the MEBx Hotkey function should enable, during the system boot.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Enable MEBx hotkey—enabled by default</li> </ul>

## Virtualization support

Option	Description
<b>Virtualization</b>	<p>This field specifies whether a virtual Machine Monitor (VMM) can utilize the conditional hardware capabilities provided by Intel Virtualization Technology.</p> <p>Enable Intel Virtualization Technology—enabled by default.</p>
<b>VT for Direct I/O</b>	<p>Enables or disables the Virtual Machine Monitor (VMM) from utilizing the additional hardware capabilities provided by Intel® Virtualization technology for direct I/O.</p> <p>Enable VT for Direct I/O - enabled by default.</p>
<b>Trusted Execution</b>	<p>This option specifies whether a Measured Virtual Machine Monitor (MVMM) can utilize the additional hardware capabilities provided by Intel Trusted Execution Technology. The TPM Virtualization Technology, and the Virtualization technology for direct I/O must be enabled to use this feature.</p> <p>Trusted Execution - disabled by default.</p>

# Wireless

Allows you to enable or disable the internal wireless devices. All the options are enabled by default.

**Table 7. Wireless**

Options	Descriptions
WWAN/GPS	Allows enabling/disabling of internal WWAN/GPS device
Bluetooth	Allows enabling/disabling of internal Bluetooth device
WLAN	Allows enabling/disabling of internal WLAN device
Contactless Smartcard/NFC	Allows enabling/disabling of internal Contactless Smartcard/NFC device

**Table 8. Antenna Switch**

Options	Descriptions
System Antennas Only	Allows enabling/disabling of System antennas
WLAN(Ant A) and WWAN(Ant B)	Allows enabling/disabling of WLAN and WWAN
WLAN(Ant A) and GPS(Ant B)-enabled by default	Allows enabling/disabling of WLAN and GPS
GPS(Ant A) and WWAN(Ant B)	Allows enabling/disabling of GPS and WWAN
WLAN(Ant A)	Allows enabling/disabling of WLAN
WWAN(Ant B)	Allows enabling/disabling of WWAN
GPS(Ant B)	Allows enabling/disabling of GPS

# Maintenance screen

Option	Description
<b>Service Tag</b>	Displays the Service Tag of your computer.
<b>Asset Tag</b>	Allows you to create a system asset tag if an asset tag is not already set. This option is not set by default.
<b>BIOS Downgrade</b>	This controls flashing of the system firmware to previous revisions. Option 'Allow BIOS downgrade' is enabled by default.
<b>Data Wipe</b>	This field allows users to erase the data securely from all internal storage devices. Option 'Wipe on Next boot' is not enabled by default. The following is list of devices affected: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Internal SATA HDD/SSD</li><li>Internal M.2 SATA SDD</li><li>Internal M.2 PCIe SSD</li><li>Internal eMMC</li></ul>
<b>BIOS Recovery</b>	This field allows you to recover from certain corrupted BIOS conditions from a recover file on the user primary hard drive or an external USB key. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>BIOS Recovery from Hard Drive—enabled by default</li><li>BIOS Auto-Recovery—enabled by default</li></ul>
<b>First Power On Date</b>	This option lets you set Ownership date. <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Set Ownership Date—not selected by default</li></ul>

# System logs

Option	Description
<b>BIOS Events</b>	Allows you to view and clear the System Setup (BIOS) POST events.

Option	Description
<b>Thermal Events</b>	Allows you to view and clear the System Setup (Thermal) events.
<b>Power Events</b>	Allows you to view and clear the System Setup (Power) events.

## SupportAssist System Resolution

Table 9. SupportAssist System Resolution

Option	Description
<b>Auto OS Recovery Threshold</b>	<p>The Auto OS recovery threshold setup option controls the automatic boot flow for SupportAssist System Resolution Console and for Dell OS recovery tool.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>OFF</b></li> <li>• <b>1</b></li> <li>• <b>2</b>—Default</li> <li>• <b>3</b></li> </ul>
<b>SupportAssist OS Recovery</b>	<p>The SupportAssist OS Recovery option will enable or disable the boot flow for SupportAssist OS Recovery tool in the event of certain system errors.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>SupportAssist OS Recovery</b></li> </ul> <p>This option is set by default.</p>

## About

License Information: It contains the Copyright information.

## Updating the BIOS in Windows

### Prerequisites

It is recommended to update your BIOS (System Setup), when you replace the system board or if an update is available.

### About this task

 **NOTE:** If BitLocker is enabled, it must be suspended prior to updating the system BIOS, and then re-enabled after the BIOS update is completed.

### Steps

1. Restart the computer.
2. Go to **Dell.com/support**.
  - Enter the **Service Tag** or **Express Service Code** and click **Submit**.
  - Click **Detect Product** and follow the instructions on screen.
3. If you are unable to detect or find the Service Tag, click **Choose from all products**.
4. Choose the **Products** category from the list.

 **NOTE:** Choose the appropriate category to reach the product page

5. Select your computer model and the **Product Support** page of your computer appears.
6. Click **Get drivers** and click **Drivers and Downloads**.  
The Drivers and Downloads section opens.
7. Click **Find it myself**.
8. Click **BIOS** to view the BIOS versions.

9. Identify the latest BIOS file and click **Download**.
10. Select your preferred download method in the **Please select your download method below** window, click **Download File**. The **File Download** window appears.
11. Click **Save** to save the file on your computer.
12. Click **Run** to install the updated BIOS settings on your computer.  
Follow the instructions on the screen.

## Updating BIOS on systems with BitLocker enabled

**CAUTION:** If BitLocker is not suspended before updating the BIOS, the next time you reboot the system it will not recognize the BitLocker key. You will then be prompted to enter the recovery key to progress and the system will ask for this on each reboot. If the recovery key is not known this can result in data loss or an unnecessary operating system reinstall. For more information about this subject, see Knowledge Article: <https://www.dell.com/support/article/sln153694>

## Updating your system BIOS using a USB flash drive

### About this task

If the system cannot load into Windows but there is still a need to update the BIOS, download the BIOS file using another system and save it to a bootable USB Flash Drive.

**NOTE:** You will need to use a bootable USB Flash drive. Please refer to the following article for further details: <https://www.dell.com/support/article/sln143196/>

### Steps

1. Download the BIOS update .EXE file to another system.
2. Copy the file e.g. O9010A12.EXE onto the bootable USB Flash drive.
3. Insert the USB Flash drive into the system that requires the BIOS update.
4. Restart the system and press F12 when the Dell Splash logo appears to display the One Time Boot Menu.
5. Using arrow keys, select **USB Storage Device** and click Return.
6. The system will boot to a Diag C:\> prompt.
7. Run the file by typing the full filename e.g. O9010A12.exe and press Return.
8. The BIOS Update Utility will load, follow the instructions on screen.

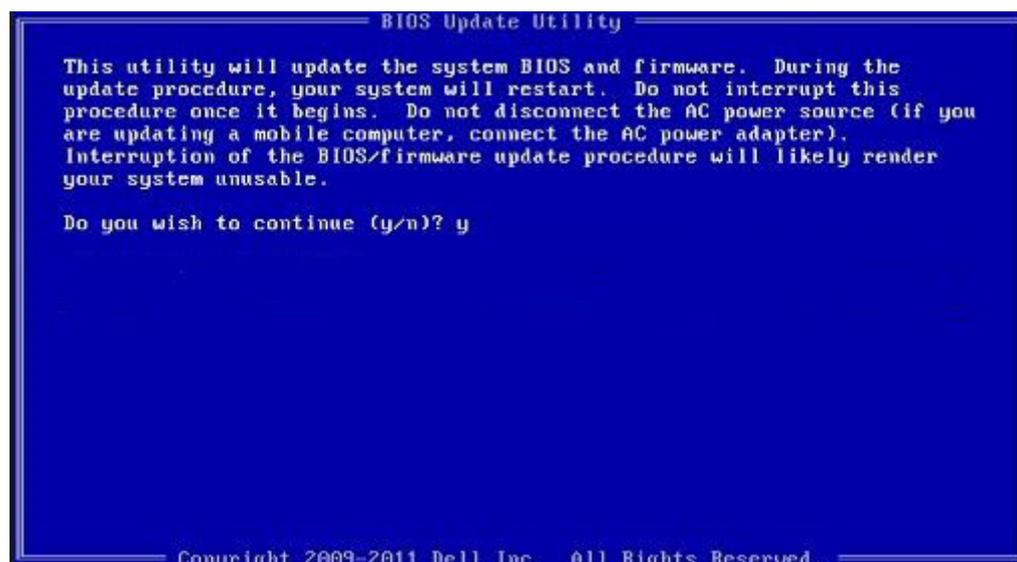


Figure 1. DOS BIOS Update Screen

# Updating the Dell BIOS in Linux and Ubuntu environments

If you want to update the system BIOS in a Linux environment such as Ubuntu, see <https://www.dell.com/support/article/sln171755/>.

## Flashing the BIOS from the F12 One-Time boot menu

Updating your system BIOS using a BIOS update .exe file copied to a FAT32 USB key and booting from the F12 one time boot menu.

### About this task

#### BIOS Update

You can run the BIOS update file from Windows using a bootable USB key or you can also update the BIOS from the F12 One-Time boot menu on the system.

Most Dell systems built after 2012 have this capability and you can confirm by booting your system to the F12 One-Time Boot Menu to see if BIOS FLASH UPDATE is listed as a boot option for your system. If the option is listed, then the BIOS supports this BIOS update option.

**NOTE: Only systems with BIOS Flash Update option in the F12 One-Time Boot Menu can use this function.**

#### Updating from the One-Time Boot Menu

To update your BIOS from the F12 One-Time boot menu, you will need:

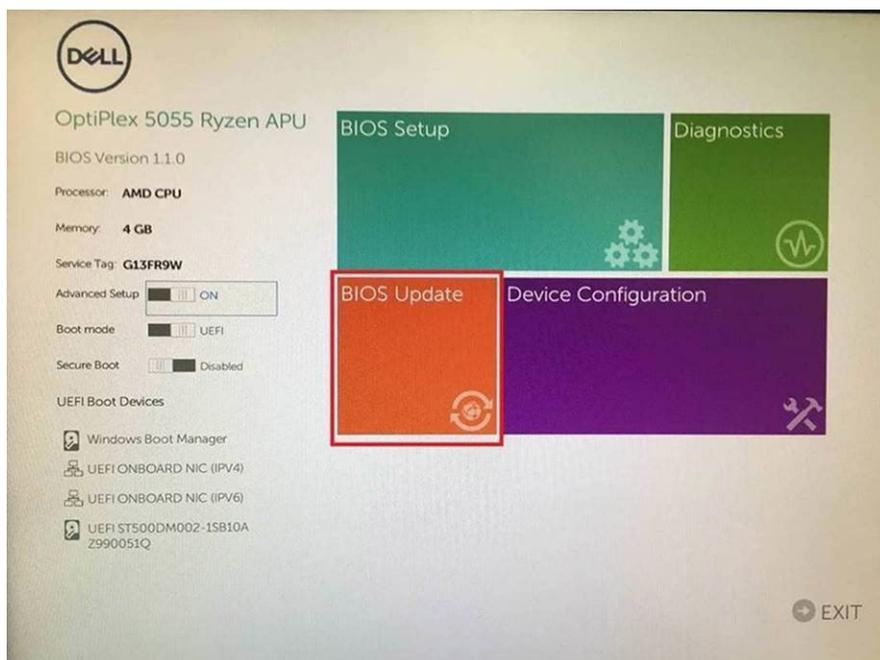
- USB key formatted to the FAT32 file system (key does not have to be bootable)
- BIOS executable file that you downloaded from the Dell Support website and copied to the root of the USB key
- AC power adapter connected to the system
- Functional system battery to flash the BIOS

Perform the following steps to execute the BIOS update flash process from the F12 menu:

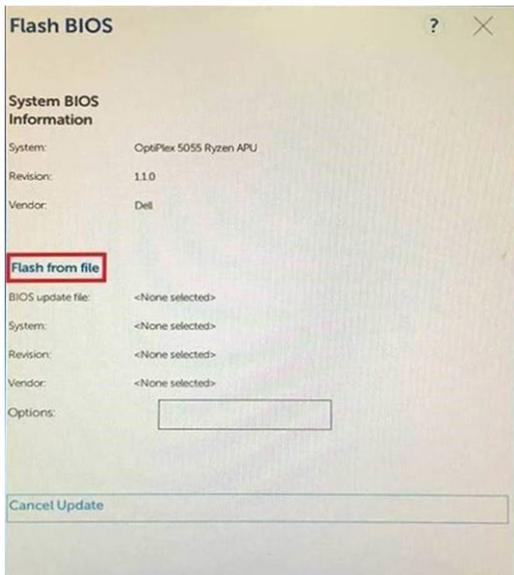
**CAUTION: Do not power off the system during the BIOS update process. Powering off the system could make the system fail to boot.**

#### Steps

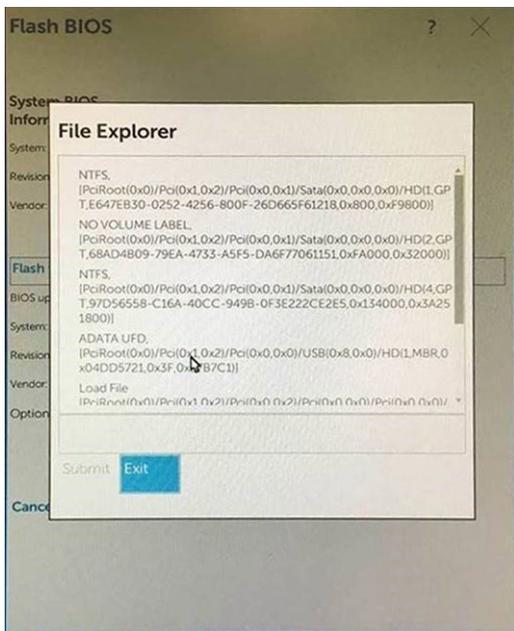
1. From a power off state, insert the USB key where you copied the flash into a USB port of the system .
2. Power on the system and press the F12 key to access the One-Time Boot Menu, Highlight BIOS Update using the mouse or arrow keys then press **Enter**.



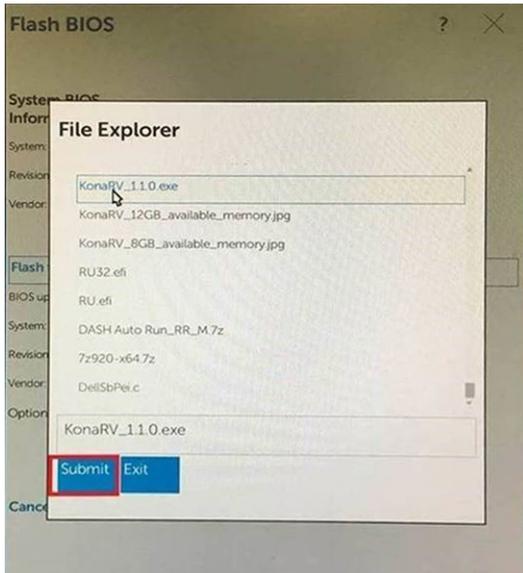
3. The Bios flash menu will open then click the **Flash from file**.



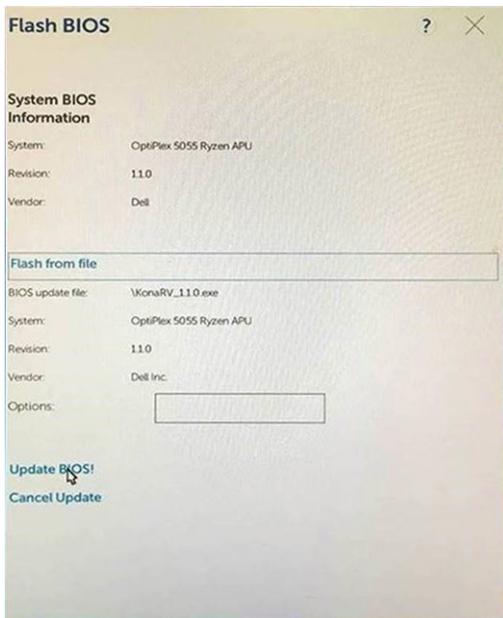
4. Select external USB device



5. Once the file is selected, Double click the flash target file, then press submit .



6. Click the **Update BIOS** then system will reboot to flash the BIOS.



7. Once complete, the system will reboot and the BIOS update process is completed.

## System and setup password

Table 10. System and setup password

Password type	Description
System password	Password that you must enter to log on to your system.
Setup password	Password that you must enter to access and make changes to the BIOS settings of your computer.

You can create a system password and a setup password to secure your computer.

**⚠ CAUTION: The password features provide a basic level of security for the data on your computer.**

**⚠ CAUTION: Anyone can access the data stored on your computer if it is not locked and left unattended.**

 **NOTE:** System and setup password feature is disabled.

## Assigning a system setup password

### Prerequisites

You can assign a new **System or Admin Password** only when the status is in **Not Set**.

### About this task

To enter the system setup, press F2 immediately after a power-on or re-boot.

### Steps

1. In the **System BIOS** or **System Setup** screen, select **Security** and press Enter.  
The **Security** screen is displayed.
2. Select **System/Admin Password** and create a password in the **Enter the new password** field.  
Use the following guidelines to assign the system password:
  - A password can have up to 32 characters.
  - The password can contain the numbers 0 through 9.
  - Only lower case letters are valid, upper case letters are not allowed.
  - Only the following special characters are allowed: space, ("), (+), (.), (-), (.), (/), (:), ([), (\), (]), ( ' ).
3. Type the system password that you entered earlier in the **Confirm new password** field and click **OK**.
4. Press Esc and a message prompts you to save the changes.
5. Press Y to save the changes.  
The computer reboots.

## Deleting or changing an existing system setup password

### Prerequisites

Ensure that the **Password Status** is Unlocked (in the System Setup) before attempting to delete or change the existing System and/or Setup password. You cannot delete or change an existing System or Setup password, if the **Password Status** is Locked.

### About this task

To enter the System Setup, press F2 immediately after a power-on or reboot.

### Steps

1. In the **System BIOS** or **System Setup** screen, select **System Security** and press Enter.  
The **System Security** screen is displayed.
2. In the **System Security** screen, verify that **Password Status** is **Unlocked**.
3. Select **System Password**, alter or delete the existing system password and press Enter or Tab.
4. Select **Setup Password**, alter or delete the existing setup password and press Enter or Tab.  
 **NOTE:** If you change the System and/or Setup password, re-enter the new password when prompted. If you delete the System and/or Setup password, confirm the deletion when prompted.
5. Press Esc and a message prompts you to save the changes.
6. Press Y to save the changes and exit from System Setup.  
The computer reboot.

# Troubleshooting

## Enhanced Pre-Boot System Assessment (ePSA) diagnostics

### About this task

The ePSA diagnostics (also known as system diagnostics) performs a complete check of your hardware. The ePSA is embedded with the BIOS and is launched by the BIOS internally. The embedded system diagnostics provides a set of options for particular devices or device groups allowing you to:

- Run tests automatically or in an interactive mode
- Repeat tests
- Display or save test results
- Run thorough tests to introduce additional test options to provide extra information about the failed device(s)
- View status messages that inform you if tests are completed successfully
- View error messages that inform you of problems encountered during testing

**NOTE:** Some tests for specific devices require user interaction. Always ensure that you are present at the computer terminal when the diagnostic tests are performed.

## Running the ePSA diagnostics

### Steps

1. Turn on your computer.
2. As the computer boots, press the F12 key as the Dell logo appears.
3. If no keyboard attached, Press and hold the volume up key to access the one time boot menu.
4. On the boot menu screen, select the **Diagnostics** option.
5. Click the arrow at the bottom left corner.  
Diagnostics front page is displayed.
6. Click the arrow in the lower-right corner to go to the page listing.  
The items detected are listed.
7. To run a diagnostic test on a specific device, press Esc and click **Yes** to stop the diagnostic test.
8. Select the device from the left pane and click **Run Tests**.
9. If there are any issues, error codes are displayed.  
Note the error code and validation number and contact Dell.

## System diagnostic lights

### Battery-status light

Indicates the power and battery-charge status.

**Solid green** — Power adapter is connected and the battery has more than 5 percent charge.

**Amber** — Computer is running on battery and the battery has less than 5 percent charge.

### Off

- Power adapter is connected and the battery is fully charged.
- Computer is running on battery and the battery has more than 5 percent charge.
- Computer is in sleep state, hibernation, or turned off.

The power and battery-status light blinks amber along with beep codes indicating failures.

For example, the power and battery-status light blinks amber two times followed by a pause, and then blinks white three times followed by a pause. This 2,3 pattern continues until the computer is turned off indicating no memory or RAM is detected.

The following table shows different power and battery-status light patterns and associated problems.

**Table 11. LED codes**

Diagnostic light codes	Problem description
2,1	Processor failure
2,2	System board: BIOS or ROM (Read-Only Memory) failure
2,3	No memory or RAM (Random-Access Memory) detected
2,4	Memory or RAM (Random-Access Memory) failure
2,5	Invalid memory installed
2,6	System-board or chipset error
2,7	Display failure
2,8	LCD power rail failure. Replace system board
3,1	Coin-cell battery failure
3,2	PCI, video card/chip failure
3,3	Recovery image not found
3,4	Recovery image found but invalid
3,5	Power-rail failure
3,6	System BIOS Flash incomplete
3,7	Management Engine (ME) error

**Camera status light:** Indicates whether the camera is in use.

- Solid white — Camera is in use.
- Off — Camera is not in use.

**Caps Lock status light:** Indicates whether Caps Lock is enabled or disabled.

- Solid white — Caps Lock enabled.
- Off — Caps Lock disabled.

## Recovering the operating system

When your computer is unable to boot to the operating system even after repeated attempts, it automatically starts Dell SupportAssist OS Recovery.

Dell SupportAssist OS Recovery is a standalone tool that is preinstalled in all Dell computers installed with Windows 10 operating system. It consists of tools to diagnose and troubleshoot issues that may occur before your computer boots to the operating system. It enables you to diagnose hardware issues, repair your computer, back up your files, or restore your computer to its factory state.

You can also download it from the Dell Support website to troubleshoot and fix your computer when it fails to boot into their primary operating system due to software or hardware failures.

For more information about the Dell SupportAssist OS Recovery, see *Dell SupportAssist OS Recovery User's Guide* at [www.dell.com/support](http://www.dell.com/support).

## WiFi power cycle

### About this task

If your computer is unable to access the internet due to WiFi connectivity issues a WiFi power cycle procedure may be performed. The following procedure provides the instructions on how to conduct a WiFi power cycle:

 **NOTE:** Some ISPs (Internet Service Providers) provide a modem/router combo device.

### Steps

1. Turn off your computer.
2. Turn off the modem.
3. Turn off the wireless router.
4. Wait for 30 seconds.
5. Turn on the wireless router.
6. Turn on the modem.
7. Turn on your computer.

# Getting help

## Topics:

- [Contacting Dell](#)

## Contacting Dell

### Prerequisites

 **NOTE:** If you do not have an active Internet connection, you can find contact information on your purchase invoice, packing slip, bill, or Dell product catalog.

### About this task

Dell provides several online and telephone-based support and service options. Availability varies by country and product, and some services may not be available in your area. To contact Dell for sales, technical support, or customer service issues:

### Steps

1. Go to <https://dell.com/support>.
2. Select your support category.
3. Verify your country or region in the **Choose a Country/Region** drop-down list at the bottom of the page.
4. Select the appropriate service or support link based on your need.