Integrated Dell Remote Access Controller 9 RACADM CLI Guide

Notes, cautions, and warnings

(i) NOTE: A NOTE indicates important information that helps you make better use of your product.

CAUTION: A CAUTION indicates either potential damage to hardware or loss of data and tells you how to avoid the problem.

MARNING: A WARNING indicates a potential for property damage, personal injury, or death.

© 2022 Dell Inc. or its subsidiaries. All rights reserved. Dell Technologies, Dell, and other trademarks are trademarks of Dell Inc. or its subsidiaries. Other trademarks may be trademarks of their respective owners.

Contents

| Chapter 1: Introduction | 6 |
|--|----|
| New features added | 6 |
| Firmware version 6.10.00.00 | 6 |
| Firmware version 6.00.30.00 | 6 |
| Firmware version 6.00.02.00 | 7 |
| Firmware version 5.10.10.00 | 7 |
| Firmware version 5.10.00.00 | 7 |
| Firmware version 5.00.00.00 | 7 |
| Deprecated and New Subcommands | 7 |
| Unsupported RACADM Subcommands | 8 |
| Supported RACADM Interfaces | 8 |
| RACADM Syntax Usage | 9 |
| SSH or Remote RACADM | g |
| Remote RACADM | g |
| Accessing Indexed-Based Device Groups and Objects | 10 |
| RACADM Command Options | 11 |
| Using autocomplete feature | 11 |
| Lifecycle Controller Log | 12 |
| Proxy parameters | |
| Supported Storage Controller cards | 13 |
| Other Documents You May Need | 13 |
| Accessing documents from Dell support site | 13 |
| Contacting Dell | 14 |
| | |
| Chapter 2: Running Get and Set | |
| get | |
| set | 19 |
| | |
| Chapter 3: RACADM Subcommand Details | |
| Guidelines to Quote Strings Containing Special Characters When Using RACADM Commands | |
| help and help subcommand | 26 |
| ackdriveremoval | |
| arp | 27 |
| autoupdatescheduler | |
| bioscert | |
| biosscan | 32 |
| cd | 33 |
| clearasrscreen | 33 |
| clearpending | 33 |
| closessn | 34 |
| clrsel | 35 |
| cmreset | 35 |
| | |
| connect | 35 |

| coredumpdelete | 36 |
|--------------------------------|----|
| diagnostics | 36 |
| driverpackdriverpack | 38 |
| eventfilters | 39 |
| exposeisminstallertohost | 41 |
| fcstatistics | 41 |
| frontpanelerror | 42 |
| fwupdate | 42 |
| gethostnetworkinterfaces | 44 |
| getled | 45 |
| getniccfg | 45 |
| getraclog | 47 |
| getractime | |
| getremoteservicesstatus | |
| getsel | 49 |
| getsensorinfo | 49 |
| getssninfo | |
| getsvctag | |
| getsysinfo | |
| gettracelogg | |
| getversiong | |
| groupmanagergroupmanager | |
| httpsbootcert | |
| hwinventory | |
| ifconfig | |
| iLKM | |
| infinibandstatistics | |
| inlettemphistory | |
| jobqueue | |
| krbkeytabuploadkrbkeytabupload | |
| lclog | |
| license | |
| netstat | |
| networktransceiverstatistics | |
| nicstatistics | |
| pcieslotview | |
| ping | |
| ping6 | |
| plugin | |
| racadm proxy | |
| • | |
| racdump | |
| racreset | |
| racresetcfg | |
| recover | |
| remoteimage | |
| remoteimage2 | |
| rollback | |
| SEKM | |
| serialcapture | |
| sensorsettings | |

| serveraction | 109 |
|---|------|
| setled | 110 |
| setniccfg | 111 |
| sshpkauth | 112 |
| sslcertdelete | 113 |
| sslcertdownload | 113 |
| sslcertupload | 114 |
| sslcertview | 115 |
| sslcsrgen | 117 |
| sslkeyupload | 119 |
| sslresetcfg | 119 |
| storage | 119 |
| supportassist | 140 |
| swinventory | 144 |
| switchconnection | 148 |
| systemerase | 149 |
| systemperfstatistics | 150 |
| techsupreport | 151 |
| testalert | 152 |
| testemail | 153 |
| testrsyslogconnection | 154 |
| testtrap | 154 |
| traceroute | 154 |
| traceroute6 | 155 |
| update | 155 |
| usercertupload | 159 |
| usercertview | 160 |
| vflashpartition | 160 |
| vflashsd | 162 |
| vmdisconnect | |
| hapter 4: Legacy and New Groups and Objects | |
| cfgSSADRoleGroupPrivilege (Read or Write) | |
| 5.955. 12.15.56.66p. 1111.6gs (1.666.67 1111.6) | |
| hapter 5: Error Codes | 47.4 |
| mapter 3. Little Codes | |

Introduction

This document provides information about the RACADM subcommands, supported RACADM interfaces, and property database groups and object definitions for iDRAC for the Dell servers.

Topics:

- New features added
- Deprecated and New Subcommands
- Unsupported RACADM Subcommands
- Supported RACADM Interfaces
- RACADM Syntax Usage
- Proxy parameters
- Supported Storage Controller cards
- Other Documents You May Need
- Accessing documents from Dell support site
- Contacting Dell

New features added

i NOTE: For new attributes added, see the Attribute Registry guide available at dell.com/support

This section provides the list of new features added in the following releases:

- Firmware version 6.10.00.00
- Firmware version 6.00.30.00
- Firmware version 6.00.02.00
- Firmware version 5.10.10.00
- Firmware version 5.10.00.00
- Firmware version 5.00.00.00

Firmware version 6.10.00.00

Following features were added or updated in this release:

- Support for mounting directories on iDRAC NFS and CIFS shares using Remote File Share (RFS) feature.
 - i NOTE: This feature is only supported on 15th generation and newer PowerEdge servers.
- Support for MemoryTypeExtended property for memory devices (DRAM) .
- Support for IEEE 802.1X based certificates.
- Support for rebootless updates for NICs that support the PLDM based firmware update (except rNDC and OCP adapters).
- Support for SSL certificate expiry notification.
- Support for component hash value in firmware inventory (Redfish and RACADM only).

Firmware version 6.00.30.00

Following features were added or updated in this release:

- Support for Chassis Manager firmware version property for getsysinfo command.
- Support for enabling/disabling PCle VDM inventory for specified devices.

Firmware version 6.00.02.00

Following features were added or updated in this release:

- Support for pcieslotview command to display PCIe slot details.
- Support for attaching second remote image using remoteimage2 command.
- Support for CPUAffinity (NUMA) property for PCle devices and GPU cards.

Firmware version 5.10.10.00

Following features were added or updated in this release:

• Support added to restart chassis manager through RACADM interface.

Firmware version 5.10.00.00

Following features were added or updated in this release:

- Support for TLS 1.3.
- Support for iDRAC reserved user account (Support enabled with help of OEM-ID).
- Support for storage security subcommand for HBA controllers.
- Support for storage encryptpd subcommand for physical disks behind HBA controllers, Direct attached and PCle switch attached NVMe SEDs and SAS SEDs.
- Support for ilkm command to enable Local Key Management on iDRAC.
- Support for CPUAffinity (NUMA) property for Network devices (NIC, FC, InfiniBand), storage devices (PERC, HBA, BOSS), disks (SAS, SATA, NVMe) and DIMMs.
- Support to migrate PERC security mode from LKM to SEKM.
- Support for InputPower property for sensor type Power in getsensorinfo command.
- Support for EncryptionCapability, SecurityStatus and Encryptionmode properties for HBA controllers using storage get controllers subcommand.
- Support for EncryptionCapability, SecurityStatus, EncryptionProtocol,
 Cryptographicerasecapability and SystemEraseCapability properties for physical disks behind HBA controller and Direct attached and PCle switch attached NVMe SEDs using storage get pdisks subcommand.
- Support to turn off ICMP pings on iDRAC network interface.
- Support for AutoSecure feature for security capable NVMe SED (get/set idrac.sekm.autosecure).
- Support to enable HTTP Host Header validation.
- Support for Manual FQDN/Hostname or TLS SAN domain name(s) for validating HTTP host header.
- Passphrase support for sekm enable command to change iDRAC encryption mode from iLKM to SEKM.
- Rebootless updates for NVMe drives (SK-Hynix PE8010 and later only).

Firmware version 5.00.00.00

Following features were added or updated in this release:

- Added support for racadm plugin command.
- Added support for racadm ackdriveremoval command.

Deprecated and New Subcommands

(i) NOTE:

- Following commands are deprecated, and will not be available from iDRAC version 4.40.00.00 and onwards. Ensure that you reconfigure the scripts that use these commands to avoid any issues or failures.
- WSMan is deprecated, with no further updates or new features to be added.

Table 1. Details of Deprecated and New Subcommands

| Deprecated Subcommands | New Subcommands | |
|---|-----------------|--|
| getconfig | get | |
| config | set | |
| NOTE: Some examples in this document still use getconfig and config subcommands as they still work with previous versions of iDRAC. | | |
| getuscversion | getversion | |
| systemconfig | N/A | |

Unsupported RACADM Subcommands

The following table provides the list of RACADM subcommands which are not supported through Telnet/SSH/Serial interface of RACADM.

Table 2. Unsupported RACADM Subcommands

| Subcommand | iDRAC on Blade Servers | |
|-----------------|------------------------|--|
| | Telnet/SSH/Serial | |
| krbkeytabupload | No | |
| sslcertupload | No | |
| sslkeyupload | No | |
| usercertupload | No | |

Supported RACADM Interfaces

The RACADM command-line utility provides a scriptable interface that allows you to locally or remotely configure your iDRAC. The utility runs on the management station and the managed system. The RACADM utility is available on the Dell OpenManage Systems Management and Documentation DVD or at https://www.dell.com/support.

The RACADM utility supports the following interfaces:

- Local—Supports running RACADM commands from the managed server's operating system. To run local RACADM commands, install the OpenManage software on the managed server. Only one instance of Local RACADM can be executed on a system at a time. If you try to open another instance, an error message is displayed and the second instance of Local RACADM closes immediately. To download the local RACADM tool from https://www.dell.com/support, select Drivers and Downloads, select a server, and then select Systems Management > Dell Toolkit.
 - NOTE: Local RACADM and local RACADM proxy runs with root user privilege.
- SSH—Also known as Firmware RACADM. Firmware RACADM is accessible by logging in to iDRAC using SSH. Similar to Remote RACADM, at the RACADM prompt, directly run the commands without the RACADM prefix.
- Remote—Supports running RACADM commands from a remote management station such as a laptop or desktop. To run Remote RACADM commands, install the DRAC Tools utility from the OpenManage software on the remote computer. To run Remote RACADM commands:
 - o Formulate the command as an SSH RACADM command.

NOTE:

- o You must have administrator privileges to run RACADM commands using Remote RACADM.
- ESXi operating system allows up to 1020 characters in a RACADM command. This is limited to local and remote RACADM interfaces.

For more information about the options, see RACADM Subcommand Details. To download the local RACADM tool, go to https://www.dell.com/poweredgemanuals, select the desired server. and then click **Drivers & downloads**.

RACADM Syntax Usage

The following section describes the syntax usage for SSH and Remote RACADM.

SSH or Remote RACADM

```
racadm -r <racIPAddr> -u <username> -p <password> <subcommand>
racadm -r <racIPAddr> -u <username> -p <password> get -g <group name> -o <object name>
racadm <subcommand>
```

Example

```
racadm getsysinfo

racadm -r 192.168.0.2 -u username -p xxx getsysinfo

racadm -r 192.168.0.2 -u username -p xxx get -g cfgchassispower
```

Remote RACADM

(i) NOTE:

- By default, TLS version 1.0 is enabled on Windows 2012 R2 which is not supported on the Remote RACADM.
 Install the latest Windows update available, to upgrade TLS to version 1.1 or higher. Also, set the TLS version in the iDRAC.Webserver.TLSProtocol as appropriate. For more information about Windows update see, support.microsoft.com/en-us/help/3140245/update-to-enable-tls-1-1-and-tls-1-2-as-default-secure-protocols-in-wi
- Before configuring the webserver settings to TLS version 1.3, ensure that the client OS supports TLS 1.3.
- If Force Change of Password (FCP) feature is enabled, it is recommended to change the default password using SSH or iDRAC GUI. Changing the default password using Remote RACADM may not be successful.

```
racadm -r <racIPAddr> -u <username> -p <password> <subcommand>
```

Example

```
racadm -r 192.168.0.2 -u root -p xxxx getsysinfo
Security Alert: Certificate is invalid - Certificate is not signed by Trusted Third
Party Continuing execution.
```

(i) NOTE: The following command does not display a security error:

```
racadm -r 192.168.0.2 -u noble -p xxx getsysinfo --nocertwarn
```

The remote RACADM commands must link to the libssl library on the HOST, which corresponds to the version of OpenSSL package installed on the HOST. Perform the following steps to verify and link the library.

Check the openssl version installed in the HOST:

```
[root@localhost ~]# openssl
OpenSSL> version
OpenSSL 1.0.1e-fips 11 Feb 2013
OpenSSL>
```

• Locate the openSSL libraries are in the HOST machine (/usr/lib64/ in case of RHEL), and to check the various versions of the libraries:

Link the library libssl.so using In -s command to the appropriate OpenSSL version in the HOST:

```
[root@localhost ~] # ln -s /usr/lib64/libssl.so.1.0.1e /usr/lib64/libssl.so
```

Verify if the libssl.so soft linked to libssl.so.1.0.1e:

Accessing Indexed-Based Device Groups and Objects

To access any object, run the following syntax:

```
device.<group name>.[<index>].<object name>
```

To display the supported indexes for a specified group, run:

```
racadm get device.<group name>
```

Example

```
racadm get nic.nicconfig
NIC.nicconfig.1 [Key=NIC.Integrated.1-1-1#nicconfig]
NIC.nicconfig.2 [Key=NIC.Integrated.1-2-1#nicconfig]
NIC.nicconfig.3 [Key=NIC.Integrated.1-3-1#nicconfig]
NIC.nicconfig.4 [Key=NIC.Integrated.1-4-1#nicconfig]
```

To display the object list for the specified group, run:

```
racadm get device.<group name>.<index>
```

Example

```
racadm get nic.nicconfig.2
[Key=NIC.Integrated.1-2-1#nicconfig]
BannerMessageTimeout=5
BootStrapType=AutoDetect
HideSetupPrompt=Disabled
LegacyBootProto=NONE
LnkSpeed=AutoNeg
#VLanId=1
VLanMode=Disabled
```

• To display a single object for the specified group, run:

```
racadm get device.<group name>.<index>.<object name>
```

Example

```
racadm get nic.nicconfig.3.legacybootproto
[Key=NIC.Integrated.1-3#NICConfig]
Legacybootproto=PXE
```

RACADM Command Options

The following table lists the options for the RACADM command:

Table 3. RACADM Command Options

| Option | Description | |
|---|--|--|
| -r <raclpaddr> -r <raclpaddr> : <port number=""></port></raclpaddr></raclpaddr> | Specifies the controller's remote IP address. Use <port number=""> if the iDRAC port number is not the default port (443).</port> | |
| -u <username></username> | Specifies the user name that is used to authenticate the command transaction. If the-u option is used, the -p option must be used, and the -i option (interactive) is not allowed. (i) NOTE: If you delete a user account using the iDRAC web interface and then use RACADM to create a new account with the same user name, you are not prompted to enter a password. However, you must manually provide a password for the account to be able to log into iDRAC using that account. | |
| -p <password></password> | Specifies the password used to authenticate the command transaction. If the -p option is used, the -i option is not allowed. | |
| nocertwarn | Does not display certificate related warning message. | |

Using autocomplete feature

Use the autocomplete feature in firmware RACADM to:

- Display all the available RACADM commands in the alphabetical order by pressing the tab key at the racadm>> prompt.
- View the complete list, by entering the starting letter of the command at the racadm>> prompt and press tab key.
 - (i) NOTE:
 - o Commands that are displayed/suggested by the shell are case insensitive.
 - o If an attribute group does not include any attributes, autocomplete does not display this group at all.
- Navigate the cursor within a command, by pressing:

Home key: Directs to the starting of the command

End key: Directs to the end of the command

- · View the history of the commands that were run in the current session by pressing up and down arrow key.
- If an attribute value starts with double quotes but does not end with them, the value is still considered and the command runs successfully.
- Exit the Autocomplete mode, by entering Quit or Exit

For example:

• Example 1: racadm>> <press tab>

```
arp
autoupdatescheduler
clearasrscreen
clearpending
closessn
clrraclog
.
.
.
.
.
.
.
.
.
.
vflashsd
vflashpartition
```

```
vmdisconnect
cd
quit
```

• Example 2: racadm>> get tab>

```
get
getled
getniccfg
getraclog
getractime
getsel
getsensorinfo
getssninfo
getsvctag
getsysinfo
gettracelog
gettracelog
```

• Example 3:

```
racadm>> getl<press tab>

racadm>> getled <press enter> or <racadm getled>
LEDState: Not-Blinking
```

Example 4:

```
racadm>> get bios.uefiBootSettings
BIOS.UefiBootSettings
BIOS.UefiBootSettings.UefiBootSeq
BIOS.UefiBootSettings.UefiPxeIpVersion
```

(i) NOTE:

- In the RACADM autocomplete mode, type the commands directly without giving racadm as prefix.
- NIC/FC/InfiniBand FQDDs are configuration-dependent. To find FQDDs present in system, run the RACADM command racadm hwinventory NIC/FC/InfiniBand

Lifecycle Controller Log

Lifecycle Controller logs provide the history of changes related to components installed on a managed system. You can also add work notes to each log entry.

The following events and activities are logged:

- System events
- Storage devices
- Network devices
- Configuration
- Audit
- Updates

You can view and filter logs based on the category and severity level. You can also export and add a work note to a log event.

If you initiate configuration jobs using RACADM CLI or iDRAC web interface, the Lifecycle log captures the information about the user, interface used, and the IP address of the system from which you initiate the job.

Proxy parameters

Some commands do not support setting the proxy parameters if the share location (-I) is HTTP/HTTPS. To perform the operation with HTTP or HTTPS through a proxy, the proxy parameters must be first configured using the lifecyclecontroller.lcattributes. Once these proxy parameters are configured, they become the part of default configuration; the proxy attributes should be cleared to end use of the HTTP/HTTPS proxy.

The valid lifecyclecontroller.lcattributes HTTP/HTTPS proxy parameters are:

- UserProxyUserName
- UserProxyPassword
- UserProxyServer
- UserProxyPort
- UserProxyType

To view the list of proxy attributes, use racadm get lifecycleController.lcAttributes.

Supported Storage Controller cards

The following table lists the supported Storage Controller cards:

PERC H350, PERC H355, PERC H750, and PERC H755 PERC 11

PERC 10 PERC H345, PERC H740, PERC H740P, PERC H745P, and PERC H840

PERC 9 PERC H330, PERC H730, PERC H730P, PERC H830, PERC FD33xS, and PERC FD33xD

HBA cards HBA 330, HBA 345, HBA 355, HBA 350i and 12Gbps SAS HBA

BOSS Cards

BOSS S1, BOSS S2

cards

Software RAID PERC S130, PERC S140, PERC S150

Other Documents You May Need

In addition to this guide, you can access the following guides available on the Dell Support website at https://www.dell.com/ idracmanuals. To access the documents, click the appropriate product link.

- The Integrated Dell Remote Access Controller User's Guide provides information about configuring and using an iDRAC to remotely manage and monitor your system and its shared resources through a network.
- The iDRAC9 Attribute Registry provides information about all attributes to perform get and set operations using RACADM interface.
- Documentation specific to your third-party management console application.
- The Dell OpenManage Server Administrator's User's Guide provides information about installing and using Dell OpenManage Server Administrator.
- The Dell Update Packages User's Guide provides information about obtaining and using Dell Update Packages as part of your system update strategy.
- The Glossary provides information about the terms used in this document.

The following system documents are also available to provide more information about the system in which iDRAC is installed:

- The Hardware Owner's Manual provides information about system features and describes how to troubleshoot the system and install or replace system components.
- Documentation for any components you purchased separately provides information to configure and install the options.
- Release notes or readme files may be included to provide last-minute updates to the system or documentation or advanced technical reference material intended for experienced users or technicians.

Updates are sometimes included with the system to describe changes to the system, software, and/or documentation. Always read the updates first because they often supersede information in other documents.

See the Safety and Regulatory information that is shipped with your system.

NOTE: Warranty information may be included within this document or as a separate document.

Accessing documents from Dell support site

You can access the required documents in one of the following ways:

- Using the following links:
 - For all Enterprise Systems Management documents https://www.dell.com/esmmanuals

- o For OpenManage documents https://www.dell.com/openmanagemanuals
- o For iDRAC and Lifecycle Controller documents https://www.dell.com/idracmanuals
- For OpenManage Connections Enterprise Systems Management documents https://www.dell.com/ omconnectionsclient
- For Serviceability Tools documents www.dell.com/ServiceabilityTools
- o For Client Command Suite Systems Management documents www.dell.com/DellClientCommandSuiteManuals
- From the Dell Support site:
 - 1. Go to www.dell.com/support/home.
 - 2. Under Browse all products section, click Software.
 - 3. In the **Software** group box, click the required link from the following:
 - o Enterprise Systems Management
 - o Client Systems Management
 - Serviceability Tools
 - 4. To view a document, click the required product version.
- Using search engines:
 - o Type the name and version of the document in the search box.

Contacting Dell

NOTE: If you do not have an active Internet connection, you can find contact information on your purchase invoice, packing slip, bill, or Dell product catalog.

Dell provides several online and telephone-based support and service options. Availability varies by country and product, and some services may not be available in your area. To contact Dell for sales, technical support, or customer service issues:

- 1. Go to https://www.dell.com/support.
- 2. Select your support category.
- 3. Verify your country or region in the Choose a Country/Region drop-down list at the bottom of the page.
- 4. Select the appropriate service or support link based on your need.

Running Get and Set

This section provides detailed description of the RACADM Get and Set subcommands including the syntax and valid entries.

For more information about all attributes to perform get and set operations, see the *Integrated Dell Remote Access Controller Attribute Registry* available at https://www.dell.com/idracmanuals

Topics:

- get
- set

get

Table 4. Details of get

Description

Displays the value of one or more objects. The get subcommand has two forms.

- Displays the value of a single object.
- Exports the value of multiple objects to a file.

It supports multiple object value exports in the below file format:

• Server Configuration Profile(SCP) XML and JSON format—XML and JSON format files can be imported from a local file, from an NFS, CIFS, HTTP, HTTPS, FTP and TFTP network share.

NOTE: You need admin user privilege to perform import and export SCP operations.

(i) NOTE:

- Some objects may have a pending value if a Set operation is performed on the object through a reboot job. To complete the pending operation, schedule the job using a jobqueue command, and then check for completion of the job using the returned Job ID. For more information, see jobqueue.
- Import and Export of INI file type doesn't support -c option for firmware versions earlier than iDRAC version 4.40.00.00.
- For more information on the get subcommand, run the RACADM command racadm help get
- Autobackup will return a license error from iDRAC version 4.40.00.00 release for Rx4xx and Mx4xx platforms. The command will display this error as the feature and the corresponding license will be removed.
- For HddSeq, BootSeq and UefiBootSeq attributes, a maximum of 32 device list is supported. For Unique FQDDs, use the iDRAC Redfish interface.

Synopsis

Single-object Get

```
racadm get <FQDD Alias>.<group>
racadm get <FQDD Alias>.<group>.<object>

racadm get <FQDD Alias>.<group>.[<index>].<object>

racadm get <FQDD Alias>.<index>.<group>.<index>.<object>
```

```
Multi-object Get
 racadm get -f <filename> -t xml -l <NFS share> [--clone | --replace ]
 [--includeph]
racadm get -f <filename> -t xml -l <NFS share> -c <FQDD>[,<FQDD>*]
 racadm get -f <filename> -t xml -u <username> -p <password> -l <FTP
share> -c <FQDD>
racadm get -f <filename> -t xml -l <TFTP share> -c <FQDD>
racadm get -f <filename> -t xml -u <username> -p <password> -l <CIFS
share> [--clone | --replace ] [--includeph]
racadm get -f <filename> -t xml -u <username> -p <password> -l <CIFS
share> -c <FQDD>[,<FQDD>*]
racadm get -f <filename> -t xml -u <username> -p <password> -l <HTTP
 share> -c <FQDD>
 racadm get -f <filename> -t xml -u <username> -p <password> -l <HTTPS
 share> -c <FQDD>
racadm get -f <filename> -t xml --customdefaults
racadm get -f -t xml -l <NFS share> [--clone | --replace ] [--
includeph] [--includeCustomTelemetry]
 racadm get -f -t xml -u -p -l <CIFS share> [--clone | --replace ] [--
includeph] [--includeCustomTelemetry]
```

Input

- <FQDD Alias>
 - o Examples for FQDDs
 - System.Power
 - System.Power.Supply
 - System.Location
 - LifecycleController.LCAttributes
 - System.LCD
 - iDRAC.Serial

For the list of supported groups and objects under the get command, see Database objects with get and set commands.

- <group>—Specifies the group containing the object that must be read.
- <object>—Specifies the object name of the value that must be read.
- <index>—Specifies where FQDD Aliases or Groups must be indexed.
- -f <filename>—This option enables you to export multiple object values to a file. This option is not supported in the Firmware RACADM interface.
- u—Specifies user name of the remote CIFS share to which the file must be exported.
- -p—Specifies password for the remote CIFS share to which the file must be exported.
- -1—Specifies network share location to which the file is exported.
- -t—Specifies the file type to be exported.

The valid values are:

- o JSON—It exports the SCP JSON file to a network share file.
- o xml—It exports the SCP xml format file, either to a local or network share file.
- --clone—Gets the configuration .xml files without system-related details such as service tag. The .xml file received does not have any virtual disk creation option.
- --replace—Gets the configuration .xml files with the system-related details such as service tag.
- -c—Specifies the FQDD or list of FQDDs separated by ',' of the components for which the configurations should be exported. If this option is not specified, the configuration related to all the components are exported.
- --includeph—Specifies that the output of the passwords included in the exported configuration .xml file are in the hashed format.
 - (i) NOTE: if --includeph is not used, the output of the passwords are in the .xml file in clear text.
- --customdefaults—Exports custom default configuration to file. Supports only with XML file type and local share.
- --includeCustomTelemetry—Includes Telemetry Custom Metric Report Definitions (MRDs) in the configuration XML file.

(i) NOTE:

- For --clone and --replace options, only .xml file template is received. These options -- clone and --replace cannot be used in the same command.
- --customdefaults and --includeCustomTelemetry cannot be used in the same command.

This command does not support proxy parameters. To perform the operation with http and https, the proxy parameters has to be configured in the lifecyclecontroller.lcattributes. Once these proxy parameters are configured, they become the part of default configuration. They have to be removed to ignore the proxy parameters.

This command does not support setting the proxy parameters if the share location (-I) is HTTP/HTTPS. To perform the operation with HTTP or HTTPS through a proxy, the proxy parameters must be first configured using the lifecyclecontroller.lcattributes. Once these proxy parameters are configured, they become the part of default configuration; the proxy attributes should be cleared to end use of the HTTP/HTTPS proxy.

The valid lifecyclecontroller.lcattributes HTTP/HTTPS proxy parameters are:

- UserProxyUserName
- UserProxyPassword
- UserProxyServer
- UserProxyPort
- UserProxyType

To view the list of proxy attributes, use racadm get lifecycleController.lcAttributes.

Examples

• Get system LCD information.

racadm get system.lcdLCDUserString

• Display an entire group, in this case the topology configuration.

racadm get system.location

• Display a single object from a particular group.

racadm get system.location.rack.name

• Export the xml configuration to a CIFS share.

racadm get -f file -t xml -u myuser -p xxx -l //192.168.0/share

• Export the xml configuration to an NFS share.

racadm get -f file -t xml -l 192.168.0:/myshare

Export a "cloned" xml configuration to a CIFS share

```
racadm get -f xyz_temp_clone -t xml -u Administrator -p xxx -l //
192.168.0/xyz --clone
```

• Export a "replace" xml configuration to a CIFS share

```
racadm get -f xyz_temp_replace -t xml -u Administrator -p xxx -l //
192.168.0/xyz --replace
```

• Export the xml configuration of the iDRAC component to FTP share.

```
racadm get -f file -t xml -u username -p password -l ftp:// 192.168.10.24/
```

• Export the JSON configuration of the iDRAC component to FTP share.

```
racadm get -f file -t json -u username -p password -l ftp:// 192.168.10.24/
```

• Export the xml configuration of the iDRAC component to TFTP share.

```
racadm get -f file -t xml -l tftp://192.168.10.24/
```

• Export the JSON configuration of the iDRAC component to TFTP share.

```
racadm get -f file -t json -l ftp://192.168.10.24/
```

• Export the xml configuration of the iDRAC component to a CIFS share.

```
racadm get -f file -t xml -u myuser -p xxx -l //192.168.0/share -c iDRAC.Embedded.1
```

• Export the xml configuration of the iDRAC component to NFS share.

```
racadm get -f file -t xml -l 10.1.12.13:/myshare
```

• Export the xml configuration of the iDRAC component to HTTP share.

```
racadm get -f file -t xml -u httpuser -p httppwd -l http://test.com/
myshare
```

• Export the xml configuration of the iDRAC component to HTTPS share.

```
racadm get -f file -t xml -u httpuser -p httppwd -l https://test.com/
myshare
```

• Export the JSON configuration of the iDRAC component to HTTP share.

```
racadm get -f file -t json -u httpuser -p httppwd -l http://test.com/
myshare
```

• Export the JSON configuration of the iDRAC component to HTTPS share.

```
racadm get -f file -t json -u httpuser -p httppwd -l https://test.com/ myshare
```

• Export the custom default xml configuration to local share.

```
racadm get -f file -t xml --customdefaults
```

• Include Telemetry Custom Metric Report Definitions in the configuration .xml file.

```
racadm get -f <filename> -t xml -l <NFS or CIFS share> -u <username> -p <password> --includeCustomTelemetry
```

• Include password hash in the configuration .xml file.

racadm get -f<filename> -t xml -l<NFS or CIFS share> -u<username> -p<password> -t xml --includeph

• Configure proxy parameters.

racadm set lifecyclecontroller.lcattributes.UserProxyUsername admin1

racadm set lifecyclecontroller.lcattributes.UserProxyUsername

• View the list of proxy attributes.

racadm get lifecycleController.lcAttributes

• To display InfiniBand related groups.

racadm get InfiniBand

set

Table 5. Details of set

Description

Modifies the value of configuration objects on a component. The Set sub-command has two forms:

- The modification of a single object to a new value specified in the command line.
- The modification of multiple objects to new values using a configuration file.

It supports multi-object value import from the below configuration file format:

- Server Configuration Profile(SCP) XML and JSON format—XML and JSON format files can be imported from a local file, from an NFS, CIFS, HTTP, HTTPS, FTP and TFTP network share.
 - NOTE: You need admin user privilege to perform import and export SCP operations.

Depending on the type of configuration object being modified, the new values could be applied immediately (in "real-time") or require staging and a reboot of the system to apply the new values. The following components support either real-time or staged application of new values:

- o iDRAC with Lifecycle Controller
- o PowerEdge RAID controllers
 - NOTE: Use PowerEdge RAID controllers with firmware version 9.1 or later. The real-time support is provided only while performing hardware RAID configuration.

The following components require staging and system reboot for application of new values:

- BIOS
- Other PowerEdge RAID controllers For software RAID configuration
- Networking devices Ethernet and Fibre Channel

(i) NOTE:

- To modify the value of staged objects such as BIOS or NIC, commit and reboot job creation must be used to apply the pending values. When single object Setoperations are used to stage value modification, use the jobqueue command to schedule a job to reboot the server and apply the new values. For staged multi-object Setoperations using xml configuration files, a job will automatically be created by the Set command; use the -b, -w and -s options to specify how the staged reboot will be performed. For more information, see jobqueue.
- Import and Export of INI file type doesn't support -c option for firmware versions earlier than iDRAC 4.40.00.00.
- For more information on the set subcommand, run the RACADM command racadm help set.

Synopsis

Single-object Set

racadm set <FQDD Alias>.<group> <value> racadm set <FQDD Alias>.<group>.<object> <value> racadm set <FQDD Alias>.<group>.[<index>].<object> <value> racadm set <FQDD Alias>.<index>.<group>.<index>.<object> <value> Multi-object Set racadm set -f <filename> -t xml -l <NFS share> [--preview] [--continue] racadm set -f <filename> -t xml -l <NFS share> -c <FQDD>[,<FQDD>*] racadm set -f <filename> -t xml -u <username> -p <password> -l <CIFS share> [--preview] [--continue] racadm set -f <filename> -t xml -u <username> -p <password> -l <CIFS share> -c <FQDD>[,<FQDD>*] racadm set -f <filename> -t <file type> -u <user> -p <pass> -1 <location> \ [-s <state>] [-c <component FQDD>] [--preview] [-customdefaults1 racadm set --savecustomdefaults Configure a RAC from an XML configuration file located on a remote NFS share racadm set -f <filename> -t xml -l <NFS> 10.1.2.3:/myshare Configure a RAC from an XML configuration file located on a remote HTTP share. racadm set -f <filename> -t xml -u <httpuser> -p <httppwd> -l <HTTP> http://test.com/myshare Configure a RAC from an XML configuration file located on a remote HTTPS share. racadm set -f <filename> -t xml -u <httpsuser> -p <httpspwd> -l <HTTPS> https://test.com/myshare Configure a RAC from an XML configuration file located on a remote FTP share racadm set -f <filename> -t xml -u <username> -p <password> -l <FTP share> -c <FQDD> Configure a RAC from an XML configuration file located on a remote TFTP share. racadm set -f <filename> -t xml -l <TFTP share> -c <FQDD> To modify the value of InfiniBand attribute racadm set <InfiniBand Attribute> <value> Input <FQDD Alias> Examples for FQDDs: System.Power System.Power.Supply o System.Location o LifecycleController.LCAttributes Svstem.LCD o iDRAC.Serial <qroup> — Specifies the group containing the object that must be written.

- <object> Specifies the object name of the value that must be written.
- <index> This option is specified where FQDD Aliases or Groups must be indexed.
- -f <filename> Enables set to configure the device from a specified file. This option is not supported in the Firmware RACADM interface.
- -u Specifies user name of the CIFS remote share from which the file must be imported
- -p Specifies password for the remote CIFS share from which the file must be imported.
- -1 Specifies network share location from where the file must be imported.
- -t Specifies the file type to be imported.

The valid values are:

- xml—Imports the Server Configuration Profile in XML format either from a local or network share file.
- o JSON—Specifies a JSON file.

Staging and reboot control options

The following options control when and how system reboots are performed when using the -f option. As noted above, some FQDDs require a system reboot to apply the new values; other FQDDs optionally support immediate application of new values. If the imported file contains ONLY immediate application-capable FQDDs such as iDRAC, do NOT use the -b option and the Set command will schedule a real-time job to immediately apply the new values.

i) NOTE: The -b, -w, -s, and --preview options are applicable only with -f option.

- -b—Specifies the host shutdown type to run scheduled import job. The parameters are Graceful, Forced, and NoReboot for graceful shutdown, forced shutdown, and no reboot respectively. If -b is not specified, graceful shutdown is taken as the default except as noted above for files containing new values for immediate application-capable <FQDD>s.
 - NOTE: If the operating system is in use, then the graceful shutdown option may time out within 300 seconds. If this operation is unsuccessful, then retry with the force option.
- -w—Maximum time to wait for the graceful shutdown to occur. The value must be entered in seconds. Minimum accepted value is 300 seconds and the maximum accepted value is 3600 seconds. The default value is 1800 seconds.
- -s—Power state of the host when the import operation completes. The parameters are "On" for powered ON and "Off" for powered OFF. If this parameter is not specified, power ON is taken as default.
- --preview—Validates the configuration .xml file and view the status.

The --preview option provides the **Job ID** to verify the status of the file preview operation. The **Job ID** can be tracked by running the racadm jobqueue view -I <JID> command.

(i) NOTE:

- The --preview option does not restart the system.
- o The-b,-w options cannot be included with the --preview option.
- A scheduled job or pending configuration should not be running while using the --preview option.
- -c—Specifies the FQDD or list of FQDDs separated by ',' of the components for which the
 configurations should be imported. If this option is not specified, configuration related to all the
 components are imported.

(i) NOTE:

- To use the -c or --preview option, the minimum Lifecycle Controller version required is 1.2.
- On certain devices, importing the server configuration profile requires two imports to apply the
 configuration to all the devices. The first import of the profile enables hidden devices which are
 then configured with a second import. The devices that require two imports are as follows:
 - o PERC S110 and PERC S130 controllers
 - o PERC S110 and PERC S130 controllers
 - BIOS and PCle device: enabling PCle slots in the system that are disabled and configuring the PCle device

- BIOS: enabling processor trusted execution (TXT) when server has Trusted Platform Module (TPM) 2.0 installed
- BIOS: if SCP contains only a BIOS section that includes switching boot mode to UEFI and configuration of UEFI PXE network settings
- BIOS: if SCP contains only a BIOS section that includes switching boot mode to legacy BIOS or UEFI along with changes to the boot order sequence using changes to BootSeq, HddSeq, or UefiBootSeq attributes.
- o BIOS: changing TPM 2.0 cryptographic support from the default of SHA-1
 - NOTE: Boot mode and boot order sequence can be changed with a single SCP import if the SetBootOrderFqddN and SetLegacyHddOrderFqddN attributes are used.
- --savecustomdefaults—Saves current configuration as custom default configuration.
- --customdefaults—Performs the upload of custom default configuration file. This option should not be combined with --preview. Supports XML file type only.

This command does not support setting the proxy parameters if the share location (-I) is HTTP/HTTPS. For more information, see Proxy parameter section.

Example

Single-object Set of real-time objects

• Configure LCD String.

```
racadm set system.lcd.LCDUserString test
```

Configure iDRAC name.

racadm set iDRAC.Info.Name idrac-server100

Single-object Set of staged objects

• Configure several BIOS settings, create a job to initiate application of new values, reboot the system, then wait for the job to complete.

```
racadm set BIOS.SysProfileSettings.ProcTurboMode Disabled racadm set BIOS.ProcSettings.ProcVirtualization Enabled racadm set BIOS.ProcSettings.ControlledTurbo Enabled racadm jobqueue create BIOS.Setup.1-1 -r Graceful
```

- $\circ\quad \mbox{Note of the Job ID}$ output by the jobqueue command
- o After reboot, wait for the job to complete by checking the job status

```
racadm jobqueue view -i <Job ID>
```

Multi-object Set of real-time objects

Configure the iDRAC using a local Server Configuration Profile XML file containing only iDRAC settings.

```
racadm set -f myidrac.xml -t xml
```

 Configure the iDRAC using a Server Configuration Profile XML file stored on an NFS share containing only iDRAC settings.

```
racadm set -f myidrac.xml -t xml -l 10.1.2.3:/myshare
```

• Import a Server Configuration Profile from a CIFS share, using only the iDRAC component.

racadm set -f file -t xml -u myuser -p mypassword -l //192.168.0/share -c iDRAC.Embedded.1

Multi-object Set of staged objects

Configure a systems using a local Server Configuration Profile XML file containing a mix of real-time
and staged objects; reboot the server gracefully with a wait time of ten minutes, leaving the server
powered on after the reboot.

```
racadm set -f myfile.xml -t xml -b "graceful" -w 600 -s "on"
```

- Make note of the Job ID output by the Set command.
- After reboot, wait for the job to complete by checking the job status.

racadm jobqueue view -i <Job ID>

• Configure a systems using a local Server Configuration Profile XML file containing a mix of real-time and staged objects; postpone reboot until other operations have been completed.

racadm set -f myfile.xml -t xml -b NoReboot

- Make note of the Job ID output by the Set command; because of the NoReboot option, the job will be pending until the server is rebooted
- o Complete other operations, then perform a reboot
- o After reboot, wait for the job to complete by checking the job status

racadm jobqueue view -i <Job ID>

• Verify the Server Configuration Profile XML file content located in a remote CIFS share.

racadm set -f temp_Configuration_file -t xml -u Administrator -p Password -l //192.168.0/xyz -preview

Configure a RAC from an XML configuration file located on a remote FTP share.

racadm set -f myfile.xml -t xml -u username -p password -l ftp:// 192.168.10.24/

• Configure a RAC from a JSON configuration file located on a remote FTP share.

racadm set -f myfile.xml -t json -u httpsuser -p httpspwd -l ftp://
192.168.10.24/

• Configure a RAC from an XML configuration file located on a remote TFTP share.

racadm set -f myfile.xml -t xml -l tftp://192.168.10.24/

• Configure a RAC from a JSON configuration file located on a remote TFTP share.

racadm set -f myfile.xml -t json -l tftp://192.168.10.24/

• Configure a RAC from an XML configuration file located on a remote HTTP share.

racadm set -f myfile.xml -t xml -u httpuser -p httppwd -l http://
test.com/myshare

Configure a RAC from an XML configuration file located on a remote HTTPS share.

racadm set -f myfile.xml -t xml -u httpsuser -p httpspwd -l https://
test.com/myshare

Configure a RAC from a JSON configuration file located on a remote HTTPS share.

racadm set -f myfile.xml -t json -u httpsuser -p httpspwd -l https://
test.com/myshare

Configure the proxy parameter.

 $\verb|racadm| set lifecyclecontroller.lcattributes. User \verb|ProxyUsername| admin 1|$

• Remove the proxy parameter.

 $\verb|racadm| set lifecyclecontroller.lcattributes. User \verb|ProxyUsername| \\$

Upload the custom default XML configuration file located on NFS share to RAC.

racadm set -f myfile.xml -t xml -l share ip:/PATH --customdefaults

• Save current configuration as custom default configuration.

racadm set --savecustomdefaults

RACADM Subcommand Details

This section provides detailed description of the RACADM subcommands including the syntax and valid entries.

Topics:

- · Guidelines to Quote Strings Containing Special Characters When Using RACADM Commands
- help and help subcommand
- ackdriveremoval
- arp
- autoupdatescheduler
- bioscert
- biosscan
- cd
- clearasrscreen
- clearpending
- closessn
- clrsel
- cmreset
- connect
- coredump
- coredumpdelete
- diagnostics
- driverpack
- eventfilters
- exposeisminstallertohost
- fcstatistics
- frontpanelerror
- fwupdate
- gethostnetworkinterfaces
- getled
- getniccfg
- getraclog
- getractime
- getremoteservicesstatus
- getsel
- getsensorinfo
- getssninfo
- getsvctag
- getsysinfo
- gettracelog
- getversion
- groupmanagerhttpsbootcert
- hwinventory
- ifconfig
- iLKM
- infinibandstatistics
- inlettemphistory
- jobqueue
- krbkeytabupload
- Iclog

- license
- netstat
- networktransceiverstatistics
- nicstatistics
- pcieslotview
- ping
- ping6
- plugin
- racadm proxy
- racdump
- racreset
- racresetcfg
- recover
- remoteimage
- remoteimage2
- rollback
- SEKM
- serialcapture
- sensorsettings
- serveraction
- setled
- setniccfg
- sshpkauth
- sslcertdelete
- sslcertdownload
- sslcertupload
- sslcertview
- sslcsrgen
- sslkeyupload
- sslresetcfg
- storage
- supportassist
- swinventory
- switchconnection
- systemerase
- systemperfstatistics
- techsupreport
- testalert
- testemail
- testrsyslogconnection
- testtrap
- traceroute
- traceroute6
- update
- usercertupload
- usercertview
- vflashpartition
- vflashsd
- vmdisconnect

Guidelines to Quote Strings Containing Special Characters When Using RACADM Commands

When using strings that contain special characters, use the following guidelines:

Strings containing the following special characters must be quoted using single quotation marks or double quotation marks:

- \$ (dollar sign)
- " (double quotation marks)
- ` (backward quotation marks)
- \ (backward slash)
- ~ (tilde)
- | (vertical bar)
- ((left parentheses)
-) (right parentheses)
- & (ampersand)
- > (greater than)
- < (less than)
- # (pound)
- ASCII code 32 (space)

There are different escaping rules for double quotation marks.

For using double quotation marks:

The following characters must be escaped by preceding with a backward slash:

- \$ (dollar sign)
- " (double quotation marks)
- ` (back quotation marks)
- ' (single quotation marks)

help and help subcommand

Table 6. help and help subcommand

| Description | Lists all the subcommands available for use with RACADM and provides a short description about each subcommand. You may also type a subcommand, group, object or Fully Qualified Descriptor (FQDD) name after help. |
|-------------|--|
| Synopsis | racadm helpracadm help <subcommand></subcommand> |
| Input | <subcommand> — specifies the subcommand for which you need the help information.</subcommand> <device name=""> — specifies the device name such as iDRAC, BIOS, NIC, LifecycleController, FC, system, or Storage.</device> <group> — specifies the group name supported by the corresponding device.</group> <object> — specifies the object for the entered group.</object> |
| Output | The help command displays a complete list of subcommands. The racadm help <subcommand command="" displays="" for="" information="" li="" only.<="" specified="" subcommand="" the=""> The racadm help <device name=""> <group> command displays information for the specified group.</group></device> The racadm help <device name=""> <group> <object> command displays information for the specified object.</object></group></device> NOTE: help for NIC/FC/Infiniband vendor implementation specific attributes are fetched from the respective vendors and may not be complete for few attributes. </subcommand> |
| Example | To display the help information about InfiniBand FQDD: |
| | racadm help <infiniband fqdd=""></infiniband> |

ackdriveremoval

Table 7. Details of RACADM Ackdriveremoval

| Description | The plugin subcommand acknowledges drive removal and clears the amber state of the chassis LED to healthy state. |
|-------------|--|
| Synopsis | racadm ackdriveremoval -d <drive_id> -b <bay_id> racadm ackdriveremovalall</bay_id></drive_id> |
| Input | all—Acknowledge all the drive removal. -d—Drive ID to acknowledge drive removal. -b—Bay ID to acknowledge drive removal. |
| Example | To acknowledge all the drive removal: racadm ackdriveremovalall |
| | To acknowledge the drive removal for a given drive and bay id: |
| | racadm ackdriveremoval -d 2 -b 0 |

arp

Table 8. Details of arp sub command

| Description | Displays the contents of the Address Resolution Protocol (ARP) table. ARP table entries cannot be added or deleted. To use this subcommand, you must have Debug privilege. |
|-------------|---|
| Synopsis | racadm arp |
| Input | N/A |
| Example | racadm arp |

Output

Table 9. Details of output

| Address | HW Type | HW Address | Mask | Device |
|-------------|---------|-------------------|------|--------|
| 192.168.1.1 | Ether | 00:0d:65:f3:7c:bf | С | eth0 |

autoupdatescheduler

Table 10. Details of the autoupdatescheduler command

| Description | You can automatically update the firmware of the devices on the server. | | |
|-------------|---|--|--|
| | To run this subcommand, you must have the Server Control privilege. | | |
| | i NOTE: | | |
| | The autoupdatescheduler subcommand can be enabled or disabled. | | |
| | Lifecycle Controller and CSIOR may not be enabled to run this subcommand. | | |
| | The autoupdatescheduler can be enabled or disabled. | | |

Table 10. Details of the autoupdatescheduler command (continued)

- The minimum Lifecycle Controller version required is Lifecycle Controller 1.3.
- When a job is already scheduled and the clear command is run, the scheduling parameters are cleared.
- If the network share is not accessible or the catalog file is missing when the job is scheduled, then the job is unsuccessful.

Synopsis

• To create the AutoUpdateScheduler, run the command.

racadm autoupdatescheduler create -u <user> -p <password> -l
<location> -f <filename> -time <time> -dom <DayOfMonth> -wom
<WeekOfMonth> -dow <DayofWeek> -rp <repeat> -a <applyreboot> -ph
cproxyHost> -pu cproxyUser> -pt cproxyType>

• To view AutoUpdateScheduler parameter, run the command.

racadm autoupdatescheduler view

• To clear and display AutoUpdateScheduler parameter, run the command.

racadm autoupdatescheduler clear

NOTE: After the parameters are cleared, the AutoUpdateScheduler is disabled. To schedule the update again, enable the AutoUpdateScheduler.

Input

Valid options:

- -u Specifies the user name of the remote share that stores the catalog file.
 - i NOTE: For CIFS, enter the domain name as domain or username.
- p Specifies the password of the remote share that stores the catalog file.
- -1 Specifies the network share (NFS, CIFS, FTP, TFTP, HTTP, or HTTPS) location of the catalog file. IPv4 and IPv6 addresses are supported.
- -f Specifies the catalog location and the filename. If the filename is not specified, then the default
 file used is catalog.xml.
 - NOTE: If the file is in a subfolder within the share location, then enter the network share location in the -1 option and enter the subfolder location and the filename in the -f option.
- -ph Specifies the FTP/HTTP proxy host name.
- -pu Specifies the FTP/HTTP proxy user name.
- $\bullet \quad \mbox{-pp} \ -\mbox{-}$ Specifies the FTP/HTTP proxy password.
- -po Specifies the FTP/HTTP proxy port.
- -pt Specifies the FTP/HTTP proxy type.
- -time Specifies the time to schedule an autoupdate in the HH:MM format. This option must be specified.
- -dom Specifies the day of month to schedule an autoupdate. Valid values are 1–28, L (Last day) or
 '*' (default any day).
- -wom Specifies the week of month to schedule an autoupdate. Valid values are 1-4, L (Last week)
 or '*' (default any week).
- -dow Specifies the day of week to schedule an autoupdate. Valid values are sun, mon, tue, wed, thu, fri, sat, or '*' (default any day).
- NOTE: The -dom, -wom, or -dow option must be included in the command for the autoupdate schedule. The * value for the options must be included within ' ' (single quotation mark).
 - If the -dom option is specified, then the -wom and -dow options are not required.
 - If the-wom option is specified, then the-dow is required and -dom is not required.
 - If the-dom option is non-'*', then the schedule repeats by month.
 - If the-wom option is non-'*', then the schedule repeats by month.
 - If the-dom and -wom options are '*' and the -dow option is non-'*', then the schedule repeats by week.
 - If all the three -dom, -wom and -dow options are '*', then the schedule repeats by day.

Table 10. Details of the autoupdatescheduler command (continued)

```
• -rp — Specifies the repeat parameter. This parameter must be specified.
                   o If the-dom option is specified, then the valid values for -rp are 1-12.
                   o If the-wom option is specified, then the valid values for -rp are 1-52.
                   o If the-dow option is specified, then the valid values for -rp are 1-366.
                • -a — Applies reboot (1 — Yes, 0 — No). This option must be specified.
                Usage examples:
Example
                 • To configure autoupdate feature settings.
                   o For CIFS, run the command:
                       racadm autoupdatescheduler create -u domain/admin -p xxx -l //
                       1.2.3.4/share -f cat.xml -time 14:30 -wom 1 -dow sun -rp 1 -a 1
                   o For NFS, run the command:
                        racadm autoupdatescheduler create -u nfsadmin -p nfspwd -l
                       1.2.3.4:/share -f cat.xml -time 14:30 -dom 1 -rp 5 -a 1
                   o For FTP, run the command:
                       racadm autoupdatescheduler create -u ftpuser -p ftppwd -l
                       ftp.test.com -f cat.xml.gz -ph 10.20.30.40 -pu padmin -pp ppwd -po
8080 -pt http -time 14:30 -dom 1 -rp 5 -a 1
                   o For HTTP, run the command:
                       racadm autoupdatescheduler create -u httpuser -p httppwd
                       http://test.com -f cat.xml -ph 10.20.30.40 -pu padmin -pp ppwd
                       po 8080 -pt http -time 14:30 -dom 1 -rp 5 -a 1
                   o For TFTP, run the command:
                        racadm autoupdatescheduler create -l tftp://1.2.3.4 -f cat.xml.gz
                        -time 14:30 -dom 1
                       -rp 5 -a 1
                   • To view AutoUpdateScheduler parameter:
                       racadm autoupdatescheduler view
                       hostname = 192.168.0
sharename = nfs
                       sharetype = nfs
                       catalogname = Catlog.xml
                                = 14:30 dayofmonth = 1
                       repeat
                       applyreboot = 1
                       idracuser = racuser
                   o To clear and display AutoUpdateScheduler parameter:
                       racadm autoupdatescheduler clear
                       RAC1047: Successfully cleared the Automatic Update (autoupdate)
                       feature settings
```

bioscert

Table 11. Details of the bioscert subcommand

| Description | Allows you to |
|-------------|---|
| | View the installed Secure Boot Certificates. To view, you must have the Login privilege Export the Secure Boot Certificate to a remote share or local system. To export, you must have the Login privilege |

Table 11. Details of the bioscert subcommand (continued)

| | Import the Secure Boot Certificate from a remote share or local system. To import, you must have login and system control privilege Delete the installed Secure Boot Certificate. To delete, you must have login and system control privilege Restore the installed Secure Boot Certificate Sections. To restore, you must have login and system control privilege |
|----------|---|
| Synopsis | To view the installed Secure Boot Certificates |
| | racadm bioscert view -all |
| | To export the Secure Boot Certificate to a remote share or local system. |
| | <pre>racadm bioscert view -t <keytype> -k <keysubtype> -v <hashvalue or="" thumbprintvalue=""></hashvalue></keysubtype></keytype></pre> |
| | racadm bioscert export -t <keytype> -k <keysubtype> -v <hashvalue or="" thumbprintvalue=""> -f <filename> -l <cifs http="" https="" nfs="" share=""> -u <username> -p <password></password></username></cifs></filename></hashvalue></keysubtype></keytype> |
| | • racadm bioscert import -t <keytype> -k <keysubtype> -f <filename> -l <cifs http="" https="" nfs="" share=""> -u <username> -p <password></password></username></cifs></filename></keysubtype></keytype> |
| | • racadm bioscert delete -all |
| | • racadm bioscert delete -t <keytype> -k <keysubtype> -v <hashvalue or="" thumbprintvalue=""></hashvalue></keysubtype></keytype> |
| | • racadm bioscert restore -all |
| | • racadm bioscert restore -t <keytype></keytype> |
| Input | -t— Specifies the key type of the Secure Boot Certificate to be exported. 0— Specifies the PK (Platform Key) 1— Specifies the KEK (Key Exchange Key) 2— Specifies the DB (Signature Database) 3— Specifies the DBX (Forbidden signatures Database) -k — Specifies the Certificate type or the Hash type of the Secure Boot Certificate file to be exported. 0— Specifies the Certificate type 1— Specifies the Hash type (SHA - 256) 2— Specifies the Hash type (SHA - 512) -v— Specifies the Thumbprint value or the Hash value of the Secure Boot Certificate file to be exported. Filename of the exported. -f—Specifies the file name of the exported Secure Boot Certificate. -1—Specifies the network location to where the Secure Boot Certificate file must be exported. -u—Specifies the username for the remote share to where the Secure Boot Certificate file must be exported. -p—Specifies the password for the remote share to where the Secure Boot Certificate file must be exported. |
| Example | To view the installed Secure boot Certificates. |
| | racadm bioscert view -all |
| | To view an installed PK Certificate |
| | racadm bioscert view -t 0 -k 0 -v AB:A8:F8:BD:17:1E:35:12:90:67:CD:0E:69:66:79:9B:BE:64:52:0E |

Table 11. Details of the bioscert subcommand (continued)

To view installes DBX certificate of HASH type SHA-256

```
racadm bioscert view -t 3 -k 1 -v 416e3e4a6722a534afba9040b6d6a69cc313f1e48e7959f57bf248d543d00245
```

• Export the KEK certificate to a remote CIFS share

```
racadm bioscert export -t 1 -k 0 -v
AB:A8:F8:BD:17:1E:35:12:90:67:CD:0E:69:66:79:9B:BE:64:52:0E
-f kek_cert.der -l //10.94.161.103/share -u admin -p mypass
```

• Export the DBX (Hash Type SHA-256) to a remote NFS share

```
racadm bioscert export -t 3 -k 1 -v 416e3e4a6722a534afba9040b6d6a69cc313f1e48e7959f57bf248d543d00245 -f kek_cert.der -l 192.168.2.14:/share
```

• Export the KEK certificate to a local share using the local racadm

```
racadm bioscert export -t 1 -k 0 -v
AB:A8:F8:BD:17:1E:35:12:90:67:CD:0E:69:66:79:9B:BE:64:52:0E -f
kek_cert.der
```

• Export the KEK certificate to a local share using remote racadm

```
racadm -r 10.94.161.119 -u root -p calvin bioscert export -t 1 -k 0 -v AB:A8:F8:BD:17:1E:35:12:90:67:CD:0E:69:66:79:9B:BE:64:52:0E -f kek cert.der
```

• Import the KEK certificate from the CIFS share to the embedded iDRAC

```
racadm bioscert import -t 1 -k 0 -f kek_cert.der -l //10.94.161.103/ share -u admin -p mypass
```

• Import KEK (Hash Type SHA-256) from a CIFS share to the embedded iDRAC

```
racadm bioscert import -t 1 -k 1 -f kek_cert.der -1 //192.168.2.140/
licshare -u admin -p passwd
```

• Import KEK certificate from a NFS share to the embedded iDRAC

```
racadm bioscert import -t 1 -k 0 -f kek cert.der -l 192.168.2.14:/share
```

Import KEK certificate from a local share using Local RACADM

```
racadm bioscert import -t 1 -k 0 -f kek cert.der
```

• Import KEK certificate from a local share using remote RACADM

```
racadm -r 10.94.161.119 -u root -p calvin bioscert import -t 1 -k 0 -f kek_cert.der
```

• To delete an installed KEK Secure Boot Certificate

```
racadm bioscert delete -t 3 -k 0 -v 416e3e4a6722a534afba9040b6d6a69cc313f1e48e7959f57bf248d543d00245
```

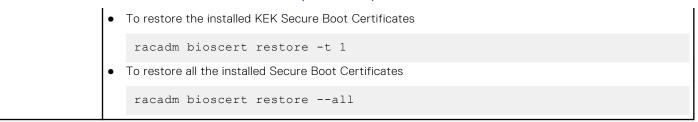
• To delete an installed DBX Secure Boot Certificate of HASH type SHA-256

```
racadm bioscert delete -t 3 -k 1 -v 416e3e4a6722a534afba9040b6d6a69cc313f1e48e7959f57bf248d543d00245
```

• To delete all the installed KEK Secure Boot Certificates

```
racadm bioscert delete --all
```

Table 11. Details of the bioscert subcommand (continued)



biosscan

Table 12. Details of the biosscan subcommand

| Description | Allows iDRAC to scan the BIOS on scheduled intervals or as requested by the user. |
|-------------|---|
| Synopsis | To schedule BIOS scanning |
| | racadm biosscan -s <frequency type=""></frequency> |
| | or |
| | racadm biosscan -s <frequency> -t <start-time> -d <start-date></start-date></start-time></frequency> |
| Input | -s—Specifies the type of schedule for BIOS scan. 0 —Never schedule for BIOS scan and deletes existing schedules 1—Schedule now 2—Schedule daily 3—Schedule weekly 4—Schedule monthly 5—Schedule yearly -t <hh:00>—Schedule start time in 24-hour format. Specifying minute is not supported, therefore the minute value must be set as 00. Default time is set to 23:00 if time is not specified. -d<yyyy-mm-dd>—Schedule start date. Default date is set to the current date when date is not specified. NOTE: -t and -d inputs must be specified together and are not applicable for -s 0 and -s 1. NOTE: In modular systems, scheduled start time (minutes) may vary based on the server slot number.</yyyy-mm-dd></hh:00> |
| Example | To perform the BIOS Scan immediately: racadm biosscan -s 1 To perform the BIOS Scan daily: racadm biosscan -s 2 To perform BIOS scan weekly at 2100 Hrs from December 20, 2020: racadm biosscan -s 3 -t 21:00 -d 2020-12-20 To perform BIOS scan weekly from today at default time 23:00: racadm biosscan -s 3 |

cd

Table 13. cd

| Description | To change the current working object, use this command. | |
|-------------|--|--|
| Synopsis | racadm>> cd <object></object> | |
| Input | racadm>> cd <object></object> | |
| Output | Displays the new prompt. | |
| Example | Example 1: To navigate to the system device type directory: | |
| | <pre>racadm>>cd system racadm/system></pre> | |
| | Example 2: To run all the power-related get or set commands: | |
| | <pre>racadm/system>cd power racadm/Power></pre> | |

NOTE: To go back to the previous directory, use the cd.. command.

clearasrscreen

Table 14. Details of the clearasrscreen attribute

| Description | Clears the last crash (ASR) screen that is in memory. |
|-------------|---|
| | For more information, see "Enabling Last Crash Screen" section in Integrated Dell Remote Access Controller User's Guide available at https://www.dell.com/idracmanuals. i NOTE: To run this subcommand, you must have the Clear Logs permission. |
| Synopsis | racadm clearasrscreen |
| Input | None |
| Output | Clears the last crash screen buffer. |
| Example | racadm clearasrscreen |

clearpending

Table 15. clearpending

| Description | Deletes the pending values of all the attributes (objects) in the device (NIC, BIOS, FC, and Storage). NOTE: If any attribute is not modified or a job is already scheduled for the same device, then the pending state is not cleared or deleted. |
|-------------|---|
| Synopsis | racadm clearpending <fqdd></fqdd> |
| Input | <fqdd> — The values are:</fqdd> |

Table 15. clearpending (continued)

| | BIOS FQDD NIC FQDD Infiniband FQDD FC FQDD Storage controller FQDD |
|---------|--|
| Output | A message is displayed indicating that the pending state is cleared or deleted. |
| Example | To clear the pending state of NIC device |
| | racadm clearpending NIC.Integrated.1-1 |
| | To clear the pending state of InfiniBand device |
| | racadm clearpending <infiniband fqdd=""></infiniband> |

closessn

Table 16. Details of closessn

| Description | Closes a communication session on the device. Use getssninfo to view a list of sessions that can be closed using this command. | |
|-------------|---|--|
| | To run this subcommand, you must have the Administrator permission. | |
| | i NOTE: This subcommand ends all the sessions other than the current session. | |
| Synopsis | • racadm closessn -i <session_id></session_id> | |
| | • racadm closessn -a | |
| | • racadm closessn -u <username></username> | |
| Input | -i <session_id> — The session ID of the session to close, which can be retrieved using RACADM getssninfo subcommand.</session_id> | |
| | Session running this command cannot be closed. | |
| | ◆ -a — Closes all sessions. | |
| | • -u <username> — Closes all sessions for a particular user name.</username> | |
| Output | Successful or error message is displayed. | |
| Example | Closes the session 1234. | |
| | racadm closessn -i 1234 | |
| | Closes all the sessions other then the active session for root user. | |
| | racadm closessn -u root | |
| | Closes all the sessions. | |
| | racadm closessn -a | |

clrsel

Table 17. Details of cirsel

| Description | Removes all the existing records from the System Event Log (SEL). To use this subcommand, you must have Clear Logs permission. |
|-------------|--|
| Synopsis | racadm clrsel |
| Example | racadm clrsel The SEL was cleared successfully |

cmreset

Table 18. Details of cmreset

| Description | This command is used to perform a chassis manager reset operation. | |
|-------------|--|--|
| Synopsis | i NOTE: This command is only supported on DCS systems. | |
| | • racadm cmreset | |
| Input | | |
| Example | To perform the chassis manager reset operation. | |
| | racadm cmreset | |

connect

Table 19. Details of connect

| Description | Allows you to connect to the switch or blade serial console. i NOTE: This subcommand is only supported on the firmware interface. |
|-------------|--|
| Synopsis | • racadm connect [-b] -m <module></module> |
| Input | -b—binary mode. NOTE: If -b is used, CMC must be reset to terminate connect. -m—module, and can be one of the following values: server-<n>—where n = 1 to 16</n> server-<nx>—where n = 1 to 8 and x = a to d</nx> switch-n—where n = 1 to 6 or <a1 a2="" b1="" b2="" c1="" c2="" =""></a1> |
| Examples | To connect to I/O Module 1 serial console: racadm connect -m switch-1 To connect to server 1 serial console: racadm connect -m server-1 |

coredump

Table 20. Details of coredump

| Description | Displays detailed information related to any recent critical issues that have occurred with iDRAC. The coredump information can be used to diagnose these critical issues. |
|-------------|--|
| | If available, the coredump information is persistent across iDRAC power cycles and remains available until either of the following conditions occur: |
| | The coredump information is deleted using the coredumpdelete subcommand. |
| | For more information about clearing the coredump, see the coredumpdelete. |
| | i NOTE: To use this subcommand, you must have the Execute Debug privilege. |
| Synopsis | racadm coredump |
| Example | racadm coredump There is no coredump currently available. racadm coredump |
| | Feb 19 15:51:40 (none) last message repeated 5 times Feb 19 15:52:41 (none) last message repeated 4 times Feb 19 15:54:12 (none) last message repeated 4 times Feb 19 15:56:11 (none) last message repeated 2 times Feb 22 11:46:11 (none) kernel: |

coredumpdelete

Table 21. Details of coredumpdelete

| Description | Deletes any currently available coredump data stored in the RAC. | |
|-------------|--|--|
| | To use this subcommand, you must have Execute Debug Command permission. | |
| | NOTE: If a coredumpdelete command is issued and a coredump is not currently stored in the RAC, the command displays a success message. This behavior is expected. See the coredump subcommand for more information about viewing a coredump. | |
| Synopsis | racadm coredumpdelete | |
| Output | Coredump is deleted. | |
| Example | racadm coredumpdelete | |
| | Coredump request completed successfully | |

diagnostics

Table 22. Details of diagnostics

| Description | Collects and exports remote diagnostics report from iDRAC. |
|-------------|---|
| | The results of the latest successfully run remote diagnostics are available and retrievable remotely through an NFS, CIFS, HTTP, or HTTPS) share. |

Table 22. Details of diagnostics (continued)

| To run a remote diagnostic report: racadm diagnostica run =m <mode> -r <reboot type=""> -s <start time=""> -e // Coxpiration time> To export a remote diagnostic report: racadm diagnostics export =f <file name=""> -l <nfs,cies,nttp,or afaire="" location="" nttps=""> -u // Cospiration time> **One composition of the type sare: - Collect and export remote diagnostic mode. The types are: - Collect and export remote diagnostic report from the IDRAC. The results of the latest successfully executed remote Diagnostics will be available and retrievable remotely through the NFS, CIES, HTTP, and HTTPS share. - O(Express)—The express mode executes a subset of diagnostic stats. - 1(Extended)—The extended mode executes all available diagnostic stats. - 1(Extended)—The extended mode executes all available diagnostic stats. - 2(Both)—Runs express and extended tests serially in sequence. - f <fi>- f <filename> Specifies the remo of the configuration file. - 1—Specifies the location of the network share (NFS, CIES, HTTP, and HTTPS). - uncaranae>—Specifies the password of the remote share to import the file. - p <pre> -p <pre> password> Specifies the remone of the remote share to import the file. - r <reboot type="">—Specifies the remote of the remote share to import the file. - r <reboot type="">—Specifies the remote diagnost export of the remote share to import the file. - r <reboot type="">—Specifies the remote diagnost but down - password> Specifies the remote diagnost without forced shutdown - rs <start time="">—Specifies the restrict for the scheduled job in yyyymmddhhmmas format. The default value TIME_Not Statis the for the scheduled job in yyyymmddhhmmas format. The default value TIME_Not Statis the infinite for the scheduled job in yyyymmddhhmmas format. The default value TIME_Not Statis in himmediately. - r < expiration time>—Specifies the start time for the scheduled job in yyyymmddhhmmas format. The default value TIME_Not Statis in himmediately. - To initiat the remote diagnostic operation: racadm diagnostics ex</start></reboot></reboot></reboot></pre></pre></filename></fi></nfs,cies,nttp,or></file></start></reboot></mode> | | , , , , , |
|---|----------|---|
| To export a remote diagnostic report: racadm diagnostics export = f < file name> = 1 <nfs, cifs,="" http,="" https="" location="" or="" share="" =""> = u < username> = p < password> nput</nfs,> | Synopsis | To run a remote diagnostic report: |
| racadm diagnostics export = f < file name> = 1 <nps,cips,http,or https="" th="" ="" <=""><th></th><th></th></nps,cips,http,or> | | |
| Input - m <mode>—Specifies the type of diagnostic mode. The types are: - Collect and export remote diagnostics report from the IDRAC. The results of the latest successfully executed remote Diagnostics will be available and retrievable remotely through the NFS. CIPS, HTTP, and HTTPS share. - O(Express)—The express mode executes all available diagnostic tests 1(Extended)—The extended mode executes all available diagnostic tests 2(Both)—Runs express and extended tests serially in sequence f <filename>—Specifies the name of the configuration file l—Specifies the location of the network share (NFS, CIPS, HTTP, and HTTPS) u <pre>- u <pre>- v <pre>- c <filename>—Specifies the user name of the remote share to import the file p <pre>- password>—Specifies the user name of the remote share to import the file p <pre>- r <pre>- r <pre>- c <pre>- power cycle</pre> - Power cycle - Power cycle - O graceful —Graceful reboot without forced shutdown - p <pre>- r <= c <pre>- c <= c <pre>- c <= c <</pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></filename></pre></pre></pre></filename></mode> | | To export a remote diagnostic report: |
| Collect and export remote diagnostics report from the iDRAC. The results of the latest successfully executed remote Diagnostics will be available and retrievable remotely through the NFS, CIFS, HTTP, and HTTPS share. () ((Express)—The express mode executes a subset of diagnostic tests. () ((Extended)—The extended mode executes all available diagnostics tests. () ((Extended)—Runs express and extended tests serially in sequence. () -f <-file-name>—Specifies the name of the configuration file. () -1—Specifies the location of the network share (NFS, CIFS, HTTP, and HTTPS). () -u <user-name>—Specifies the user name of the remote share to import the file. () -p <pre>-p </pre>p <pre>-p </pre>p <pre>-p <pre>-p</pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></user-name> | | |
| o 2(Both)—Runs express and extended tests serially in sequence. • -f <filename>—Specifies the name of the configuration file. • -1 —Specifies the location of the network share (NFS, CIFS, HTTP, and HTTPS). • -u <username>—Specifies the user name of the remote share to import the file. • -p <password>—Specifies the password of the remote share to import the file. • -r <reboot type="">—Specifies the reboot type. The type can be one of the following: • pxrcycle—Power cycle • Graceful —Graceful reboot without forced shutdown • Forced—Graceful reboot with forced shutdown • -s <start time="">—Specifies the start time for the scheduled job in yyyymmddhhmmss format. The default value TIME_NOW starts the job immediately. • -e <expiration time="">—Specifies the start time for the scheduled job in yyyymmddhhmmss format. The default value TIME_NA does not apply the waiting time. • NOTE: For the diagnostic report run operation, the time difference between the -s and -e options must be more than five minutes. Output Provides the Job ID for the diagnostic operation: racadm diagnostics run -m 1 -r forced -s 20121215101010 -e TIME_NA • To export a remote diagnostic operation: racadm diagnostics export -f diagnostics -1 //192.168.0/cifs -u administrator -p xxx • To export a remote diagnostics report to NFS share: racadm diagnostics export -f diagnostics -1 192.168.0:/nfs -u administrator -p xxx • To export a remote diagnostics report to the HTTP share: racadm diagnostics export -f diagnostics -1 192.168.0:/nfs -u http://test.com • To export a remote diagnostics report to the HTTP share: racadm diagnostics export -f diags.txt -u httpuser -p httppwd -l http://test.com</expiration></start></reboot></password></username></filename> | Input | Collect and export remote diagnostics report from the iDRAC. The results of the latest successfully executed remote Diagnostics will be available and retrievable remotely through the NFS, CIFS, HTTP, and HTTPS share. 0(Express)—The express mode executes a subset of diagnostic tests. |
| To initiate the remote diagnostic operation: racadm diagnostics run -m 1 -r forced -s 20121215101010 -e TIME_NA To export a remote diagnostics report to CIFS share: racadm diagnostics export -f diagnostics -1 //192.168.0/cifs -u administrator -p xxx To export a remote diagnostics report to NFS share: racadm diagnostics export -f diagnostics -1 192.168.0:/nfs -u administrator -p xxx To export a remote diagnostics report to the HTTP share: racadm diagnostics export -f diags.txt -u httpuser -p httppwd -1 http://test.com To export a remote diagnostics report to the HTTPS share: racadm diagnostics export -f diags.txt -u httpsuser -p httpspwd -1 racadm diagnostics export -f diags.txt -u httpsuser -p httpspwd -1 | | -f <filename>—Specifies the name of the configuration file.</filename> -l—Specifies the location of the network share (NFS, CIFS, HTTP, and HTTPS). -u <username>—Specifies the user name of the remote share to import the file.</username> -p <password>—Specifies the password of the remote share to import the file.</password> -r <reboot type="">—Specifies the reboot type. The type can be one of the following: pwrcycle—Power cycle Graceful —Graceful reboot without forced shutdown Forced—Graceful reboot with forced shutdown </reboot> -s <start time="">—Specifies the start time for the scheduled job in yyyymmddhhmmss format. The default value TIME_NOW starts the job immediately.</start> -e <expiration time="">—Specifies the expiry time for the scheduled job in yyyymmddhhmmss format. The default value TIME_NA does not apply the waiting time.</expiration> NOTE: For the diagnostic report run operation, the time difference between the -s and -e options |
| racadm diagnostics run -m 1 -r forced -s 20121215101010 -e TIME_NA • To export a remote diagnostics report to CIFS share: racadm diagnostics export -f diagnostics -l //192.168.0/cifs -u administrator -p xxx • To export a remote diagnostics report to NFS share: racadm diagnostics export -f diagnostics -l 192.168.0:/nfs -u administrator -p xxx • To export a remote diagnostics report to the HTTP share: racadm diagnostics export -f diags.txt -u httpuser -p httppwd -l http://test.com • To export a remote diagnostics report to the HTTPS share: racadm diagnostics export -f diags.txt -u httpsuser -p httpspwd -l | Output | Provides the Job ID for the diagnostic operation. |
| administrator -p xxx To export a remote diagnostics report to NFS share: racadm diagnostics export -f diagnostics -l 192.168.0:/nfs -u administrator -p xxx To export a remote diagnostics report to the HTTP share: racadm diagnostics export -f diags.txt -u httpuser -p httppwd -l http://test.com To export a remote diagnostics report to the HTTPS share: racadm diagnostics export -f diags.txt -u httpsuser -p httpspwd -l | Examples | racadm diagnostics run -m 1 -r forced -s 20121215101010 -e TIME_NA • To export a remote diagnostics report to CIFS share: |
| racadm diagnostics export -f diagnostics -1 192.168.0:/nfs -u administrator -p xxx • To export a remote diagnostics report to the HTTP share: racadm diagnostics export -f diags.txt -u httpuser -p httppwd -l http://test.com • To export a remote diagnostics report to the HTTPS share: racadm diagnostics export -f diags.txt -u httpsuser -p httpspwd -l | | |
| administrator -p xxx To export a remote diagnostics report to the HTTP share: racadm diagnostics export -f diags.txt -u httpuser -p httppwd -l http://test.com To export a remote diagnostics report to the HTTPS share: racadm diagnostics export -f diags.txt -u httpsuser -p httpspwd -l | | To export a remote diagnostics report to NFS share: |
| racadm diagnostics export -f diags.txt -u httpuser -p httppwd -l http://test.com • To export a remote diagnostics report to the HTTPS share: racadm diagnostics export -f diags.txt -u httpsuser -p httpspwd -l | | |
| To export a remote diagnostics report to the HTTPS share: racadm diagnostics export -f diags.txt -u httpsuser -p httpspwd -l | | racadm diagnostics export -f diags.txt -u httpuser -p httppwd -l |
| | | |
| | | |

Table 22. Details of diagnostics (continued)

To export a remote diagnostics report to a local share:
 racadm diagnostics export -f diags.txt

driverpack

Table 23. Details of driverpack

| Description | Installs the driver pack for the operating system. |
|-------------|--|
| Synopsis | To get information about the available driver packs |
| | racadm driverpack getinfo |
| | To attach the driver pack that matches the operating system |
| | Racadm driverpack attach -i <index> -t <expose duration=""></expose></index> |
| | To detach the driver pack |
| | Racadm driverpack detach |
| Input | -i—index of the operating system -t—exposed time duration in seconds. It is an optional parameter and the default value is 64800 seconds. |
| Output | racadm driverpack getinfo—<os name=""></os> Racadm driverpack attach—Job ld details Racadm driverpack detach—detach successful |
| | racadm driverpack getinfo- <os name=""></os> |
| | Racadm driverpack attach—Job Id details |
| | Racadm driverpack detach-detach successful |
| Example | To attach the driver pack with operating system index and exposed time |
| | racadm driverpack attach -i <os index=""> [-t <exposed time="">] • To check the job status</exposed></os> |
| | racadm jobqueue view -i JID_00000000000 |
| | To detach the operating system |
| | racadm driverpack detach |

NOTE: In the local RACADM interface, if a driver pack is attached, some of the export operation commands may not work as expected. Ensure that the driver pack is detached before using commands like serialcapture export, hwinventory, swinventory, hwinventory export, and inlettemphistory export.

eventfilters

Table 24. Details of eventfilters

| Description | Displays the list of event filter settings. | |
|-------------|---|--|
| | To use this subcommand with the set and test option, you must have the Administrator privilege. | |
| Synopsis | racadm eventfilters <eventfilters command="" type=""></eventfilters> | |
| | racadm eventfilters get -c <alert category=""></alert> | |
| | racadm eventfilters set -c <alert category=""> -a <action> -n <notifications></notifications></action></alert> | |
| | racadm eventfilters set -c <alert category=""> -a <action> -r <recurrence></recurrence></action></alert> | |
| | racadm eventfilters test -i <message id="" test="" to=""></message> | |
| | i NOTE: The general format of an alert category: | |
| | idrac.alert.category.[subcategory].[severity] | |
| | where category is mandatory, but subcategory and severity are optional. A severity cannot precede a subcategory. | |
| | Valid Category values are: All System Storage Updates Audit Config Worknotes Definitions of the values are: System Health—System Health category represents all the alerts that are related to hardware within the system chassis. Examples include temperature errors, voltage errors, and device errors. Storage Health—Storage Health category represents alerts that are related to the storage subsystem. Examples include, controller errors, physical disk errors, and virtual disk errors. Updates—Update category represents alerts that are generated when firmware/drivers are upgraded or downgraded. NOTE: This does not represent firmware inventory. | |
| | Audit—Audit category represents the audit log. Examples include, user login/logout information, password authentication failures, session info, and power states. Configuration—Configuration category represents alerts that are related to hardware, firmware, and software configuration changes. Examples include, PCle card added/removed, RAID configuration changed, iDRAC license changed. Work notes—Work notes represents an entry in the Lifecycle log. You can add a work note to the Lifecycle Log to record comments for your reference. You can enter comments such as scheduled downtime or changes that are made by administrators who work in different shifts for the later reference. NOTE: idrac.all.all is not a valid sub category. | |
| | Valid Severity values are: | |
| | CriticalWarningInfo | |

Table 24. Details of eventfilters (continued)

Valid examples of alert queries are:

- idrac.alert.all
- idrac.alert.audit
- idrac.alert.audit.lic
- idrac.alert.audit.warning
- idrac.alert.audit.lic.critical

This command does not support setting the proxy parameters if the share location (-I) is HTTP/HTTPS. For more information, see Proxy parameter section.

Input

- get—Displays the list of eventfilter settings
- set—Configures the actions and notifications for a given eventfilter configuration
- -i-Message ID for which the simulation is needed
- -c—Alert category of the specific event filter
- -a—The action that must be invoked when the event occurs. Valid values are none, powercycle, power off, or systemreset
- -n—The notification is sent when the event occurs. Valid values are all, snmp, ipmi, ws-events, redfish-events, oslog, email, remotesyslog, or none. You can append multiple notifications that are separated by a comma. You cannot enter the values all or none with other notifications. If incorrect notification is specified along with other valid notifications, the valid and invalid notification set is failed.
- -r—Event generation interval. This option is applicable only to the temperature statistics subcategory tmps. You can use this option as a stand-alone or with -n and -a.
- NOTE: If both event generation interval and notifications are configured and there is an error while configuring the notifications, the event generation interval is not set. The valid values are 0–365. 0 disables the event generation.

Example

• Display all available event filter configurations.

racadm eventfilters get -c idrac.alert.all

• Display eventfilter configurations for a specific category. For example, audit

racadm eventfilters get -c idrac.alert.audit

 Display eventfilter configurations for a specific subcategory. For example, licensing under the audit category

racadm eventfilters get -c idrac.alert.audit.lic

• Display eventfilter configurations for a specific severity. For example, warning under the audit category

racadm eventfilters get -c idrac.alert.audit.warning

 Display eventfilter configurations for a specific severity and subcategory. For example, a severity of warning in the subcategory licensing under audit category

racadm eventfilters get -c idrac.alert.audit.lic.warning

• Clear all available alert settings.

racadm eventfilters set -c idrac.alert.all -a none -n none

• Configure using severity as a parameter. For example, all informational events in storage category are assigned power off as action, and email and SNMP as notifications.

racadm eventfilters set -c idrac.alert.storage.info -a poweroff -n email, snmp $\,$

Table 24. Details of eventfilters (continued)

Configure using subcategory as a parameter. For example, all configurations under the licensing subcategory in the audit category are assigned power off as action and all notifications are enabled.

racadm eventfilters set -c idrac.alert.audit.lic -a poweroff -n all

 Configure using subcategory and severity as parameters. For example, all information events under the licensing subcategory in the audit category are assigned power off as action and all notifications are disabled:

 ${\tt racadm}$ eventfilters set -c idrac.alert.audit.lic.info -a poweroff -n none

• Configure the event generation interval for temperature statistics.

racadm eventfilters set -c idrac.alert.system.tmps.warning -r 10

• Configure the event generation interval and notifications for temperature statistics.

racadm eventfilters set -c idrac.alert.system.tmps -r 5 -a none -n snmp

Send a test alert for the fan event.

racadm eventfilters test -i FAN0001

• To configure the proxy parameter.

racadm set lifecyclecontroller.lcattributes.UserProxyUsername admin1

• To remove the proxy parameter.

racadm set lifecyclecontroller.lcattributes.UserProxyUsername

To view the list of proxy attributes.

racadm get lifecycleController.lcAttributes

exposeisminstallertohost

Table 25. Details of exposeisminstallertohost

| Description | Exposes the ISM installer to host OS |
|-------------|--------------------------------------|
| Synopsis | racadm exposeisminstallertohost |
| Input | Not Applicable |
| Example | Not Applicable |

fcstatistics

Table 26. Details of fcstatistics

| Description | Displays a list of FCs (FQDDs), managed server for which statistics is available. | |
|-------------|---|--|
| Synopsis | racadm fcstatistics <fc fqdd=""></fc> | |
| Input | <pre><fc fqdd=""> — Specify the FQDD of the target FC device.</fc></pre> | |
| Example | racadm fcstatistics <fc fqdd=""></fc> | |

frontpanelerror

Table 27. Details of frontpanelerror

| Description | Enables or disables the live-feed of the errors currently being displayed on the LCD screen. | |
|-------------|--|--|
| | For error acknowledge use hide, and error assert use show. | |
| Synopsis | racadm frontpanelerror show | |
| | racadm frontpanelerror hide | |
| Input | show — to view the errors currently being displayed on the LCD screen. hide — to hide the errors currently being displayed on the LCD screen. | |
| Example | • racadm frontpanelerror show Front Panel Error-Show Enabled. | |
| | • racadm frontpanelerror hide Front Panel Error-Hide Enabled. | |

fwupdate

Table 28. Details of fwupdate

| | <u> </u> | |
|-------------|--|--|
| Description | Allows you to update the firmware. You can: Check the firmware update process status. Update iDRAC firmware from FTP or TFTP server by providing an IP address and optional path. Update iDRAC firmware from the local file system using Local and Remote RACADM. Roll back to the standby firmware. | |
| | To use this subcommand, you must have Configure iDRAC permission. | |
| | NOTE: This command is only for iDRAC firmware update. For any other firmware update like BIOS or DUPs, use Update subcommand. | |
| | NOTE: If the iSM is exposed on the host server, you may see the Firmware update operation is already in progress error. | |
| Synopsis | racadm fwupdate -s | |
| | racadm fwupdate -g -u -a <tftp_server_ip_address> [-d <path> [clearcfg]</path></tftp_server_ip_address> | |
| | racadm -r <idrac ip_address=""> -u <username> -p <password> fwupdate -f <ftpserver ip=""> <ftpserver username=""> <ftpserver password=""> -d <path> where path is the location on the ftp server where firmimgFIT.d9 is stored.</path></ftpserver></ftpserver></ftpserver></password></username></idrac> | |
| | racadm fwupdate -r | |
| | racadm fwupdate -p -u [-d <path>]</path> | |
| | (i) NOTE: When attempting to run firmware update task, if the firmware image path length is greater than 256 characters, remote RACADM client exits with the error message "ERROR: Specified path is too long". | |

Table 28. Details of fwupdate (continued)

| Input | -u—The update option performs a checksum of the firmware update file and starts the update process. This option may be used along with the -g or -p options. At the end of the update, iDRAC performs a soft reset. -s—This option returns the status of the update process. -a—The -a option specifies TFTP server IP address that is used for firmware image. This option must be used with the -g option. -clearcfg—The -clearcfg option removes the previous iDRAC configuration after firmware update. -g—The get option instructs the firmware to get the firmware update file from the TFTP server. Specify the -a -u, and -d options. In the absence of the -a option, the defaults are read from properties in the group cfgRemoteHosts, using properties cfgRhostsFwUpdateIpAddr and cfgRhostsFwUpdatePath. -p—The -p, or put, option is used to update the firmware file from the managed system to iDRAC. The -u option must be used with the -p option. Default: Designated TFTP default directory on that host for the file if -g option is absent. If -g is used, it defaults to a directory configured on the TFTP server. NOTE: The -p option is supported on local and remote RACADM and is not supported with the serial/ssh console and on the Linux operating systems. |
|---------|--|
| | NOTE: The -p option is applicable for both remote and local RACADM proxy commands. However, this option is not supported for local RACADM running on Linux operating systems. NOTE: The filename for firmware update file must be firmingFIT.d9. -r—The rollback option is used to roll back to the standby firmware. |
| Output | Displays a message indicating the operation that is being performed. |
| Example | Uploads a firmware image from the client and start firmware update: racadm fwupdate -p -u -d /tmp/images Upload firmware image from FTP server and start firmware update: racadm fwupdate -f 192.168.0.10 test test -d firmimgFIT.d9 Upload firmware image from TFTP server and start firmware update: racadm fwupdate -g -u -a 192.168.0.100 -d /tmp/images Query the current status of the firmware update process: racadm fwupdate -s Rollback to the standby firmware: racadm fwupdate -r Upload firmware image from TFTP server, start firmware update. After firmware update is complete, delete previous iDRAC configuration: racadm fwupdate -g -u -a 192.168.0.100 -d /tmp/imagesclearcfg NOTE: Firmware update from local RACADM (using -p -u -d options) is not supported on Linux operating system. |

The following table describes the firmware update method that is supported for each interface:

Table 29. Details of fwupdate methods

| FW Update Method | iDRAC on Blade Servers | iDRAC on Rack and Tower Servers |
|------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Local RACADM | Yes | Yes |

Table 29. Details of fwupdate methods (continued)

| FW Update Method | iDRAC on Blade Servers | iDRAC on Rack and Tower Servers |
|----------------------|------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Local RACADM-TFTP | Yes | Yes |
| Local RACADM-FTP | Yes | Yes |
| Remote RACADM | Yes | Yes |
| Remote RACADM-TFTP | Yes | Yes |
| Remote RACADM-FTP | Yes | Yes |
| Firmware RACADM-TFTP | Yes | Yes |
| Firmware RACADM-FTP | Yes | Yes |

gethostnetworkinterfaces

Table 30. Details of gethostnetworkinterfaces

| Description | Displays host network interface details. i NOTE: To run this subcommand, you must have iDRAC Service Module installed on the server operating system. | |
|-------------|---|--|
| Synopsis | racadm gethostnetworkinterfaces racadm gethostnetworkinterfaces <nic fqdd=""></nic> | |
| Examples | • To display the details of all the network interfaces on the server. racadm gethostnetworkinterfaces Local Area Connection 12 Description : iDRAC Virtual NIC USB Device #8 Status : Up Interface Type : Ethernet DHCP : Enabled DHCPServerV4 : 169.254.0.1 MAC Address : 00-25-64-F9-7A-E7 IPv4 Address : 169.254.0.2 Subnet Mask : 255.255.255.0 IPv6 Address : fe80::lcce:a0a7:f30e:54fc Prefix Length : 64 IPv6 DNSServer Address 0: fec0:0:0:fffff::1 IPv6 DNSServer Address 1: fec0:0:0:fffff::3 • To display the details of a particular NIC on the server. racadm gethostnetworkinterfaces NIC.Integrated.1-1-1 Local Area Connection Description : Broadcom NetXtreme Gigabit Ethernet Status : Up Interface Type : Ethernet DHCP : Enabled DHCPServerV4 : 10.94.224.25 MAC Address : 14-FE-B5-FF-B1-9C FQDD : NIC.Integrated.1-1-1 IPv4 Address : 10.94.225.189 Subnet Mask : 255.255.255.128 | |

Table 30. Details of gethostnetworkinterfaces (continued)

```
IPv6 Address : fe80::7c5f:a114:84d4:17f6
Prefix Length : 64
IPv4 Gateway Address : 10.94.225.129
IPv4 DNSServer Address 0: 10.116.2.250
IPv4 DNSServer Address 1: 10.116.2.251
```

getled

Table 31. Details of getled

| Description | Displays the LED settings on a module: blinking, not blinking, or unknown (for empty slots). To run this subcommand, you must have the Login User privilege. |
|-------------|---|
| Synopsis | racadm getled |
| Input | |
| Output | LED is blinkingLED is not-blinking |
| Example | racadm getled LED State: Blinking racadm getled LED State: Not-Blinking |

getniccfg

Table 32. Details of getniccfg

| Description | | ()DDAO | | | | |
|-------------|---|----------------|--|--|--|--|
| Description | Displays the current and static NIC settings for iDRAC. | | | | | |
| Synopsis | racadm getniccfg | | | | | |
| Input | | | | | | |
| Output | The getniccfg subcommand displays an appropriate error message if the operation is not successful Otherwise, the output is displayed in the following format: Table 33. Details of IPV4 settings | | | | | |
| | IPv4 settings: | | | | | |
| | NIC Enabled | =1 | | | | |
| | IPv4 Enabled | =1 | | | | |
| | DHCP Enabled =0 | | | | | |
| | IP Address | =10.94.227.207 | | | | |
| | Subnet Mask | =255.255.255.0 | | | | |
| | Gateway | =10.94.227.1 | | | | |
| | IPv6 settings: | | | | | |
| | IPv6 Enabled =Enabled | | | | | |
| | DHCP6 Enabled | =Enabled | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

Table 32. Details of getniccfg

Table 33. Details of IPV4 settings (continued)

| Gateway = Link Local Address = IP Address 2 = IP Address 3 = | =:: =:: =:: =:: =:: |
|--|---------------------------------|
| Link Local Address = IP Address 2 = IP Address 3 = | =:: =:: =:: |
| IP Address 2 = IP Address 3 = | =:: |
| IP Address 3 = | =:: |
| | |
| i i | =:: |
| IP Address 4 | |
| IP Address 5 | =:: |
| IP Address 6 = | =:: |
| IP Address 7 | =:: |
| IP Address 8 = | =:: |
| IP Address 9 = | =:: |
| IP Address 10 = | =:: |
| IP Address 11 = | =:: |
| IP Address 12 | =:: |
| IP Address 13 | =:: |
| IP Address 14 | =:: |
| IP Address 15 | =:: |
| LOM Status: | |
| NIC Selection = | =dedicated |
| Link Detected = | =Yes |
| Speed = | =1Gb/s |
| Duplex Mode = | =Full Duplex |
| Active NIC = | =Dedicated |
| Static IPv4 settings: | |
| Static IP Address = | =10.94.227.207 |
| Static Subnet Mask = | =255.255.255.0 |
| Static Gateway = | =10.94.227.1 |
| Static IPv6 settings: | |
| Static IP Address 1 = | =:: |
| Static Prefix Length = | =64 |
| Static Gateway = | =:: |

⁽i) NOTE: IPv6 information is displayed only if IPv6 is enabled in iDRAC.

⁽i) NOTE: IPv6 Address 1 field indicates static IP and IPv6 Address 2 field indicates dynamic IP.

⁽i) NOTE: LOM Status is displayed only for iDRAC on Rack and Tower servers and is not displayed for iDRAC Enterprise on Blade servers.

Table 32. Details of getniccfg (continued)

| Example | • | Display iDRAC network settings in server slot 1 |
|---------|---|---|
| | | racadm getniccfg |

getraclog

Table 34. Details of getraclog

| getraclog command displays RAC log entries. racadm getraclog [-i] |
|---|
| racadm getraclog [-i] |
| |
| racadm getraclog [-s <start>] [-c <count>]</count></start> |
| cadm getraclog [-c <count>] [-s <start-record>]</start-record></count> |
| IOTE: If options are not provided, the entire log is displayed. |
| c — Specifies the number of records to display. NOTE: On Local RACADM, the number of logs are restricted to 100 by default. s — Specifies the starting record used for the display. NOTE: When Enhanced Chassis Logging and Events feature is enabled, then -i andmore options are ot displayed. |
| qNumber = 286 ssage ID = USR0005 tegory = Audit entID = RACLOG verity = Information mestamp = 2017-05-15 06:25:27 ssage = Login failed from processdisco06a: 192.168.0 ssage Arg 1 = processdisco06a ssage Arg 2 = 10.92.68.245 DD = iDRAC.Embedded.1 |
| ay the recent 2 records for RAC log |
| cadm getraclog -c qNumber = 4102 ssage ID = LIC201 tegory = Audit entID = DE verity = Warning mestamp = 2017-05-15 06:30:20 ssage = License yPMRJGuEf7z5HG8LO7gh assigned to device iDRAC expires 4 days. ssage Arg 1 = yPMRJGuEf7z5HG8LO7ghMessage Arg 2 = iDRACMessage Arg 3 = 4 |
| |

Table 34. Details of getraclog (continued)

```
Message Arg 3 = RACADM

FQDD = iDRAC.Embedded.1

------
```

getractime

Table 35. Details of getractime

| Description | Displays the current iDRAC time. | | | |
|-------------|---|--|--|--|
| Synopsis | racadm getractime [-d] | | | |
| Input | -d — Displays the time in the format, YYYYMMDDhhmmss. | | | |
| Output | The current iDRAC time is displayed. | | | |
| Example | • racadm getractime Mon May 13 17:17:12 2013 | | | |
| | • racadm getractime -d 20141126114423 | | | |

getremoteservicesstatus

Table 36. Details of getremoteservicesstatus

| Description | Displays the status of a system. | |
|---|---|--|
| Synopsis | racadm getremoteservicesstatus | |
| Input | racadm getremoteservicesstatus | |
| | Possible values for the host system status Powered Off In POST Out of POST Collecting System Inventory Automated Task Execution Lifecycle Controller Unified Server Configurator Server has halted at F1/F2 error prompt because of a POST error Server has halted at F1/F2/F11 prompt because there are no bootable devices available | |
| | Server has entered F2 setup menu Server has entered F11 Boot Manager menu Possible values for the for Lifecycle controller(LC) status | |
| | Ready Not Initialized Reloading data Disabled In Recovery In Use | |
| | Possible values for the real time status | |
| ReadyNot ready | | |

Table 36. Details of getremoteservices status (continued)

| | Possible values for the overall status status Ready Not ready | | | |
|---------|---|--|--|--|
| | Possible values for the Telemetry status | | | |
| | ReadyNot ready | | | |
| Example | racadm getremoteservicesstatus | | | |

getsel

Table 37. Details of getsel

| Description | Displays all system event log (SEL) entries in iDRAC. | | | | | |
|-------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Synopsis | racadm getsel [-i] racadm getsel [-s <start>][-c <count>]</count></start> NOTE: If no arguments are specified, the entire log is displayed. | | | | | |
| Input | -i — Displays the number of entries in the SEL. -s — Displays the starting record number. -c — Specifies the number of records to display. more — Displays a screen. (i) NOTE: Press Q to exit from the screen. -A — Does not display headers or labels. -o — Displays each record on a single line -E — Displays RAW SEL data along with the other data. -R — Displays only the RAW SEL data for each record | | | | | |
| Example | Display entire log. racadm getsel Display number of records in log. racadm getsel -i | | | | | |

getsensorinfo

Table 38. Details of getsensorinfo

| Description | Displays the status for system sensors. i NOTE: For the Dell PowerEdge FX2 chassis with the FM120x4 server, the power-related information is not displayed. |
|-------------|--|
| Synopsis | • racadm getsensorinfo |
| | • racadm getsensorinfo -c |
| Input | -c—Compact output format. |

NOTE: Chassis Controller is supported only on PowerEdge FX2, and GPU sensors are displayed only on PowerEdge C4140 servers.

Example

racadm getsensorinfo
Sensor Type : POWER

i NOTE: For current information of supported properties and their values, see the iDRAC Online Help.

Table 39. racadm getsensorinfo Sensor Type: POWER

| <sensor name=""></sensor> | <status></status> | <type></type> | <input power=""/> | |
|---------------------------|-------------------|---------------|-------------------|--|
| PS1 Status | Present | AC | Watts | |
| PS2 Status | AC-Lost | AC | Watts | |

Sensor Type : TEMPERATURE

Table 40. Sensor Type: TEMPERATURE

| <sensor Name></sensor | <status></status> | <reading></reading> | <lc></lc> | <uc></uc> | <inc>[R/W]</inc> | <unc>[R/W]</unc> |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-----------|-----------|------------------|------------------|
| System Board Inlet Temp | Ok | 20 C | -7 C | 47 C | 3 C [Y] | 42C [Y] |
| System Board Exhaust Temp | Ok | 19 C | 0 C | 75 C | 0 C [N] | 70 C [N] |
| CPU1 Temp | Ok | 59 C | 3 C | 97 C | 8 C [N] | 92 C [N] |

Sensor Type : FAN

Table 41. Sensor Type: FAN

| <sensor name=""></sensor> | <status></status> | <reading></reading> | <lc></lc> | <uc></uc> | <pwm %=""></pwm> |
|---------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-----------|-----------|------------------|
| System Board Fan1 RPM | Ok | 5880 RPM | 600 RPM | NA | 21% |
| System Board Fan2 RPM | Ok | 6000 RPM | 600 RPM | NA | 0% |
| System Board Fan3 RPM | Ok | 5880 RPM | 600 RPM | NA | 0% |
| System Board Fan4 RPM | Ok | 5880 RPM | 600 RPM | NA | 0% |
| System Board Fan5 RPM | Ok | 5640 RPM | 600 RPM | NA | 144% |
| System Board Fan6 RPM | Ok | 5880 RPM | 600 RPM | NA | 152% |

Sensor Type : VOLTAGE

Table 42. Sensor Type: VOLTAGE

| <sensor name=""></sensor> | <status></status> | <reading></reading> | <lc></lc> | <uc></uc> |
|---------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-----------|-----------|
| CPU1 VCORE PG | Ok | Good | NA | NA |

Table 42. Sensor Type: VOLTAGE (continued)

| System Board 3.3V PG | Ok | Good | NA | NA |
|------------------------------|----|---------|----|----|
| System Board 5V AUX PG | Ok | Good | NA | NA |
| CPU1 M23 VPP PG | Ok | Good | NA | NA |
| System Board 1.05V PG | Ok | Good | NA | NA |
| CPU1 M23 VDDQ PG | Ok | Good | NA | NA |
| CPU1 M23 VTT PG | Ok | Good | NA | NA |
| System Board 5V SWITCH PG | Ok | Good | NA | NA |
| System Board VCCIO PG | Ok | Good | NA | NA |
| System Board 2.5V AUX PG | Ok | Good | NA | NA |
| PS1 Voltage 1 | Ok | -28.00V | NA | NA |
| PS1 Voltage 2 | Ok | 0.00V | NA | NA |
| CPU1 M01 VDDQ PG | Ok | Good | NA | NA |
| System Board NDC PG | Ok | Good | NA | NA |
| CPU1 M01 VPP PG | Ok | Good | NA | NA |
| System Board 1.5V PG | Ok | Good | NA | NA |
| System Board PS2 PG Fail | Ok | Good | NA | NA |
| System Board PS1 PG Fail | Ok | Good | NA | NA |
| System Board 1.5V AUX PG | Ok | Good | NA | NA |
| CPU1 M01 VTT PG | Ok | Good | NA | NA |
| PS1 Voltage 1 | Ok | 240 V | NA | NA |
| System Board DIMM PG | Ok | Good | NA | NA |

Sensor Type : CURRENT

Table 43. Sensor Type: CURRENT

| <sensor Name></sensor | <status></status> | <reading></reading> | <lc></lc> | <uc></uc> | <inc> [R/W]</inc> | <unc> [R/W]</unc> |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-----------|------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| PS1 Current 1 | Ok | 0.4 Amps | NA | NA | 0 Amps [N] | 0 Amps [N] |
| System Board Pwr Consumption | Ok | 56 Watts | NA | 1386 Watts | 0 Watts [N] | 1260 Watts [N] |

Sensor Type : PROCESSOR

Table 44. Sensor Type: PROCESSOR

| <sensor name=""></sensor> | <status></status> | <state></state> | <lc></lc> | <uc></uc> |
|---------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------|-----------|
| CPU1 Status | Ok | Presence Detected | NA | NA |
| CPU2 Status | N/A | Absent | NA | NA |

Sensor Type : MEMORY

Table 45. Sensor Type: MEMORY

| <sensor name=""></sensor> | <status></status> | <state></state> | <lc></lc> | <uc></uc> |
|---------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------|-----------|
| DIMM A1 | N/A | Presence Detected | NA | NA |
| DIMM A2 | N/A | Absent | NA | NA |
| DIMM A3 | Ok | Absent | NA | NA |
| DIMM A4 | N/A | Absent | NA | NA |
| DIMM A5 | N/A | Absent | NA | NA |
| DIMM A6 | N/A | Absent | NA | NA |
| DIMM A7 | N/A | Absent | NA | NA |
| DIMM A8 | N/A | Absent | NA | NA |
| DIMM A9 | N/A | Absent | NA | NA |
| DIMM A10 | N/A | Absent | NA | NA |
| DIMM A11 | N/A | Absent | NA | NA |
| DIMM A12 | N/A | Absent | NA | NA |
| DIMM B1 | N/A | Absent | NA | NA |
| DIMM B2 | N/A | Absent | NA | NA |
| DIMM B3 | N/A | Absent | NA | NA |
| DIMM B4 | N/A | Absent | NA | NA |
| DIMM B5 | N/A | Absent | NA | NA |
| DIMM B6 | N/A | Absent | NA | NA |
| DIMM B7 | N/A | Absent | NA | NA |
| DIMM B8 | N/A | Absent | NA | NA |
| DIMM B9 | N/A | Absent | NA | NA |
| DIMM B10 | N/A | Absent | NA | NA |
| DIMM B11 | N/A | Absent | NA | NA |
| DIMM B12 | N/A | Absent | NA | NA |

Sensor Type : Chassis Controller

Table 46. Sensor Type: Chassis Controller

| <sensor name=""></sensor> | <status></status> | <state></state> |
|---------------------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| Chassis Controller | ок | OK |

Sensor Type : BATTERY

Table 47. Sensor Type: BATTERY

| <sensor name=""></sensor> | <status></status> | <reading></reading> | <lc></lc> | <uc></uc> |
|------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-----------|-----------|
| System Board CMOS Battery | Ok | Present | NA | NA |
| PERC1 ROMB Battery | Ok | Unknown | NA | NA |
| PERC2 ROMB Battery | Ok | Unknown | NA | NA |

Sensor Type : PERFORMANCE

Table 48. Sensor Type: PERFORMANCE

| <sensor name=""></sensor> | <status></status> | <status></status> | <lc></lc> | <uc></uc> |
|---------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------|-----------|
| System Board | Ok | Not Degraded | NA | NA |
| Power Optimized | | | | |

Sensor Type : INTRUSION

Table 49. Sensor Type: INTRUSION

| <sensor name=""></sensor> | <intrusion></intrusion> | <status></status> |
|---------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|
| System Board Intrusion | Closed | Power ON |

Sensor Type : REDUNDANCY

Table 50. Sensor Type: REDUNDANCY

| <sensor name=""></sensor> | <status></status> | <type></type> | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|---------------|--|
| System Board Fan Redundancy | Full Redundant | Fan | |
| System Board PS Redundancy | Disabled | PSU | |

Sensor Type : SYSTEM PERFORMANCE

Table 51. Sensor Type: SYSTEM PERFORMANCE

| <sensor Name></sensor | <status></status> | <reading></reading> | <lc></lc> | <uc></uc> | <inc> [R/W]</inc> | <unc> [R/W]</unc> |
|---------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-----------|-----------|-------------------|-------------------|
| System Board CPU Usage | Non- Critical | 0% | 0% | 100% | 0% [N] | 99% [Y] |
| System Board IO Usage | Non- Critical | 0% | 0% | 100% | 0% [N] | 99% [Y] |
| System Board MEM Usage | Non- Critical | 0% | 0% | 100% | 0% [N] | 99% [Y] |
| System Board SYS Usage | Non- Critical | 0% | 0% | 100% | 0% [N] | 99% [Y] |

Table 52. Sensor Type : GPU Power

| <sensor name=""></sensor> | <pwrconsumption></pwrconsumption> | <pwrsupplystatus></pwrsupplystatus> | <boardpwrsupplystatus></boardpwrsupplystatus> |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|
| Video.Slot.1 | 4.3MW | Enabled | Disabled |
| Video.Slot.3 | 4.3MW | Enabled | Disabled |
| Video.Slot.5 | 4.3MW | Enabled | Disabled |
| Video.Slot.4 | 4.3MW | Enabled | Disabled |
| Video.Slot.8 | 4.3MW | Enabled | Disabled |

Table 53. Sensor Type: GPU Temperature

| <sensor name=""></sensor> | <gpu Temperature></gpu | <secondarygpute mp=""></secondarygpute> | <boardtemp></boardtemp> | <memorytemp></memorytemp> |
|---------------------------|----------------------------------|---|-------------------------|---------------------------|
| Video.Slot.1 | 29C | 255C | 255C | 255C |
| Video.Slot.3 | 56C | 255C | 255C | 255C |
| Video.Slot.5 | 57C | 255C | 255C | 255C |
| Video.Slot.4 | 32C | 255C | 255C | 255C |
| Video.Slot.8 | 30C | 255C | 255C | 255C |

Table 54. Sensor Type: GPU Thermal

| <sensor Name></sensor | <gpu Target Temp></gpu | <mingpu HwSlowdo wnTemp></mingpu | <gpushutdo wnTemp></gpushutdo | <maxmemory OperatingTem p></maxmemory | <maxgpuope ratingtemp=""></maxgpuope> | <thermalalert Status></thermalalert | <powerbrake Status></powerbrake |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|---|---|---------------------------------------|---|---|
| Video.Sl ot.1 | 255C | 255C | 255C | 255C | 255C | Disabled | Disabled |
| Video.Sl ot.3 | 255C | 255C | 255C | 255C | 255C | Disabled | Disabled |
| Video.Sl ot.5 | 255C | 255C | 255C | 255C | 255C | Disabled | Disabled |
| Video.Sl ot.4 | 255C | 255C | 255C | 255C | 255C | Disabled | Disabled |
| Video.Sl ot.8 | 255C | 255C | 255C | 255C | 255C | Disabled | Disabled |

Table 55. Sensor Type: MAX DIMM TEMPERATURE

| Sensor Name | Reading | |
|----------------------|---------|--|
| Max DIMM Temperature | 24.000 | |

getssninfo

Table 56. Details of getssninfo

| Description | Displays a list of users that are connected to iDRAC. The following information is displayed: | | |
|-------------|---|--|--|
| | Session ID | | |
| | Username | | |
| | IP address (if applicable) | | |
| | Session type | | |
| | Login date and time in MM/DD/YYYY HH:MM:SS format | | |

Table 56. Details of getssninfo (continued)

| | (i) NOTE: Based on the Session ID (SSNID) or the user name (User), the iDRAC administrator can close the respective sessions or all the sessions using the closessn subcommand. For more information, see closessn. | |
|----------|---|--|
| Synopsis | racadm getssninfo [-u <username>] [-A]</username> | |
| Input | -u — displays only sessions associated with a specific user. -A — does not display headers or labels. | |

Example

racadm getssninfo

Table 57. racadm getssninfo

| SSNID | Туре | User | IP Address | Login Date/Time |
|-------|------|------|--------------|---------------------|
| 58999 | SSH | root | 192.168.0.10 | 04/07/2016 12:00:34 |

Display the details of sessions without header

racadm getssninfo -A

"43584" "SSH" "root" "192.168.0.10" "04/07/2016 12:00:34"

getsvctag

Table 58. Details of getsvctag

| Description | Displays the service tag of the host system. | | |
|-------------|--|--|--|
| Synopsis | racadm getsvctag | | |
| Output | Any system tag as applicable. | | |
| Example | Display the service tag of the host system. | | |
| | racadm getsvctag | | |

getsysinfo

Table 59. Details of getsysinfo

| Description | Displays information related to iDRAC, managed system, and watchdog configuration. | | | | |
|-------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | NOTE: The hostname and OS Name fields in the getsysinfo output display accurate information only if the OpenManage Server Administrator (OMSA) is installed on the managed system. If OMS is not installed these fields may be blank or inaccurate. An exception to this are the VMware and Windows operating system names, which are displayed even if OMSA is not installed on the managed system. | | | | |
| Synopsis | racadm getsysinfo [-d] [-A] [-c] [-4] [-6] | | | | |
| Input | -4—Displays IPv4 settings -6—Displays IPv6 settings -c—Displays common settings | | | | |

Table 59. Details of getsysinfo (continued)

- −d—Displays iDRAC information
- –A—Eliminates the printing of headers or labels

Output

```
RAC Information:
RAC Date/Time
                         = Tue Aug 2 14:22:36 2022
                         = 6.00.30.00
Firmware Version
Firmware Build
                         = 2.0
                         = 06/28/2022 11:47:02
Last Firmware Update
Hardware Version
                        = 0.01
MAC Address
SVC Tag
                         = 90:8d:6e:fa:f6:4e
                         = 7894561
Common settings:
Register DNS RAC Name
                         = 0
DNS RAC Name
                         = idrac-7894561
Current DNS Domain
                         =
Domain Name from DHCP = Disabled
IPv4 settings:
Enabled
                         = 1
                         = 100.101.21.94
Current IP Address
Current IP Gateway
                        = 100.101.21.1
                         = 255.255.255.0
Current IP Netmask
DHCP Enabled
                         = 1
Current DNS Server 1 = 100.101.0.5

Current DNS Server 2 = 10.8.8.8

DNS Servers from DHCP = Enabled
IPv6 settings:
Enabled
                         = 1
                         = 2607:f2b1:f088:21::1e3/128
Current IP Address 1
Current IP Gateway
                        = fe80::de11:bdc:21:1
Autoconfig
Link Local IP Address
                         = fe80::607c:4042:56e2:871b/128
Current IP Address 2
                         = 2607:f2b1:f088:21:3e9d:c9a7:2afe:8f65/128KN
Current IP Address 3
                        = ::
Current IP Address 4
Current IP Address 5
                         = ::
                         = ::
Current IP Address 6
                         = ::
Current IP Address 7
                         = ::
Current IP Address 8
Current IP Address 9
                         = ::
Current IP Address 10
                        = ::
Current IP Address 11
Current IP Address 12
Current IP Address 13
Current IP Address 14
Current IP Address 15
                         = ::
DNS Servers from DHCPv6 = Disabled
Current DNS Server 1
                       = ::
Current DNS Server 2
System Information:
System Model
                         = PowerEdge XR4510c
System Revision
                        = 0.3.8
System BIOS Version
Service Tag
                         = 7894561
                         = 15736515625
Express Svc Code
Host Name
                         = WIN-JG3S2H0KE9V
OS Name
OS Version
                         = ON
Power Status
                         = No
Fresh Air Capable
RollupStatus
                         = Error
Watchdog Information:
Recovery Action
                         = None
```

```
Present countdown value = seconds
Initial countdown value = seconds
Chassis Information:
Chassis Service Tag
Chassis Manager Version = 0.17.0.0.0.0
System Thermal Information:
EstimatedSystemAirflow = NA
EstimatedExhaustTemperature = NA
Embedded NIC MAC Addresses:
NIC.Embedded.1-1-1 Ethernet
NIC.Embedded.2-1-1 Ethernet
                                                     = 00:00:00:00:01:00
                                                     = 00:00:00:00:01:01
NIC.Embedded.3-1-1
NIC.Embedded.4-1-1
                         Ethernet
Ethernet
                                                     = 00:00:00:00:01:02
                                                     = 00:00:00:00:01:03
```

Example

• Display system information

```
racadm getsysinfo -c
```

• Display iDRAC information

```
racadm getsysinfo -d
```

• Display IPv4 details without header

```
"RAC IPv4 Information:"
"1"
"10.94.195.33"
"10.94.195.1"
"255.255.255.0"
"1"
"10.94.192.67"
"0.0.0.0"
"1"
```

• Display svctag information

```
racadm -r 10.94.95.96 getsysinfo -d
```

gettracelog

Table 60. Details of gettracelog

| Description | Lists all the trace login entries of iDRAC. | | | |
|-------------|--|--|--|--|
| Synopsis | racadm gettracelog [-i] racadm gettracelog [-s <start>] [-c <count>]</count></start> | | | |
| Input | -i — Displays the number of entries in iDRAC trace log. -c — Specifies the number of records to display. -s — Specifies the starting record to display. | | | |
| Output | The default output display shows the record number, timestamp, source and description. The timestamp begins at midnight, January 1 and increases until the system starts. After the system starts, the system's timestamp is used. | | | |

Table 60. Details of gettracelog (continued)

| Example | • | Display entire log |
|---------|---|----------------------------------|
| | | racadm gettracelog |
| | • | Display number of records in log |
| | | racadm gettracelog -i |
| | | Total Records: 228 |
| | | |

getversion

Table 61. Details of getversion

| Description | Displays the current software version, model and generation information, and whether the target device can be updated. |
|-------------|---|
| Synopsis | racadm getversion racadm getversion [-b -c -i] racadm getversion [-f <filter>]</filter> |
| Input | -c — Displays the server's current CPLD version. -b — Displays the server's current BIOS version. -i — Displays the server's current IDSDM version. -f <filter> — Filters the components and must be one of the following values: bios: BIOS idrac: iDRAC 1c: Lifecycle Controller idsdm: SD card </filter> |

racadm getversion -c

Table 62. Details of racadm getversion -c

| <server></server> | <cpld version=""></cpld> | <blade type=""></blade> |
|-------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| server-1 | 1.0.5 | PowerEdgeM520 |
| server-2 | 1.0.3 | PowerEdgeM610x |
| server-4 | 1.0.0 | PowerEdgeM710HD |
| server-5 | 1.0.3 | PowerEdgeM710 |
| server-7 | 1.0.6 | PowerEdgeM620 |
| server-9 | 1.0.5 | PowerEdgeM520 |

racadm getversion
Bios Version = 2.0.18

iDRAC Version = 2.00.00.00 Lifecycle Controller Version = 2.00.00.00

racadm getversion -b

Table 63. Details of racadm getversion -b

| <server></server> | <bios version=""></bios> | <blade type=""></blade> |
|-------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| server-1 | 1.6.0 | PowerEdgeM520 |
| server-2 | 6.3.0 | PowerEdgeM610x |
| server-4 | 7.0.0 | PowerEdgeM710HD |
| server-5 | 6.3.0 | PowerEdgeM710 |
| server-7 | 1.7.1 | PowerEdgeM620 |
| server-9 | 1.7.1 | PowerEdgeM520 |

Table 64. Details

| <switch></switch> | <model name=""></model> | <hw version=""></hw> | <fw version=""></fw> |
|-------------------|----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| switch-1 | MXL 10/40GbE | X01 | 9-2(0-296) |
| switch-2 | M8024-k 10GbE SW | A00 | 5.0.1.3 |
| switch-3 | Dell PowerConnect M8024 | X00 | |
| switch-4 | Dell PowerConnect M8024 | X00 | |
| switch-5 | Dell PowerConnect M6348 | X02 | |
| switch-6 | Dell PowerConnect M6220 | A01 | |

groupmanager

Table 65. Details of groupmanager

| Description | Allows you to: |
|-------------|--|
| | Delete the group from the group manager. Remove the iDRAC from group by itself by using admin privileges. Join the group using administrator privileges. NOTE: This subcommand is supported only on iDRAC9. |
| Synopsis | To delete the group from the group manager. |
| | groupmanager delete -g <groupname></groupname> |
| | To remove the iDRAC from group by itself by using administrator privileges. |
| | groupmanager removeself -g <groupname></groupname> |
| | To join the group using administrator privileges. |
| | <pre>groupmanager joingroup -g <groupname> -uid <uuid> -pcode < grouppasscode></uuid></groupname></pre> |
| Input | -g— Specifies the name of the iDRAC member group -uid — Specifies the group user id -pcode— Specifies the group passcode |
| Example | To delete the group from the groupmanager: |
| | racadm groupmanager delete -g <groupname></groupname> |
| | To remove the iDRAC from the group by itself: |
| | racadm groupmanager removeself -g <groupname></groupname> |
| | To join server to the local iDRAC group: |
| | racadm groupmanager joingroup -g <mygrpxyz> -uid <uid1234> -pcode <12345></uid1234></mygrpxyz> |

httpsbootcert

Table 66. Details of httpsbootcert

| Description | Allows you to manage BIOS https Boot Certificate Management operations. | |
|-------------|--|--|
| Synopsis | To import the bios https Boot Certificate from a remote share or local system racadm httpsbootcert help import To export the bios https boot Certificate to a remote share or local system racadm httpsbootcert help export To delete the bios https boot certificate racadm httpsbootcert help delete | |
| Input | -i—Index of the boot device 1 to 4 -f—Filename of the bios https Boot Device Certificate -1—Network share location <cifs http="" https="" nfs="" share=""> -u—Username for the remote share</cifs> | |

Table 66. Details of httpsbootcert (continued)

- -p—Password for the remote share
- i NOTE: The supported file formats are .cer,.der,.crt,.pem and .txt.
- (i) **NOTE:** This command supports both IPV4 and IPV6 formats. IPV6 is applicable for CIFS and NFS type remote shares.

Example

• To import the boot device cert with index 1 from a remote CIFS share:

```
racadm httpsbootcert import -i 1 -f httpsboot_cert.txt -l //
10.94.161.103/share -u admin -p mypass
```

• To import the boot device cert with index 2 from a remote NFS share:

```
racadm httpsbootcert import -i 2 -f httpsboot_cert.cer -l
192.168.2.14:/share
```

• To import the boot device cert with index 2 from a remote HTTP share:

```
racadm httpsbootcert import -i 2 -f httpsboot_cert.der -l http://
192.168.10.24/share -u myuser -p mypass
```

• To import the boot device cert with index 2 from a remote HTTPS share:

```
racadm httpsbootcert import -i 2 -f httpsboot_cert.pem -l https://
192.168.10.24/share -u myuser -p mypass
```

• To ilmport the boot device cert with index 3 from a local share using local racadm:

```
racadm httpsbootcert import -f httpsboot_cert.crt
```

• To import the boot device cert with index 4 from a local share using remote racadm:

• To export the boot device cert with index 1 to a remote CIFS share:

```
racadm httpsbootcert export -i 1 -f httpsboot_cert.txt -l //
10.94.161.103/share -u admin -p mypass
```

• To export the boot device cert with index 2 to a remote NFS share:

```
racadm httpsbootcert export -i 2 -f httpsboot_cert.cer -l
192.168.2.14:/share
```

• To export the boot device cert with index 2 to a remote HTTP share:

```
racadm httpsbootcert export -i 2 -f httpsboot_cert.der -l http://
192.168.10.24/share -u myuser -p mypass
```

• To export the boot device cert with index 2 to a remote HTTPS share:

```
racadm httpsbootcert export -i 2 -f httpsboot_cert.crt -l https://
192.168.10.24/share -u myuser -p mypass
```

• To export the boot device cert with index 3 to local share using local racadm:

```
racadm httpsbootcert export -f httpsboot_cert.pem
```

Table 66. Details of httpsbootcert (continued)

• To export the boot device cert with index 4 to a local share using remote racadm: racadm -r 10.94.161.119 -u root -p calvin httpsbootcert export -f httpsboot cert.txt (i) NOTE: These commands do not support setting the proxy parameters if the share location is HTTP/HTTPS. To perform the operation with HTTP or HTTPS via a proxy, the proxy parameters must be first configured using the lifecyclecontroller.lcattributes group. Once these proxy parameters are configured, they become the part of default configuration. The proxy attributes should be cleared to end use of the HTTP/HTTPS proxy. The valid lifecyclecontroller.lcattributes HTTP/HTTPS proxy parameters are: UserProxyUserName UserProxyPassword UserProxyServer UserProxyPort UserProxyType To view the list of proxy attributes, use racadm get lifecycleController.lcAttributes. • To delete the boot device cert with index 1: racadm httpsbootcert delete -i 1

To delete the boot device cert with index 2:

racadm httpsbootcert delete -i 2

hwinventory

Table 67. Details of hwinventory

| Description | Allows you to display or export current internal hardware inventory or shipped hardware inventory by device. i NOTE: iDRAC supports a maximum of 12 parallel sessions of hardware inventory. |
|-------------|--|
| Synopsis | racadm hwinventory racadm hwinventory networktransceiver racadm hwinventory NIC FC Infiniband racadm hwinventory <fqdd></fqdd> racadm hwinventory export -f <filename> -u <username> -p <password> -l </password></username></filename> CIFS, NFS, HTTP, or HTTPS share> |
| Input | <fqdd> — Specifies the FQDD of the target device.</fqdd> FQDD — NIC.Slot.1-2 NOTE: The hwinventory subcommand supports NIC, Infiniband and FC FQDDs only. -f — Exported Hardware Inventory filename. -u — Username of the remote share to where the file must be exported. Specify user name in a domain as domain/username -p — Password for the remote share to where the file must be exported. -1 — Network share location to where the Hardware Inventory must be exported. |

Examples

• To get the hwinventory, run the following command:

```
racadm hwinventory
                   -----HARDWARE INVENTORY------
[InstanceID: AHCI.Embedded.2-1]
Device Type = Controller
AlarmState = Alarm Not present
AutoConfigBehavior = NotApplicable
Bus = 0
CPUAffinity = Not Applicable
CacheSizeInMB = 0 MB
CachecadeCapability = Cachecade Virtual Disk not supported
ConfigLockdownCapable = False
ConfigLockdownState = Disabled
ConnectorCount = 0
CurrentControllerMode = NotSupported
Device = 0
DeviceCardDataBusWidth = Unknown
DeviceCardManufacturer = DELL
DeviceCardSlotLength = Unknown
DeviceCardSlotType = Unknown
DeviceDescription = Embedded AHCI 2
DriverVersion = Not Applicable
EncryptionCapability =
                       None
EncryptionMode = None
FQDD = AHCI.Embedded.2-1
Function = 0
InstanceID = AHCI.Embedded.2-1
LastSystemInventoryTime = 2022-05-18T18:58:25
LastUpdateTime = 2022-03-03T04:48:52
MaxAvailablePCILinkSpeed = Not Applicable
MaxPossiblePCILinkSpeed = Not Applicable
PCIDeviceID = 1BD2
PCISubDeviceID = A8A
PCISubVendorID = 1028
PCIVendorID = 8086
PatrolReadState = Unknown
PersistentHotspare = Not Applicable
PrimaryStatus = Unknown
ProductName = Intel Corporation
RealtimeCapability = Incapable
RollupStatus = Unknown
SASAddress = Not Applicable
SecurityStatus = Encryption Not Capable
SharedSlotAssignmentAllowed = Not Applicable
SlicedVDCapability = Sliced Virtual Disk creation not supported
SupportControllerBootMode = Not Supported
SupportEnhancedAutoForeignImport = Not Supported
SupportRAID10UnevenSpans = Not supported
SupportsLKMtoSEKMTransition = No
T10PICapability = Not supported
UpdateLockdownCapable = False
UpdateLockdownState = Disabled
[InstanceID: AHCI.Embedded.1-1]
Device Type = Controller
AlarmState = Alarm Not present
AutoConfigBehavior = NotApplicable
CPUAffinity = Not Applicable
CacheSizeInMB = 0 MB
CachecadeCapability = Cachecade Virtual Disk not supported
ConfigLockdownCapable = False
ConfigLockdownState = Disabled
ConnectorCount = 0
CurrentControllerMode = NotSupported
Device = 0
DeviceCardDataBusWidth = Unknown
DeviceCardManufacturer = DELL
DeviceCardSlotLength = Unknown
DeviceCardSlotType = Unknown
```

```
DeviceDescription = Embedded AHCI 1
DriverVersion = Not Applicable
EncryptionCapability = None
EncryptionMode = None
FQDD = AHCI.Embedded.1-1
Function = 0
InstanceID = AHCI.Embedded.1-1
LastSystemInventoryTime = 2022-05-18T18:58:25
LastUpdateTime = 2022-03-03T04:48:52
MaxAvailablePCILinkSpeed = Not Applicable
MaxPossiblePCILinkSpeed = Not Applicable
PCIDeviceID = 1BF2
PCISubDeviceID = A8A
PCISubVendorID = 1028
PCIVendorID = 8086
PatrolReadState = Unknown
PersistentHotspare = Not Applicable
PrimaryStatus = Unknown
ProductName = Intel Corporation
RealtimeCapability = Incapable
RollupStatus = Unknown
SASAddress = Not Applicable
SecurityStatus = Encryption Not Capable
SharedSlotAssignmentAllowed = Not Applicable
SlicedVDCapability = Sliced Virtual Disk creation not supported
SupportControllerBootMode = Not Supported
SupportEnhancedAutoForeignImport = Not Supported
SupportRAID10UnevenSpans = Not supported
SupportsLKMtoSEKMTransition = No
T10PICapability = Not supported
UpdateLockdownCapable = False
UpdateLockdownState = Disabled
[InstanceID: CPU.Socket.1]
Device Type = CPU
CPUFamily = Intel(R) Xeon(TM)
CPUStatus = CPU Enabled
CachelAssociativity = 12-way Set-Associative
CachelErrorMethodology = Parity
CachelInstalledSize = 1600 KB
CachelLevel = L1
CachelLocation = Internal
CachelPrimaryStatus = OK
CachelSRAMType = Unknown
CachelSize = 1600 KB
CachelType = Unified
CachelWritePolicy = Write Back
Cache2Associativity = 16-way Set-Associative
Cache2ErrorMethodology = Single-bit ECC
Cache2InstalledSize = 40960 KB
Cache2Level = L2
Cache2Location = Internal
Cache2PrimaryStatus = OK
Cache2SRAMType = Unknown
Cache2Size = 40960 KB
Cache2Type = Unified
Cache2WritePolicy = Write Back
Cache3Associativity = Fully Associative
Cache3ErrorMethodology = Single-bit ECC
Cache3InstalledSize = 53760 KB
Cache3Level = L3
Cache3Location = Internal
Cache3PrimaryStatus = OK
Cache3SRAMType = Unknown
Cache3Size = 53760 KB
Cache3Type = Unified
Cache3WritePolicy = Write Back
Characteristics = 64-bit Capable
CurrentClockSpeed = 1600 MHz
DeviceDescription = CPU 1
ExecuteDisabledCapable = Yes
ExecuteDisabledEnabled = Yes
```

```
ExternalBusClockSpeed = 16000 MHz
FQDD = CPU.Socket.1
HyperThreadingCapable = Yes
HyperThreadingEnabled = Yes
InstanceID = CPU.Socket.1
LastSystemInventoryTime = 2022-05-18T18:58:25
LastUpdateTime = 2021-11-20T06:47:19
Manufacturer = Intel
MaxClockSpeed = 4000 MHz
Model = Genuine Intel(R) CPU 0000%@
NumberOfEnabledCores = 20
NumberOfEnabledThreads = 40
NumberOfProcessorCores = 20
PPIN = 7160B9F456E04A84
PrimaryStatus = OK
TurboModeCapable = Yes
TurboModeEnabled = Yes
VirtualizationTechnologyCapable = Yes
VirtualizationTechnologyEnabled = Yes
Voltage = 1.6 V
[InstanceID: iDRAC.Embedded.1-1#IDRACinfo]
Device Type = iDRACCard
DNSDomainName = laas.adc.delllabs.net
DNSRacName = idrac-MWN1059
DeviceDescription = iDRAC
FQDD = iDRAC.Embedded.1-1
FirmwareVersion = 6.10.00.00
GUID = 44454c4c-5700-104e-8031-cdc04f303539
IPMIVersion = 2.0
InstanceID = iDRAC.Embedded.1-1#IDRACinfo
LANEnabledState = Disabled
LastSystemInventoryTime = 2022-05-18T18:58:25
LastUpdateTime = 2022-05-24T15:13:39
Model = Enterprise
PermanentMACAddress = 90:8d:6e:f9:a9:4e
ProductDescription = This system component provides a complete set of remote
management functions for PowerEdge servers
SOLEnabledState = Enabled
URLString = https://100.68.218.179:443
[InstanceID: DIMM.Socket.A1]
Device Type = Memory
BankLabel = A
CPUAffinity = 1
CurrentOperatingSpeed = 4800 MT/s
DeviceDescription = DIMM A1
FQDD = DIMM.Socket.A1
InstanceID = DIMM.Socket.A1
LastSystemInventoryTime = 2022-05-18T18:58:25
LastUpdateTime = 2021-11-20T06:47:19
ManufactureDate = Mon Jul 19 07:00:00 2021 UTC
Manufacturer = Hynix Semiconductor
MemoryTechnology = DRAM
MemoryType = DDR-5
MemoryTypeExtended = RDIMM
Model = DDR5 DIMM
PartNumber = HMCG78MEBRA115N
PrimaryStatus = OK
Rank = Single Rank
SerialNumber = 138B9F1F
Size = 16384 MB
Speed = 4800 MHz
SystemEraseCapability = Not Supported
VolatileSize = 16384 MB
[InstanceID: NIC.Mezzanine.1A-3-1]
Device Type = NIC
AutoNegotiation = Enabled
BusNumber = 106
```

```
CPUAffinity = 1
ControllerBIOSVersion = 220.0.56.0
CurrentMACAddress = E4:3D:1A:E4:C9:B2
DataBusWidth = 16x or x16
DeviceDescription = NIC in Mezzanine 1A Port 3 Partition 1
DeviceNumber = 0
EFIVersion = 220.0.11.0
FCoEOffloadMode = Unknown
FQDD = NIC.Mezzanine.1A-3-1
FamilyVersion = 22.0.7.20
FunctionNumber = 2
InstanceID = NIC.Mezzanine.1A-3-1
LANDriverVersion = 220.0.11
LastSystemInventoryTime = 2022-05-18T18:58:25
LastUpdateTime = 2022-03-03T04:48:52
LinkDuplex = Unknown
MaxBandwidth = 100
MediaType = BACKPLANE
MinBandwidth = 0
NicMode = Unknown
PCIDeviceID = 1751
PCISubDeviceID = 5250
PCISubVendorID = 14e4
PCIVendorID = 14e4
PartNumber = 0DCWFP
PermanentMACAddress = E4:3D:1A:E4:C9:B2
PrimaryStatus = OK
ProductName = Broadcom Adv Quad 25Gb Ethernet - E4:3D:1A:E4:C9:B2
Protocol = NIC
ReceiveFlowControl = On
SNAPIState = Disabled
SNAPISupport = Not Available
SerialNumber = VNFCVBA1990075
SlotLength = Other
SlotType = PCI Express Gen 4
TransmitFlowControl = On
UpdateLockdownCapable = True
UpdateLockdownState = Disabled
VPISupport = Not Available
VendorName = Broadcom Corp
iScsiOffloadMode = Unknown
[InstanceID: NIC.Mezzanine.1A-2-1]
Device Type = NIC
AutoNegotiation = Enabled
BusNumber = 106
CPUAffinity = 1
ControllerBIOSVersion = 220.0.56.0
CurrentMACAddress = E4:3D:1A:E4:C9:B1
DataBusWidth = 16x or x16
DeviceDescription = NIC in Mezzanine 1A Port 2 Partition 1
DeviceNumber = 0
EFIVersion = 220.0.11.0
FCoEOffloadMode = Unknown
FQDD = NIC.Mezzanine.1A-2-1
FamilyVersion = 22.0.7.20
FunctionNumber = 1
InstanceID = NIC.Mezzanine.1A-2-1
LANDriverVersion = 220.0.11
LastSystemInventoryTime = 2022-05-18T18:58:25
LastUpdateTime = 2022-03-03T04:48:52
LinkDuplex = Full Duplex
LinkSpeed = 25Gbps
MaxBandwidth = 100
MediaType = BACKPLANE
MinBandwidth = 0
NicMode = Unknown
PCIDeviceID = 1751
PCISubDeviceID = 5250
PCISubVendorID = 14e4
PCIVendorID = 14e4
PartNumber = ODCWFP
```

```
PermanentMACAddress = E4:3D:1A:E4:C9:B1
PrimaryStatus = OK
ProductName = Broadcom Adv Quad 25Gb Ethernet - E4:3D:1A:E4:C9:B1
Protocol = NIC
ReceiveFlowControl = Off
SNAPIState = Disabled
SNAPISupport = Not Available
SerialNumber = VNFCVBA1990075
SlotLength = Other
SlotType = PCI Express Gen 4
TransmitFlowControl = Off
UpdateLockdownCapable = True
UpdateLockdownState = Disabled
VPISupport = Not Available
VendorName = Broadcom Corp
iScsiOffloadMode = Unknown
[InstanceID: NIC.Mezzanine.1A-1-1]
Device Type = NIC
AutoNegotiation = Enabled
BusNumber = 106
CPUAffinity = 1
ControllerBIOSVersion = 220.0.56.0
CurrentMACAddress = E4:3D:1A:E4:C9:B0
DataBusWidth = 16x or x16
DeviceDescription = NIC in Mezzanine 1A Port 1 Partition 1
DeviceNumber = 0
EFIVersion = 220.0.11.0
FCoEOffloadMode = Unknown
FQDD = NIC.Mezzanine.1A-1-1
FamilyVersion = 22.0.7.20
FunctionNumber = 0
InstanceID = NIC.Mezzanine.1A-1-1
LANDriverVersion = 220.0.11
LastSystemInventoryTime = 2022-05-18T18:58:25
LastUpdateTime = 2022-03-18T13:45:07
LinkDuplex = Unknown
MaxBandwidth = 100
MediaType = BACKPLANE
MinBandwidth = 0
NicMode = Unknown
PCIDeviceID = 1751
PCISubDeviceID = 5250
PCISubVendorID = 14e4
PCIVendorID = 14e4
PartNumber = ODCWFP
PermanentMACAddress = E4:3D:1A:E4:C9:B0
PrimaryStatus = OK
ProductName = Broadcom Adv Quad 25Gb Ethernet - E4:3D:1A:E4:C9:B0
Protocol = NIC
ReceiveFlowControl = On
SNAPIState = Disabled
SNAPISupport = Not Available
SerialNumber = VNFCVBA1990075
SlotLength = Other
SlotType = PCI Express Gen 4
TransmitFlowControl = On
UpdateLockdownCapable = True
UpdateLockdownState = Disabled
VPISupport = Not Available
VendorName = Broadcom Corp
iScsiOffloadMode = Unknown
[InstanceID: NIC.Mezzanine.1A-4-1]
Device Type = NIC
AutoNegotiation = Enabled
BusNumber = 106
CPUAffinitv = 1
ControllerBIOSVersion = 220.0.56.0
CurrentMACAddress = E4:3D:1A:E4:C9:B3
DataBusWidth = 16x or x16
```

```
DeviceDescription = NIC in Mezzanine 1A Port 4 Partition 1
DeviceNumber = 0
EFIVersion = 220.0.11.0
FCoEOffloadMode = Unknown
FQDD = NIC.Mezzanine.1A-4-1
FamilyVersion = 22.0.7.20
FunctionNumber = 3
InstanceID = NIC.Mezzanine.1A-4-1
LANDriverVersion = 220.0.11
LastSystemInventoryTime = 2022-05-18T18:58:25
LastUpdateTime = 2022-03-03T04:48:52
LinkDuplex = Unknown
MaxBandwidth = 100
MediaType = BACKPLANE
MinBandwidth = 0
NicMode = Unknown
PCIDeviceID = 1751
PCISubDeviceID = 5250
PCISubVendorID = 14e4
PCIVendorID = 14e4
PartNumber = ODCWFP
PermanentMACAddress = E4:3D:1A:E4:C9:B3
PrimaryStatus = OK
ProductName = Broadcom Adv Quad 25Gb Ethernet - E4:3D:1A:E4:C9:B3
Protocol = NIC
ReceiveFlowControl = On
SNAPIState = Disabled
SNAPISupport = Not Available
SerialNumber = VNFCVBA1990075
SlotLength = Other
SlotType = PCI Express Gen 4
TransmitFlowControl = On
UpdateLockdownCapable = True
UpdateLockdownState = Disabled
VPISupport = Not Available
VendorName = Broadcom Corp
iScsiOffloadMode = Unknown
[InstanceID: NIC.Mezzanine.1A-3-1]
Device Type = PCIDevice
BusNumber = 106
CPUAffinity = 1
DataBusWidth = 16x or x16
{\tt Description = NetXtreme-E BCM57504 4x25G KR Mezz}
DeviceDescription = NIC in Mezzanine 1A Port 3 Partition 1
DeviceNumber = 0
FQDD = NIC.Mezzanine.1A-3-1
FunctionNumber = 2
InstanceID = NIC.Mezzanine.1A-3-1
LastSystemInventoryTime = 2022-05-18T18:58:25
LastUpdateTime = 2022-03-03T04:48:52
Manufacturer = Broadcom Inc. and subsidiaries
PCIDeviceID = 1751
PCISubDeviceID = 5250
PCISubVendorID = 14E4
PCIVendorID = 14E4
SlotLength = Other
SlotType = PCI Express Gen 4
[InstanceID: NIC.Mezzanine.1A-2-1]
Device Type = PCIDevice
BusNumber = 106
CPUAffinity = 1
DataBusWidth = 16x or x16
Description = NetXtreme-E BCM57504 4x25G KR Mezz
DeviceDescription = NIC in Mezzanine 1A Port 2 Partition 1
DeviceNumber = 0
FQDD = NIC.Mezzanine.1A-2-1
FunctionNumber = 1
InstanceID = NIC.Mezzanine.1A-2-1
LastSystemInventoryTime = 2022-05-18T18:58:25
```

```
LastUpdateTime = 2022-03-03T04:48:52
Manufacturer = Broadcom Inc. and subsidiaries
PCIDeviceID = 1751
PCISubDeviceID = 5250
PCISubVendorID = 14E4
PCIVendorID = 14E4
SlotLength = Other
SlotType = PCI Express Gen 4
[InstanceID: NIC.Mezzanine.1A-1-1]
Device Type = PCIDevice
BusNumber = 106
CPUAffinity = 1
DataBusWidth = 16x or x16
Description = NetXtreme-E BCM57504 4x25G KR Mezz
DeviceDescription = NIC in Mezzanine 1A Port 1 Partition 1
DeviceNumber = 0
FQDD = NIC.Mezzanine.1A-1-1
FunctionNumber = 0
InstanceID = NIC.Mezzanine.1A-1-1
LastSystemInventoryTime = 2022-05-18T18:58:25
LastUpdateTime = 2022-03-18T13:45:07
Manufacturer = Broadcom Inc. and subsidiaries
PCIDeviceID = 1751
PCISubDeviceID = 5250
PCISubVendorID = 14E4
PCIVendorID = 14E4
SlotLength = Other
SlotType = PCI Express Gen 4
[InstanceID: NIC.Mezzanine.1A-4-1]
Device Type = PCIDevice
BusNumber = 106
CPUAffinity = 1
DataBusWidth = 16x or x16
Description = NetXtreme-E BCM57504 4x25G KR Mezz
DeviceDescription = NIC in Mezzanine 1A Port 4 Partition 1
DeviceNumber = 0
FQDD = NIC.Mezzanine.1A-4-1
FunctionNumber = 3
InstanceID = NIC.Mezzanine.1A-4-1
LastSystemInventoryTime = 2022-05-18T18:58:25
LastUpdateTime = 2022-03-03T04:48:52
Manufacturer = Broadcom Inc. and subsidiaries
PCIDeviceID = 1751
PCISubDeviceID = 5250
PCISubVendorID = 14E4
PCIVendorID = 14E4
SlotLength = Other
SlotType = PCI Express Gen 4
[InstanceID: AHCI.Embedded.2-1]
Device Type = PCIDevice
BusNumber = 0
CPUAffinity = Not Applicable
DataBusWidth = Unknown
Description = Intel Corporation
DeviceDescription = Embedded AHCI 2
DeviceNumber = 25
FQDD = AHCI.Embedded.2-1
FunctionNumber = 0
InstanceID = AHCI.Embedded.2-1
LastSystemInventoryTime = 2022-05-18T18:58:25
LastUpdateTime = 2022-03-03T04:48:52
Manufacturer = Intel Corporation
PCIDeviceID = 1BD2
PCISubDeviceID = 0A8A
PCISubVendorID = 1028
PCIVendorID = 8086
SlotLength = Unknown
```

```
SlotType = Unknown
[InstanceID: SMBus.Embedded.3-1]
Device Type = PCIDevice
BusNumber = 0
CPUAffinity = Not Applicable
DataBusWidth = Unknown
Description = Intel Corporation
DeviceDescription = Embedded SM Bus 3
DeviceNumber = 31
FQDD = SMBus.Embedded.3-1
FunctionNumber = 4
InstanceID = SMBus.Embedded.3-1
LastSystemInventoryTime = 2022-05-18T18:58:25
LastUpdateTime = 2022-03-03T04:48:52
Manufacturer = Intel Corporation
PCIDeviceID = 1BC9
PCISubDeviceID = 0A8A
PCISubVendorID = 1028
PCIVendorID = 8086
SlotLength = Unknown
SlotType = Unknown
[InstanceID: AHCI.Embedded.1-1]
Device Type = PCIDevice
BusNumber = 0
CPUAffinity = Not Applicable
DataBusWidth = Unknown
Description = Intel Corporation
DeviceDescription = Embedded AHCI 1
DeviceNumber = 24
FQDD = AHCI.Embedded.1-1
FunctionNumber = 0
InstanceID = AHCI.Embedded.1-1
LastSystemInventoryTime = 2022-05-18T18:58:25
LastUpdateTime = 2022-03-03T04:48:52
Manufacturer = Intel Corporation
PCIDeviceID = 1BF2
PCISubDeviceID = 0A8A
PCISubVendorID = 1028
PCIVendorID = 8086
SlotLength = Unknown
SlotType = Unknown
[InstanceID: Video.Embedded.1-1]
Device Type = PCIDevice
BusNumber = 3
CPUAffinity = Not Applicable
DataBusWidth = Unknown
Description = Integrated Matrox G200eW3 Graphics Controller
DeviceDescription = Embedded Video Controller 1
DeviceNumber = 0
FQDD = Video.Embedded.1-1
FunctionNumber = 0
InstanceID = Video.Embedded.1-1
LastSystemInventoryTime = 2022-05-18T18:58:25
LastUpdateTime = 2022-03-03T04:48:52
Manufacturer = Matrox Electronics Systems Ltd.
PCIDeviceID = 0536
PCISubDeviceID = 0A8A
PCISubVendorID = 1028
PCIVendorID = 102B
SlotLength = Unknown
SlotType = Unknown
[InstanceID: ISABridge.Embedded.1-1]
Device Type = PCIDevice
BusNumber = 0
CPUAffinity = Not Applicable
```

```
DataBusWidth = Unknown
Description = Intel Corporation
DeviceDescription = Embedded ISA Bridge 1
DeviceNumber = 31
FQDD = ISABridge.Embedded.1-1
FunctionNumber = 0
InstanceID = ISABridge.Embedded.1-1
LastSystemInventoryTime = 2022-05-18T18:58:25
LastUpdateTime = 2022-03-03T04:48:52
Manufacturer = Intel Corporation
PCIDeviceID = 1B81
PCISubDeviceID = 0A8A
PCISubVendorID = 1028
PCIVendorID = 8086
SlotLength = Unknown
SlotType = Unknown
[InstanceID: Disk.Direct.1-1:AHCI.Embedded.1-1]
Device Type = PhysicalDisk
BlockSizeInBytes = 512 Bytes
BusProtocol = SATA
CPUAffinity = Not Applicable
Certified = NotApplicable
ConfigLockdownCapable = False
ConfigLockdownState = Disabled
Connector = 5
CryptographicEraseCapable = Not Capable
DeviceDescription = Disk 1 on Embedded AHCI Controller 1
DriveFormFactor = 2.5 inch
EncryptionProtocol = None
ErrorRecoverable = NotApplicable
FQDD = Disk.Direct.1-1:AHCI.Embedded.1-1
FreeSizeInBytes = 0 Bytes
HotSpareStatus = No
InstanceID = Disk.Direct.1-1:AHCI.Embedded.1-1
LastSystemInventoryTime = 2022-05-18T18:58:25
LastUpdateTime = 2\bar{0}22-03-03T04:48:52
Manufacturer = TOSHIBA
ManufacturingDay = 29
ManufacturingWeek = 40
ManufacturingYear = 2010
MaxCapableSpeed = 6 Gbps
MediaType = Solid State Drive
Model = KHK6YRSE480G
NonRAIDDiskCachePolicy = Unknown
OperationName = None
OperationPercentComplete = 0 %
PCIeCapableLinkWidth = None
PCIeNegotiatedLinkWidth = None
PPID = PH-05TWWG-TBPKK-0AT-00PR-A02
PowerStatus = Spun-Up
PredictiveFailureState = Smart Alert Absent
PrimaryStatus = Unknown
RAIDType = Unknown
RaidStatus = Non-RAID
RemainingRatedWriteEndurance = Unknown
Revision = DBC4
RollupStatus = Unknown
SASAddress = 58CE38E91158E838
SecurityState = Not Capable
SerialNumber = X0TS10PRTK7M
SizeInBytes = 480103981056 Bytes
SupportedEncryptionTypes = No encryption supported
SystemEraseCapability = CryptographicErasePD
T10PICapability = Not supported
UpdateLockdownCapable = False
UpdateLockdownState = Disabled
UsedSizeInBytes = 0 Bytes
WWN = 58CE38E91158E838
```

```
[InstanceID: System.Embedded.1]
Device Type = System
AssetTag :
BIOSReleaseDate = 03/03/2022
BIOSVersionString = 0.2.10
BaseBoardChassisSlot = 1
BatteryRollupStatus = OK
BladeGeometry = Single width, full height
BoardPartNumber = 0V8V97X20
BoardSerialNumber = CNFCP001B40148
CMCIP = 100.68.218.11
CPLDVersion = 0.3.4
CPURollupStatus = OK
ChassisBoardPartNumber =
ChassisBoardSerialNumber =
ChassisModel = PowerEdge MX700
ChassisName = MX-MWB-NGM-L1
ChassisServiceTag = MWBNGM1
ChassisSystemHeight = 7 U
CurrentRollupStatus = OK
DeviceDescription = System
EstimatedExhaustTemperature = Not applicable
EstimatedSystemAirflow = Not applicable
ExpressServiceCode = 49862807037
FQDD = System.Embedded.1
HostName = WIN-JG3S2H0KE9V
InstanceID = System.Embedded.1
IsOEMBranded = False
LastSystemInventoryTime = 2022-05-18T18:58:25
LastUpdateTime = 2022-05-18T20:01:22
LicensingRollupStatus = OK
LifecycleControllerVersion = 6.10.00.00
ManagedSystemSize = 7 U
Manufacturer = Dell Inc.
MaxCPUSockets = 2
MaxDIMMSlots = 32
MaxPCIeSlots = 3
MemoryOperationMode = OptimizerMode
MemoryRollupStatus = OK
Model = PowerEdge MX760c
NodeID = MWN1059
PlatformGUID = 3935304f-c0cd-3180-4e10-00574c4c4544
PopulatedCPUSockets = 1
PopulatedDIMMSlots = 1
PopulatedPCIeSlots = 1
PowerCap = 32767 Watts
PowerCapEnabledState = Disabled
PowerState = On
PrimaryStatus = OK
RollupStatus = OK
SELRollupStatus = OK
ServerAllocation = 0 Watts
ServiceTag = MWN1059
StorageRollupStatus = OK
{\tt SysMemErrorMethodology = Multi-bit ECC}
SysMemFailOverState = NotInUse
SysMemLocation = System board or motherboard
SysMemMaxCapacitySize = 12582912 MB
SysMemPrimaryStatus = OK
SysMemTotalSize = 16384 MB
SystemGeneration = 16G Modular
SystemID = 2698
SystemRevision = I
TempRollupStatus = OK
TempStatisticsRollupStatus = OK
UUID = 4c4c4544-0057-4e10-8031-cdc04f303539
VoltRollupStatus = OK
smbiosGUID = 44454c4c-5700-104e-8031-cdc04f303539
```

• To get the list of NIC FQDDs, run the following command:

```
racadm hwinventory nic
NIC.Slot.2-1-1:Emulex OCe14102-U1-D - 00:90:FA:4C:FE:C2
PartitionCapable:

NIC.Slot.2-1-2:Emulex OCe14102-U1-D - 00:90:FA:4C:FE:C3
PartitionCapable:

NIC.Slot.2-1-3:Emulex OCe14102-U1-D - 00:90:FA:4C:FE:C4
PartitionCapable:

NIC.Slot.2-1-4:Emulex OCe14102-U1-D - 00:90:FA:4C:FE:C5
PartitionCapable:

4
```

• To get the list of Infiniband FQDDs, run the following command:

```
racadm hwinventory InfiniBand
InfiniBand.Slot.3-1-1:Mellanox ConnectX-6 Single Port VPI HDR QSFP Adapter -
12:12:12:11:11:BB
PartitionCapable : 1

InfiniBand.Slot.3-1-2:Mellanox ConnectX-6 Single Port VPI HDR QSFP Adapter -
12:12:12:11:11:BB
PartitionCapable : 2
```

• To display the statistics for the NIC FQDD, type the following command:

```
$racadm hwinventory <NIC FQDD>
Total RDMA Packets Received: 0

Total RDMA Packets Transmitted: 0

Total RDMA Bytes Transmitted: 0

Total RDMA Bytes Received: 0

Total RDMA Transmitted ReadRequest Packets: 0

Total RDMA Transmitted Send Packets: 0

Total RDMA Transmitted Write Packets: 0

Total RDMA Protocol Errors: 0

Total RDMA Protection Errors: 0
```

• To get the complete details for NIC.Embedded.1-1-1, type the following command:

```
racadm hwinventory NIC.Embedded.1-1-1
                                                Embedded NIC 1 Port 1 Partition 1
Device Description:
status:
                                                OK
PCI Vendor ID:
                                                14e4
PCI Sub Vendor ID:
                                                1028
PCI Device ID:
                                                165f
PCI Sub Device ID:
                                                08ff
Current MAC Address:
                                               F4:02:70:BF:95:BA
                                               F4:02:70:BF:95:BA
Permanent MAC Address:
Virtual iSCSI MAC Address:
                                                Unavailable
Permanent iSCSI MAC Address:
                                               Unavailable
Virtual FIP MAC Address:
                                                Unavailable
Permanent FIP MAC Address:
                                                Unavailable
Permanent FCoE MAC Address:
                                                Unavailable
Slot Type:
                                                Not Applicable
Data Bus Width:
                                                Unknown
Slot Length:
                                                Not Applicable
Bus Number:
                                                225
                                                0
DeviceNumber:
Function Number:
```

```
Last Update Time:
                                                2021-05-18T07:32:41
Last System Inventory Time:
                                                2021-11-08T09:54:31
                                                Broadcom Gigabit Ethernet BCM5720 -
ProductName:
F4:02:70:BF:95:BA
WWN:
                                                Unavailable
VirtWWN:
                                                Unavailable
WWPN:
                                                Unavailable
VirtWWPN:
                                                Unavailable
Family Version:
                                                21.80.9
Controller BIOS Version:
                                                1.39
EFI Version:
                                                21.6.18
FCoE WWNN:
                                                Unavailable
Vendor Name:
                                                Broadcom Corp
Number of PCI-e Functions
Supported per Port:
Number of PCI-e Functions
Currently Enabled per Port:
OS Driver Version:
                                                214.0.0.6
ISCSI OS Driver Version:
                                                Unavailable
FCOE OS Driver Version:
                                                Unavailable
FC OS Driver Version:
                                                Unavailable
RDMA OS Driver Version:
                                                Unavailable
                                                NIC
Protocol:
Link Duplex:
                                                Not Applicable
Link Speed:
                                                Not Applicable
Auto Negotiated:
                                                Disabled
Transmit Flow Control:
                                                Off
Receive Flow Control:
                                                Off
Media Type:
                                                BASE-T
                                                Not Applicable
NIC Mode:
FCoE Offload Mode:
                                                Not Applicable
iSCSI Offload Mode:
                                                Not Applicable
SNAPI Support:
                                                Not Available
SNAPI State:
                                                Disabled
VPI Support:
                                                Not Available
Update Lockdown Capable:
                                                True
Update Lockdown State:
                                                Disabled
CPU Affinity:
                                                Not Applicable
Max Bandwidth:
                                                Not Applicable
Min Bandwidth:
                                                Not Applicable
Max Number of IOs per session supported:
Number of Max LOGINs per port:
Max Number of exchanges:
                                                0
Max NPIV WWN per port:
Number of Targets Supported:
Max Number of outstanding commands
supported across all sessions:
Virtual Addressing:
                                                Capable
                                                Capable
UEFI:
iSCSI Offload:
                                                Not Capable
iSCSI Boot:
                                                Not Capable
TCP OffloadEngine:
                                                Not Capable
                                                Not Capable
FCoE:
FCoE Boot:
                                                Not Capable
PXE Boot:
                                                Capable
SRIOV:
                                                Not Capable
Wake on LAN:
                                                Capable
                                                Capable
Network Management Pass Through:
OS2BMC PassThrough:
                                                Capable
Energy Efficient Ethernet:
                                                Capable
On Chip Thermal Sensor:
                                                Capable
NPar:
                                                Not Capable
Remote PHY:
                                                Not Capable
Feature Licensing:
                                                Not Capable
IPSec Offload:
                                                Not Capable
MAC Sec:
                                                Not Capable
RDMA:
                                                Not Capable
Enhanced Transmission Selection:
                                                Not Capable
Priority Flow Control:
                                                Not Capable
                                                Not Capable
DCB Exchange Protocol:
Congestion Notification:
                                                Not Capable
VEB-VEPA Single Channel:
                                                Not Capable
VEB:
                                                Not Capable
```

```
VEB-VEPA Multi Channel:
                                               Not Capable
EVB:
                                               Not Capable
                                               Not Capable
BPE.
                                               Not Capable
Open Flow:
Partition WOL Support:
                                               Not Capable
Virtual Link Control:
                                               Not Capable
Partition RX Flow Control:
                                               Not Capable
Partition TX Flow Control:
                                               Not Capable
TX Bandwidth Control Maximum:
                                               Not Capable
TX Bandwidth Control Minimum:
                                               Not Capable
Persistence Policy Capability:
                                               Capable
```

• To get the complete details for NIC.Embedded.2-1-1, type the following command:

```
racadm hwinventory NIC.Embedded.2-1-1
Device Description:
                                                Embedded NIC 1 Port 2 Partition 1
status:
                                                OK
PCI Vendor ID:
                                                14e4
PCI Sub Vendor ID:
                                                1028
                                                165f
PCI Device ID:
PCI Sub Device ID:
                                                08ff
Current MAC Address:
                                                F4:02:70:BF:95:BB
Permanent MAC Address:
                                                F4:02:70:BF:95:BB
Virtual iSCSI MAC Address:
                                                Unavailable
Permanent iSCSI MAC Address:
                                                Unavailable
Virtual FIP MAC Address:
                                                Unavailable
Permanent FIP MAC Address:
                                                Unavailable
Permanent FCoE MAC Address:
                                                Unavailable
Slot Type:
                                                Not Applicable
Data Bus Width:
                                                Unknown
Slot Length:
                                                Not Applicable
Bus Number:
                                                225
DeviceNumber:
Function Number:
Last Update Time:
                                                2021-05-18T07:32:41
Last System Inventory Time:
                                                2021-11-08T09:54:31
ProductName:
                                                Broadcom Gigabit Ethernet BCM5720 -
F4:02:70:BF:95:BB
WWN:
                                                Unavailable
VirtWWN:
                                                Unavailable
WWPN:
                                                Unavailable
VirtWWPN:
                                                Unavailable
                                                21.80.9
Family Version:
Controller BIOS Version:
                                                1.39
EFI Version:
                                                21.6.18
FCoE WWNN:
                                                Unavailable
Vendor Name:
                                                Broadcom Corp
Number of PCI-e Functions
Supported per Port:
Number of PCI-e Functions
Currently Enabled per Port:
OS Driver Version:
                                                214.0.0.6
ISCSI OS Driver Version:
                                                Unavailable
FCOE OS Driver Version:
                                                Unavailable
FC OS Driver Version:
                                                Unavailable
RDMA OS Driver Version:
                                                Unavailable
Protocol:
                                                NIC
Link Duplex:
                                                Full Duplex
                                                1000 Mbps
Link Speed:
Auto Negotiated:
                                                Enabled
Transmit Flow Control:
                                                On
Receive Flow Control:
                                                On
Media Type:
                                                BASE-T
NIC Mode:
                                                Not Applicable
FCoE Offload Mode:
                                                Not Applicable
iSCSI Offload Mode:
                                                Not Applicable
SNAPI Support:
                                                Not Available
SNAPI State:
                                                Disabled
VPI Support:
                                                Not Available
Update Lockdown Capable:
                                                True
Update Lockdown State:
                                                Disabled
```

```
CPU Affinity:
                                                Not Applicable
Max Bandwidth:
                                                Not Applicable
Min Bandwidth:
                                                Not Applicable
Max Number of IOs per session supported:
Number of Max LOGINs per port:
                                                0
Max Number of exchanges:
                                                0
Max NPIV WWN per port:
Number of Targets Supported:
                                                0
Max Number of outstanding commands
supported across all sessions:
                                                Ω
Virtual Addressing:
                                                Capable
UEFI:
                                                Capable
iSCSI Offload:
                                                Not Capable
iSCSI Boot:
                                                Not Capable
TCP OffloadEngine:
                                                Not Capable
FCoE:
                                                Not Capable
FCoE Boot:
                                                Not Capable
PXE Boot:
                                                Capable
                                                Not Capable
SRIOV:
Wake on LAN:
                                                Capable
Network Management Pass Through:
                                                Capable
OS2BMC PassThrough:
                                                Capable
Energy Efficient Ethernet:
                                                Capable
On Chip Thermal Sensor:
                                                Capable
NPar:
                                                Not Capable
Remote PHY:
                                                Not Capable
Feature Licensing:
                                                Not Capable
IPSec Offload:
                                                Not Capable
MAC Sec:
                                                Not Capable
                                                Not Capable
RDMA:
Enhanced Transmission Selection:
                                                Not Capable
Priority Flow Control:
                                                Not Capable
DCB Exchange Protocol:
                                                Not Capable
Congestion Notification:
                                                Not Capable
VEB-VEPA Single Channel:
                                                Not Capable
VEB:
                                                Not Capable
VEB-VEPA Multi Channel:
                                                Not Capable
EVB:
                                                Not Capable
BPE:
                                                Not Capable
Open Flow:
                                                Not Capable
Partition WOL Support:
                                                Not Capable
Virtual Link Control:
                                                Not Capable
Partition RX Flow Control:
                                                Not Capable
Partition TX Flow Control:
                                               Not Capable
TX Bandwidth Control Maximum:
                                                Not Capable
TX Bandwidth Control Minimum:
                                                Not Capable
Persistence Policy Capability:
                                                Capable
```

• To get the complete details for InfiniBand.Slot.3-1-1, type the following command:

```
racadm hwinventory InfiniBand.Slot.3-1-1
Device Description:
                                                InfiniBand in Slot 3 Port 1 Partition 1
status:
                                                Ok
                                                15b3
PCI Vendor ID:
PCI Sub Vendor ID:
                                                15b3
PCI Device ID:
                                               101b
PCI Sub Device ID:
                                                0022
Current (Virtual) MAC Address:
                                                12:12:12:11:11:BB
Permanent MAC Address:
                                               98:03:9B:9F:53:12
Virtual iSCSI MAC Address:
                                               Not Available
Permanent iSCSI MAC Address:
                                               Not Available
Virtual Port GUID Address:
                                               Not Available
Permanent Port GUID Address:
                                               9803:9B03:009F:5312
Node GUID Address:
                                                9803:9B03:009F:5312
Virtual Node GUID Address:
                                                1234:1234:1111:2222
Permanent FCoE MAC Address:
                                               Not Available
Slot Type:
                                                PCI Express Gen 4
Data Bus Width:
                                                8x or x8
Slot Length:
                                                Long Length
Bus Number:
                                                161
                                                0
DeviceNumber:
```

```
Function Number:
Last Update Time:
                                                20200620115358.000000+000
                                                20200620120506.000000+000
Last System Inventory Time:
                                                Mellanox ConnectX-6 Single Port VPI HDR
ProductName:
QSFP Adapter - 12:12:12:11:11:BB
UEFI Device Path:
                                                PciRoot(0x5)/Pci(0x3,0x1)/Pci(0x0,0x0)/
MAC (1212121111BB, 0x1)
                                                20.27.40.52
Family Version:
Controller BIOS Version:
                                                Not Available
EFI Version:
                                                14.20.25
Vendor Name:
                                                Mellanox Technologies, Inc.
Number of PCI-e Functions
Supported per Port:
Number of PCI-e Functions
Currently Enabled per Port:
LAN Driver Version:
                                               Not Available
InfiniBand OS Driver Version:
                                               5.0-0
                                               Not Available
ISCSI OS Driver Version:
FCoEOS Driver Version:
                                                Not Available
FC OS Driver Version:
                                               Not Available
RDMA OS Driver Version:
                                               Not Available
Media Type:
                                                SFFCAGE
Protocol:
                                                InfiniBand
SNAPI Support:
                                               Available
SNAPI State:
                                                Enabled
VPI Support:
                                                Available
Virtual(Flex) Addressing:
                                               Capable
UEFI:
                                                Capable
iSCSI Offload:
                                                Not Capable
iSCSI Boot:
                                                Capable
TCP OffloadEngine:
                                               Not Capable
PXE Boot:
                                                Capable
SRIOV:
                                                Capable
Wake on LAN:
                                               Not Capable
Network Management Pass Through:
                                               Capable
OS2BMC PassThrough:
                                                Capable
Energy Efficient Ethernet:
                                               Not Capable
On Chip Thermal Sensor:
                                               Capable
NPar:
                                                Capable
Remote PHY:
                                                Not Capable
Feature Licensing:
                                                Not Capable
IPSec Offload:
                                                Not Capable
MAC Sec:
                                                Not Capable
RDMA:
                                                Capable
Enhanced Transmission Selection:
                                                Not Capable
Priority Flow Control:
                                                Not Capable
DCB Exchange Protocol:
                                                Not Capable
Congestion Notification:
                                                Not Capable
VEB-VEPA Single Channel:
                                                Not Capable
VEB-VEPA Multi Channel:
                                                Not Capable
EVB:
                                                Not Capable
BPE:
                                                Not Capable
Open Flow:
                                                Not Capable
Partition WOL Support:
                                               Not Capable
                                                Capable
Virtual Link Control:
Partition RX Flow Control:
                                                Not Capable
                                               Not Capable
Partition TX Flow Control:
TX Bandwidth Control Maximum:
                                               Capable
TX Bandwidth Control Minimum:
                                                Capable
Persistence Policy Capability:
                                                Capable
Supported Link Width:
                                                1X,2X,4X
Supported Link Speed:
                                                SDR, DDR, QDR, FDR, EDR, HDR
```

• To get the list of network transceivers, type the following command:

```
racadm hwinventory networktransceiver
NIC.Slot.2-1-1
NIC.Slot.2-2-1
NIC.Slot.3-1-1
FC.Slot.6-2
```

To display the network transceiver properties with FQDD, type the following command:

```
racadm hwinventory networktransceiver NIC.Slot.1-2-1

Vendor Name: DELL

Part Number: 3YWG7

Serial Number: CN0136039120031

Revision: A0

Identifier Type: SFP/SFP+/SFP28
```

• To export the inventory to a remote CIFS share, type the following command:

```
racadm hwinventory export -f Myinventory.xml -u admin -p xxx -1 //1.2.3.4/share
```

To export the inventory to a remote NFS share, type the following command:

```
racadm hwinventory export -f Myinventory.xml -u admin -p xxx -l 1.2.3.4:/share
```

• To export the inventory to local file system using local Racadm, type the following command:

```
racadm hwinventory export -f Myinventory.xml
```

• To export the inventory to a remote HTTP share:

```
racadm hwinventory export -f Myinventory.xml -u httpuser -p httppass -l http://
test.com/share
```

• To export the inventory to a remote HTTPS share:

```
racadm hwinventory export -f Myinventory.xml -u httpuser -p httppass -l http://
test.com/share
```

To display the information about pro-accelerators and its FQDD's:

```
racadm hwinventory accelerator
```

 To display the Standard hardware inventory verbose description for the ProcAccelerator.Slot.8-1, type the following command:

To display the information about InfiniBand Cards and its FQDD's:

```
racadm hwinventory InfiniBand
```

To display the Standard hardware inventory verbose description for the FC.Slot.2-1, type the following command:

```
racadm hwinventory FC.Slot.2-1
PCI Vendor ID:
                                                 1077
PCI Sub Vendor ID:
                                                 1077
                                                 2532
PCI Device ID:
PCI Sub Device ID:
                                                 015c
PCI Bus:
                                                 67
                                                 Ω
PCI Device:
PCI Function:
                                                 0
Vendor Name:
                                                 Unavailable
Device Name:
                                                 QLogic QLE2560 8Gb Fibre Channel
```

```
Adapter - 21000024FF089D8A
WWN:
                                                20:00:00:24:FF:08:9D:8A
Virt.WWN:
                                                20:00:00:24:FF:08:9D:8A
WWPN:
                                                21:00:00:24:FF:08:9D:8A
VirtWWPN:
                                                21:00:00:24:FF:08:9D:8A
Chip Type:
                                                ISP2532
                                                02.57.14
Family Version:
EFI Version:
                                                2.34
OS Driver Version:
                                                Unavailable
First FC Target WWPN:
                                                50:06:01:60:44:60:28:8C
First FC Target LUN:
Second FC Target WWPN:
Second FC Target LUN:
                                                00:00:00:00:00:00:00
Hard Zone Address:
                                                Disabled
Hard Zone Enable:
FC Tape Enable:
                                                Disabled
Loop reset Delay:
                                                2048
Frame Payload Size :
                                                0
Fabric Login Retry Count:
Fabric Login Timeout:
                                                Ω
Port Login Retry Count:
                                                8
Port Login Timeout:
                                                3000
Port Down Retry Count:
                                                4.5
Port Down Timeout:
                                                0
Link Down Timeout:
                                                45000
Port Number:
                                                1
Port Speed:
No capabilities found for FQDD "FC.Slot.2-1"
racadm>> racadm hwinventory FC.Slot.3-1
                                                1077
PCI Vendor ID:
PCI Sub Vendor ID:
                                                1077
PCI Device ID:
                                                2031
PCI Sub Device ID:
                                                0256
PCI Bus:
                                                4
                                                0
PCI Device:
PCI Function:
                                                0
Vendor Name:
                                                QLogic
                                                QLogic QLE2660 16Gb FC Adapter -
Device Name:
2001000E1E091075
WWN:
                                                20:00:00:0E:1E:09:10:75
VirtWWN:
                                                20:00:00:0E:1E:09:10:75
WWPN:
                                                20:01:00:0E:1E:09:10:75
VirtWWPN:
                                                20:01:00:0E:1E:09:10:75
Chip Type:
                                                8324, Rev. 02
                                                02.00.84
Family Version:
EFI Version:
                                                5.30
                                                9.1.10.27
OS Driver Version:
First FC Target WWPN:
                                                00:00:00:00:00:00:00
First FC Target LUN:
Second FC Target WWPN:
                                                00:00:00:00:00:00:00
Second FC Target LUN:
Hard Zone Address:
Hard Zone Enable:
                                                Disabled
FC Tape Enable:
                                                Disabled
Loop reset Delay:
Frame Payload Size :
                                                2048
Fabric Login Retry Count:
                                                0
Fabric Login Timeout:
Port Login Retry Count:
Port Login Timeout:
                                                3000
Port Down Retry Count:
                                                30
Port Down Timeout:
Link Down Timeout:
                                                30000
Port Number:
Port Speed:
Max Number of IOs per connection supported:
Maximum number of Logins per port:
Maximum number of exchanges:
                                                9
Maximum NPIV per port:
                                                1
Maximum number of FC Targets supported:
                                                8
Maximum number of outstanding commands across all connections: 9
Flex Addressing:
                                                Capable
UEFI:
                                                Capable
```

ifconfig

Table 68. Details of ifconfig

| Description | Displays the contents of the network interface table. |
|-------------|---|
| | To use this subcommand, you must have the Execute Diagnostic Commands permission. |
| Synopsis | racadm ifconfig |
| Input | N/A |

Table 69. Example

| eth0 | Link encap:Ethernet HWaddr 00:1D:09:FF:DA:23 inet addr:192.168.0.0 Bcast:192.168.0.255 Mask:255.255.255.0 UP BROADCAST RUNNING MULTICAST MTU:1500 Metric:1 RX packets:2550665 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 frame:0 TX packets:0 errors:0 dropped:0 overruns:0 carrier:0 collisions:0 txqueuelen:1000 RX bytes:272532097 (259.9 MiB) TX bytes:0 (0.0 B) |
|------|---|
|------|---|

iLKM

Table 70. Details of iLKM

| Description | The iLKM subcommand allows you to enable or disable iLKM support for a server, and rekey iLKM-supported devices on a server. |
|-------------|--|
| | To run this subcommand, you must have the following privileges: |
| | Enable—server control and configure iDRAC privileges Disable—server control and configure iDRAC privileges Rekey—server control and configure iDRAC privileges Getstatus—login privileges |
| Synopsis | (i) NOTE: To run enable or disable subcommands, the target server must have SEKM license. |
| | To get iLKM status. |
| | racadm ilkm getstatus |
| | To enable iLKM feature. |
| | racadm ilkm enable -keyid <keyid> -passphrase <password></password></keyid> |
| | To disable iLKM feature. |
| | racadm ilkm disable |
| | To request iDRAC to rekey all iLKM devices. |
| | <pre>racadm ilkm rekey -oldpassphrase <password> -newkeyid <keyid> -newpassphrase <password></password></keyid></password></pre> |

Table 70. Details of iLKM (continued)

| Input | -keyid—Key Identifier -passphrase—Password -oldpassphrase—Old Password -newkeyid—New Key ID -newpassphrase—New Password |
|---------|---|
| Example | To get iLKM status. racadm ilkm getstatus To enable iLKM feature. racadm ilkm enable -keyid keyID -passphrase password To disable iLKM feature. racadm ilkm disable To request iDRAC to rekey all iLKM devices. racadm ilkm rekey -oldpassphrase password -newkeyid keyID -newpassphrase |
| | pasword |

infinibandstatistics

Table 71. Details of infiniband statistics

| Description | Displays the list of InfiniBand devices managed by the server | r for which statistics are available. |
|-------------|---|---------------------------------------|
| Synopsis | racadm infinibandstatistics <infiniband< td=""><td>FQDD></td></infiniband<> | FQDD> |
| Input | • <infiniband fqdd=""> — The fully qualified device des (i) NOTE: Partition Driver State and Partition for infinibandstatistics.</infiniband> | · |
| Example | Display the statistics of all InfiniBand devices managed by racadm infinibandstatistics Display the statistics of the InfiniBand specified by InfiniBand infinibandstatistics InfiniBand in Device Description: | Band.Slot.3-1. |

Table 71. Details of infinibandstatistics (continued)

```
Total Bytes Received:
                                                 Not Applicable
   Total Bytes Transmitted:
                                                 Not Applicable
   Total Unicast Bytes Received:
                                                 Not Applicable
                                                 Not Applicable
   Total Multicast Bytes Received:
   Total Broadcast Bytes Received:
                                                Not Applicable
                                                 Not Applicable
Not Applicable
   Total Unicast Bytes Transmitted:
   Total Multicast Bytes Transmitted:
                                                Not Applicable
   Total Broadcast Bytes Transmitted:
                                                 Not Applicable
   FCS Error Packets Received:
   Alignment Error Packets Received:
                                                 Not Applicable
                                               Not Applicable
   False Carrier Error Packets Received:
   Runt Frames Received:
                                                 Not Applicable
   Jabber Error Frames Received:
                                                 Not Applicable
   Total Pause XON Frames Received:
                                                 Not Applicable
   Total Pause XOFF Frames Received:
                                                 Not Applicable
   Discarded Packets:
                                                  0
   Total Pause XON Frames Transmitted:
                                                 Not Applicable
   Total Pause XOFF Frames Transmitted:
                                                 Not Applicable
   Single Collision Frames Transmitted:
                                                 Not Applicable
   Multiple Collision Frames Transmitted:
                                                 Not Applicable
                                                 Not Applicable
   Late Collision Frames Transmitted:
   Excessive Collision Frames Transmitted:
                                                 Not Applicable
   Link Status:
                                                  Down
   Link Width:
                                                  Not Available
   Link Speed:
                                                  Not Available
   Partition Link Status:
                                                  Uр
   Partition Driver State:
                                                  Operational
(i) NOTE: When Port, Partition or RDMA statistics are not available, the output displays No Port/
  Partition/RDMA Statistics found for FQDD < Infiniband FQDD>.
```

inlettemphistory

Table 72. Details of inlettemphistory

| Description | Displays the average and the peak temperatures during the last hour, day, week, month, or year. Also Exports the inlet temperature history data file. The file can be exported to a remote file share, local file system, or the management station. |
|-------------|---|
| | NOTE: For FM120x4 systems, this subcommand provides the historical data for system board temperature. |
| Synopsis | racadm inlettemphistory get |
| | <pre>racadm inlettemphistory export -f <filename> -u <username> -p <password>\ -1 <location> -t <export file="" type=""></export></location></password></username></filename></pre> |
| | <pre>racadm -r <idrac ip=""> -u <idrac username=""> -p <idrac password=""> inlettemphistory\ export -f <filename> -u <username> -p <password> -l <location> -t <export file="" type=""></export></location></password></username></filename></idrac></idrac></idrac></pre> |
| | • |
| | This command does not support setting the proxy parameters if the share location (-I) is HTTP/HTTPS. To perform the operation with HTTP or HTTPS through a proxy, the proxy parameters must be first configured using the lifecyclecontroller.lcattributes. Once these proxy parameters are configured, they become the part of default configuration; the proxy attributes should be cleared to end use of the HTTP/HTTPS proxy. |
| | The valid lifecyclecontroller.lcattributes HTTP/HTTPS proxy parameters are: • UserProxyUserName |

Table 72. Details of inlettemphistory (continued)

- UserProxyPassword
- UserProxyServer
- UserProxyPort
- UserProxyType

To view the list of proxy attributes, use racadm get lifecycleController.lcAttributes.

Input

- f Exports inlet temperature history filename. The maximum length of this parameter is 64 characters.
 - (i) **NOTE:** If a file with the specified filename exists, then the older file is replaced with the new history file.
- -u User name of the remote share to export the file. Specify user name in a domain as domain or username.
- -p Password for the remote share to where the file must be exported.
- -1 Network share location to where the inlet temperature history must be exported. The maximum length of this parameter is 256 characters.
 - i) NOTE: The supported network locations are CIFS, NFS, HTTP, and HTTPS.
- -t Specifies the exported file type. Valid values are xml and csv. These values are case-insensitive.
- NOTE: From firmware RACADM, only export to a remote share is supported. The behavior of remote share is not defined when the path specified (-1) contains special characters.
- (i) **NOTE:** This command supports both IPV4 and IPV6 formats. IPV6 is applicable for CIFS and NFS type remote shares.

Example

Export the log to a remote CIFS share.

racadm inlettemphistory export -f Mylog.xml -u admin -p xxx -l // 1.2.3.4/share -t xml

• Export the log to a remote HTTP share.

racadm inlettemphistory export -f Mylog.xml -u httpuser -p httppwd\n
-l http://test.com -t xml

Export the log to a remote HTTPS share.

racadm inlettemphistory export -f Mylog.xml -u httpsuser -p httpspwd\n -l https://test.com -t xml

Export the log to a remote NFS share.

racadm inlettemphistory export -f Mylog.csv -l 1.2.3.4:/home/user -t csv

Export the log to a remote FTP share.

racadm inlettemphistory export -f Mylog.csv -u ftpuser -p ftppwd -l ftp://test.com/share -t csv $^{-1}$

Export the log to a remote TFTP share.

racadm inlettemphistory export -f Mylog.csv -l tftp://test.com/share -t
csv

• Export the log to local file system using Local RACADM.

racadm inlettemphistory export -f Mylog.xml -t xml

• Export the log to management station using Remote RACADM.

racadm -r 1.2.3.4 -u user -p xxx inlettemphistory export -f Mylog.csv -t csv $\,$

Table 72. Details of inlettemphistory (continued)

```
    View the inlet temperature history.

    racadm inlettemphistory get
    Duration Above Warning Threshold as Percentage = 0.0%
    Duration Above Critical Threshold as Percentage = 0.0\%
   Average Temperatures
   Last Hour = 23C ( 73.4F )
Last Day = 24C ( 75.2F )
   Last Day = 24C ( 75.2F )
Last Week = 24C ( 77.0F )
   Last Month = 25C ( 77.0F )
   Last Year = 23C (73.4F)
   Peak Temperatures
   Last Hour = 23C ( 73.4F ) [At Wed, 21 May 2017 11:00:57]
Last Day = 25C ( 77.0F ) [At Tue, 21 May 2017 15:37:23]
   Last Week = 27C ( 80.6F ) [At Fri, 20 May 2017 10:38:20]
   Last Month = 29C ( 84.2F ) [At Wed, 16 May 2017 15:34:13]
Last Year = 29C ( 84.2F ) [At Wed, 16 May 2017 15:34:13]

    Configure the proxy parameter.

    racadm set lifecyclecontroller.lcattributes.UserProxyUsername admin1

    Remove the the proxy parameter.

    racadm set lifecyclecontroller.lcattributes.UserProxyUsername

    View the list of proxy attributes.

    racadm get lifecycleController.lcAttributes
```

jobqueue

Table 73. Details of jobqueue

| Description | Enables you to view and delete a job or jobs in the current Job Queue. (i) NOTE: • To run this subcommand, you must have the Server control privilege. • If an unexpected error message is displayed for any operation, ensure you delete some jobs in the jobqueue and retry the operation. • Use jobqueue create command after applying a pending device configuration. Else, you may see a job creation and deletion in the Iclog. • Multi-object Set commands using XML, or JSON files do NOT require a jobqueue create command; jobs will be automatically created by the Set command. |
|-------------|--|
| Synopsis | racadm jobqueue view -i <jobid></jobid> |
| | racadm jobqueue delete [-i <jobid>][all]</jobid> |
| | where valid options are -i andall. |
| | <pre>racadm jobqueue create <fqdd> [-r <reboot type="">] [-s <start time="">] [-e <expiry time="">]</expiry></start></reboot></fqdd></pre> |
| | <pre>racadm jobqueue create <fqdd> [-r <reboot type="">] [-s <start time="">] [-e <expiration time="">] [realtime]</expiration></start></reboot></fqdd></pre> |

Table 73. Details of jobqueue (continued)

Input

- -i Specifies a job ID that is displayed or deleted.
 - i NOTE: The value JID_CLEARALL will force delete all the possible jobs in the queue.
- --all The job IDs that are not applicable are deleted.
- -fqdd Specifies an FQDD for which a job should be created.
- -r <reboot type> Specifies a reboot type.
 - o none No Reboot Job. This option is the default value.
 - o pwrcycle Power cycle.
 - o graceful Graceful Reboot without forced shut down.
 - o forced Graceful Reboot with forced shut down.
- start time Specifies a start time for job scheduled in the yyyymmddhhmmss format. TIME_NOW means immediate. Next Reboot means job is in scheduled state until the next manual restart.
- expiry time Specifies expiry time for the job execution in the yyyymmddhhmmss format. The job must start by this time. TIME_NA means expiry time is not applicable.
- --realtime Specifies the real time job.

(i) NOTE:

- --realtime is applicable for storage configuration commands run on PowerEdge servers with PERC 9 or newer storage controllers. To check if the controller supports realtime capability, run storage get controllers -o
 -p RealtimeConfigurationCapability command.
- -r option is not valid for real time configuration.

Example

• View jobs in the current job queue.

racadm jobqueue view

• View status of a specific job ID.

racadm jobqueue view -i <JobID>

• Issue configuration changes for a PowerEdge RAID controller then start a real time job to execute the changes.

racadm set RAID.Slot.3-1.RAIDdefaultWritePolicy WriteBack
racadm set RAID.Slot.3-1.Name "Prod Workload"
racadm jobqueue create RAID.Slot.3-1 -realtime

• Delete all possible jobs from the current job queue.

racadm jobqueue delete --all

• Delete a specific job from the current job queue.

racadm jobqueue delete -i <JobID>

• To clear all the jobs in the job queue.

racadm jobqueue delete -i JID CLEARALL

• Create a Job for the provided FQDD and add to the job queue.

racadm jobqueue create NIC.Integrated.1-1 -r pwrcycle -s $\tt TIME \ NOW \ -e \ 20120501100000$

- (i) **NOTE:** As RACADM does not support warm boot job creation, you will not observe any LCL messages.
- Create a real time configuration job for the specified RAID controller.

racadm jobqueue create RAID.Integrated.1-1 -s TIME_NOW -realTime

Table 73. Details of jobqueue (continued)

```
RAC1024: Successfully scheduled a job.

Verify the job status using "racadm jobqueue view -i

JID_xxxxx" command.

Commit JID = JID_927008261880

Create a commit job for InfiniBand objects.

racadm jobqueue create <InfiniBand FQDD>
```

krbkeytabupload

Table 74. details of krbkeytabupload

| Description | Uploads a Kerberos keytab file to iDRAC. |
|-------------|---|
| | To run this subcommand, you must have the Server Control privilege. |
| Synopsis | racadm krbkeytabupload [-f <filename>]</filename> |
| | <filename> is the name of the file including the path.</filename> |
| Input | -f — Specifies the filename of the keytab uploaded. If the file is not specified, the keytab file in the current directory is selected. |
| Output | When successful Kerberos Keytab successfully uploaded to the RAC message is displayed. If unsuccessful, appropriate error message is displayed. |
| Example | racadm krbkeytabupload -f c:\keytab\krbkeytab.tab |

Iclog

Table 75. Details of Iclog

| Description | Allows you to: Export the lifecycle log history. The log exports to remote or local share location. View the lifecycle log for a particular device or category Add comment to a record in lifecycle log Add a work note (an entry) in the lifecycle log View the status of a configuration job. NOTE: When you run this command on Local RACADM, the data is available to RACADM as a USB partition and may display a pop-up message. While Lifecycle Controller is running for racadm commands, you cannot perform other operation which needs Lifecycle Controller Partition. If the Lifecycle Controller Partition is unreleased (because of improper closure of racadm command in the partition), then you must wait 20-35 minutes to clear the Lifecycle Controller Partition |
|-------------|--|
|-------------|--|

Synopsis

racadm lclog comment edit -q <sequence number> -m <Text to be added>

racadm lclog view -i <number of records> -a <agent id> -c <category> -s <severity> -b <sub-category> -q <sequence no> -n <number of records> -r <start timestamp> -e <end timestamp>

racadm lclog export -f <filename> -u <username> -p <password> -l <CIFS or NFS or HTTP or HTTPS or TFTP or FTP share>

racadm lclog export -f <filename> -u <username> -p <password> -1 <CIFS or NFS or HTTP or HTTPS or TFTP or FTP share> --complete

racadm -r <idracip> -u <idrac username> -p <idrac password> lclog export\
-f <filename> -u <username> -p <password> -l <CIFS or NFS or HTTP or
HTTPS or TFTP or FTP share>

racadm -r <idracip> -u <idrac username> -p <idrac password> lclog export\ -f <filename> -u <username> -p <password> -l <CIFS or NFS or HTTP or HTTPS or TFTP or FTP share> -- complete

racadm lclog viewconfigresult -j <job ID>

racadm lclog worknote add -m <text to be added>

Input

- -i—Displays the number of records present in the active log.
- -a—The agent ID used to filter the records. Only one agent ID is accepted. The value is caseinsensitive. Valid Agent-ID values:
 - o UEFI SS USC
 - o CusOsUp
 - o UEFI Inventory
 - o iDRAC
 - o UEFI DCS
 - o SEL
 - o RACLOG
 - o DE
 - o WSMAN
 - o RACADM
 - o iDRAC_GUI
- -k—Filters the records based on the filter string provided in **racadm Iclog view** command.
- -c The category used to filter the records. Provides multiple categories using a "," as the delimiter.
 The value is case-insensitive. Valid category values:
 - o System
 - o Storage
 - o Worknotes
 - o Config
 - o Updates
 - o Audit
- -b —The subcategory used to filter the records. Provides multiple subcategories using a "," as the delimiter.
- -q—The sequence number from which the records must be displayed. Records older than this sequence number is displayed.
 - NOTE: This parameter input is an integer. If an alphanumeric input is provided, then invalid subcommand syntax error is displayed.

- -n—Specifies the n number of records that must be displayed. On Local RACADM, if this parameter is not specified, by default 100 logs are retrieved.
- -r—Displays events that have occurred after this time. The time format is yyyy-mm-dd HH:MM:SS. The time stamp must be provided within double quotation marks.
- -e—Displays events that have occurred before this time. The time format is yyyy-mm-dd HH:MM:SS. The time stamp must be provided within double quotation marks.
- -f <filename>—Specifies the file location and name where lifecycle log is exported.
- -a <name>—Specifies the FTP Server IP address or FQDN, user name, and password.
- -1 <location>—Specifies the location of the network share or area on file system where lifecycle log is exported. Two types of network shares are supported:
 - o SMB-mounted path: //<ipaddress or domain name>/<share_name>/<path to image>
 - \circ NFS-mounted path: <ipaddress>:/<path to image>.
- -u <user>—Specifies the user name for accessing the FTP server, or Domain and user name for accessing network share location.
- -p <password>—Specifies the password for accessing the FTP server or share location.
- -s—The severity used to filter the records. Provide multiple severities using a "," as the delimiter. The value is case-insensitive. Valid Severity values:
 - o Warning
 - o Critical
 - o Info
- -m <Comment> User comment string for a record that must be inserted in the Lifecycle Controller log. This comment string must be less than 128 characters. The text must be specified within double quotation mark.
 - i NOTE: HTML-specific characters may appear as escaped text.
- -m <Worknote>—Adds a worknote (an entry) in the Lifecycle log. This worknote must be less than 256 characters. The text must be specified within double quotation mark.
 - i NOTE: HTML-specific characters may appear as escaped text.
- (i) NOTE: For -m <worknote> and -m <comment> options, you need test alert privilege.
- --complete—Export the complete Lifecycle log as a compressed file. The exported file is of the type .xml.gz.
- -j<Job ID>—Specifies the Job ID.

Example

• Display the number of records present in the Lifecycle log.

racadm lclog view -i

• Display the records containing the string session

racadm lclog view -k session

• Display the iDRAC agent idrac records, under the storage category and storage physical disk drive subcategory, with severity set to warning.

racadm lclog view -a idrac -c storage -b pdr -s warning

• Display the records under storage and system categories with severities set to warning or critical.

racadm lclog view -c storage, system -s warning, critical

• Display the records having severities set to warning or critical, starting from sequence number 4.

racadm lclog view -s warning, critical -q 4

• Display 5 records starting from sequence number 20.

racadm lclog view -q 20 -n 5

● Display all records of events that have occurred between 2011-01-02 23:33:40 and 2011-01-03 00:32:15.

```
racadm lclog view -r "2011-01-02 23:33:40" -e "2011-01-03 00:32:15"
```

• Display all the available records from the active Lifecycle log.

```
racadm lclog view
```

- (i) NOTE: If output is not returned when this command is used remotely, then retry increasing the remote RACADM timeout value. To increase the timeout value, run the command racadm set iDRAC.Racadm.Timeout <value>. Alternatively, you can retrieve few records.
- Add a comment to record number 5 in the Lifecycle log.

```
racadm lclog comment edit -q 5 -m "This is a test comment."
```

• Add a worknote to the Lifecycle log.

```
racadm lclog worknote add -m "This is a test worknote."
```

• Export the complete Lifecycle log in gzip format to a remote FTP share

```
racadm lclog export -f log.xml.gz -u ftppuser -p ftppwd -l ftp:// 192.168.0/\text{share}
```

• Export the complete Lifecycle log in gzip format to a remote TFTP share

```
racadm lclog export -f log.xml.gz tftp://192.168.0.1/
```

• Export the Lifecycle log to a remote FTP share

```
racadm lclog export -f Mylog.xml -u ftppuser -p ftppwd -l ftp://
192.168.0/share
```

• Export the Lifecycle log to a remote TFTP share

```
racadm lclog export -f Mylog.xml tftp://192.168.0.1/
```

• Export the Lifecycle log to a remote CIFS share.

```
racadm lclog export -f Mylog.xml -u admin -p xxx -l //192.168.0/share
```

• Export the complete Lifecycle log in gzip format to a remote CIFS share.

```
racadm lclog export -f log.xml.gz -u admin -p xxx -l //192.168.0/share
--complete
```

• Export the Lifecycle log to a remote NFS share.

```
racadm lclog export -f Mylog.xml -l 192.168.0:/home/lclog_user
```

• Export the Lifecycle log to a local share using Local RACADM.

```
racadm lclog export -f Mylog.xml
```

Export the complete Lifecycle log in gzip format to a local share using Local RACADM.

```
racadm lclog export -f log.xml.gz --complete
```

• Export the Lifecycle log lclog to a local share using Remote RACADM.

```
racadm -r 192.168.0 -u admin -p xxx lclog export -f Mylog.xml
```

• Display the status of the specified Job ID with Lifecycle Controller.

```
racadm lclog viewconfigresult -j JID_123456789012
```

```
    Export the complete Lifecycle Log in gzip format to a remote HTTP share:
        racadm lclog export -f log.xml.gz -u httpuser -p httppwd -l http://
        test.com
    Export the complete Lifecycle Log in gzip format to a remote HTTPS share
        racadm lclog export -f log.xml.gz -u httpsuser -p httpspwd -l https://
        test.com
    Export the Life Cycle Log to a remote HTTP share
        racadm lclog export -f Mylog.xml -u httpuser -p httppwd -l http://
        test.com
    Export the Life Cycle Log to a remote HTTPS share
        racadm lclog export -f Mylog.xml -u httpsuser -p httpspwd -l https://
        test.com
```

license

Table 76. license

| Description | Manages the hardware licenses. |
|-------------|---|
| Synopsis | • racadm license view [-c <component>]</component> |
| | • racadm license import [-f <licensefile>] -l <location> -u <username> -p <password> -c <component> [-o]</component></password></username></location></licensefile> |
| | • racadm license import -u <username> -p <password> -f file name>\ -l <location> -c <fqdd> [-o]</fqdd></location></password></username> |
| | • racadm license export -f cense file> [-l <location>] [-u <username>] [-p <password>] -e <id> -c <component></component></id></password></username></location> |
| | • racadm license export -u <username> -p <password> -f file name>\ -l <location> -t <transaction id=""></transaction></location></password></username> |
| | • racadm license export -u <username> -p <password> -f file name>\ -l <locaton> -e <entitlement id=""></entitlement></locaton></password></username> |
| | • racadm license export -u <username> -p <password> -f file name>\ -l <location> -c <fqdd></fqdd></location></password></username> |
| | • racadm license delete -t <transaction id=""> [-0]</transaction> |
| | • racadm license delete -e <entitlement id=""> [-o]</entitlement> |
| | • racadm license delete -c <component> [-o]</component> |
| Input | view — View license information. import — Installs a new license. export — Exports a license file. delete — Deletes a license from the system. -1 <remote location="" share=""> — Network share location from where the license file must be imported. Possible locations are NFS, CIFS, HTTP, HTTPS, FTP, TFTP.</remote> |

Table 76. license (continued)

If the file is on a shared location, then -u <share user> and -p <share password> must be used.

- NOTE: Using an invalid or unreachable IP for remote share (HTTP, HTTPS, FTP, TFTP) may not return an error message.
- -f Filename or path to the license file
- -e <ID> Specifies the entitlement ID of the license file that must be exported
- -t <ID> Specifies the transaction ID.
- -c <component> Specifies the component name on which the license is installed.
- -o Overrides the End User License Agreement (EULA) warning and imports, replaces or deletes the license.
- -u Username of the system where the file will be exported.
- -p Password of the user on the system where the file will be exported.
- (i) **NOTE:** Only a user with **Server Control** and **Configure iDRAC** privilege can run the import, delete, and replace commands.
- i NOTE: For export license, you need Login and Configure iDRAC privilege.
- (i) **NOTE:** This command supports both IPV4 and IPV6 formats. IPV6 is applicable for CIFS and NFS type remote shares.

Examples

• View all License Information on System.

```
$racadm license view
```

```
iDRAC.Embedded.1
                            = OK
       Status
                           = iDRAC.Embedded.1
       Device
       Device Description = iDRAC
       Unique Identifier
                           = H1VGF2S
               License #1
                                          = OK
                       Status
                       Transaction ID
                                           = 5
                       License Description = iDRAC Enterprise License
                       License Type
                                           = PERPETUAL
                       Entitlement ID
                                          = Q3XJmvoxZdJVSuZemDehlcrd
                       License Bound
                                           = H1VGF2S
                       Expiration
                                           = Not Applicable
```

Import a new license to a specific device in a known location.

```
$racadm license import -f license.xml -l //shareip/sharename
-u <share user> -p <share user password> -c idrac.embedded.1
```

• Import a license from a CIFS share to a device, in this case Embedded iDRAC.

```
racadm license import -u admin -p xxx -f License.xml -l //192.168.0/licshare -c idrac.embedded.1
```

Import a license from an NFS share to a device, in this case Embedded iDRAC.

```
racadm license import -f Licen.xml -l 192.168.0:/share -c idrac.embedded.1
```

Import a license from an HTTP share to a device, in this case Embedded iDRAC.

```
racadm license import -f Licen.xml -u httpuser -p httppswd -l http://test.com -c
idrac.embedded.1
```

Import a license from an HTTPS share to a device, in this case Embedded iDRAC.

```
racadm license import -f Licen.xml -u httpsuser -p httpspswd -l https://test.com -c
idrac.embedded.1
```

• Import a license from an FTP share to a device, in this case Embedded iDRAC.

racadm license import -f Licen.xml -u ftpuser -p ftppwd -l ftp://test.com/share -c
idrac.embedded.1

• Import a license from an TFTP share to a device, in this case Embedded iDRAC.

racadm license import -f Licen.xml -l tftp://test.com/share -c idrac.embedded.1

• Import a license by overriding the EULA warning.

racadm license import -u admin -p passwd -f License.xml -l //192.168.0/licshare -c idrac.embedded.1 -o

-Import a license from the local filesystem using local racadm: racadm license import -f License.xml -c idrac.embedded.1

-Import a license from the local filesystem using remote racadm: racadm license import -f C:\Mylicdir\License.xml -c idrac.embedded.1

Import a license from the local file system using Local RACADM.

racadm license import -f License.xml -c idrac.embedded.1

Import a license from the local file system using Remote RACADM.

racadm -r 192.168.0.1 -u admin -p xxx license import -f C:\Mylicdir\License.xml -c
idrac.embedded.1

• Export a license file.

racadm license export -f license.xml -l 192.168.0:/share -u uname -p xxx -c iDRAC.Embedded.1

Instead of -c, you can use -e <ID> or -t <ID>

For Remote RACADM, if filename is not specified, the files are exported to the directory where RACADM is running.

• Export license to an NFS share using transaction ID, in this case transaction 27.

racadm license export -f License.xml -l 192.168.0:/licshare -t 27

• Export license to a CIFS share specifying the entitlement ID, in this case abcdxyz.

racadm license export -u admin -p passwd -f License.xml -l //192.168.0/licshare -e abcdxyz

racadm license export -u httpuser -p httppwd -f License.xml -l http://test.com -e
abcdxyz

racadm license export -u httpsuser -p httpspwd -f License.xml -l https://test.com -e
abcdxyz

racadm license export -f License.xml -l tftp://test.com/share -e abcdxyz

racadm license export -u ftpuser -p ftppwd -f License.xml -l ftp://test.com/share -e
abcdxyz

• Export license to a CIFS share specifying the FQDD. While using the -c option and exporting a license from a device, more than one license file may be exported. Therefore if a filename is given, an index is appended to the end of the filename such asLicenseFile0.xml, LicenseFile1.xml. In this case, the device is Embedded iDRAC.

```
racadm license export -u admin -p xxx -f LicenseFile.xml -l //192.168.0/licshare -c
idrac.embedded.1
```

racadm license export -u httpuser -p httppswd -f LicenseFile.xml -l http://test.com -c idrac.embedded.1

racadm license export -u httpsuser -p httpspswd -f LicenseFile.xml -l https://
test.com -c idrac.embedded.1

racadm license export -f LicenseFile.xml -l tftp://test.com/share -c idrac.embedded.1

racadm license export -u ftpuser -p ftppwd -f LicenseFile.xml -l ftp://test.com/share -c idrac.embedded.1

Delete licenses on a particular device, in this case Embedded iDRAC.

racadm license delete -c idrac.embedded.1

Delete a license using entitlement ID, in this case xYZabcdefg.

racadm license delete -e xYZabcdefg

• Delete a license using transaction ID, in this case 2.

racadm license delete -t 2

netstat

Table 77. Details of netstat

| Description | Display the routing table and network statistics. |
|-----------------------|---|
| Synopsis | racadm netstat |
| Privilege Required | Debug |

Examples

• To display the routing table and network statistics, type the following command:

\$ racadm netstat

networktransceiverstatistics

Table 78. Details of networktransceiverstatistics

| Description | Displays the statistics for the list of NIC transceivers. |
|-------------|--|
| Synopsis | i) NOTE: The target server must have iDRAC Datacenter license to run this command. |
| | racadm networktransceiverstatistics |
| | • racadm networktransceiverstatistics <port fqdd=""></port> |

Table 78. Details of networktransceiverstatistics (continued)

| | • racadm networktransceiverstatistics -all |
|---------|---|
| Input | <port fqdd="">—fully qualified device descriptor of the NIC</port> -all—for all the available network transceivers |
| Example | To display the available network transceivers managed by the server for statistics: |
| | racadm networktransceiverstatistics |
| | To display the statistics of the network transceiver specified by NIC.Integrated.1-1-1: |
| | racadm networktransceiverstatistics NIC.Integrated.1-1-1 |
| • | To display the statistics of all the network transceivers managed by the server: |
| | racadm networktransceiverstatistics -all |

nicstatistics

Table 79. Details of nicstatistics

| Description | Displays the statistics for the NIC FQDD. | |
|-------------|---|--|
| Synopsis | • racadm nicstatistics | |
| | • racadm nicstatistics <nic fqdd=""></nic> | |
| | • racadm hwinventory NIC.Integrated.1-1 | |
| | NOTE: Partition Driver State and Partition OS Driver State properties are the same for nicstatistics. | |

Examples

• To display the statistics for the integrated NIC, type the following command:

```
racadm nicstatistics NIC.Integrated.1-1-1
Device Description:
                                               Integrated NIC 1 Port 1 Partition 1
Total Bytes Received:
Total Bytes Transmitted:
Total Unicast Bytes Received:
                                                0
Total Multicast Bytes Received:
Total Broadcast Bytes Received:
                                                0
Total Unicast Bytes Transmitted:
Total Multicast Bytes Transmitted:
Total Broadcast Bytes Transmitted:
                                               0
FCS error packets Received:
Alignment error packets Received:
                                               Not Applicable
False Carrier error packets Received:
                                             Not Applicable
Runt frames Received:
Jabber error frames Received:
                                               Ω
Total Pause XON frames Received:
                                               Not Applicable
Total Pause XOFF frames Received:
                                               Not Applicable
Discarded packets:
Single Collision frames Transmitted:
                                               Not Applicable
Multiple Collision frames Transmitted:
                                               Not Applicable
Late Collision frames Transmitted:
                                               Not Applicable
                                               Not Applicable
Excessive Collision frames Transmitted:
Link Status:
                                               Down
OS Driver State:
                                               Operational
FCoE Packets Received:
                                               Not Applicable
FCoE Packets Transmitted:
                                               Not Applicable
FC CRC Error Count:
                                               Not Applicable
FCoE Packets Dropped:
                                               Not Applicable
```

```
FCoE Link Failures:
                                               Not Applicable
Lan Unicast Packets Received:
Lan Unicast Packets Transmitted:
                                               0
Lan FCS Receive Errors:
                                               Not Applicable
Partition Link Status:
                                               Down
Partition Driver State:
                                               Operational
Total RDMA Packets Received:
                                               0
Total RDMA Packets Transmitted:
Total RDMA Bytes Transmitted:
                                               0
Total RDMA Bytes Received:
                                               0
Total RDMA Transmitted ReadRequest Packets:
                                               Not Applicable
Total RDMA Transmitted Send Packets:
                                               Not Applicable
Total RDMA Transmitted Write Packets:
                                               Not Applicable
Total RDMA Protocol Errors:
                                               Not Applicable
Total RDMA Protection Errors:
                                               Not Applicable
```

- NOTE: When Port, Partition or RDMA statistics are not available, the output displays No Port/Partition/RDMA Statistics found for FQDD <NIC FQDD>.
- To get the network statistics, type the following command:

```
racadm nicstatistics

NIC.Integrated.1-1-1:QLogic 2x25GE QL41232HQCU NIC - 34:80:0D:2A:D9:E0
PartitionCapable:

NIC.Integrated.1-1-2:QLogic 2x25GE QL41232HQCU NIC - 34:80:0D:2A:D9:E2
PartitionCapable:

2

NIC.Integrated.1-1-3:QLogic 2x25GE QL41232HQCU NIC - 34:80:0D:2A:D9:E4
PartitionCapable:

3

NIC.Integrated.1-1-4:QLogic 2x25GE QL41232HQCU NIC - 34:80:0D:2A:D9:E6
PartitionCapable:

4
```

pcieslotview

Table 80. Details of pcieslotview

| Description | The pcieslotview subcommand is used to display PCIe slot details. |
|-------------|---|
| Synopsis | racadm pcieslotview racadm pcieslotviewall racadm pcieslotview <slot></slot> |
| Input | <slot> — PCle slot key.</slot> all — view details of all the PCle Slots. |

Examples

• To display available PCle slot keys, run the following command:

```
racadm>>pcieslotview
PCIe.Slot.3#SysSlot
PCIe.Mezzanine.1#SysSlot
PCIeSSD.BaySlot.7:1#SysSlot
PCIeSSD.BaySlot.6:1#SysSlot
PCIeSSD.BaySlot.9:1#SysSlot
PCIeSSD.BaySlot.8:1#SysSlot
PCIeSSD.BaySlot.0:1#SysSlot
PCIeSSD.BaySlot.1:1#SysSlot
PCIeSSD.BaySlot.3:1#SysSlot
PCIeSSD.BaySlot.3:1#SysSlot
PCIeSSD.BaySlot.5:1#SysSlot
PCIeSSD.BaySlot.2:1#SysSlot
PCIeSSD.BaySlot.5:1#SysSlot
```

• To display details of all the PCle Slots, run the following command:

```
racadm>>pcieslotview --all
               : PCIe.Slot.3#SysSlot
Slot
Populated
                       : No
                       : Enabled
State
Hot Pluggable : False
Slot Type : FullLength
Slot Type
PCIe Type
                       : Gen4
Lanes
                     : 16
CPU Affinity
                      : Not Applicable
            : PCIe.Mezzanine.1#SysSlot
: No
: Enabled
Slot
Populated
Hot Pluggable : False
Slot Type : FullLength
PCIe Type : Gen3
Lanes : 8
CPU Affinity : Not Applicable
Slot : PCIeSSD.BaySlot.7:1#SysSlot
Populated : No
State : Enabled
Hot Pluggable : True
Slot Type : U2
PCIe Type : Gen3
PCIe Type
                       : Gen3
Lanes
CPU Affinity : Not Applicable
Slot : PCIeSSD.BaySlot.6:1#SysSlot
Populated : No
State : Enabled
Hot Pluggable : True
Slot Type : U2
PCIe Type : Gen3
Lanes
: Gen3
Lanes : 4
CPU Affinity : Not Applicable
Slot
                                          ._____
            : PCIeSSD.BaySlot.9:1#SysSlot
: No
: Enabled
Populated
State
Hot Pluggable : True
Slot Type : U2
PCIe Type
                        : Gen3
Lanes : 4
CPU Affinity : Not Applicable
Slot
Populated
State : Enable
Hot Pluggable : True
Slot Type : U2
PCIe Type : Gen3
: 4
: Not
Slot : PCIeSSD.BaySlot.8:1#SysSlot Populated : No
                       : Enabled
CPU Affinity : Not Applicable
 -----
                 : PCIeSSD.BaySlot.0:1#SysSlot : No
Slot
Populated
                 : Enabled
: True
: U2
State
Hot Pluggable
Slot Type
PCIe Type
                       : Gen3
Lanes : 4
CPU Affinity : Not Applicable
_____
                                             ______
            : PCIeSSD.BaySlot.1:1#SysSlot
: No
: Enabled
Slot
Populated
State
Hot Pluggable : True
Slot Type : U2
PCIe Type : Gen3
PCIe Type
                        : Gen3
Lanes
```

```
CPU Affinity : Not Applicable
Slot : PCIeSSD.BaySlot.3:1#SysSlot
Populated : No
State : Enabled
Hot Pluggable : True
Slot Type : U2
PCIe Type : Gen3
Slot Type
PCIe Type
                            : Gen3
CPU Affinity
Lanes
                             : 4
                           : Not Applicable
 -----
Slot : PCIeSSD.BaySlot.2:1#SysSlot
Populated : No
State : Enabled
Hot Pluggable : True
Slot Type : U2
PCIe Type : Gen3
Lanes : 4
Lanes : 4
CPU Affinity : Not Applicable
Slot : PCIeSSD.BaySlot.5:1#SysSlot
Populated : No
State : Enabled
Populated
State : Enable
Hot Pluggable : True
Slot Type : U2
PCIe Type : Gen3
: 4
CPU Affinity : Not Applicable
Slot : PCIeSSD.BaySlot.4:1#SysSlot
Populated : No
State : Enabled
Hot Pluggable : True
Slot Type : U2
Slot Type
                           : U2
PCIe Type
                            : Gen3
CPU Affinity
Lanes
                            : Not Applicable
```

To display details of specific PCle slot, run the following command:

```
racadm>>pcieslotview PCIeSSD.BaySlot.4:1#SysSlot
Slot : PCIeSSD.BaySlot.4:1#SysSlot
Populated : No
State : Enabled Hot Pluggable : True Slot Type : U2
Hot Pluggasto
Slot Type : U2
PCIe Type : Gen3
Lanes : 4
CPU Affinity : Not Applicable
```

ping

Table 81. Details of ping

| Description | Verifies if the destination IP address is reachable from iDRAC with the current routing-table contents. A destination IP address is required. Based on the current routing-table contents, an ICMP echo packet is sent to the destination IP address. To run this subcommand, you must have the Debug privilege. |
|-------------|--|
| Synopsis | racadm ping <ipaddress></ipaddress> |
| Input | <ipaddress> — The IP address of the remote endpoint to ping.</ipaddress> |

Table 81. Details of ping (continued)

| Output | PING 192.168.0 (192.168.0): 56 data bytes64 bytes from 192.168.0: seq=0 ttl=64 time=4.121 ms 192.168.0 ping statistics |
|--------|--|
| | 1 packets transmitted, 1 packets received, 0 percent packet lossround- trip min/avg/max = 4.121/4.121/4.121 ms |

ping6

Table 82. Details of ping6

| Description | Verifies if the destination IPv6 address is reachable from iDRAC or with the current routing-table contents. A destination IPv6 address is required. Based on the current routing-table contents, an ICMP echo packet is sent to the destination IPv6 address. To run this subcommand, you must have Debug privilege. |
|-------------|---|
| Synopsis | racadm ping6 <ipv6address></ipv6address> |
| Input | <pre><ipv6address> — the IPv6 address of the remote endpoint to ping.</ipv6address></pre> |
| Example | <pre>Pinging 2011:de11:bdc:194::31 from 2011:de11:bdc:194::101 with 32 bytes of data: Reply from 2011:de11:bdc:194::31: time<1ms Reply from 2011:de11:bdc:194::31: time<1ms Reply from 2011:de11:bdc:194::31: time<1ms Reply from 2011:de11:bdc:194::31: time<1ms Ping statistics for 2011:de11:bdc:194::31: Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss), Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds: Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms</pre> |

plugin

Table 83. Details of RACADM Plugin

| Description | The plugin subcommand allows you to perform operations on various plugins. |
|-------------|--|
| Synopsis | racadm plugin view |
| | racadm plugin viewall |
| | racadm plugin view <fqdd></fqdd> |
| | racadm plugin enable <fqdd></fqdd> |
| | racadm plugin disable <fqdd></fqdd> |
| | racadm plugin restart <fqdd></fqdd> |
| | racadm plugin uninstall <fqdd></fqdd> |
| Input | <fqdd>—Specifies the fully qualified device descriptor of the plugin.</fqdd> all —Specifies details of all plugins. |
| Example | To restart the plugin by FQDD: |
| | racadm plugin restart Plugin.Integrated.INT.000 |
| | |

Table 83. Details of RACADM Plugin (continued)

To enable the plugin by FQDD

racadm plugin enable Plugin.Integrated.INT.000

To disable the plugin by FQDD

racadm plugin disable Plugin. Integrated. INT. 000

To uninstall the plugin by FQDD

racadm plugin uninstall Plugin.Integrated.INT.000

To view the available plugins

racadm plugin view

To view the specific plugin details by FQDD

racadm plugin view Plugin.Integrated.INT.000

To display details of all the plugins

racadm plugin view --all

racadm proxy

Table 84. Details of RACADM Proxy

Description

On the PowerEdge FX2/FX2s systems, you can manage the compute sleds and CMC using the iDRAC's RACADM Proxy feature that redirects commands from iDRAC to CMC. You can return the CMC response to local or remote RACADM.to access the CMC configuration and reporting features without placing the CMC on the management network. The CMC configuration commands are supported through local proxy when local configuration is enabled on iDRAC.

i NOTE: Local racadm and local racadm proxy runs with root user privilege.

Synopsis

Local RACADM proxy usage

racadm <CMC racadm subcommand> --proxy

Remote RACADM proxy usage

(i) NOTE:

- The attribute racadm get -g cfgractuning -o cfgRacTuneChassisMgmtAtServer must be set as non-zero in CMC.
- The attribute racadm get system. Chassis Control. Chassis Management Monitoring attribute must be enabled in iDRAC.
- --proxy must be entered at the end of the command.
- The root privilege is the default privilege for Local RACADM proxy.
- The user privilege in the Remote RACADM proxy for CMC maps to iDRAC privilege.

Table 85. Details of CMC and iDRAC privilege for an operation

Required CMC Privilege for an operation

Required iDRAC Privilege for proxy operation

Table 84. Details of RACADM Proxy

| | Table 85. Details of CMC and iDRAC p | rivilege for an operation (continued) |
|---------|--|---|
| | CMC Login User | Login |
| | Chassis Configuration Administrator | Configure |
| | User Configuration Administrator | Configure User |
| | Clear Logs Administrator | Logs |
| | Chassis Control Administrator | System Control |
| | Server Administrator | System Control |
| | Test Alert User | System Operations |
| | Debug Command Administrator | Debug |
| | Fabric x Administrator (where x is A, B, or C) | System Control |
| | NFS, or FTP will fail. When the Remote or Local RACADM Proxy of Proxy operation fails and the output is not dis | ol.ChassisManagementMonitoring attribute is sers can only view the attribute. |
| | - | |
| Input | -u — Specifies the user name of the remote shall -p — Specifies the password of the remote sharl -r — Specifies the iDRAC IP address connected | e that stores the catalog file. |
| Example | Local RACADM | |
| | racadm getractimeproxy | |
| | Remote RACADM | |
| | racadm getractime -u root -p xxx -r 1 | 92.168.0 getractimeproxy |

racdump

Table 86. Details of racdump

| Table 00. Deta | Table 50. Details of Faculity | |
|----------------|---|--|
| Description | Provides a single command to get dump, status, and general iDRAC board information. | |
| | To run this subcommand, you must have the Debug permission. | |
| | General System/RAC InformationCoredump Information | |
| | Network Interface Statistics | |
| | Session Information | |
| | Process Information | |

Table 86. Details of racdump (continued)

| | RAC Firmware Build Log (i) NOTE: The RAC debug logs are not part of Local and Remote RACADM. It is available only on |
|----------|---|
| | Firmware RACADM |
| Synopsis | racadm racdump |
| Input | N/A |
| | |

Example

______ General System/RAC Information Information: RAC Date/Time = Thu May 18 13:35:32 2017 Firmware Version = 3.00.00.00 Firmware Build = 12 Last Firmware Update = 04/04/2017 19:41:38 Hardware Version = 0.01 MAC Address = 18:03:73:F7:B7:CA Common settings: Register DNS RAC Name = 0 DNS RAC Name = idrac Current DNS Domain = Domain Name from DHCP = Disabled IPv4 settings: Enabled = 1 Current IP Address = 192.168.0.1 Current IP Gateway = 192.168.0.1 Current IP Netmask = 192.168.0.1 DHCP Enabled = 0 Current DNS Server 1 = 0.0.0.0 Current DNS Server 2 = 0.0.0.0 DNS Servers from DHCP = Disabled IPv6 settings: Enabled = 0 Current IP Address 1 = :: Current IP Gateway = :: Autoconfig = 1 Link Local IP Address = :: Current IP Address 2 = :: Current IP Address 3 = :: Current IP Address 4 = :: Current IP Address 5 = :: Current IP Address 6 = :: Current IP Address 7 = :: Current IP Address 8 = :: Current IP Address 9 = :: Current IP Address 10 = :: Current IP Address 11 = :: Current IP Address 12 = :: Current IP Address 13 = :: Current IP Address 14 = :: Current IP Address 15 = :: DNS Servers from DHCPv6 = Disabled Current DNS Server 1 = :: Current DNS Server 2 = :: System Information: System Model = PowerEdge R720 System Revision = I System BIOS Version = 3.0.00 Service Tag = Express Svc Code = Host Name = localhost.localdomain OS Name = OS Version = Power Status = ON Fresh Air Capable = No Watchdog Information: Recovery Action = None Present countdown value = 478 seconds Initial countdown value = 480 seconds Embedded NIC MAC Addresses: NIC.Integrated.1-3-1 Ethernet = 78:2B:CB:4B:C2:ED NIC.Integrated.1-1-1 Ethernet = 78:2B:CB:4B:C2:EB There is no coredump currently Network Interface Statistics ======== Kernel IPv6 routing table Destination Next Hop Flags Metric Ref Use Iface ::1/128 :: U 0 1 1 lo ::1/128 :: U 256 0 0 lo fe80::1a03:73ff:fef7:b7ca/128 :: U 0 0 1 lo fe80::/64 :: U 256 0 0 eth1 ff00::/8 :: U 256 0 0 eth1 Kernel IP routing table Destination Gateway Genmask Flags MSS Window irtt Iface 0.0.0.0 192.168.0.1 0.0.0.0 UG 0 0 bond0 192.168.0.1 0.0.0.0 192.168.0.1 U 0 0 0 bond0 Active Internet connections (w/o servers) Proto Recv-Q Send-Q Local Address Foreign Address State tcp 0 0 192.168.0.1:53986 192.168.0.1:199 ESTABLISHED tcp 0 0 192.168.0.1:53985 192.168.0.1:199 ESTABLISHED tcp 0 0 192.168.0.1:199 192.168.0.1:53986 ESTABLISHED tcp 0 0 192.168.0.1:199 192.168.0.1:53985 ESTABLISHED No active sessions currently exist. -----Process PID USER VSZ STAT COMMAND 1 root 5236 S {systemd} /sbin/init 2 root 0 SW [kthreadd] 3 root 0 SW [ksoftirqd/0] 6 root 0 SW [watchdog/0] 7 root 0 SW< [khelper] 8 root 0 SW [kdevtmpfs] 9 root 0 SW< [netns] 153 root 0 SW [sync supers] 155 root 0 SW [bdidefault] 157 root 0 SW< [kblockd] 166 root 0 SW [khubd] 16233 root 40916 S racadm racdump 16246 root 3824 S sh -c /bin/ps 16247 root 3828 R /bin/ps 26851 root 0 SW [kworker/ RAC Firmware Build Log ______ BLD TAG=idracfw bldtag 3.00.00.00 691231 1800 00 BLD VERSION=3.00.00.00 BLD NUMBER=69.12.31 BLD DATE=2.00.00.00.733 BLD TYPE=idrac BLD KERNEL=ZIMAGE

racreset

Table 87. Details of racreset

| Description | Resets iDRAC. The reset event is logged in the iDRAC log. To run this subcommand, you must have the Configure iDRAC permission and configure user privilege. (i) NOTE: After you run the racreset subcommand, iDRAC may require up to two minutes to return to a usable state. |
|-------------|--|
| Synopsis | racadm racreset soft racadm racreset hard racadm racreset soft -f racadm recreset hard -f |
| Input | -f — This option is used to force the reset. |
| Output | racadm racreset RAC reset operation initiated successfully. It may take up to a minute for the RAC to come online again. |
| Example | • iDRAC reset racadm racreset |

racresetcfg

Table 88. Details of racresetcfg

| Description | Deletes your current iDRAC configuration and resets iDRAC to the factory default settings based on the options provided. |
|-------------|--|
| | If you run racresetcfg from a network client for example, a supported web browser, SSH, or Remote RACADM), use the default IP address which is 192.168.0.120. The racresetcfg subcommand does not reset the cfgDNSRacName object. |
| | To run this subcommand, you must have the Configure iDRAC privilege and Configure User privilege. |
| | NOTE: Certain firmware processes must be stopped and restarted to complete the reset to defaults. iDRAC becomes unresponsive for about 30 seconds while this operation completes. |
| Synopsis | RAC reset operation initiated successfully. It may take several minutes for the RAC to come online again. |
| | racadm racresetcfg |
| | • racadm racresetcfg -f |
| | • racadm racresetcfg [-all] |
| | • racadm racresetcfg [-rc] |

Table 88. Details of racresetcfg (continued)

| Input | -f—Force racresetcfg. If any vFlash partition creation or formatting is in progress, iDRAC returns a warning message. You can perform a force reset using this option. -all—Discard all settings and reset user to shipping value. -rc—Discard all settings and reset user to default user name and password. NOTE: When you perform racresetcfg -rc on Stomp and Noble/VRTX servers, by default, the DHCP is disabled. |
|---------|--|
| Example | Reset the configuration on iDRAC. racadm racresetcfg The RAC configuration has initiated restoration to factory defaults. |
| | Wait up to a minute for this process to complete before accessing the RAC again. |
| | Reset when vFlash partition creation is in progress. |
| | racadm racresetcfg |
| | A vFlash SD card partition operation is in progress. Resetting the iDRAC may corrupt the vFlash SD card. To force racresetcfg, use the -f flag. Reset all iDRAC's configurations to default, and preserve the user and network settings. |
| | racadm racresetcfg -f |
| | Reset all iDRAC's configurations to default, and reset the user to shipping value. |
| | racadm racresetcfg -all |
| | Reset all iDRAC's configurations to default, and reset the user to root/calvin. |
| | racadm racresetcfg -rc |

recover

Table 89. Details of Recover sub-command

| Description | Allows you to recover the previous version of the firmware. i NOTE: To run this subcommand, you must have the Server Control privilege. |
|-------------|---|
| Synopsis | To recover the BIOS firmware: |
| | racadm recover <fqdd></fqdd> |
| | NOTE: BIOS.Setup.1-1 is the supported FQDD |
| Input | o FQDD— Specify the FQDD of the device for which the recovery is required. |
| Examples | To recover the BIOS firmware: |
| | racadm recover BIOS.Setup.1-1 |
| | RAC1234: Recovery operation initiated successfully. Check the Lifecycle logs for the status of the operation by running RACADM command "racadm Iclog view". |

remoteimage

Table 90. Details of remoteimage

| Description | Connects, disconnects, or deploys either media file or directory on a remote server. i NOTE: Attach directory feature is only supported on 15th generation and newer PowerEdge servers. |
|-------------|--|
| | To run this subcommand, you must log in with virtual media privilege for iDRAC. |
| Synopsis | • racadm remoteimage -d |
| | • racadm remoteimage -s |
| | • racadm remoteimage -c [-u <username> -p <password> -l <image_path>]</image_path></password></username> |
| Input | -c—Connect the image. -d—Disconnect image. -u—User name to access shared folder. -p—Password to access shared folder. -1 —Image location on the network share; use single quotation marks around the location. -s —Display current status. (i) NOTE: Use a forward slash (/) when providing the image location. If backward slash (\) is used, override the backward slash for the command to run successfully. For example: racadm remoteimage -c -u user -p xxx -1 /\/\192.168.0.2/\CommonShare/\diskette (i) NOTE: The following options only apply to connect and deploy actions -u —Username. User name to access the network share. For domain users, you can use the following formats: domain/user domain\user user@domain |
| | -p —Password to access the network share. |
| Example | Disable Remote File Sharing. racadm remoteimage -d Disable Remote File Started. Please check status using -s option to know Remote File Share is ENABLED or DISABLED. Check Remote File Share status. racadm remoteimage -s Remote File Share is Enabled UserName |
| | Password ShareName //192.168.0/xxxx/dtk_3.3_73_Linux.iso Deploy a remote image on iDRAC CIFS Share. racadm remoteimage -c -u admin -p xxx -1 //192.168.0.32/dev/OM840.iso |
| | • Deploy a remote image on iDRAC NFS Share. racadm remoteimage -c -u root -p password -l '192.168.1.113:/opt/nfs/ Test |

Table 90. Details of remoteimage (continued)

- (i) NOTE: In the above example, Test is a folder name .
- Deploy a remote image on iDRAC HTTP Share.

racadm remoteimage -c -u "user" -p "xxx" -l http://shrloc/foo.iso

• Deploy a remote image on iDRAC HTTPS Share.

racadm remoteimage -c -u "user" -p "xxx" -l https://shrloc/foo.iso

(i) **NOTE:** -p and -u options are not mandatory in case of HTTP/HTTPS based **remoteimage** commands.

remoteimage2

Table 91. Details of remoteimage2

| Description | Connects, disconnects, or deploys either media file or directory on a remote server. |
|-------------|---|
| | To run this subcommand, you must log in with virtual media privilege for iDRAC. |
| | (i) NOTE: Use this command to attach second remote image simultaneously. |
| | i NOTE: Attach directory feature is only supported on 15th generation and newer PowerEdge servers. |
| Synopsis | • racadm remoteimage2 -d |
| | • racadm remoteimage2 -s |
| | • racadm remoteimage2 -c [-u <username> -p <password> -l <image_path>]</image_path></password></username> |
| Input | -c—Connect the image. -d—Disconnect image. -u—User name to access shared folder. -p—Password to access shared folder. -1 —Image location on the network share; use single quotation marks around the location. -s —Display current status. (i) NOTE: Use a forward slash (/) when providing the image location. If backward slash (\) is used, override the backward slash for the command to run successfully. For example: racadm remoteimage2 -c -u user -p xxx -1 /\/\192.168.0.2/\CommonShare/\diskette (i) NOTE: The following options only apply to connect and deploy actions -u —Username. User name to access the network share. For domain users, you can use the following formats: o domain/user |
| | domain\user user@domain -p —Password to access the network share. |

Table 91. Details of remoteimage2 (continued)

| Example | Disable Remote File Sharing. |
|---------|---|
| | racadm remoteimage2 -d Disable Remote File Started. Please check status using -s option to know Remote File Share is ENABLED or DISABLED. |
| | Check Remote File Share status. |
| | racadm remoteimage2 -s Remote File Share is Enabled UserName Password ShareName //192.168.0/xxxx/dtk_3.3_73_Linux.iso |
| | Deploy a remote image on iDRAC CIFS Share. |
| | racadm remoteimage2 -c -u admin -p xxx -l //192.168.0.32/dev/Test |
| | i NOTE: In the above example, Test is a folder name. • Deploy a remote image on iDRAC NFS Share. |
| | racadm remoteimage2 -c -u root -p password -l '192.168.1.113:/opt/nfs/ OM840.iso |
| | Deploy a remote image on iDRAC HTTP Share. |
| | racadm remoteimage2 -c -u "user" -p "xxx" -l http://shrloc/foo.iso |
| | Deploy a remote image on iDRAC HTTPS Share. |
| | racadm remoteimage2 -c -u "user" -p "xxx" -l https://shrloc/foo.iso |
| | (i) NOTE: -p and -u options are not mandatory in case of HTTP/HTTPS based remoteimage2 commands. |

rollback

Table 92. Details of rollback

| Description | Allows you to roll back the firmware to an earlier version. |
|-------------|---|
| Synopsis | racadm rollback <fqdd> [reboot]</fqdd> |
| | (i) NOTE: To get the list of available rollback versions and FQDDs, run the racadm swinventory command. |
| Input | <fqdd>: Specify the FQDD of the device for which the rollback is required.</fqdd> reboot: Performs a graceful system reboot after the BIOS firmware rollback. |
| Example | To perform BIOS firmware rollback: racadm rollback iDRAC.Embedded.1-1 RAC1056: Rollback operation initiated successfully. To perform a graceful system reboot after BIOS firmware rollback: |
| | racadm rollback BIOS.Setup.1-1reboot |

SEKM

Table 93. Details of SEKM

| Description | The SEKM subcommand is used to enable and disable SEKM support for a server, rekey SEKM-supported devices on a server, and test the SSL connection to a given SEKM server. |
|-------------|--|
| | To run this subcommand, you must have the following privileges: |
| | Enable—server control and configure iDRAC privileges Disable—server control and configure iDRAC privileges Rekey—server control and configure iDRAC privileges Testserverconnection—server control and configure iDRAC privileges Getstatus—login privileges |
| Synopsis | i) NOTE: To run enable, disable, and testserverconnection commands, the target server must have SEKM license. |
| | racadm sekm getstatus |
| | racadm sekm enable |
| | (i) NOTE: When you execute racadm sekm enable, a job ID is returned, query this job id to see the status of SEKM. If the query reports failure, check the job ID config results or Lifecycle Controller(LC) logs to find the reason for failure. |
| | racadm sekm disable |
| | racadm sekm disable -purgeKMSKeys |
| | racadm sekm rekey <idrac fqdd=""></idrac> |
| | racadm sekm testserverconnection -p -i <index of="" sekm="" server="" the=""></index> |
| | racadm sekm testserverconnection -s -i <index of="" sekm="" server="" the=""></index> |
| | racadm sekm enable -passphrase <password></password> |
| Input | -i—Index of the SEKM server to test -p—Indicates primary SEKM server -s—Indicates secondary SEKM server -purgeKMSKeys—Purge the Key Management Server keys -passphrase—To enter a passphrase when updating encryption mode from iLKM to SEKM. |
| Example | To get SEKM status: |
| | racadm sekm getstatus |
| | To enable SEKM feature: |
| | racadm sekm enable |
| | To disable SEKM feature: |
| | racadm sekm disable |
| | To disable SEKM feature and purge KMS keys: |
| | racadm sekm disable -purgeKMSKeys |

Table 93. Details of SEKM (continued)

To request iDRAC to rekey all the devices:

racadm sekm rekey iDRAC.Embedded.1

To test primary SEKM server connection:

racadm sekm testserverconnection -p -i 1

To test the secondary SEKM server connection:

racadm sekm testserverconnection -s -i 1

To change security mode to SEKM from iLKM:

racadm sekm enable -passphrase password

i NOTE: Only one primary server is supported. Option -i should be 1.

i NOTE: For sekm getstatus, the returned values and their meaning are as follows:

• Disabled—SEKM functionality has been disabled on iDRAC and no SEKM functions are available.

• Enabled—SEKM functionality has been enabled on iDRAC and all SEKM functions are available.

• Failed—iDRAC is unable to communicate with the SEKM server.

• Unverified Changes Exist—Changes have been made to the SEKM configuration but not yet enabled using the racadm sekm enable command.

serialcapture

Table 94. Details of serialcapture

| Description | The serialcapture subcommand is used to is used to export and clear serial data captured from the system. |
|-------------|--|
| | To run this subcommand, you must have the following privileges: |
| Synopsis | i) NOTE: To run clear and export commands, the target server must have iDRAC Datacenter license. |
| | To clear serial data. |
| | racadm serialcapture clear |
| | To export serial data. |
| | racadm serialcapture export -u <shareuser> -p <sharepassword> -l <nfs cifs="" http="" https="" share=""> -f <filename></filename></nfs></sharepassword></shareuser> |
| Input | -f—Filename of the exported serial data. |
| | -u—Username of the remote share to where the file must be exported. The username must be specified as domain/username. |
| | -p—Password for the remote share to where the file must be exported. |
| | -1—Network share location to where the serial data captured must be exported. For more information on NFS or CIFS or HTTP or HTTPS share, see section on Usage examples. |
| Example | To clear serial data buffer. |
| | racadm serialcapture clear |

Table 94. Details of serial capture (continued)

To export serial data to CIFS share.

racadm serialcapture export -u cifsuser -p cifspassword -l //1.2.3.4/ cifsshare -f datafile

To export serial data to NFS share.

racadm serial capture export -u nfssuser -p nfspassword -l 1.2.3.4:/ nfsshare -f datafile

To export serial data to HTTP share.

racadm serialcapture export -u httpuser -p httppassword -l http:/1.2.3.4/httpshare -f datafile

To export serial data to HTTPS share.

racadm serial capture export -u httpsuser -p httpspassword -l https:/ 1.2.3.4/cifsshare -f datafile

sensorsettings

Table 95. sensorsettings

| Description | Allows you to perform threshold settings of the sensor. | | |
|-------------|---|--|--|
| | To run this subcommand, you must have Configure iDRAC privilege. | | |
| | NOTE: An error message is displayed when the following is performed: A set operation is performed on an unsupported FQDD. | | |
| | Out of range settings is entered. | | |
| | Invalid sensor FQDD is entered. | | |
| | Invalid threshold level filter is entered. | | |
| Synopsis | racadm sensorsettings set <fqdd> -level Min <value></value></fqdd> | | |
| Input | <fqdd> — Sensor or corresponding sensor FQDD which needs a threshold configuration. Run the command, racadm getsensorinfo to view the sensor FQDD. The R/W field in the output getsensorinfo indicates if the sensor thresholds can be configured. Replace the <fqdd> field with the corresponding sensor FQDD that needs a threshold configuration.</fqdd></fqdd> -level — threshold level for the sensor setting. Values are Max or Min. | | |
| Examples | To set the minimum noncritical threshold level for a power sensor type. | | |
| | racadm sensorsettings set iDRAC.Embedded.1#SystemBoardCPUUsage -level Max 95 | | |
| | (i) NOTE: The entered value must be lesser or higher than the sensor critical threshold limit. | | |

serveraction

Table 96. serveraction

| Description | Enables you to perform power management operations on the blade system. |
|-------------|---|
|-------------|---|

Table 96. serveraction (continued)

| | To run this subcommand, you must have the Execute Server Control Commands permission. |
|----------|--|
| Synopsis | racadm serveraction <action> -f</action> |
| Input | <action> — Specifies the power management operation to perform. The options are:</action> hardreset — Performs a force reset (reboot) operation on the managed system. powercycle — Performs a power-cycle operation on the managed system. This action is similar to pressing the power button on the system's front panel to turn off and then turn on the system. powerdown — Powers down the managed system. powerup — Powers up the managed system. powerstatus — Displays the current power status of the server (ON or OFF). graceshutdown — Performs a graceful shutdown of the server. If the operating system on the server cannot shut down completely, then this operation is not performed. nmi — Generates the Non-masking interrupt (NMI) to halt the system operation. The NMI sends a high-level interrupt to the operating system, which causes the system to halt the operation to allow critical diagnostic or troubleshooting activities. NOTE: The halt system operation does not occur on systems running the Linux operating system. -f — Force the server power management operation. This option is applicable only for the PowerEdge-VRTX platform. It is used with powerdown,powercycle, and hardreset options. NOTE: The actionpowerstatus is not allowed with -a option. |
| Output | Displays an error message if the requested operation is not completed, or a success message if the operation is completed. |
| Example | Get Power Status on iDRAC racadm serveraction powerstatus Server Power Status: ON racadm serveraction powercycle Server power operation successful |

setled

Table 97. Details of setled

| Description | Sets the state (blinking or not blinking) of the LED on the specified module. |
|-------------|--|
| | To run this subcommand, you must have the Configure iDRAC permission. |
| Synopsis | racadm setled -1 <ledstate></ledstate> |
| Input | -1 <ledstate> — Specifies the LED state. The values are:</ledstate> 0 — No Blinking 1 — Blinking |

Table 97. Details of setled (continued)

| Example | • | From iDRAC stop LED from blinking. |
|---------|---|--|
| | | racadm setled -1 0 RAC0908: System ID LED blink off. |
| | • | From iDRAC start LED to blink. |
| | | racadm setled -1 1 RAC0907: System ID LED blink on. |

setniccfg

Table 98. Details of setniccfg

| Description | Sets the iDRAC IP address for static and DHCP modes. | | |
|-------------|---|--|--|
| | To run this subcommand, you must have the Configure iDRAC privilege. | | |
| | (i) NOTE: The terms NIC and Ethernet management port may be used interchangeably. | | |
| Synopsis | • racadm setniccfg -d | | |
| | • racadm setniccfg -d6 | | |
| | • racadm setniccfg -s <ipv4address> <netmask> <ipv4 gateway=""></ipv4></netmask></ipv4address> | | |
| | • racadm setniccfg -s6 <ipv6 address=""> <ipv6 length="" prefix=""> <ipv6 gateway=""></ipv6></ipv6></ipv6> | | |
| | • racadm setniccfg -o | | |
| Input | -d — Enables DHCP for the NIC. It is enabled by default. -d6 — Enables AutoConfig for the NIC (default is disabled). -s — Enables static IP settings. The IPv4 address, netmask, and gateway must be specified. Otherwise, the existing static settings are used. <ipaddress>, <netmask>, and <gateway> must be typed as dot-separated strings.</gateway></netmask></ipaddress> | | |
| | racadm setniccfg -s 192.168.0 255.255.255.0 192.168.0 | | |
| | -s6 — Enables static IPv6 settings. The IPv6 address, Prefix Length, and the IPv6 Gateway can be specified. -o — Enable or disable NIC. | | |
| Example | To Configure static IPv4 address for iDRAC NIC | | |
| | racadm setniccfg -s 192.168.0 255.255.255.0 192.168.0 Static IP configuration enabled and modified successfully | | |
| | Configure DHCP mode for iDRAC IPv4 | | |
| | racadm setniccfg -d DHCP is now ENABLED | | |
| | Configure DHCP mode for iDRAC IPv6 | | |
| | racadm setniccfg -d6 DHCP6 is now ENABLED | | |

sshpkauth

Table 99. Details of sshpkauth

| Description | Enables you to upload and manage up to 4 different SSH public keys for each user. You can upload a file or key text, view keys, or delete keys. | |
|-------------|--|--|
| | This command has three mutually exclusive modes determined by the options — upload, view, and delete. | |
| | To run this subcommand, you must have Configure user privilege. | |
| Synopsis | • racadm sshpkauth -i svcacct -k <key_index> -t <pk_key_text></pk_key_text></key_index> | |
| | • racadm sshpkauth -i svcacct -k <key_index> -f <pk_key_text></pk_key_text></key_index> | |
| | • racadm sshpkauth -v -i svcacct -k all <key_index></key_index> | |
| | • racadm sshpkauth -d -i svcacct -k all <key_index></key_index> | |
| Input | -i <user_index> — Index for the user.</user_index> -k [<key_index> all] — Index to assign the PK key being uploaded. all only works with the -v or -d options. <key_index> must be between 1 to 4 or all on iDRAC.</key_index></key_index> -t <pk_key_text> — Key text for the SSH Public key.</pk_key_text> -f <filename> — File containing the key text to upload.</filename> (i) NOTE: The -f option is not supported on SSH or serial RACADM. -v — View the key text for the index provided. -d — Delete the key for the index provided. | |

Example

• Upload an invalid key to iDRAC User 2 in the first key space using a string.

```
$ racadm sshpkauth -i 2 -k 1 -t "This is invalid key Text"

ERROR: Key text appears to be corrupt
```

• Upload a valid key to iDRAC User 2 in the first key space using a file.

```
$ racadm sshpkauth -i 2 -k 1 -f pkkey.key

Key file successfully uploaded.
```

Get all keys for User 2 on iDRAC.

```
wilU2VLw/iRH1ZymUFnut8ggbPQgqV2L8bsUaMqb5PooIIvV6hy4isCNJU=
1024-bit RSA, converted from OpenSSH by xx_xx@xx.xx

Key ID 2:
Key ID 3:
Key ID 4:
```

sslcertdelete

Table 100. Details of sslcertdelete

| Description | Command to delete a custom signing certificate from iDRAC. |
|-------------|--|
| | To run this subcommand for web server certificates, you must have Login to iDRAC and Configure iDRAC privileges and for others only Configure iDRAC privilege is required. |
| Synopsis | racadm sslcertdelete -t <type></type>racadm sslcertdelete -t 8 -i <instance(1 2)="" or=""></instance(1> |
| Input | -t—Specifies the type of certificate to delete. The type of certificate is: 3—Custom signing certificate 4—Client trust certificate for SSL 6—SEKM SSL certificate 7—KMS CA certificate 8—Rsyslog Server CA 12—Rsyslog Server CA cert 13—Rsyslog Client trust cert 16—Custom certificate -i—Instance value should be 1 or 2. This is applicable only for Rsyslog Server CA certificate(-t 8). |
| Output | The following information is displayed: The custom signing certificate was deleted. The iDRAC resets and may be offline temporarily. Telemetry certificate deleted successfully. |
| Example | Use Remote RACADM to delete the custom signing certificate. \$ racadm -r 192.168.0 -u root -p xxx sslcertdelete -t 3 Use Remote RACADM to delete the Client Trust certificate for SSL. \$ racadm -r 192.168.0 -u root -p xxx sslcertdelete -t 4 Use Remote RACADM to delete the telemetry certificate. racadm -r 192.168.0 -u root -p xxx sslcertdelete -t 8 -i 1 |

sslcertdownload

Table 101. Details of sslcertdownload

| Description | Downloads an SSL certificate from iDRAC to the client's file system. |
|-------------|--|
| | To run this subcommand for web server certificates, you must have Login to iDRAC and Configure iDRAC privileges and for others only Control and Configure System privilege is required. |

Table 101. Details of sslcertdownload (continued)

| | i NOTE: This subcommand is only supported on the remote interface(s). |
|----------|--|
| Synopsis | racadm sslcertdownload -f <filename> -t <type></type></filename> racadm sslcertupload -t 8 -i <instance(1 2)="" or=""></instance(1> |
| Input | |
| Output | Returns 0 when successful and non-zero number when unsuccessful. racadm sslcertdownload -t 8 -i 1 Telemetry certificate downloaded successfully. |
| Example | Download server certificate: racadm -r 192.168.0 -u root -p xxx sslcertdownload -t 1 -f cert.txt Download Active Directory certificate: racadm -r 192.168.0 -u root -p xxx sslcertdownload -t 2 -f ad_cert.txt Download telemetry certificate: racadm -r 192.168.0 -u root -p xxx sslcertdownload -t 8 -i 1 |

NOTE: This command is not supported in the firmware RACADM interface as it is not a file system.

sslcertupload

Table 102. Details of sslcertupload

| Table 102. Details of ssicer tupload | |
|--------------------------------------|---|
| Description | Uploads a custom SSL server or CA certificate for Directory Service from the client to iDRAC. |
| | To run this subcommand, you must have the following privilege: |
| | Active Directory certificate - Configure iDRAC and Configure Users. |
| | Public Key Cryptography Standards (PKCS) format - Configure iDRAC. |
| | Client Trust certificate for SSL format - Configure iDRAC |
| | Web server certificate- Login to iDRAC and Configure iDRAC |
| 1 | |

Table 102. Details of sslcertupload (continued)

| | NOTE: For this command, files without extension or no extension are allowed. |
|----------|---|
| Synopsis | racadm sslcertupload -t <type> -f <filename> -p <passphrase></passphrase></filename></type> racadm sslcertupload -t 8 -i <instance(1 2)="" or=""></instance(1> |
| Input | -f—Specifies the source filename in the local file system of the certificate uploaded. -p—Pass phrase for the Public Key Cryptography Standards file. -t—Specifies the type of certificate to upload. The type of certificate must be: 1—Server certificate 2—CA certificate for Directory Service 3—Public Key Cryptography Standards (PKCS) format 4—Client Trust certificate for SSL format 6—SEKM SSL certificate 7—KMS CA certificate 8—Rsyslog Server CA 9—RSA CA certificate 10—SCEP CA certificate 12—Rsyslog Server CA Cert 13— Rsyslog Client trust Cert 14— IEEE 802.1X Custom Certificate 15— IEEE 802.1X Server CA Certificate 16—Custom certificate 17— IEEE 802.1X Custom Signing Certificate -i—Instance value should be 1 or 2. This is applicable only for Rsyslog Server CA certificate(-t 8). |
| Output | racadm -r 192.168.0.2 -u root -p xxx sslcertupload -t 2 -f cert.txt Certificate that is successfully uploaded to the RAC. racadm sslcertupload -t 8 -i 1 Telemetry certificate uploaded successfully. |
| Example | Uploading a server certificate: racadm -r 192.168.0.2 -u root -p xxx sslcertupload -t 1 -f cert.txt Uploading web server certificate and key: racadm -r 192.168.0.2 -u root -p xxx sslcertupload -t 6 -f cert.txt -k key.txt Uploading Active Directory certificate: racadm -r 192.168.0.2 -u root -p xxx sslcertupload -t 2 -f ad_cert.txt Uploading Client Trust certificate for SSL: racadm -r 192.168.0.2 -u root -p xxx sslcertupload -t 4 -f https_cert.cer Uploading a telemetry certificate: racadm -r 192.168.0.2 -u root -p xxx sslcertupload -t 8 -i 1 |

sslcertview

Table 103. Details of sslcertview

| Description | Displays the SSL server or CA certificate that exists on iDRAC. |
|-------------|---|
|-------------|---|

Table 103. Details of sslcertview (continued)

| Synopsis | racadm sslcertview -t <type> [-A</type>racadm sslcertview -t <type> -i</type> | |
|----------|---|--|
| | | |
| Input | -t—Specifies the type of certificate to view | : |
| | o 1—Server Certificate | |
| | o 2—Active Directory | |
| | o 4—Client Trust certificate for SSL | |
| | o 6—SEKM SSL certificate | |
| | o 7—KMS CA certificate | |
| | o 8—Rsyslog CA certificate | |
| | o 9—RSA CA certificate | |
| | o 10—SCEP CA certificate | |
| | ○ 12—Rsyslog Server CA cert | |
| | o 13—Rsyslog Client trust cert | |
| | 14—IEEE 802.1X Custom Certificate | |
| | 15—IEEE 802.1X Server CA Certificate | |
| | | anto |
| | 17—IEEE 802.1X Custom Signing Certific Description be added as the description of the second seco | ate |
| | -A—Prevents printing headers or labels. | |
| | | applicable only for Rsyslog Server CA certificate (-t 8) |
| | | omma ',' as one of the parameters, command displays the |
| | partial name in the following fields only until | the comma: |
| | Organization Name | |
| | Common Name | |
| | Location Name | |
| | State Name | |
| | The rest of the string is not displayed. | |
| Output | • racadm sslcertview -t 1 | |
| | | 0.1 |
| | Serial Number Subject Information: | 01 |
| | Country Code (CC) | US |
| | State (S) | Texas |
| | Locality (L) | Round Rock |
| | Organization (O) | Dell Inc. |
| | Organizational Unit (OU) Common Name (CN) | Remote Access Group iDRAC Default certificate |
| | Issuer Information: | IDINIC BETWEE CETETITICALE |
| | Country Code (CC) | US |
| | State (S) | Texas |
| | , , | _ 1 _ 1 |
| | Locality (L) | Round Rock |
| | Locality (L) Organization (O) | Dell Inc. |
| | Locality (L) | |
| | Locality (L) Organization (O) Organizational Unit (OU) | Dell Inc. Remote Access Group |

Table 103. Details of sslcertview (continued)

```
racadm sslcertview -t 1 -A
                  00
                  US
                  Texas
                  Round Rock
                  Dell Inc.
                  Remote Access Group
                  iDRAC default certificate
                  US
                  Texas
                  Round Rock
                  Dell Inc.
                  Remote Access Group
                  iDRAC default certificate
                  May 15 23:54:19 2017 GMT
                  May 12 23:54:19 2027 GMT
Example
              • To view the server certificate:
                  racadm -r 192.168.0.2 -u root -p xxx sslcertview -t 1
                 racadm -r 192.168.0.2 -u root -p xxx sslcertview -t 8 -i 1
              • To view the server certificate with headers and labels omitted:
                 racadm -r 192.168.0.2 -u root -p xxx sslcertview -t 1 -A
                  racadm -r 192.168.0.2 -u root -p xxx sslcertview -t 8 -i 1 -A
```

sslcsrgen

Table 104. Details of sslcsrgen

| Description | Generates and downloads a certificate signing request (CSR) file to the client's local file system. The CSR can be used for creating a custom SSL certificate that can be used for SSL transactions on iDRAC. |
|-------------|---|
| | To run this subcommand, you must have the Configure iDRAC privilege. |

Table 104. Details of sslcsrgen (continued)

| | · |
|----------|---|
| Synopsis | • racadm sslcsrgen -g |
| | • racadm sslcsrgen [-g] [-f <filename>]</filename> |
| | • racadm sslcsrgen -s |
| | • racadm sslcsrgen -g -t <csr_type></csr_type> |
| | • racadm sslcsrgen -g -f <filename> -t <csr_type></csr_type></filename> |
| | • racadm sslcsrgen -s -t <csr_type></csr_type> |
| Input | -g—Generates a new CSR. -s—Returns the status of a CSR generation process (generation in progress, active, or none). -f—Specifies the filename of the location, <filename>, where the CSR is downloaded.</filename> (i) NOTE: The -f option is only supported on the remote interfaces. -t —Specifies the type of CSR to be generated. The options are: 0 1—SSL cert 0 2—Factory Identity Cert 0 3—SEKM SSL Cert 0 4—Rsyslog SSL Cert |
| Output | If no options are specified, a CSR is generated and downloaded to the local file system as sslcsr by default. The -g option cannot be used with the -s option, and the -f option can only be used with the -g option. The sslcsrgen -s subcommand returns one of the following status codes: CSR was generated successfully. CSR does not exist. |
| Example | Display the status of CSR operation: |
| | racadm sslcsrgen -s |
| | Generate and download a CSR to local file system using remote RACADM |
| | racadm -r 192.168.0.120 -u <username> -p <password> sslcsrgen -g -f csrtest.txt</password></username> |
| | Generate and download a CSR to local file system using local RACADM |
| | racadm sslcsrgen -g -f c:\csr\csrtest.txt |
| | Generate a new certificate signing request for SSL type |
| | racadm sslcsrgen -g -t 1 |
| | Display the status of the current CSR operation for SSL type |
| | racadm sslcsrgen -s -t 1 |
| | Generate a new certificate signing request for Rsyslog SSL Cert |
| | racadm sslcsrgen -g -t 4 |
| | Display the status of the current CSR operation for Rsyslog SSL Cert |
| | racadm sslcsrgen -s -t 4 |

NOTE: Before a CSR can be generated, the CSR fields must be configured in the RACADM iDRAC. Security group. For example:

racadm set iDRAC.security.commonname MyCompany

i NOTE: In or SSH console, you can only generate and not download the CSR file.

sslkeyupload

Table 105. Details of sslkeyupload

| Description | Uploads SSL key from the client to iDRAC. |
|-------------|--|
| | To run this subcommand, you must have the Login and Configure iDRAC privileges. |
| Synopsis | racadm sslkeyupload -t <type> -f <filename></filename></type> |
| Input | -t — Specifies the key to upload. The value is: 1 — SSL key used to generate the server certificate. -f — Specifies the filename of the SSL key that must be uploaded. |
| Output | If upload is successful, the message SSL key successfully uploaded to the RAC is displayed. if upload is unsuccessful, error message is displayed. |
| Example | racadm sslkeyupload -t 1 -f c:\sslkey.txt |

sslresetcfg

Table 106. Details sslresetcfg

| Description | Restores the web-server certificate to factory default and restarts web-server. The certificate takes effect 30 seconds after the command is entered. To run this subcommand, you must have the Configure iDRAC privilege. |
|-------------|---|
| Synopsis | racadm sslresetcfg |
| Input | N/A |
| Example | racadm sslresetcfg |
| | Web server is restarting to complete the certificate update. Please wait for a few minutes for this process to complete. |
| | |

storage

Table 107. Details of storage

| Description | Allows you to run the commands to control storage arrays. |
|-------------|---|
| | To run this subcommand for configuring the storage properties, you must have the server control permission. |
| Synopsis | Inventory |
| | (i) NOTE: You can also run the command using raid in place of the storage command. |

• To view the help details for get command, run the following command:

racadm storage help get

 To generate and view information about the inventory of storage root node, run the following command:

racadm storage get status

• To generate and view information about the inventory of controllers, run the following command:

racadm storage get controllers -o

• To get the list of controllers, run the following command:

racadm storage get controllers

• To get the properties of a controller, run the following command:

racadm storage get controllers:<Controller FQDD>

- NOTE: HBA, BOSS and PERC controllers connected through slimline cable will have FQDDs starting with SL. Example NonRaid.SL.5-1, AHCI.SL.5-1, RAID.SL.5-1 and so on.
- To generate and view information about the inventory of batteries, run the following command:

racadm storage get batteries -o

racadm storage get batteries --refkey <Controller FQDDs separated by
comma>

racadm storage get batteries --refkey <Controller FQDDs separated by $\mathsf{comma}\!>\!-\mathsf{o}$

racadm storage get batteries --refkey <Controller FQDDs separated by
comma> -o -p property names separated by comma>

• To generate and view information about the inventory of virtual disks, run the following command:

racadm storage get vdisks

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \parbox{0.5cm} racadm storage get vdisks --refkey <-Controller FQDDs separated by comma> \end{tabular}$

racadm storage get vdisks --refkey <Controller FQDDs separated by comma > -o

• To generate and view information about the inventory of enclosures, run the following command:

NOTE: FQDD of certain Backplanes may not be the same in Software Inventory and Hardware Inventory.

racadm storage get enclosures -o

racadm storage get enclosures --refkey <Connector FQDDs separated by
comma>

• To get the list of enclosures, run the following command:

racadm storage get enclosures

• To get the properties of an enclosure, run the following command:

racadm storage get enclosures:<Enclosure FQDD>

• To generate and view information about the inventory of physical disk drives, run the following command:

racadm storage get pdisks

racadm storage get pdisks -o

racadm storage get pdisks -o -p property names separated by comma>

racadm storage get pdisks --refkey <Enclosure/Backplanes FQDDs
separated by comma>

racadm storage get pdisks --refkey <Enclosure/Backplanes FQDDs separated by comma> -o $\,$

racadm storage get pdisks --refkey <Enclosure/Backplanes FQDDs
separated by comma> -o -p property names separated by comma>

• To get the list of physical disks, run the following command:

racadm storage get pdisks

• To get the properties of a physical disk, run the following command:

racadm storage get pdisks:<PD FQDD>

• To get a list of physical disks in a virtual disk, run the following command:

racadm storage get pdisks -vdkey:<VD FQDD>

To generate and view information about the inventory of fans, run the following command:

racadm storage get fans --refkey <Enclosure FQDDs separated by comma>

racadm storage get fans --refkey <Enclosure FQDDs separated by comma > -o

To generate and view information about the inventory of EMMs, run the following command:

racadm storage get emms -refkey <Enclosure FQDDs separated by comma> racadm storage get emms --refkey <Enclosure FQDDs separated by comma> -o racadm storage get emms --refkey <Enclosure FQDDs separated by comma> -o -p -o -p comma>

To generate and view information about the inventory of PSU, run the following command:

racadm storage get psus --refkey <Enclosure FQDDs separated by comma> -o

racadm storage get psus -refkey <Enclosure FQDDs separated by comma>

racadm storage get psus --refkey <Enclosure FQDDs separated by comma> -o -p -o -p comma>

Configuration

(i) NOTE: For any storage operation executed, creating a configuration job is needed for the operation to be applied. Only storage operations that don't need a configuration job to apply the changes are blink/unblink. Also supported is the ability to stack multiple storage operations for one configuration job. Examples are execute reset config, create VD, assign hotspare and create configuration job. For more details on creating configuration job, refer to jobqueue help create command.

Below are the supported input options for storage operations:

- --refkey—Specifies the controller or enclosure FQDDs.
- -name—Specifies the new name for the virtual disk.
 - (i) NOTE: You can use alphanumeric characters, spaces, dashes, and underscores in the disk name. Any other special character that you enter is removed and replaced by a space while creating a virtual disk.
- -size—Specifies the new size for the virtual disk. It should be more than the current size.
 - o b—Specifies the size in bytes
 - o k—Specifies the size in kilobytes
 - o m—Specifies the size in megabytes
 - o g—Specifies the size in gigabytes
 - o t—Specifies the size in terabytes
- -rl—Sets the storage level.
 - o ro—storage O-Striping

 - o r1—storage 1-Mirroring
 - o r5—storage 5-Striping with Parity
 - o r6—storage 6-Striping with Extra Parity
 - o r10—storage 10-Spanned Striping with Mirroring
 - o r50—storage 50-Spanned Striping with Parity
 - o r60—storage 60-Spanned Striping with Extra Parity
- -new rl—Specifies the new possible raid level for the virtual disk
 - o ro-RAIDO
 - o r1—RAID1
 - o r5—RAID5
 - o r6-RAID6
 - (i) NOTE: This is a mandatory option must provide with RLM operation. Possible raid migrations with disk addition are R0-R1, R0-R5/R6,R1-R0/R5/R6, R5-R0/R6, R6-R0/R5. Possible raid migrations without disk addition are R1-R0, R5-R0, R6-R0/R5.

- -wp {wt | wb | wbf} Sets the write policy to Write Through, Write Back, or Write Back Force
- -rp {nra|ra|ara}—Sets the read policy to No Read Ahead, Read Ahead, Adaptive Read Ahead
- -ss—Specifies the stripe size to use.
- -pdkey: <PD FQDD list>—Specifies the physical disk drive to use in the virtual disk.
- -dcp—Sets the Disk Cache Policy in the Virtual Disk.
 - o enabled—Allows the virtual disk to use the cache.
 - o disabled—Does not allow the virtual disk to use the cache.
 - default—Uses the default cache policy. For SAS drives, use the disabled option and for SATA drives, use the enabled option by default.
- -name <VD name>—Specifies the name of the virtual disk.
- -size <VD size>—Specifies the size of each virtual disk.
 - o b—Specifies the size in bytes
 - k—Specifies the size in kilobytes
 - o m—Specifies the size in megabytes
 - o g—Specifies the size in gigabytes
 - o t—Specifies the size in terabytes
- -sc—Number of spans in a virtual disk (required for multi-span RAID level)

(i) NOTE:

- From PERC9 storage controller onwards, if the value of controller.SupportRAID10UnevenSpans is supported, you can enter only 0 for this option while creating RAID level 10. The created RAID10 virtual disk displays the spandepth as 1 (default).
- o For other controllers:
 - The default value for multi-span RAID levels is 2 and for basic RAID level is 1.
 - For hybrid RAID levels such as RAID10, RAID50, and RAID60, this option is mandatory.
 - The value for-sc option can be 0 only for RAID10.
- -T10PIEnable—Creates a virtual disk with protection information.
- -sd <SecureDisk>—Set the secure disk to encrypt the VD.
 - o enabled—Enable the encryption in VD.
 - o disabled—Disable the encryption in VD.
- -key <Key id>—Specifies the key id.
- -passwd <passphrase>—Specifies the passphrase.
- -newpasswd <passphrase>—Specifies the new passphrase.
- -assign {yes | no}—Assigns or unassigns the disk as a hotspare.
- -type { ghs | dhs}—Assigns a global or dedicated hotspare.
- -vdkey:<VD FQDD>—Assigns the dedicated hotspare to the specified virtual disk. This option is required for dedicated hotspare.
- -state <start|stop>—start value starts a patrol read operation. stop value stops a running patrol read operation.

(i) NOTE:

- o To start the operation, the Controller.PatrolReadMode must be in Manual mode.
- o The values displayed for properties such as Patrol Read, Check Consistency Rate, Rebuild Rate, BGI Rate, and Reconstruction Rate are displayed in percentage.
- -speed—Specifies the initialization of the Virtual disk.
 - o fast—Performs fast initialization.
 - o full—Performs slow initialization.
- blink: <FQDD> or unblink: <FQDD>—<FQDD> can be physical disk drives, virtual disks, or PCleSSD.
- <PCIeSSD FQDD>—Specifies the PCleSSD FQDD.
- <PCIeSSD controller|enclosure FQDD>—Specifies the PCIeSSD controller or enclosure FQDD.

- preparetoremove—Specifies the PCleSSD drive to prepare for removal.
 - (i) **NOTE:** Ensure that ISM is installed and running to perform the preparetoremove operation.
- cryptographicerase—Specifies the PCleSSD, SED (Self encrypting drive) or ISE device to perform the cryptographic erase operation.
 - (i) **NOTE:** If running this operation on an ISE or SED device, it must not be a part of a RAID volume. If the device is part of a RAID volume, delete the volume first and then run cryptographicerase.
- -mdtype { windows | linux}—Specifies the metadata type for the physical disk conversion to RAID
 - (i) NOTE: SWRAID only supports mdtype.
- -mode—Specifies the PERC key management type.
- To view the help details for a configuration command, run the following command:

racadm storage help <command>

where command can take below values converttoraid, converttononraid, controllers, clearconfig, createsecuritykey, createvd, deletesecuritykey, deletevd, encryptvd, enclosures, emms, fans, hotspare, importconfig, ccheck, cryptographicerase, preparetoremove, blink, unblink, cancelcheck, renamevd, cancelbgi, rebuild, cancelrebuild, capacityexpanon, raidlevelmigrationinit, modifysecuritykey, psus, pdisks, resetconfig, tempprobes, vdisks, patrolread, forceonline, forceoffline, replacephysicaldisk, unlock, and setbootvd.

- i) NOTE: iSM must be running on the operating system to run the preparetoremove method:
- To create, delete, and secure the virtual disks, to start or stop the consistency check on the specified virtual disk, run the following command:

racadm storage createvd: Controller FQDD> -rl $\{r0|r1|r5|r6|r10|r50|r60\}$ [-wp $\{wt|wb|wbf\}$] [-rp $\{nra|ra|ara\}$] [-ss $\{1k|2k|4k|8k|16k|32k|64k|128k|256k|512k|1M|2M|4M|8M|16M\}$]-pdkey: Comma separated PD FQDD> [-dcp $\{enabled|disabled|default\}$] [-name <VD name>] [-size <VD size> $\{b|k|m|g|t\}$] [-T10PIEnable] [-sd <secureDisk>]

(i) NOTE:

- o T10PI is no longer supported on PERC controllers.
- o If the <VD name> exceeds 15 characters when running the createvd command, it gets corrected to a length of 15 characters once the command is completed successfully.

racadm storage init:<VD FQDD> -speed {fast|full}

racadm storage deletevd:<VD FQDD>

racadm storage encryptvd:<VD FQDD>

racadm storage createsecuritykey:<Controller FQDD> -key <Key id> -xxx
<passphrase>

racadm storage modifysecuritykey:<Controller FQDD> -key <Key id>-xxx
<old passphrase> -xxx <new passphrase>

racadm storage deletesecuritykey:<Controller FQDD>

racadm storage ccheck:<VD FQDD>

racadm storage cancelcheck:<VD FQDD>

```
    To set virtual disk as bootvd and replace physical disk in virtual disk:

   racadm storage setbootvd:<Controller FQDD> -vd <VD FQDD >
   racadm storage replacephysicaldisk:<Source PD FQDD > -dstpd
   <Destination PD FQDD>
  To rename, expansion and raid level migration of the virtual disks and, to rebuild, cancel rebuild and
  cancel the back-ground initialization, run the following command:
   racadm storage renamevd:<VD FQDD > -name <new_vd_name>
   racadm storage capacityexpansion:<VD FQDD > -size <new size VD> -pdkey
   <PD FODDs>
   racadm storage capacityexpansion: < VD FQDD> -size < new size>.
   racadm storage discardcache:<Controller FQDD>
   racadm storage raidlevelmigration:<VD FQDD > -new_rl <raid_level>
   -pdkey:<PD FQDD separated by commas>
   racadm storage rebuild:<PD FQDD>
   racadm storage cancelrebuild:<PD FQDD>
   racadm storage cancelbgi:<VD FQDD>
  To convert the physical disk drives and assign or delete a hotspare. To scan physical disks that are
  connected to a controller and detect problem, run the following command:
   racadm storage converttononraid:<PD FQDD>
   racadm storage converttoraid: <PD FQDD>
   -mdtype <metadataType>
  (i) NOTE: Convert to RAID or Non RAID is not supported on PERC 10 (RAID mode) and BOSS
     controller cards. PERC10 in eHBA mode supports convert to RAID or Non-RAID.
  i NOTE: -mdtype is only supported for SWRAID controllers.
   racadm storage hotspare:<PD FQDD> -assign yes -type dhs -vdkey: <VD
   FODD>
   racadm storage hotspare:<PD FQDD> -assign yes -type ghs
   racadm storage hotspare:<PD FQDD> -assign no
   racadm storage patrolread:<Controller FQDD> -state start|stop
  (i) NOTE: If the -assign option is no, you cannot add other options. If the -assign option is yes
     and if the -type option is not present, the global hotspare (ghs) is created by default.
```

• To reset, clear, and import the storage configuration to the controller, run the following command:

racadm storage importconfig:<Controller FQDD>

racadm storage resetconfig:<Controller FQDD>

racadm storage clearconfig:<Controller FQDD>

• To unlock foreign configuration:

racadm storage unlock:<Controller FQDD> -key <Key id> -passwd
<passphrase>

• To start or stop a blink or identify operation on the specified storage device, run the following command:

racadm storage blink:<FQDD>

racadm storage blink:<PCIeSSD FQDD>

racadm storage unblink: < FQDD>

racadm storage unblink:<PCIeSSD FQDD>

(i) NOTE:

- o The start or stop a blink feature is not supported for HHHL PCle SSD devices.
- o BOSS-S2 controllers support blink and unblink feature on M.2 drives.
- To force a physical disk online, offline

racadm storage forceonline:<PD FQDD>

racadm storage forceoffline:<PD FQDD>

- (i) **NOTE:** Forcing a physical drive offline or online may result in loss of data. For more information, see the latest *PERC User's Guide*.
- To prepare the PCleSSD drive for removal:

racadm storage preparetoremove <PCIeSSD FQDD>

- NOTE: The Prepare to Remove task is not supported for HHHL PCIe SSD devices.
- To perform a cryptographic erase operation on PCleSSD device, run the following command:

racadm storage cryptographicerase:<PCIeSSD FQDD>

• To perform a cryptographic erase operation on PCleSSD device using PSID, run the following command:

racadm storage cryptographicerase:<SED FQDD> -psid <PSID>

 To set the encryption mode to Secure Enterprise Key Manager (SEKM) for the PERC controller or migrate from Local Key Manager (LKM) to SEKM mode:

- (i) **NOTE:** Ensure that you enable SEKM on iDRAC before enabling SEKM on the PERC controller or while migrating the PERC controller from LKM to SEKM security mode.
- To request iDRAC to rekey all devices:

racadm storage rekey:<Controller FQDD>

| Input | -o—Specifies the optimized version. |
|-------|-------------------------------------|
| | -p—Specifies the property name. |

Example

Inventory

• To view the help details for get command, run the following command:

```
racadm>>storage help get
racadm storage help get
Storage monitoring and inventory of hardware RAID connected to the system.
racadm storage get status
racadm storage help <Object type I/II>
racadm storage get <Object type I>
racadm storage get <Object type I> -current
racadm storage get <Object type I> -pending
racadm storage get <Object type I> -o
racadm storage get <Object type I>:<FQDDs of Object type I separated by comma> -p
property names separated by comma>
racadm storage get <Object type I>:<FQDDs of Object type I separated by comma>
racadm storage get <Object type II> --refkey <reference keys separated by comma>
racadm storage get <Object type II> --refkey <reference keys separated by comma> -o
racadm storage get <Object type II> --refkey <reference keys separated by comma> -o
-p property names separated by comma>
                                           ______
Valid Options:
Object type I
                  : controllers, batteries, vdisks, pdisks, fans, emms, tempprobes,
psus, enclosures.
                 : batteries, vdisks, pdisks, fans, emms, psus, tempprobes,
Object type II
enclosures.
-current <optional>: Displays only the current Raid objects from storage. If -pending
not mentioned it will consider as the default option
                  : Displays only the Pending Raid Objects from Storage.
-pending
-0
                  : Displays all the properties of the selected Key or Object.
-p
                  : Displays the property names with filter.
FQDD's
                   : Displays all the properties of the FQDD's Key.
--refkey
                  : Displays all the reference key of Object type.
help
                  : Displays each object type help.
NOTE: Maximum Property names can be specified in -p option is = 10.
NOTE: Maximum FQDD's or refkey can be specified is = 3.
Usage Examples :
racadm storage get controllers
racadm storage get psus
racadm storage get controllers -o
racadm storage get controllers -o -current
racadm storage get controllers -o -pending
racadm storage get enclosures -o
racadm storage get controllers -o -p name, status
racadm storage get vdisks -o -p layout, status
racadm storage get controllers:RAID.INTEGRATED.0
racadm storage get emms: EMM.Slot.0:ENCLOSURE.EXTERNAL.0-0:RAID.INTEGRATED.0
racadm storage get controllers:RAID.INTEGRATED.0 -p status
racadm storage get emms:EMM.Slot.0:ENCLOSURE.EXTERNAL.0-0:RAID.INTEGRATED.0 -p status
racadm storage get batteries --refkey RAID.INTEGRATED.0
racadm storage get pdisks --refkey ENCLOSURE.EXTERNAL.0-0:RAID.INTEGRATED.0
racadm storage get batteries --refkey RAID.INTEGRATED.0 -o -p status, state, name
racadm storage get fans --refkey RAID.INTEGRATED.0 -o -p status, speed, name
```

- To generate and view information about the inventory of controllers, virtual disks, storage enclosures, and physical disk drives.
 - o To generate and view information about the inventory of storage root node.

This command retrieves the status of the inventory for storage root node.

```
racadm storage get status
raid Root Node Status : Ok
```

- To generate and view information about the inventory of controllers connected to the server.
 - (i) NOTE: If you set the NVMe mode to Non-Raid, then SWRAID RollupStatus is displayed as Unknown.

```
racadm storage get controllers
RAID.Integrated.1-1
```

The following command is an optimized version and displays the full controller objects along with their keys:

```
racadm storage get controllers -o
RAID.Slot.4-1
                                                                                                      = 0k
       Status
       DeviceDescription
                                                                                                     = RAID Controller in Slot 4
       RollupStatus
                                                                                                    = \bigcirc k
                                                                                                    = PERC H740P Adapter (PCI Slot 4)
        Name
       PciSlot.
       FirmwareVersion
                                                                                                    = 50.5.1 - 1733
       RebuildRate
                                                                                                     = 30
                                                                                                    = 30
       BgiRate
       CheckConsistencyRate
                                                                                                    = 30
       ReconstructRate
                                                                                                    = 30
        PatrolReadRate
                                                                                                   = Automatic
        PatrolReadMode
                                                                                                    = Stopped
       PatrolReadState
        CheckConsistencyMode
                                                                                                    = Normal
        LoadBalanceSetting
                                                                                                   = Auto
       CopybackMode
                                                                                                    = ON
                                                                                                    = Not Present
        PreservedCache
                                                                                                   = 8192 MB
       CacheMemorySize
        PersistHotspare
                                                                                                   = Disabled
       KeyID

SpindownUnconfiguredDrives = Disabled
SpindownHotspare = Disabled
Timeintervalforspindown = 30 (Minutes)
= Security Key Assigned
                                                                                                   = Security Enterprise Key Manager
       EncryptionMode
        SasAddress
                                                                                                     = 0 \times 5 D09466073045100
        PciDeviceId
                                                                                                     = 0x16
        PciSubdeviceId
                                                                                                    = 0x1fcb
       PciVendorId
                                                                                                     = 0 \times 1000
        PciSubvendorId
                                                                                                     = 0 \times 1028
                                                                                                    = 0 \times 0
       PciBus
                                                                                                    = 0 \times 0
       PciDevice
                                                                                                     = 0 x 0
       PciFunction
        BusWidth
                                                                                                     = Other
                                                                                                    = Other
        SlotLength
       SlotType
                                                                                                    = Other
        MaxCapableSpeed
                                                                                                    = 12.0 \text{ Gb/s}
                                                                                                  = Not supported
        LearnMode
       SupportEnhance of SupportEnhan
                                                                                                 = Not Capable
                                                                                                     = Supported
        SupportEnhancedAutoForeignImport = Supported
       EnhancedAutoImportroretymcomity
SupportControllerBootMode = Supported
ControllerBootMode = Continue Boot On Error
        EnhancedAutoImportForeignConfig = Disabled
       RealtimeConfigurationCapability = Capable
RaidMode = None
SharedSlotAssignmentAllowed = Not Applicable
bootVD = Disk.Virtual.0
CurrentControllerMode = RAID
                                                                                                  = Disk.Virtual.O:RAID.Slot.4-1
        SupportEnhancedHBA
                                                                                                    = Supported
```

The following command displays the filtered property values for all returned controller objects:

```
storage get controllers -o -p Name
RAID.Slot.2-1
Name = PERC H345 Adapter (PCI Slot 2)
```

The following examples show the pending operation when used with storage get <object> commands:

To list storage objects without displaying the properties:

- This operation displays vdisk, which has pending operation:

```
racadm storage get vdisks -pending
DISK.Virtual.267386880:RAID.Slot.5-1
```

- This operation displays controllers, which have pending operations:

```
racadm storage get controllers -pending RAID.Integrated.1-1
```

- This operation displays pdisk, which has pending operation:

```
racadm storage get pdisks -pending
Disk.Bay.20:Enclosure.Internal.0-1:RAID.Integrated.1-1
```

- This operation displays enclosures, which have pending operations:

```
racadm storage get enclosures -pending
Enclosure.Internal.0-1:RAID.Integrated.1-1
```

Changing the attribute by using racadm set storage or storage configuration command displays the storage object in the -pending command output. If there are no pending objects, the following error message is displayed:

```
racadm storage get pdisks -pending ERROR: STOR0103: No physical disks are displayed. Check if the server has power, physical disks are available, and physical disks are connected to the enclosure or backplane.
```

The following examples show the pending operation while listing the properties:

By default, if there is no change in properties, the -pending command displays the current value. If the property has any pending objects, the -pending command displays the pending value.

- This operation displays the current state of pdisk, which is in Ready state:

- This operation displays state of a pdisk on which createvd operation is pending:

```
racadm>> racadm storage get pdisks -o -p state -pending Disk.Bay.4:Enclosure.Internal.0-1:RAID.Integrated.1-1
```

The following command displays the output for H755N adapter controller objects along with their keys:

```
racadm storage get controllers -o
  RAID.SL.8-1
                                     = \bigcirc k
  Status
  DeviceDescription
                                     = RAID Controller in SL 8
                                     = Ok
  RollupStatus
                                     = PERC H755N Front (Embedded)
  Name
                                     = 52.13.0 - 3396
  FirmwareVersion
                                    = 7.713.12.00
= 30
  DriverVersion
  RebuildRate
                                    = 30
  BaiRate
                                    = 30
  CheckConsistencyRate
                                     = 30
  ReconstructRate
 PatrolReadRate
                                     = 30
```

```
PatrolReadMode
                                      = Automatic
   PatrolReadState
                                       = Stopped
                                      = Normal
   CheckConsistencyMode
   LoadBalanceSetting
                                      = Auto
   CopybackMode
                                      = ON
   PreservedCache
                                      = Not Present
                                      = 8192 MB
   CacheMemorySize
   PersistHotspare
                                      = Enabled
   KevID
                                       = null
                                      = Disabled
   SpindownUnconfiguredDrives
   Timeintervalforspindown
SecurityStatus
                                     = Disabled
                                     = 30 (Minutes)
= Encryption Capable
   SecurityStatus
   EncryptionMode
                                      = None
                                      = Local Key Management and Secure Enterprise
  EncryptionCapability
Key Manager Capable
                                       = 0x54CD98F0BC453D00
   SasAddress
   PciDeviceId
                                       = 0x10e2
   PciSubdeviceId
                                       = 0x1ae2
   PciVendorId
                                      = 0 \times 1000
   PciSubvendorId
                                      = 0x1028
   PciBus
                                      = 0 \times 0
   PciDevice
   PciFunction
                                       = 0 \times 0
                                       = Unknown
   BusWidth
                                      = Unknown
   SlotLength
   SlotType
                                      = Unknown
                                      = 16 GT/s
   MaxCapableSpeed
   LearnMode
                                      = Not supported
   T10PICapability = Not Capable SupportRAID10UnevenSpans = Supported
   SupportEnhancedAutoForeignImport = Supported
   EnhancedAutoImportForeignConfig = Disabled
SupportControllerBootMode = Not Supported
   RealtimeConfigurationCapability = Capable
   RaidMode
                                      = None
                                     = Not Applicable
   SharedSlotAssignmentAllowed
                                      = None
   bootVD
   CurrentControllerMode
                                      = RAID
                                       = Not Supported
   SupportEnhancedHBA
   AutoConfigBehavior
                                       = Off
```

The following command provides the properties of the specified SATA/SAS physical disk as a member of HW controller:

NOTE: PDISK property RaidType is not applicable for HWRAID and will be displayed/populated with the value Unknown.

```
storage get pdisks:Disk.Bay.0:Enclosure.Internal.0-1:RAID.Slot.1-1
Disk.Bay.0:Enclosure.Internal.0-1:RAID.Slot.1-1
  Status
                                    = 0k
                                     = Disk 0 in Backplane 1 of RAID Controller
  DeviceDescription
in Slot 1
  RollupStatus
                                     = Ok
                                     = Solid State Disk 0:1:0
  Name
                                     = Ready
  State
  OperationState
                                     = Not Applicable
  PowerStatus
                                     = On
                                     = 3576.375 GB
  Size
  FailurePredicted = NO
RemainingRatedWriteEndurance = 100 %
= Not Capable
  BusProtocol
                                     = SAS
                                     = SSD
  MediaType
  AvailableSpare
                                     = 100 %
  DeviceSidebandProtocol
                                    = NVMe-M11.0
                                     = 0.001 \text{ GB}
  UsedRaidDiskSpace
                                     = 3576.375 GB
  AvailableRaidDiskSpace
                                     = NO
  Hotspare
  Manufacturer
                                     = HGST
  Product.Id
                                     = HUSTR7638ASS200
                                     = S524
  Revision
  SerialNumber
                                = 4LV04PNX
```

```
PartNumber
                                   = MY0C4DFRSN2007BK0007A00
NegotiatedSpeed
                                   = 12.0 \text{ Gb/s}
ManufacturedDay
ManufacturedWeek
                                   = 47
                                   = 2017
ManufacturedYear
ForeignKeyIdentifier
                                   = null
                                   = 0x5000CCA08700468D
SasAddress
NWW
                                   = 0 \times 5000 CCA08700468D
FormFactor
                                   = 2.5 Inch
                                   = 1
RaidNominalMediumRotationRate
T10PICapability
                                  = Not Capable
BlockSizeInBytes
                                   = 512
                                   = 12 \text{ Gb/s}
MaxCapableSpeed
RaidType
                                   = Unknown
SystemEraseCapability
                                   = CryptographicErasePD
SelfEncryptingDriveCapability
                                   = Not Capable
EncryptionCapability = Not Capable CryptographicEraseCapability = Capable
Certified
                                   = Yes
                                  = Not Applicable
NonRAIDDiskCachePolicy
EncryptionProtocol
                                   = None
```

The following command displays the output for Backplane 1 objects along with their properties:

```
racadm storage get enclosures: Enclosure. Internal. 0-1: NonRAID. Integrated. 1-1
  Enclosure.Internal.0-1:NonRAID.Integrated.1-1
                                    = Ready
  State
  Status
                                    = 0k
  DeviceDescription
                                    = Backplane 1 on Connector 0 of Integrated
Storage Controller 1
  RollupStatus
                                    = 0k
                                    = BP15G+ 0:1
  Name
  BayId
                                    = 1
  FirmwareVersion
                                   = 1.04
                                    = 0x34CC98F03FF22300
  SasAddress
  SlotCount
                                    = Not Applicable
  PCI Express Generation
```

 To generate and view information about the inventory of batteries that are connected to the controller, run the following command:

```
racadm storage get batteries
```

The following command is an optimized version and displays the batteries along with their keys:

```
racadm storage get batteries -o
Battery.Integrated.1:RAID.Integrated.1-1
Name = Battery
DeviceDescription = Battery on Integrated raid Controller 1
Status = Ok
State = Ready
```

The following command displays the filtered property values for all battery objects:

```
racadm storage get batteries -o -p Name
Battery.Integrated.1:RAID.Integrated.1-1
Name = Battery
```

The following command displays all battery keys that are connected to the controllers:

```
racadm storage get batteries --refkey RAID.Integrated.1-1
Battery.Integrated.1:RAID.Integrated.1-1
```

 To generate and view information about the inventory of virtual disks that are connected to the controller, run the following command:

```
racadm storage get vdisks
Disk.Virtual.0:RAID.Integrated.1-1
```

The following command displays all virtual disk keys that are connected to the controllers:

```
racadm storage get vdisks --refkey RAID.Integrated.1-1 Disk.Virtual.0:RAID.Integrated.1-1
```

The following command is an optimized and filtered version:

```
racadm storage get vdisks -o -p DeviceDescription,OperationalState
Disk.Virtual.O:RAID.Integrated.1-1
DeviceDescription = Virtual Disk 0 on Integrated raid Controller 1
OperationalState = Not applicable
```

o To generate and view information about the inventory of virtual disks, run the following command:

```
racadm storage get vdisks -o
Disk.Virtual.2:RAID.Integrated.1-1
                                                                                Ok
DeviceDescription
                        Virtual Disk 2 on Integrated RAID Controller 1
Name
                         OS
RollupStatus
                         Ok
State
                         Online
OperationalState
                         Not applicable
                         Raid-0
Lavout
Size
                         278.88 GB
SpanDepth
AvailableProtocols
                         SAS
MediaType
                         HDD
ReadPolicy
                         Read Ahead
WritePolicy
                        Write Back
StripeSize
                         64K
DiskCachePolicy
                        Default
BadBlocksFound
                        NO
                         NO
Secured
RemainingRedundancy
                         Ω
EnhancedCache
                         Not Applicable
T10PIStatus
                         Disabled
BlockSizeInBytes
                         512
```

o To generate and view information about the inventory of storage enclosures that are connected to the connector.

This command displays all enclosure objects for the connector FQDD.

```
racadm storage get enclosures -o
Enclosure.Internal.0-1:RAID.Integrated.1-1
                                                                                Ok
Status
State
                         Backplane 1 on Connector 0 of Integrated RAID Controller 1
DeviceDescription
RollupStatus
                         Οk
Name
                         BP13G+EXP 0:1
BayId
FirmwareVersion
                         0.23
SasAddress
                         0x500056B31234ABFD
SlotCount
                         24
```

The following command displays all enclosure keys that are connected to the connectors:

```
racadm storage get enclosures --refkey RAID.Integrated.1-1 Enclosure.Internal.0-1:RAID.Integrated.1-1
```

```
racadm storage get enclosures --refkey RAID.Integrated.1-1 -o -p Name
Enclosure.Internal.0-1:RAID.Integrated.1-1
Name = BP12G+EXP 0:1
```

 To generate and view information about the inventory of physical disk drives connected to the enclosure or backplanes, run the following command:

```
racadm storage get pdisks
Disk.Bay.0:Enclosure.Internal.0-1:RAID.Integrated.1-1
```

The following command is an optimized version and displays the full controller objects along with their keys:

```
racadm storage get pdisks -o
Disk.Bay.0:Enclosure.Internal.0-1:RAID.Slot.4-1
  Status
                                       = 0k
                                      = Disk 0 in Backplane 1 of RAID Controller in
   DeviceDescription
Slot 4
  RollupStatus
                                      = Ok
                                      = Physical Disk 0:1:0
  Name
   State
                                      = Online
  OperationState
                                      = Not Applicable
  PowerStatus
                                      = Spun-Up
                                      = 1117.250 \text{ GB}
   Size
   FailurePredicted
                                      = NO
  RemainingRatedWriteEndurance = Not Applicable
   SecurityStatus
                                      = Not Capable
                                      = SAS
   BusProtocol
  MediaType
                                     = HDD
  UsedRaidDiskSpace
                                      = 200.001 \text{ GB}
                                     = 917.250 GB
   AvailableRaidDiskSpace
  Hotspare
                                      = NO
  Manufacturer
                                      = SEAGATE
   ProductId
                                      = ST1200MM0099
                                      = ST31
  Revision
  SerialNumber
                                      = WFK1BNX3
                                      = CN0G2G54SGW0087A01RHA00
   PartNumber
                                      = 12.0 \text{ Gb/s}
   NegotiatedSpeed
                                      = 5
  ManufacturedDay
                                      = 28
  ManufacturedWeek
   ManufacturedYear
                                      = 2018
   ForeignKeyIdentifier
                                      = null
  SasAddress
                                      = 0x5000C500B8ED7081
   FormFactor
                                      = 2.5 Inch
   RaidNominalMediumRotationRate = 10000
   T10PICapability
                                      = Not Capable
   BlockSizeInBytes
                                      = 512
                                      = 12 \text{ Gb/s}
   MaxCapableSpeed
                                      = None
   RaidType
   SystemEraseCapability = SecureErasePD
SelfEncryptingDriveCapability = Not Capable
EncryptionCapability = Not Capable
   CryptographicEraseCapability
                                      = Capable
```

The following command displays the filtered property values for all returned controller objects:

```
racadm storage get pdisks -o -p State
Disk.Bay.0:Enclosure.Internal.0-1:RAID.Integrated.1-1
State = Online
```

The following command displays all physical disk drive keys that are connected to the enclosures:

```
racadm storage get pdisks --refkey RAID.Integrated.1-1 Disk.Bay.0:Enclosure.Internal.0-1:RAID.Integrated.1-1
```

The following command is an optimized version and displays all disk objects for the enclosure FQDD:

```
DeviceDescription
                                        = Disk 0 in Backplane 1 of RAID Controller in
Slot 4
  RollupStatus
                                         = Ok
                                         = Physical Disk 0:1:0
  Name
   State
                                         = Online
   OperationState
                                         = Not Applicable
                                        = Spun-Up
   PowerStatus
                                         = 1117.250 \text{ GB}
   Size
   FailurePredicted
                                         = NO
  RemainingRatedWriteEndurance
                                        = Not Applicable
   SecurityStatus
                                        = Not Capable
   BusProtocol
                                         = SAS
                                         = HDD
   MediaType
   UsedRaidDiskSpace
                                        = 200.001 \text{ GB}
   AvailableRaidDiskSpace
                                         = 917.250 GB
   Hotspare
                                         = NO
   Manufacturer
                                         = SEAGATE
                                         = ST1200MM0099
   ProductId
   Revision
                                         = ST31
   SerialNumber
                                        = WFK1BNX3
   PartNumber
                                         = CN0G2G54SGW0087A01RHA00
   NegotiatedSpeed
                                         = 12.0 \text{ Gb/s}
                                        = 5
   ManufacturedDay
   ManufacturedWeek
                                         = 28
   ManufacturedYear
                                         = 2018
   ForeignKeyIdentifier
                                         = null
   SasAddress
                                         = 0x5000C500B8ED7081
   FormFactor
                                         = 2.5 Inch
   RaidNominalMediumRotationRate = 10000
T10PTCapability = Not Capable
   BlockSizeInBytes
                                         = 512
   MaxCapableSpeed
                                         = 12 \text{ Gb/s}
                                        = None
   RaidType
   SystemEraseCapability = SecureErasePD
SelfEncryptingDriveCapability = Not Capable
EncryptionCapability = Not Capable
CryptographicEraseCapability = Capable
```

```
racadm storage get pdisks --refkey Enclosure.Internal.0-1:RAID.Integrated.1-1 -o -p State
Disk.Bay.0:Enclosure.Internal.0-1:RAID.Integrated.1-1
State = Online
```

o To generate and view information about the inventory of fans that are connected to the enclosure.

The following command displays all the fan keys that are connected to the enclosures:

```
racadm storage get fans --refkey <Enclosure FQDDs separated
by comma>
```

The following command displays all the fan objects for the enclosure FQDD:

```
racadm storage get fans --refkey <Enclosure FQDDs separated by comma > -o
```

```
racadm storage get fans --refkey <Enclosure FQDDs separated by comma> -o -p property names separated by comma>
```

To generate and view information about the inventory of EMMs connected to the enclosure.

The following command returns all the EMM keys that are connected to the enclosures:

```
racadm storage get emms -refkey <Enclosure FQDDs separated
by comma>
```

The following command is an optimized version and displays all the EMM objects for the enclosure FQDD:

```
racadm storage get emms --refkey <Enclosure FQDDs separated by comma> -o
```

o To generate and view information about the inventory of PSU connected to the enclosure.

The following command displays all the PSUs connected to the enclosures:

```
racadm storage get psus --refkey <Enclosure FQDDs separated
by comma>
```

The following command is an optimized version and displays all the PSUs objects for the enclosure FQDD:

```
racadm storage get psus --refkey <Enclosure FQDDs separated by comma > -o
```

The following command is an optimized and filtered version:

- To get the list of enclosures and properties of the PCleSSD enclosure.
 - o The following command provides the list of enclosures:

```
racadm storage get enclosures
Enclosure.Internal.0-1:RAID.Integrated.1-1\
Enclosure.Internal.0-1:PCIeExtender.Slot.3
```

o The following command provides the properties of the specified PCleSSD enclosure:

```
racadm storage get enclosures:Enclosure.Internal.0-1:PCIeExtender.Slot.3
Enclosure.Internal.0-1:PCIeExtender.Slot.3
RollupStatus = 0k
DeviceDescription = Enclosure.Internal.0-1:PCIeExtender.Slot.3
Name = PCIe SSD BP 1
SlotCount = 4
FirmwareVersion = 0.80
PcieSSDBusId = 182
PcieSSDDeviceId = 0
PcieSSDFunctionId = 0
```

o To get the list of physical disks and properties of the specified PCleSSD physical disk.

The following command provides the list of physical disks:

```
racadm storage get pdisks
Disk.Bay.0:Enclosure.Internal.0-1:RAID.Integrated.1-1
Disk.Bay.1:Enclosure.Internal.0-1:RAID.Integrated.1-1
Disk.Bay.2:Enclosure.Internal.0-1:RAID.Integrated.1-1
Disk.Bay.3:Enclosure.Internal.0-1:RAID.Integrated.1-1
Disk.Bay.4:Enclosure.Internal.0-1:RAID.Integrated.1-1
Disk.Bay.5:Enclosure.Internal.0-1:RAID.Integrated.1-1
Disk.Bay.8:Enclosure.Internal.0-1:PCIeExtender.Slot.3
Disk.Bay.6:Enclosure.Internal.0-1:PCIeExtender.Slot.3
Disk.Bay.7:Enclosure.Internal.0-1:PCIeExtender.Slot.3
Disk.Bay.9:Enclosure.Internal.0-1:PCIeExtender.Slot.3
```

The following command provides the properties of the specified PCIe SSD physical disk as a member of SW RAID:

```
racadm storage get pdisks:Disk.Bay.0:Enclosure.Internal.0-1
Disk.Bay.0:Enclosure.Internal.0-1
  Status
                                      = \Omega k
                                      = PCIe SSD in Slot 0 in Bay 1
  DeviceDescription
                                      = PCIe SSD in Slot 0 in Bay 1
  Name
  State
                                      = Ready
  Size
                                      = 931.250 \text{ GB}
                                      = NVMe
  BusProtocol
  MediaType
                                      = SSD
                                      = 100 %
  AvailableSpare
  Model
                                      = Dell Express Flash NVMe P4510 1TB SFF
```

```
ProductId
                                 = a54
SerialNumber
                                   = PHLJ9106019V1P0FGN
                                  = NVMe-MI1.0
DeviceProtocol
DeviceSidebandProtocol
                                  = NVMe-M11.0
Manufacturer
                                   = Intel
PCIeNegotiatedLinkWidth
                                   = x2
PCIeCapableLinkWidth
                                  = x4
                                   = 8 GT/s
MaxCapableSpeed
NegotiatedSpeed
                                   = 8 GT/s
                                   = 2.5 Inch
FormFactor
Revision
                                   = VDV1DP23
Rewision
RemainingRatedWriteEndurance = 100 %
FailurePredicted = NO
FailurePredicted
PcieSSDBusId
                                  = 101
PcieSSDDeviceId
PcieSSDFunctionId
                                   = 0
                                  = Ready
RAIDStatus
                                   = No
HotSpareStatus
                                  = 930.750 GB
= 930.75 GB
AvailableRaidDiskSpace
FreeSizeInBytes
RaidType
                                   = Windows Software RAID
SasAddress
                                   = Not Applicable
                                  = 0x3b5cd8a65c06bfd6
WWN
Certified
                                   = Not Applicable
NonRAIDDiskCachePolicy
                                   = Not Applicable
OperationState
                                  = Not Applicable
PowerStatus
                                   = On
                                   = Not Capable
SecurityStatus
                                  = 0.500 \text{ GB}
UsedRaidDiskSpace
                                  = Not Capable
T10PICapability
BlockSizeInBytes
                                  = 512
SystemEraseCapability = Cryptograph
EncryptionCapability = Not Capable
CryptographicEraseCapability = Capable
                                   = CryptographicErasePD
EncryptionProtocol
                                   = None
PartNumber
ForeignKeyIdentifier
                                   = null
RaidNominalMediumRotationRate
```

To get the list of controllers and properties of the PCleSSD controller:

The following command provides the list of controllers:

```
racadm storage get controllers
RAID.Integrated.1-1
PCIeExtender.Slot.3
```

The following command provides the properties of the specified PCIe SSD controller:

```
racadm storage get controllers:PCIeExtender.Slot.3
PCIeExtender.Slot.3
RollupStatus = Ok
DeviceDescription = PCIe Extender in PCIe Slot 3
Status = Ok
Name = PCIeExtender 3 (PCI Slot 3)
```

The following command provides the properties of the specified PCle SSD physical disk as a member of HW controller:

```
racadm storage get pdisks:Disk.Bay.4:Enclosure.Internal.0-1:RAID.SL.8-1
Disk.Bay.4:Enclosure.Internal.0-1:RAID.SL.8-1
  Status
                                    = Ok
                                    = Disk 4 in Backplane 1 of RAID Controller in
  DeviceDescription
SL 8
  Name
                                    = Solid State Disk 0:1:4
  State
                                    = Ready
                                    = 931.000 \text{ GB}
  Size
                                    = PCIe
  BusProtocol
  MediaType
                                    = SSD
  AvailableSpare
                                    = 100 %
                                   = Dell Express Flash NVMe P4510 1TB SFF
  Model
  ProductId
                                    = Dell Express Flash NVMe P4510 1TB SFF
                                = BTLJ928309UK1P0FGN
  SerialNumber
```

```
= NVMe-MI1.0
DeviceProtocol
DeviceSidebandProtocol
                                   = NVMe-M11.0
                                  = Intel
Manufacturer
PCIeNegotiatedLinkWidth
                                   = x2
PCIeCapableLinkWidth
                                   = \times 4
MaxCapableSpeed
                                   = 8 GT/s
                                   = 8 GT/s
NegotiatedSpeed
FormFactor
                                   = 2.5 Inch
Revision
                                   = VDV1DP23
RemainingRatedWriteEndurance
                                  = 100 %
FailurePredicted
                                   = NO
                                  = Not Applicable
= Not Applicable
PcieSSDBusId
PcieSSDDeviceId
PcieSSDFunctionId
                                  = Not Applicable
RAIDStatus
                                   = Ready
HotSpareStatus
                                   = No
AvailableRaidDiskSpace
                                   = 931.000 \text{ GB}
                                   = 931.00 GB
FreeSizeInBytes
                                   = None
RaidType
SasAddress
                                   = Not Applicable
WWN
                                   = 0x140ce5ce4d25c
Certified
                                   = Yes
                                  = Not Applicable
NonRAIDDiskCachePolicy
OperationState
                                  = Not Applicable
PowerStatus
                                   = On
                                   = Not Capable
SecurityStatus
UsedRaidDiskSpace
                                  = 0.001 \text{ GB}
                                   = Not Capable
T10PICapability
BlockSizeInBytes
                                   = 512
BlockSizeInbyces
SystemEraseCapability = Cryptograph.
EncryptionCapability = Not Capable
CryptographicEraseCapability = Capable
None
None
                                  = CryptographicErasePD
                                  = CN0FJ9YXPESIT9AD010TA02
PartNumber
ForeignKeyIdentifier
                                   = null
RaidNominalMediumRotationRate = 0
```

Configuration

To view the help details for a configuration command, run the following command:

```
racadm>> racadm storage help createvd
Storage configuration of hardware RAID connected to the system.
Usage:
racadm storage createvd:<Controller FQDD> -rl {r0|r1|r5|r6|r10|r50|r60}[-wp {wt|wb|
wbf}] [-rp {nra|ra|ara}]
[-ss \{1k|2k|4k|8k|16k|32k|64k|128k|256k|512k|1M|2M|4M|8M|16M\}]
-pdkey:<comma separated PD FQDD> [-dcp {enabled|disabled|default}]
[-name <VD name>] [-size <VD size>{b|k|m|g|t}] [-T10PIEnable]
Options :
-rl
                     : Set the RAID Level
                     : RAID 0 - Striping
: RAID 1 - Mirroring
r()
 r1
                     : RAID 5 - Striping with Parity
: RAID 6 - Striping with Extra Parity
 r5
 r6
                     : RAID 10 - Spanned Striping with Mirroring
 r10
                     : RAID 50 - Spanned Striping with Parity
: RAID 60 - Spanned Striping with Extra Parity
 r50
 r60
 -wp \{ wt \mid wb \mid wbf \} : Set the write policy to Write Through or Write Back or
Write Back Force
 -rp {nra|ra|ara}
                         : Set the read policy to No Read Ahead, Read Ahead, Adaptive
Read Ahead
 -ss
                          : Specify the stripe size to use
 -pdkey:<PD FQDD list> : The PDs to use in the VD.
 -dcp
                          : Set the Disk Cache Policy in the VD
                    : Enabled - Allow the disk to use it's cache
 enabled
 disabled
                    : Disabled - Disallow the disk from using it's cache
                     : Default - Use the default cache policy.
 default
 SAS Drives - Use Disabled by Default
```

```
SATA Drives - Use Enabled by Default
 -name \langle \text{VD name} \rangle : The name to give the VD
                         : The size of the VD
 -size <VD size>
                  : Specify the size in bytes
                  : Specify the size in kilobytes
k
                   : Specify the size in megabytes
 m
                  : Specify the size in gigabytes
 q
 +
                  : Specify the size in terabytes
 -sc
                  : Spandepth: Number of spans in a virtual disk
Note:
 - This option is mandatory for hybrid raid level like RAID 10, RAID50 and RAID60.
 - The default value is one for basic RAID levels.
 - If RAID10 Uneven Span is Supported then for RAID10:
      -sc option will be optional.
      Will allow only 0 value for this option.
 -T10PIEnable
                             : To create a VD with PI
Description :
Create a VD.
Examples :
racadm storage createvd:RAID.Integrated.1-1 -rl r0
-pdkey:Disk.Bay.0:Enclosure.Internal.0-0:RAID.Integrated.1-1
```

- To create, delete, and secure the virtual disks.
 - o The following command creates a virtual disk:

```
racadm storage createvd:RAID.Integrated.1-1 -r1 r0
-pdkey:Disk.Bay.0:Enclosure.Internal.0-0:RAID.Integrated.1-1
```

o The following command starts an initialization operation on a specified virtual disk:

```
racadm storage init:Disk.Virtual.0:RAID.Integrated.1-1 -speed fast
```

o The following command deletes the specified virtual disk:

```
racadm storage deletevd:Disk.Virtual.0:RAID.Integrated.1-1
```

The following command encrypts the specified virtual disk:

```
racadm storage encryptvd:Disk.Virtual.0:RAID.Integrated.1-1
```

- (i) NOTE: Virtual disk must be created with either SED or NVMe drives behind PERC.
- The following command assigns Local Key Management (LKM) security key for controller:

```
racadm storage createsecuritykey:RAID.Integrated.1-1 -key <Key id> -xxx <passphrase>
```

The following command modifies Local Key Management (LKM) security key for controller:

```
racadm storage modifysecuritykey:RAID.Integrated.1-1 -key <Key id> -oldpasswd <oldpassphrase> -newpasswd <newpassphrase>
```

The following command deletes Local Key Management (LKM) security key for controller:

```
racadm storage deletesecuritykey:RAID.Integrated.1-1
```

- To convert the physical disk drive and assign hotspare.
 - o The following command converts the specified nonstorage physical disk drive to a storage capable physical disk drive:

```
racadm storage converttoraid:Disk.Bay.O:Enclosure.Internal.O-O:RAID.Integrated.1-1
```

The following command converts the specified physical disk drive to a nonstorage physical disk drive:

```
racadm storage converttononraid:Disk.Bay.0:Enclosure.Internal.0-0:RAID.Integrated.1-1
```

• The following command assigns or unassigns a global or dedicated Hot spare:

```
racadm storage hotspare:Disk.Bay.0:Enclosure.Internal.0-0:RAID.Integrated.1-1 -assign no
```

racadm storage hotspare:Disk.Bay.0:Enclosure.Internal.0-0:RAID.Integrated.1-1 -assign yes -type ghs

```
racadm storage hotspare:Disk.Bay.0:Enclosure.Internal.0-0:RAID.Integrated.1-1 -assign yes -type dhs -vdkey:Disk.Virtual.0:RAID.Integrated.1-1
```

 The following command converts the specified nonstorage physical disk to a storage capable physical disk with windows meta data

 $\label{local_convert} {\tt racadm\ storage\ convert} to {\tt raid:Disk.Bay.0:Enclosure.Internal.0-0:RAID.Integrated.1-1-mdtype\ windows}$

- To reset, clear, and import the storage configuration to the controller.
 - o The following command imports the current foreign configuration from the controller:

```
racadm storage importconfig:RAID.Integrated.1-1
```

o The following command deletes all virtual disks and unassigns hot spare from the associated controller:

```
racadm storage resetconfig:RAID.Integrated.1-1
```

The following command clears the current foreign configuration from the controller:

```
racadm storage clearconfig:RAID.Integrated.1-1
```

- i NOTE: After a resetconfig or clearconfig operation, the data cannot be reversed.
- To blink or unblink the PCleSSD device.
 - The following command blinks the specified PCleSSD device:

```
racadm storage blink:Disk.Bay.8:Enclosure.Internal.0-1:PCIeExtender.Slot.3 STOR095 : Storage operation is successfully completed.
```

• The following command unblinks the specified PCleSSD device:

```
racadm storage unblink:Disk.Bay.8:Enclosure.Internal.0-1:PCIeExtender.Slot.3 STOR095 : Storage operation is successfully completed.
```

• To prepare the specified PCleSSD device for removal, run the following command:

```
racadm storage preparetoremove: Disk.Bay.8:Enclosure.Internal.0-1:PCIeExtender.Slot.3 STOR089: Successfully accepted the storage configuration operation. To apply the configuration operation, create a configuration job with --realtime option. To create the required commit jobs, run the jobqueue command. For more information about the jobqueue command, enter the RACADM command "racadm help jobqueue"
```

To perform a cryptographic erase operation on the specified PCleSSD device, run the following command:

```
racadm storage secureerase: Disk.Bay.8:Enclosure.Internal.0-1:PCIeExtender.Slot.3 RAC1040: Successfully accepted the storage configuration operation. To apply the configuration operation, create a configuration job, and then restart the server. To create the required commit and reboot jobs, run the jobqueue command. For more information about the jobqueue command, enter the RACADM command "racadm help jobqueue"
```

 To perform a cryptographic erase operation on PCleSSD, SED or ISE (Instant Scramble Erase) device, run the following command:

racadm storage cryptographicerase:<SED FQDD>

• To request iDRAC to rekey only a specific storage controller:

racadm storage rekey:RAID.Integrated.1-1

• To enable security on the HBA controller:

racadm storage security: NonRAID.Slot.3-1 -enable

To disable security on the HBA controller:

racadm storage security:NonRAID.Slot.3-1 -disable

• To enable security on a physical disk:

racadm storage encryptpd:Disk.Bay.0:Enclosure.Internal.0-0:RAID.Integrated.1-1

supportassist

Table 108. Details of supportassist

Description

Allows you to perform supportassist operations such as:

- collect: Collects the supportassist data and exports to local share, or remote share, or Dell site depending on the parameters given in the command. You can specify the type of the logs to be in the collect command. To run this command, user must accept the End User License Agreement (EULA).
 - (i) **NOTE:** When performing the collect operation on chassis system, ensure that you use the -t Debug option.
- register: Allows registration of supportassist to enable related features.
- exportlastcollection: Exports the last collected supportassist data to the share which is
 mentioned in the command or to the default share. Default share can be configured using the
 supportassist attributes.
- accepteula: Accepts the End User License Agreement (EULA).
- geteulastatus: Provides the status of the End User License Agreement (EULA).
- uploadlastcollection: Upload last collection to Dell supportassist server.
- exposeisminstallertohostos: Exposes iSM installer to host OS, so that user can install the iSM from host side.
- autocollectscheduler: Provides options to create view, and clear the time-based automatic collections. User must perform registration for this feature.
 - NOTE: All the commands except accepteula, geteula status, and autocollectscheduler will create job ID to track the progress of the operation.

Synopsis

• To perform supportassist operation by specifying the type of the operation.

racadm supportassist <support assist command type>

• To collect the data and store it in the iDRAC.

racadm supportassist collect -t <logtype>

To collect the data and export to network share

racadm supportassist collect -t <logtype> -l <CIFS/NFS/TFTP/FTP/HTTP/
HTTPS share> -u <username> -p password>

To collect the data and upload to Dell supportassist server.

racadm supportassist collect -t <logtype> -upload

Table 108. Details of supportassist (continued)

• To collect the data and export to local share. This is only allowed from remote and local RACADM.

racadm supportassist collect -t <logtype> -f <filename>

• To collect the data and export to remote share and to Dell supportassist server.

racadm supportassist collect -t <logtype> -1 <CIFS or NFS share
location> -u <username> -p <password> --upload

• To collect telemetry reports.

racadm supportassist collect -t TelemetryReports

• To Export the last collected supportassist data to a remote share.

racadm supportassist exportlast collection -1 < CIFS/NFS/TFTP/FTP/HTTP/HTTPS share -u myuser -p mypass

• To export the last collected supportassist data to the default network share.

racadm supportassist exportlastcollection

• To accept End User License Agreement (EULA)

racadm supportassist accepteula

• To check End User License Agreement (EULA) status

racadm supportassist geteulastatus

• To register iDRAC for supportassist features

racadm supportassist register -pfname <primary first name> -plname
<primary last name> -pmnumber <primary number>
-panumber <primary alternate number> -pmailid <primary email id>
-sfname <secondary first name> -slname <secondary last name> -smnumber

<secondary number> -sanumber <secondary alternate number>-smailid
<secondary email id> -company <company name> -street1 <street1 name>
-street2 <street2 name> -city <city name> -state <state name> -country
<country name> -zip <zip or postal code>

• To upload last collection to Dell supportassist server.

racadm supportassist uploadlastcollection

• To expose iSM installer to host operating system.

racadm supportassist exposeisminstallertohostos

To schedule auto collection of supportassist data weekly.

racadm supportassist autocollectscheduler create -time <time> -dow
<DayofWeek> -rp <repeat>

To schedule auto collection of supportassist data monthly.

racadm supportassist autocollectscheduler create -time <time> -dom
<DayOfMonth> -rp <repeat>

racadm supportassist autocollectscheduler create -time <time> -wom
<WeekOfMonth> -dow <DayofWeek> -rp <repeat>

Table 108. Details of supportassist (continued)

• To schedule auto collection of supportassist data quarterly.

racadm supportassist autocollectscheduler create -time <time> -wom
<WeekOfMonth> -dow <DayofWeek> -rp <repeat>

• To view the auto collection data

racadm supportassist autocollectscheduler view

• To clear the auto collection data

racadm supportassist autocollectscheduler clear

Input

- -t—Specifies the types of logs to be included in the export data.
 - -sysinfo—System information
 - \circ ${\tt osAppAll-OS}$ and Application data
 - o -ttylog—Storage log information
 - o -Debug—iDRAC debug logs
- -1—Specifies the network share location.
- -u—Specifies the user name of the remote share.
- -p—Specifies the password of the remote share.
- -f—Specifies the target filename of the exported data.
 - (i) NOTE: The filename must have .zip as the extension.
- -pfname—Specifies the primary user's first name for the registration.
- -plname—Specifies the primary user's last name for the registration.
- -pmnumber—Specifies the primary user's number.
- -panumber—Specifies the primary user's alternative number.
- -pmailid—Specifies the primary user's email address.
- -sfname—Specifies the secondary user's first name.
- -slname—Specifies the secondary user's last name.
- -smnumber—Specifies the secondary user's number.
- -sanumber—Specifies the secondary user's alternate number.
- -smailid—Specifies the secondary user's email address.
- -company—Specifies the company name.
- -street1—Specifies the street address of the company.
- -street2—Specifies the secondary street address of the company.
- -city—Specifies the name of the city.
- -state—Specifies the name of the state.
- -country—Specifies the name of the country.
- -zip—Specifies the zip or postal code.
- -time—Specifies the time to schedule a supportassist collection in HH:MM 12-hour format.
- -dom—Specifies the day of the month to schedule a supportassist collection. Valid values are 1-28, L(Last day) or '*' (default - any day). If -dom option is included in the command, then -wom and -dow options should not be included.
- -wom—Specifies the week of the month to schedule a supportassist collection. Valid values are 1-4, L(Last week) or '*' (default - any week). If -wom option is included in the command, then only -dow option should be included. -dom should not be included.
- -dow Specifies the day of the week to schedule a supportassist collection. Valid values sunday, monday,...saturday '*' (default - any day).
- -rp Specifies the repeat parameter weekly, or monthly, or quarterly. Weekly is allowed only with dow parameter. Monthly/quarterly is allowed either with dom or dow and wom together.

Example

To collect the system information data.

racadm supportassist collect

To collect the filtered data.

racadm supportassist collect --filter

• To collect the data and export to an FTP share.

racadm supportassist collect -t Debug -l ftp://192.168.10.24/share -u myuser -p mypass

• To collect the data and export to a TFTP share.

racadm supportassist collect -t Debug -l tftp://192.168.10.24/share

• To collect the data and export to an CIFS share.

racadm supportassist collect -t sysinfo -1 //192.168.10.24/share -u myuser -p mypasss

• To collect the data and export to a HTTP share.

racadm supportassist collect -t TTYLog -l http://192.168.10.24/share -u myuser -p mypass

• To collect the data and export to an HTTPS share.

racadm supportassist collect -t Debug -1 https://192.168.10.24/share -u myuser -p mypass

• To export the last collected supportassist data to an FTP share

racadm supportassist exportlastcollection -1 ftp://192.168.10.24/share -u myuser -p mypass

• To collect the data and export to an NFS network share:

racadm supportassist collect -1 10.94.161.103:/supportassist share

To collect the data and upload to the Dell supportassist server.

racadm supportassist collect --upload

• To collect the data and export to a local share. This is allowed only from a remote or a local RACADM.

racadm supportassist collect -f tsr.zip

• To collect the data and export to a remote share and to the Dell supportassist server.

racadm supportassist collect -t Debug -l //192.168.10.24/share -u myuser -p mypass --upload

To collect telemetry report.

racadm supportassist collect -t TelemetryReports

To export the last collected supportassist data to a CIFS share

racadm supportassist exportlast collection -l //192.168.10.24/share -u myuser -p mypass

• To export the collected supportassist data to the default network share.

racadm supportassist exportlastcollection

• To accept the End User License Agreement (EULA).

racadm supportassist accepteula

To check the End User License Agreement (EULA) status.

racadm supportassist geteulastatus

• To register the iDRAC for supportassist features.

racadm supportassist register -pfname abc -plname xyz -pmnumber 1234567890 -panumber 1234567899 -pmailid abc_xyz@Dell.com -sfname abc -slname xyz -smnumber 1234567890 -sanumber 7777799999 -smailid abc_xyz@dell.com -company dell -street1 xyztechpark -street2 -city bangalore -state karnataka -country india -zip 123456

To upload the last collection to the Dell supportassist server.

racadm supportassist uploadlastcollection

To expose the iSM installer to the host operating system for the iSM installation.

racadm supportassist exposeisminstallertohostos

• To schedule auto collection of supportassist data weekly.

racadm supportassist autocollectscheduler create -time 4:05am -dow sunday -rp weekly

• To schedule auto collection of the supportassist data monthly.

racadm supportassist autocollectscheduler create -time 7:55pm -dom 20 -rp monthly

• To schedule auto collection of the supportassist data quarterly.

racadm supportassist autocollectscheduler create -time $7:55\,\mathrm{am}$ -wom 2 -dow monday -rp quarterly

To view the auto collection schedule.

racadm supportassist autocollectscheduler view

• To clear the auto collection schedule.

racadm supportassist autocollectscheduler clear

swinventory

Table 109. Details of swinventory

| Description | Displays the list of software objects and associated properties that are installed on a server. i NOTE: Lifecycle Controller and CSIOR should not be enabled to run this subcommand. |
|-------------|--|
| Synopsis | racadm swinventory |
| Input | racadm swinventory |
| Output | racadm swinventory SOFTWARE INVENTORY ComponentType = FIRMWARE ElementName = Chassis PSU.Slot.1 FQDD = PSU.ChassisSlot.1-1-1 InstallationDate = 2022-09-09T09:27:32Z Current Version = 00.18.31 HashValue = NA SidebandUpdate = No PLDMCapabilitiesDuringUpdate = 0x0 PLDMFDPCapabilitiesDuringUpdate = 0x0 |

Table 109. Details of swinventory (continued)

```
ComponentType = FIRMWARE
ElementName = Integrated Dell Remote Access Controller
FQDD = iDRAC.Embedded.1-1
InstallationDate = NA
Rollback Version = 6.00.30.00
HashValue = NA
SidebandUpdate = No
PLDMCapabilitiesDuringUpdate = 0x0
PLDMFDPCapabilitiesDuringUpdate = 0x0
ComponentType = FIRMWARE
ElementName = Integrated Dell Remote Access Controller
FQDD = iDRAC.Embedded.1-1
InstallationDate = 2022-09-09T09:27:10Z
Current Version = 6.10.00.00
HashValue = NA
SidebandUpdate = No
PLDMCapabilitiesDuringUpdate = 0x0
PLDMFDPCapabilitiesDuringUpdate = 0x0
ComponentType = FIRMWARE
ElementName = Intel(R) Ethernet Connection 25G 4P E823-C-st LOM -
00:00:00:00:01:03
FQDD = NIC.Embedded.1-4-1
InstallationDate = 2020-09-20T10:52:57Z
Current Version =
HashValue = NA
SidebandUpdate = No
PLDMCapabilitiesDuringUpdate = 0x0
PLDMFDPCapabilitiesDuringUpdate = 0x0
ComponentType = FIRMWARE
ElementName = Intel(R) Ethernet Connection 25G 4P E823-C-st LOM -
00:00:00:00:01:00
FQDD = NIC.Embedded.1-1-1
InstallationDate = 2020-09-20T10:52:52Z
Current Version =
HashValue = NA
SidebandUpdate = No
PLDMCapabilitiesDuringUpdate = 0x0
PLDMFDPCapabilitiesDuringUpdate = 0x0
ComponentType = FIRMWARE
ElementName = Intel(R) Ethernet Connection 25G 4P E823-C-st LOM -
00:00:00:00:01:01
FQDD = NIC.Embedded.1-2-1
InstallationDate = 2020-09-20T10:52:50Z
Current Version =
HashValue = NA
SidebandUpdate = No
PLDMCapabilitiesDuringUpdate = 0x0
PLDMFDPCapabilitiesDuringUpdate = 0x0
ComponentType = FIRMWARE
ElementName = Intel(R) Ethernet Connection 25G 4P E823-C-st LOM -
00:00:00:00:01:02
FQDD = NIC.Embedded.1-3-1
InstallationDate = 2020-09-20T10:52:51Z
Current Version =
HashValue = NA
SidebandUpdate = No
PLDMCapabilitiesDuringUpdate = 0x0
PLDMFDPCapabilitiesDuringUpdate = 0x0
```

Table 109. Details of swinventory (continued)

```
ComponentType = BIOS
ElementName = BIOS
FQDD = BIOS.Setup.1-1
InstallationDate = NA
Rollback Version = 0.2.6
HashValue
645cc8f9c5c2f39dbff535681f130569edd64dadf8514b361ebd1de97e96b410
SidebandUpdate = No
PLDMCapabilitiesDuringUpdate = 0x0
PLDMFDPCapabilitiesDuringUpdate = 0x0
ComponentType = BIOS
ElementName = BIOS
FQDD = BIOS.Setup.1-1
InstallationDate = 2022-04-01T21:14:16Z
Current Version = 0.3.5
HashValue
645cc8f9c5c2f39dbff535681f130569edd64dadf8514b361ebd1de97e96b410
SidebandUpdate = No
PLDMCapabilitiesDuringUpdate = 0x0
PLDMFDPCapabilitiesDuringUpdate = 0x0
ComponentType = BIOS
ElementName = BIOS
FQDD = BIOS.Setup.1-1
InstallationDate = NA
Available Version = 0.2.3
HashValue =
645cc8f9c5c2f39dbff535681f130569edd64dadf8514b361ebd1de97e96b410
SidebandUpdate = No
PLDMCapabilitiesDuringUpdate = 0x0
PLDMFDPCapabilitiesDuringUpdate = 0x0
ComponentType = APPLICATION
ElementName = Lifecycle Controller
FQDD = USC.Embedded.1:LC.Embedded.1
InstallationDate = 2022-09-09T09:27:13Z
Current Version = 6.10.00.00
HashValue = NA
SidebandUpdate = No
PLDMCapabilitiesDuringUpdate = 0x0
PLDMFDPCapabilitiesDuringUpdate = 0x0
ComponentType = FIRMWARE
ElementName = System CPLD
FQDD = CPLD.Embedded.1
InstallationDate = 2022-04-02T00:28:39Z
Current Version = 0.1.7
HashValue = NA
SidebandUpdate = No
PLDMCapabilitiesDuringUpdate = 0x0
PLDMFDPCapabilitiesDuringUpdate = 0x0
ComponentType = FIRMWARE
ElementName = TPM
FQDD = TPM.Integrated.1-1
InstallationDate = 2022-04-01T17:08:09Z
Current Version = NotAvailable
HashValue = NA
SidebandUpdate = No
PLDMCapabilitiesDuringUpdate = 0x0
PLDMFDPCapabilitiesDuringUpdate = 0x0
ComponentType = APPLICATION
```

Table 109. Details of swinventory (continued)

```
ElementName = Diagnostics
FQDD = Diagnostics.Embedded.1:LC.Embedded.1
InstallationDate = 2020-09-20T10:45:17Z
Current Version = 0
HashValue = NA
SidebandUpdate = No
PLDMCapabilitiesDuringUpdate = 0x0
PLDMFDPCapabilitiesDuringUpdate = 0x0
ComponentType = APPLICATION
ElementName = OS Drivers Pack
FQDD = DriverPack.Embedded.1:LC.Embedded.1
InstallationDate = 2020-09-20T10:45:17Z
Current Version = 0
HashValue = NA
SidebandUpdate = No
PLDMCapabilitiesDuringUpdate = 0x0
PLDMFDPCapabilitiesDuringUpdate = 0x0
ComponentType = APPLICATION
ElementName = iDRAC Service Module Installer
FQDD = ServiceModule.Embedded.1
InstallationDate = 2020-09-20T10:45:17Z
Current Version = 0
HashValue = NA
SidebandUpdate = No
PLDMCapabilitiesDuringUpdate = 0x0
PLDMFDPCapabilitiesDuringUpdate = 0x0
ComponentType = FIRMWARE
{\tt ElementName = Integrated\ PCIe\ SSD\ 3\ Disk\ 1}
FQDD = PCIeSSD.Integrated.3-1
InstallationDate = 2022-07-18T23:05:31Z
Current Version = 0.6.0
HashValue = NA
SidebandUpdate = No
PLDMCapabilitiesDuringUpdate = 0x0
PLDMFDPCapabilitiesDuringUpdate = 0x0
ComponentType = FIRMWARE
ElementName = Integrated PCIe SSD 4 Disk 1
FQDD = PCIeSSD.Integrated.4-1
InstallationDate = 2022-08-02T15:31:56Z
Current Version = 0.1.8
HashValue = NA
SidebandUpdate = No
PLDMCapabilitiesDuringUpdate = 0x0
PLDMFDPCapabilitiesDuringUpdate = 0x0
ComponentType = FIRMWARE
ElementName = Integrated PCIe SSD 2 Disk 1
FQDD = PCIeSSD.Integrated.2-1
InstallationDate = 2022-07-18T23:05:57Z
Current Version = 0.6.0
HashValue = NA
SidebandUpdate = No
PLDMCapabilitiesDuringUpdate = 0x0
PLDMFDPCapabilitiesDuringUpdate = 0x0
ComponentType = FIRMWARE
ElementName = Chassis CM Embedded
FQDD = MC.Chassis.1-1-1
InstallationDate = 1970-01-01T00:00:00Z
Current Version = 0.13
```

Table 109. Details of swinventory (continued)

```
HashValue = NA
SidebandUpdate = No
PLDMCapabilitiesDuringUpdate = 0x0
PLDMFDPCapabilitiesDuringUpdate = 0x0
ComponentType = FIRMWARE
ElementName = Witness MCU Embedded
FQDD = MCU.Embedded.1-1:System.Integrated.1-1:System.Chassis.1-1
InstallationDate = 2022-04-26T19:16:27Z
Current Version = 0.10
HashValue = NA
SidebandUpdate = No
PLDMCapabilitiesDuringUpdate = 0x0
PLDMFDPCapabilitiesDuringUpdate = 0x0
ComponentType = FIRMWARE
ElementName = Witness BIOS Embedded
FQDD = BIOS.Setup.1-1:System.Integrated.1-1:System.Chassis.1-1
InstallationDate = 1970-01-01T00:00:00Z
Current Version = 0.0.0
HashValue = NA
SidebandUpdate = No
PLDMCapabilitiesDuringUpdate = 0x0
PLDMFDPCapabilitiesDuringUpdate = 0x0
```

NOTE: Configuration changes and firmware updates that are made within the operating system may not reflect properly in the inventory until you perform a server restart.

switchconnection

Table 110. Details of switchconnection

| Description | Provides the switch port details of iDRAC and server network ports. Refresh switch port details of all ports in the server. To run this command, you must have the Login privilege. |
|-------------|--|
| Synopsis | racadm switchconnection view racadm switchconnection view [iDRAC FQDD NIC FQDD] racadm switchconnection refresh |
| Input | • <idrac fqdd="" nic="" =""> — is the fully qualified device descriptor of iDRAC or NIC.</idrac> |
| Examples | To provide switch port details of all iDRAC and server network port racadm switchconnection view To provide switch port details of requested FQDD NIC.Integrated.1-1-1:BRCM racadm switchconnection view NIC.Integrated.1-1-1:BRCM To refresh switch port details of all ports in the server racadm switchconnection refresh |

systemerase

Table 111. systemerase

| Description | Allows you to erase the components to remove the server from use. |
|-------------|--|
| Synopsis | To erase a specific component. |
| | racadm systemerase <component></component> |
| | To erase multiple components. |
| | racadm systemerase <component>, <component></component></component> |
| Input | • <component>—the valid types of components are:</component> |
| | bios—To reset the BIOS to default. diag—To erase embedded diagnostics. drvpack—To erase embedded OS driver pack. idrac—To reset the iDRAC to default. lcdata—To erase Lifecycle Controller data. allaps—To reset all apps. secureerasepd—To erase the physical disk. This supports SED, NVMe drives, and PCle cards overwritepd—To overwrite physical disk. This supports SAS and SATA drives. percnvcache—To erase NV cache. vflash—To erase vFlash. nvdimm—To erase all NonVolatileMemory. |
| | the end of the Automated Task Application. To complete the process of BIOS reset, the server power must be restored. When the server is turned on, during POST, the BIOS completes the process of resetting to the default properties. At the completion of the reset process, the server is again turned off. Resetting the BIOS also includes the erasing of BIOS-related nonvolatile settings that are used by the OS and embedded in the UEFI applications. |
| | NOTE: When the racadm systemerase command is executed, the iDRAC will take the following actions if the: Server is powered off—it is powered on. Server is powered on—a graceful system reboot will be executed. ACPI is enabled on the server— a graceful shutdown occurs within a minute or two. ACPI is not enabled—a forced shutdown occurs and it may require up to ten minutes to complete. Following the server reboot, the Lifecycle Controller will execute the System Erase job to carry out the requested actions. All actions performed by the System Erase operations are recorded to the Lifecycle Log, including details of all devices erased. When these actions are completed, the server will be powered off and remain in this state, allowing service personnel to perform any needed posterase actions such as drive removal or hardware reconfiguration. When the server is powered on to return to service, the Lifecycle Controller will collect the system inventory and reflect any hardware or firmware changes made after the System Erase. |
| Examples | racadm systemerase bios racadm systemerase diag racadm systemerase drvpack |
| | racadm systemerase drvpack racadm systemerase idrac |
| | • racadm systemerase lcdata |
| l | |

Table 111. systemerase (continued)

racadm systemerase bios, diag, drvpack
racadm systemerase bios, idrac, lcdata
racadm systemerase allapps
racadm systemerase secureerasepd
racadm systemerase overwritepd
racadm systemerase percnvcache
racadm systemerase vflash
racadm systemerase secureerasepd, vflash, percnvcache
racadm systemerase nvdimm

systemperfstatistics

Table 112. Details of systemperfstatistics

| Description | Allows you to view and manage the system performance monitoring operations. |
|-------------|---|
| Synopsis | To view the FQDD's of system performance monitoring sensors |
| | racadm systemperfstatistics view |
| | To list the usage statistics of a specific sensor |
| | racadm systemperfstatistics <sensor_fqdd></sensor_fqdd> |
| | To reset the utilization peaks of system performance monitoring sensors |
| | racadm systemperfstatistics PeakReset <fqdd></fqdd> |
| | To run the peakreset operation you must have configure iDRAC privilege. |

Examples:

• To view the FQDD's of system performance monitoring sensors

```
racadm systemperfstatistics view
[key = iDRAC.Embedded.1#SystemBoardCPUUsageStat]
[key = iDRAC.Embedded.1#SystemBoardIOUsageStat]
[key = iDRAC.Embedded.1#SystemBoardMEMUsageStat]
[key = iDRAC.Embedded.1#SystemBoardSYSUsageStat]
```

• To list the usage statistics of a specific sensor

```
Average Readings
Last Hour = 0%
Last Day = 0%
Last Week = 0%

Peak Readings
Last Week 0% [At Mon, 05 May 2017 15:58:35]
```

To reset the peak utilization of a specific sensor

racadm systemperfstatistics PeakReset iDRAC.Embedded.1#SystemBoardCPUUsageStat RAC1163: The peak utilization value of Out-Of-Band performance monitoring sensor CPU Usage is successfully reset.

techsupreport

Table 113. Details of techsupreport subcommand

Description

Allows you to perform the technical support report operations.

Tech Support Report (TSR) is now known as SupportAssist Collections and the new term is used in all documentation and GUI. To maintain compatibility across server generations, the RACADM command has been retained as techsupreport.

The types of operations are:

 collect—Collects the technical support report data to export. You can specify the various types of logs to be in the report.

This operation generates a Job ID. Use this Job ID to check the status of the collect operation. To run this operation, you must have the Server Control Commands permission.

- export—Exports the collected Tech Support Report data. To run this subcommand, you must have the Execute Server Control Commands permission.
- getupdatetime—Gets the timestamp of the last operating system application data collection.
- updateosapp—Updates the operating system application data collection. To run this subcommand, you must have the Execute Server Control Commands permission.

Synopsis

• To perform the technical support report operation by specifying the type of operation.

racadm techsupreport <tech support report command type>

To collect the report data.

racadm techsupreport collect [-t <type of logs>]

To export the collected report data.

racadm techsupreport export -l <CIFS,NFS,TFTP,FTP> -u <username> -p
<password>

To get the timestamp of the last operating system application data collection.

racadm techsupreport getupdatetime

To update the operating system application data collection.

racadm techsupreport updateosapp -t <type of OS App logs>

To export the collected report data to local share.

racadm techsupreport export -f <filename>

Table 113. Details of techsupreport subcommand (continued)

| Input | • -t—type of logs. You can specify any of the following values that are separated by a ',' (comma) |
|----------|---|
| | SysInfo—System Information |
| | OSAppNoPII—Filtered OS and Application data |
| | OSAppAll—OS and Application data |
| | o TTYLog—TTYLog data |
| | (i) NOTE: |
| | For updating the operating system application data collection, enter the value OSAppNoPII or OSAppAll to the -t option. |
| | o If no value is specified and system information data is collected. |
| | To perform the OSLog collection, ensure that ISM is installed and running. |
| | TTYLog includes PCleSSD data. |
| | -1—network share location to export the report |
| | -u—user name for the remote share to export the report -p—password for the remote share to export the report |
| | -p—password for the remote share to export the report -f—target filename for the exported log. |
| | i) NOTE: The filename must have .zip as the extension. |
| F | · · |
| Examples | To collect the system information data. |
| | racadm techsupreport collect -t <type logs="" of=""></type> |
| | To collect the system information and TTYLog data. |
| | racadm techsupreport collect -t SysInfo,TTYLog |
| | To collect the operating system application data. |
| | racadm techsupreport collect -t OSAppAll |
| | To export the collected Tech Support Report, to an FTP share |
| | racadm techsupreport export -1 ftp://192.168.0/share -u myuser -p xxx |
| | To export the collected Tech Support Report, to a TFTP share |
| | racadm techsupreport export -1 tftp://192.168.0/share |
| | To export the collected Tech Support Report, to a CIFS share. |
| | racadm techsupreport export -1 //192.168.0/share -u myuser -p xxx |
| | To export the collected Tech Support Report, to an NFS share. |
| | racadm techsupreport export -1 192.168.0:/share |
| | To export the collected Tech Support Report to the local file system. |
| | racadm techsupreport export -f tsr_report.zip |
| | |

testalert

Table 114. Details of testalert

| Description | Tests FQDN supported SNMP trap notifications. To run this subcommand, you must have the Test Alert User Access. |
|-------------|--|
| Synopsis | racadm testalert -i <index></index> |

Table 114. Details of testalert (continued)

| Input | -i — Specifies the index of the trap test. <i>index</i> must be an integer from 1 to 8 on iDRAC. |
|---------|--|
| Output | Success: Test trap sent successfully |
| | Failure: Unable to send test trap |
| Example | Test a trap with index as 1. racadm testalert -i 1 Test trap sent successfully. Test a trap that has not been configured yet. racadm testalert -i 2 |
| | ERROR: Trap at specified index is not currently enabled. |

testemail

Table 115. Details of testemail

| Description | Sends a test email from iDRAC to a specified destination. Prior to running the test email command, make sure that the SMTP server is configured. |
|-------------|--|
| | The specified index in the idrac.EmailAlert group must be enabled and configured properly. For more information, see <i>Integrated Dell Remote Access Controller RACADM CLI Guide</i> available at https://www.dell.com/idracmanuals. |
| Synopsis | racadm testemail -i <index></index> |
| Input | -i <index> — Specifies the index of the email alert to test.</index> |
| Output | Success: Test e-mail sent successfully Failure: Unable to send test e-mail |
| Example | Commands for the idrac.EmailAlert group: • Enable the alert. |
| | racadm set idrac.EmailAlert.1.Enable 1 |
| | Set the destination email address. |
| | racadm set idrac.EmailAlert.1.Address user1@mycompany.com |
| | Set the custom message that is sent to the destination email address. |
| | racadm set idrac.emailalert.1.CustomMsg "This is a test!" |
| | Make sure that the SMTP IP address is configured properly. |
| | racadm set idrac.remotehosts.SMTPServerIPAddress 192.168.0 |
| | View the current email alert settings. |
| | racadm get idrac.EmailAlert. <index></index> |
| | where <index> is a number from 1 to 8.</index> |
| | |

testrsyslogconnection

Table 116. Details of testrsyslogconnection

| Description | Allows you to check the connection with Telemetry rsyslog server. The Telemetry feature requires iDRAC9 DataCenter or OpenManage Enterprise Advanced license to run this command. |
|-------------|---|
| Synopsis | racadm testrsyslogconnection |
| Input | testrsyslogconnection |
| Output | A test connection to the rsyslog server was successful. |
| Example | To test a Telemetry rsyslog connection: |
| | racadm testrsyslogconnection |

testtrap

Table 117. Details of testtrap

| Description | Tests the RAC's SNMP trap alerting feature by sending a test trap from iDRAC to a specified destination trap listener on the network. |
|-------------|--|
| | To run this subcommand, you must have the Test Alert permission. |
| | NOTE: Before you run the testtrap subcommand, make sure that the specified index in the RACADM iDRAC.SNMPAlert group is configured properly. The indices of testtrap subcommand is co-related to the indices of iDRAC.SNMPAlert group. |
| Synopsis | racadm testtrap -i <index></index> |
| Input | -i <index> — Specifies the index of the trap configuration that must be used for the test. Valid values are from 1 to 4.</index> |
| Example | Enable the alert. |
| | racadm set idrac.emailalert.1.CustomMsg 1 racadm set iDRAC.SNMPAlert.1.State 1 |
| | Set the destination email IP address. |
| | racadm set iDRAC.SNMPAlert.1.Destination 192.168.0 |
| | View the current test trap settings. |
| | racadm get iDRAC.SNMPAlert. <index></index> |
| | where <index> is a number from 1 to 8</index> |

traceroute

Table 118. Details of traceroute

| Description | Traces network path of the routers as the packets traverse from the system to a destination IPv4 address. |
|-------------|---|
|-------------|---|

Table 118. Details of traceroute (continued)

| | To run this subcommand, you must have the Execute Diagnostic Commands permission. |
|----------|---|
| Synopsis | racadm traceroute <ipv4 address=""></ipv4> |
| Input | IPv4 — Specifies IPv4 address. |
| Output | traceroute to 192.168.0.1 (192.168.0.1), 30 hops max, 40 byte packets |
| | 1 192.168.0.1 (192.168.0.1) 0.801 ms 0.246 ms 0.253 ms |

traceroute6

Table 119. Details of traceroute6

| Description | Traces the network path of routers as the packets traverse from the system to a destination IPv6 address. To run this subcommand, you must have the Execute Diagnostic Commands permission. |
|-------------|--|
| Synopsis | racadm traceroute6 <ipv6address></ipv6address> |
| Input | <ipv6address> – Specifies IPv6 address.</ipv6address> |
| Output | traceroute to fd01::1 (fd01::1) from fd01::3, 30 hops max, 16 byte packets |
| | 1 fd01::1 (fd01::1) 14.324 ms 0.26 ms 0.244 ms |

update

Table 120. Details of update subcommand

| Description | Allows you to update the firmware of devices on the server. The supported firmware image file types are: • .exe — Windows-based Dell Update Package (DUP) • .d9 • .pm • .sc |
|-------------|--|
| | The supported catalog files are: .xml xml.gzip NOTE: Updating the platforms from the repository is not supported for IPv6. The firmware update through FTP has a limitation of file name up to 64 characters. Depending on the network traffic, the HTTP packet transfer may fail if you perform update operation from a remote RACADM through a local share. In such cases, retry the operation. If the issue persists, use remote RACADM with the CIFS or NFS share. The supported share types for single file or DUP updates are CIFS, NFS, HTTP, and HTTPS. For Repository updates, the supported share types are CIFS, NFS, FTP, TFTP, and HTTP. |
| | When a port number is appended to an IP address for firmware update, the job fails with an internal error. |

 racadm update command mounts a partition on the iDRAC as a USB device when run from the local host Operating System.

Synopsis

For single file or DUP update:

racadm update -f <updatefile>

racadm update -f <updatefile> -l <location> -u <username for CIFS share>
-p <password for CIFS share>

racadm update -f <updatefile> -l <location>

For Repository updates

racadm update -f <catalog file> -t <Repository type> -l <location> \ -u
<username for CIFS share> -p <password for CIFS share> \ [-a <restart>]
[--verifycatalog]

racadm update -f <catalog file> -t <Repository type> \ -e <FTP server with the path to the catalog file> $[-a < restart>] \setminus [--verifycatalog]$

racadm update -f <catalog file> -t <Repository type> \ -e <FTP server
with the path to the catalog file> [-a <restart>] \ -ph proxy ip> -pu
cproxy user> -pp proxy pass> -po proxy port> \
 -pt proxy type>

racadm update viewreport

Input

For single file or DUP update:

- -f: <updatefile>—Update filename (Windows DUP, .d9,.pm, .sc) only.
- \bullet -u: < username for CIFS share>—Specifies username of the remote share that stores the update file. Specify username in a domain as domain/username.
- -p: <password for CIFS share—Specifies password of the remote share that stores the
 update file.
- -1: <location>—Specifies network share location that stores the update file. For more information on NFS or CIFS share, see section on Usage examples
- -reboot—Performs a graceful system reboot after the firmware update.

For Repository update:

-f: <updatefile>—Update filename.

For update from repository .xml files are allowed. If a file name is not specified for repository update, Catalog.xml is taken as default.

If a file name is not specified for repository update, then the $\mathtt{Catalog.xml}$ is taken as default.

- -u: < username for CIFS share>—Username of the remote share that stores the update file. Specify username in a domain as domain/username.
- -p: <password for CIFS share Specifies password of the remote share that stores the
 update file.
- -1: <location>—Specifies network share location (CIFS/NFS/HTTP/HTTPS/FTP), that stores
 the update file. For more information on network share, see section on Usage examples
- -a: <restart> This option indicates if the server should be restarted after the update from repository operation completes. Must be one of the below:
 - o TRUE: restart after update completes
 - o FALSE: do not restart after update completes

i NOTE: These options are case insensitive.

• -t:Repository type>—Specifies the type of repository being used for the update.

Must be one of the below:

- o FTP: Repository is FTP
- o TFTP: Repository is TFTP
- o HTTP: Repository is HTTP
- o HTTPS: Repository is HTTPS
- o CIFS: Repository is CIFS
- o NFS: Repository is NFS
- (i) **NOTE:** These options are case insensitive. If the repository update functionality is to be invoked, this option is necessary.
- -e:<FTP server with the path to the catalog file>—Specifies the Server path for the FTP, TFTP, HTTP, and HTTPS.
- -ph : -proxy ip>—Specifies the IP address of the proxy server.
- -pu : -pu : cifies the user name for proxy credentials.
- -pp : -proxy pass>—Specifies the password for proxy credentials.
- -po : proxy port>—Specifies the port for proxy server.
- -pt : -proxy type>—Specifies the proxy type.

Must be one of the below:

- o HTTP: Proxy is HTTP
- o SOCKS4: Proxy is SOCKS4
- (i) NOTE:
 - o If the repository has to be through a proxy, the proxy server address, proxy username and the proxy password are necessary. The Lifecycle Controller must be enabled for repository update.
 - This command supports both IPV4 and IPV6 formats. IPV6 is applicable only for CIFS and NFS remote share.

Output

Firmware update job for <filename> is initiated.

This firmware update job may take several minutes to complete depending on the component or firmware being updated. To view the progress of the job, run the racadm jobqueue view command.

For repository update command, the output is:

Update from repository operation has been initiated. Check the progress of the operation using "racadm jobqueue view -i $\rm JID_{809364633532}$ " command.

For devices that perform update process without rebooting the host, the update status changes from <code>Downloading</code> to <code>Completed</code>. For devices that require host reboot to perform update process, the update status changes from <code>Downloading</code> to <code>Scheduled</code>. When the status is displayed as <code>Scheduled</code>, reboot the host to start the update process.

The following devices require host reboot to perform the update process:

- Backplanes
- BIOS
- Complex programmable logic device (CPLD)
- Hard disk drives
 - Solid-state drives (SSD)
- Network interface cards (NIC) or Fibre Channel (FC) cards
- PCIe SSD devices
- Power supply unit (PSU)
- Storage controllers

Example

For single file or DUP updates:

Upload the update file from a remote FTP share

```
racadm update -f <updatefile> -u admin -p mypass -l ftp://1.2.3.4/share
```

• Upload the update file from a remote FTP share and to perform a graceful system reboot after update:

```
racadm update -f <updatefile> -u admin -p mypass -l ftp://l.2.3.4/share --reboot
```

• Upload the update file from a remote CIFS share:

```
racadm update -f <updatefile> -u admin -p mypass -l //1.2.3.4/share
```

• Upload the update file from a remote CIFS share and under a user domain "dom":

```
racadm update -f <updatefile> -u dom/admin -p mypass -l //1.2.3.4/share
```

• Upload the update file from a remote NFS share:

```
racadm update -f <updatefile> -l 1.2.3.4:/share
```

• Upload the update file from a remote HTTP share:

```
racadm update -f <updatefile> -u admin -p mypass -l http://1.2.3.4/
share
```

• Upload the update file from a remote HTTPS share:

```
racadm update -f <updatefile> -u admin -p mypass -l https://l.2.3.4/ share
```

• Upload the update file from the local file system using Local RACADM.

```
racadm update -f <updatefile>
```

• Upload the Update file from a remote CIFS share and to perform a graceful system reboot after update:

```
racadm update -f <updatefile> -u admin -p mypass -l //1.2.3.4/share -- reboot
```

Upload the Update file from a remote NFS share and to perform a graceful system reboot after update:

```
racadm update -f <updatefile> -l 1.2.3.4:/share --reboot
```

• Upload the update file from a remote HTTP share and to perform a graceful system reboot after update:

```
racadm update -f <updatefile> -u admin -p mypass -l http://l.2.3.4/
share --reboot
```

• Upload the Update file from the local file system using local racadm and to perform a graceful system reboot after update:

```
racadm update -f <updatefile> --reboot
```

For Repository updates:

• Perform update from an FTP repository and to apply the updates, reboot the server:

```
racadm update -f Catalog.xml -l //192.168.11.10/Repo -u test -p passwd -a TRUE -t CIFS
```

• Generate a comparison report using about the available updates in the repository:

```
racadm update -f Catalog.xml -l 192.168.11.10:/Repo -t NFS -a FALSE --
verifycatalog
```

```
    Perform update from an FTP repository and reboot the server to apply the updates:

   racadm update -f Catalog.xml -e 192.168.11.10/Repo/MyCatalog -a TRUE -t
• Perform update from an FTP repository with authentication and reboot the server to apply the updates
   racadm update -f Catalog.xml -e 192.168.11.10/Repo/MyCatalog -u user -p
   mypass -a TRUE -t FTP
• Perform update from a HTTP repository and restart the server to apply the updates.
   racadm update -f Catalog.xml -e 192.168.11.10/Repo/MyCatalog -a TRUE -t
 Perform update from a TFTP repository and restart the server to apply the updates.
     racadm update -f Catalog.xml -e 192.168.11.10/Repo/MyCatalog -a TRUE
• Perform update from an FTP repository through a proxy server.
   racadm update -f Catalog.xml -e 192.168.11.10/Repo/MyCatalog -a TRUE
   -ph 145.140.12.56 -pu prxyuser -pp prxypass -po 80 -pt http -t FTP
• Perform update from an downloads.dell.com
   racadm update -f Catalog.xml.gz -e downloads.dell.com/Catalog -a TRUE
 View the comparison report generated when --verifycatalog is used.
   racadm update viewreport
```

usercertupload

Table 121. Details of usercertupload

| Description | Uploads a user certificate or a user CA certificate from the client to iDRAC. To run this subcommand, you must have the Configure iDRAC permission. |
|-------------|--|
| Synopsis | racadm usercertupload -t <type> [-f <filename>] -i <index></index></filename></type> |
| Input | -t — Specifies the type of certificate to upload, either the CA certificate or server certificate. 1 = user certificate 2 = user CA certificate -f — Specifies the filename of the certificate that must be uploaded. If the file is not specified, the sslcert file in the current directory is selected. -i — Index number of the user. Valid values 2-16. |
| Output | If upload is successful, the message User certificate successfully uploaded to the RAC. If unsuccessful, appropriate error message is displayed. |
| Example | To upload user certificate for user 6. racadm usercertupload -t 1 -f c:\cert\cert.txt -i 6 |

usercertview

Table 122. Details of usercertview

| Description | Displays the user certificate or user CA certificate that exists on iDRAC. | |
|-------------|---|--|
| Synopsis | racadm usercertview -t <type> [-A] -i <index></index></type> | |
| Input | -t —Specifies the type of certificate to view, either the user certificate or the user CA certificate. 1=user certificate 2=user CA certificate -A —Prevents printing headers or labels. -i —Index number of the user. Valid values are 2–16. | |
| Example | To view user certificate for user 6. | |
| | racadm usercertview -t 1 -i 6 | |
| | Serial Number : 01 | |
| | Subject Information: Country Code (CC) : US State (S) : Texas Locality (L) : Round Rock Organization (O) : Dell Inc. Common Name (CN) : iDRAC default certificate | |
| | Issuer Information: Country Code (CC) : US State (S) : Texas Locality (L) : Not Available Organization (O) : Dell Inc. Organizational Unit (OU): Remote Access Group Common Name (CN) : iDRAC default certificate | |
| | Valid From : May 7 23:54:19 2017 GMT Valid To : May 4 23:54:19 2027 GMT | |
| | NOTE: Not Available is displayed for attribute values in the certificate that are not populated or configured. | |

vflashpartition

Table 123. Details of vflashpartition subcommand

| Description | Manages the partitions on the vFlash SD card. (i) NOTE: • To run this subcommand, you must have the iDRAC Enterprise license. • After iDRAC restart, the status of the previous operation performed on the partition(s) is erased. |
|-------------|---|
| Synopsis | <pre>racadm vflashpartition <create delete="" list="" status="" =""> -i<index> -o<label> -e<emulation type=""> -s<size> -f<format type=""> -t<partition type=""> -l<path> -u<user> -p<password> -a</password></user></path></partition></format></size></emulation></label></index></create></pre> |
| Input | -o — Label that is displayed when the partition is mounted on the operating system. This option must be a string of up to six alphanumeric characters. VFLASH is the only accepted volume label for non-Dell SD card. -e — Emulation type must be either floppy, cddvd, or hdd. o floppy — emulates a floppy disk |

Table 123. Details of vflashpartition subcommand (continued)

- o cddvd emulates a CD or DVD
- o hdd emulates a hard disk
- -s Partition size in MB.
- -f Format type for the partition based on the type of the file system. Valid options are raw, ext2, ext3, fat16, and fat32.
- -t Create a partition of the following type:
 - o empty Creates an empty partition
 - image Creates a partition using an image relative to iDRAC.

Creation of a partition may be unsuccessful if:

- o The network share is not reachable.
- The user name or password provided is not correct.
- The file provided does not exist.
- The memory available on the SD card is lesser than size of the image file.
- -1 Specifies the remote path relative to iDRAC.
- -u User name for accessing the remote image.
- -p Password for accessing the remote image.
- -a Display the status of operations on all the existing partitions.
- list Lists the existing partitions and its properties.

Example

• Create a 20MB empty partition.

racadm vflashpartition create $-\mathrm{i}\ 1$ -o Drive1 -e hdd -t empty -f fat16 -s 20

Create a partition from a remote image.

racadm vflashpartition create -i 1 -o Drive1 -e cddvd -t image -l
//ipaddress/sharefolder/isoimge.iso -u username -p xxx

A new partition is created. By default, the created partition is read-only. This command is case-sensitive for the image filename extension. If the filename extension is in uppercase, for example FOO.ISO instead of FOO.iso, then the command returns a syntax error.

(i) NOTE:

- This feature is not supported in Local RACADM.
- Creating vFlash partition from an image file on the CFS or NFS IPv6 enabled network share is not supported.
- Delete a partition.

racadm vflashpartition delete -i 1

• Status of operation on partition 1.

racadm vflashpartition status -i 1

Status of all the existing partitions.

racadm vflashpartition status -a

• List all the existing partitions and its properties.

racadm vflashpartition list

vflashsd

Table 124. Details of vflashsd

| Description | Allows you to initialize or get the status of the vFlash SD card. The initialize operation removes all the existing partitions and resets the card. The status operation displays the status of the last operation performed on the card. | |
|-------------|--|--|
| | To run this subcommand, you must have the Access Virtual Media privilege. | |
| | i) NOTE: After you restart the iDRAC, the status of the previous initialize operation is erased. | |
| Synopsis | racadm vflashsd initializeracadm vflashsd status | |
| Input | Initialize— performs initialize operation on SD card. Status — indicates to view the progress or status report of the initialize operation. | |
| Output | If initialization is in progress, the message Initialization of the vFlash SD Card is now in progress is displayed. If unsuccessful, appropriate error message is displayed. | |
| | If the status of the last operation performed is successful, the message LastAction Progress Status=======Initialize SD Card 100 % Complete is displayed. If unsuccessful, appropriate error message is displayed. | |

vmdisconnect

Table 125. Details of vmdisconnect

| Description Allows you to end another Virtual Media session. After the session ends, the web-based interface the correct connection status. | |
|--|---|
| | Enables an iDRAC user to disconnect all active Virtual Media sessions. The active Virtual Media sessions are displayed on iDRAC web-based interface or by running the RACADM subcommands remoteimage or getssninfo. |
| | To run this subcommand, you must have the Access Virtual Media permission. |
| Synopsis | racadm vmdisconnect |

Legacy and New Groups and Objects

NOTE: To avoid errors in the scripts, ensure that you use the New Groups and Objects along with the new subcommands. For the list of deprecated and new subcommands, see the section Deprecated and New Subcommands

Table 126. Legacy and New Groups and Objects

| Legacy Groups and Objects | New Groups and Objects |
|------------------------------|------------------------|
| idRacInfo | iDRAC.Info |
| idRacType | Туре |
| idRacProductInfo | Product |
| idRacDescriptionInfo | Description |
| idRacVersionInfo | Version |
| idRacBuildInfo | Build |
| idRacName | Name |
| cfgActiveDirectory | iDRAC.ActiveDirectory |
| cfgADEnable | Enable |
| cfgADRacDomain | RacDomain |
| cfgADRacName | RacName |
| cfgADAuthTimeout | AuthTimeout |
| cfgADType | Schema |
| cfgADDomainController1 | DomainController1 |
| cfgADDomainController2 | DomainController2 |
| cfgADDomainController3 | DomainController3 |
| cfgADGlobalCatalog1 | GlobalCatalog1 |
| cfgADGlobalCatalog2 | GlobalCatalog2 |
| cfgADGlobalCatalog3 | GlobalCatalog3 |
| cfgADCertValidationEnable | CertValidationEnable |
| cfgADSSOEnable | SSOEnable |
| cfgADDcSRVLookupEnable | DCLookupEnable |
| cfgADDcSRVLookupbyUserdomain | DCLookupByUserDomain |

Table 126. Legacy and New Groups and Objects (continued)

| Legacy Groups and Objects | New Groups and Objects |
|----------------------------|------------------------|
| cfgADDcSRVLookupDomainName | DCLookupDomainName |
| cfgADGcSRVLookupEnable | GCLookupEnable |
| cfgADGcRootDomain | GCRootDomain |
| cfgLanNetworking | iDRAC.Nic |
| cfgNicEnable | Enable |
| cfgNicMacAddress | MACAddress |
| cfgDNSRacName | DNSRacName |
| cfgNicSelection | Selection |
| cfgNicFailoverNetwork | Failover |
| cfgDNSDomainName | DNSDomainName |
| cfgDNSDomainNameFromDHCP | DNSRacName |
| cfgDNSRegisterRac | DNSRegister |
| cfgNicVLanEnable | VLanEnable |
| cfgNicVLanID | VLanID |
| cfgNicVLanPriority | VLanPriority |
| cfglpv4LanNetworking | iDRAC.IPv4 |
| cfgNicIPv4Enable | Enable |
| cfgNiclpAddress | Address |
| cfgNicNetmask | NetMask |
| cfgNicGateway | Gateway |
| cfgNicUseDhcp | DHCPEnable |
| cfgDNSServersFromDHCP | DNSFromDHCP |
| cfgDNSServer1 | DNS1 |
| cfgDNSServer2 | DNS2 |
| cfglpv6LanNetworking | iDRAC.IPv6 |
| cfgIPv6Enable | Enable |
| cfgIPv6Address1 | Address1 |
| cfgIPv6Gateway | Gateway |
| cfglPv6PrefixLength | PrefixLength |

Table 126. Legacy and New Groups and Objects (continued)

| Legacy Groups and Objects | New Groups and Objects |
|--|------------------------|
| cfgIPv6AutoConfig | AutoConfig |
| cfgIPv6LinkLocalAddress | LinkLocalAddress |
| cfgIPv6Address2 | Address2 |
| cfgIPv6Address3 | Address3 |
| cfgIPv6Address4 | Address4 |
| cfgIPv6Address5 | Address5 |
| cfgIPv6Address6 | Address6 |
| cfgIPv6Address7 | Address7 |
| cfgIPv6Address8 | Address8 |
| cfgIPv6Address9 | Address9 |
| cfgIPv6Address10 | Address10 |
| cfgIPv6Address11 | Address11 |
| cfgIPv6Address12 | Address12 |
| cfgIPv6Address13 | Address13 |
| cfgIPv6Address14 | Address14 |
| cfgIPv6Address15 | Address15 |
| cfgIPv6DNSServersFromDHCP6 | DNSFromDHCP6 |
| cfgIPv6DNSServer1 | DNS1 |
| cfgIPv6DNSServer2 | DNS2 |
| cfgServerPower | System.ServerPwr |
| cfgServerPowerStatus | Status |
| cfgServerActualPowerConsumption | Realtime.Power |
| cfgServerMinPowerCapacity | Cap.MinThreshold |
| cfgServerMaxPowerCapacity | Cap.MaxThreshold |
| cfgServerPeakPowerConsumption | Max.Power |
| cfgServerPeakPowerConsumptionTimestamp | Max.Power.Timestamp |
| cfgServerPowerConsumptionClear | Max.PowerClear |
| cfgServerPowerCapWatts | Cap.Watts |
| cfgServerPowerCapBtuhr | Cap.BtuHr |

Table 126. Legacy and New Groups and Objects (continued)

| Legacy Groups and Objects | New Groups and Objects |
|--|----------------------------------|
| cfgServerPowerCapPercent | Cap.Percent |
| cfgServerPowerCapEnable | Cap.Enable |
| cfgServerPowerLastHourAvg | Avg.LastHour |
| cfgServerPowerLastDayAvg | Avg.LastDay |
| cfgServerPowerLastWeekAvg | Avg.LastWeek |
| cfgServerPowerLastHourMinPower | Min.LastHour |
| cfgServerPowerLastHourMinTime | Min.LastHour.Timestamp |
| cfgServerPowerLastHourMaxPower | Max.LastHour |
| cfgServerPowerLastHourMaxTime | Max.LastHour.Timestamp |
| cfgServerPowerLastDayMinPower | Min.LastDay |
| cfgServerPowerLastDayMinTime | Min.LastDay.Timestamp |
| cfgServerPowerLastDayMaxPower | Max.LastDay |
| cfgServerPowerLastDayMaxTime | Max.LastDay.Timestamp |
| cfgServerPowerLastWeekMinPower | Min.LastWeek |
| cfgServerPowerLastWeekMinTime | Min.LastWeek.Timestamp |
| cfgServerPowerLastWeekMaxPower | Max.LastWeek |
| cfgServerPowerLastWeekMaxTime | Max.LastWeek.Timestamp |
| cfgServerPowerInstHeadroom | Realtime.Headroom |
| cfgServerPowerPeakHeadroom | Max.Headroom |
| cfgServerActualAmperageConsumption | Realtime.Amps |
| cfgServerPeakAmperage | Max.Amps |
| cfgServerPeakAmperageTimeStamp | Max.Amps.Timestamp |
| cfgServerCumulativePowerConsumption | EnergyConsumption |
| cfgServerCumulativePowerConsumptionTimeStamp | EnergyConsumption.StarttimeStamp |
| cfgServerCumulativePowerClear | EnergyConsumption.Clear |
| cfgServerPowerPicEAllocation | PCIePowerAllocation |
| cfgServerPowerSupply | System.Power.Supply |
| cfgServerPowerSupplyIndex | Index |
| cfgServerPowerSupplyInputStatus | LineStatus |

Table 126. Legacy and New Groups and Objects (continued)

| Legacy Groups and Objects | New Groups and Objects |
|------------------------------------|------------------------|
| cfgServerPowerSupplyMaxInputPower | MaxInputPower |
| cfgServerPowerSupplyMaxOutputPower | MaxOutputPower |
| cfgServerPowerSupplyOnlineStatus | Status |
| cfgServerPowerSupplyFwVer | FwVer |
| cfgServerPowerSupplyCurrentDraw | CurrentDraw |
| cfgServerPowerSupplyType | Туре |
| cfgServerPowerBusMonitoring | PMBusMonitoring |
| cfgUserAdmin | iDRAC.Users |
| cfgUserAdminIndex | NA |
| cfgUserAdminUserName | UserName |
| cfgUserAdminPassword | Password |
| cfgUserAdminEnable | Enable |
| cfgUserAdminPrivilege | Privilege |
| cfgUserAdminIpmiLanPrivilege | lpmiLanPrivilege |
| cfgUserAdminIpmiSerialPrivilege | IpmiSerialPrivilege |
| cfgUserAdminSolEnable | SolEnable |
| cfgRemoteHosts | iDRAC.SysLog |
| cfgRhostsSyslogEnable | SysLogEnable |
| cfgRhostsSyslogServer1 | Server1 |
| cfgRhostsSyslogServer2 | Server2 |
| cfgRhostsSyslogServer3 | Server3 |
| cfgRhostsSyslogPort | Port |
| cfgRhostsFwUpdateTftpEnable | FwUpdateTFTPEnable |
| cfgRhostsFwUpdatelpAddr | FwUpdateIPAddr |
| cfgRhostsFwUpdatePath | FwUpdatePath |
| cfgRhostsSmtpServerlpAddr | SMTPServerIPAddress |
| cfgEmailAlert | iDRAC.EmailAlert |
| cfgEmailAlertIndex | NA |
| cfgEmailAlertEnable | Enable |

Table 126. Legacy and New Groups and Objects (continued)

| Legacy Groups and Objects | New Groups and Objects |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------|
| cfgEmailAlertAddress | Address |
| cfgEmailAlertCustomMsg | CustomMsg |
| cfgSsnMgtSshldleTimeout | iDRAC.SSH |
| | Enable |
| | Port |
| | Timeout |
| cfgSsnMgtRacadmTimeout | iDRAC.Racadm |
| | Enable |
| | Timeout |
| cfgSsnMgtConsRedirMaxSessions | iDRAC.VirtualConsole |
| | EncryptEnable |
| | Enable |
| | PluginType |
| | LocalVideo |
| | Port |
| | MaxSessions |
| | Timeout |
| | AccessPrivilege |
| cfgSsnMgtWebserverTimeout | iDRAC.Webserver |
| | Enable |
| | HttpPort |
| | Timeout |
| | HttpsPort |
| | LowerEncryptionBitLength |
| [cfgSerial] | iDRAC.Serial |
| cfgSerialBaudRate | BaudRate |
| cfgSerialConsoleEnable | Enable |
| cfgSerialConsoleIdleTimeout | IdleTimeout |
| cfgSerialConsoleNoAuth | NoAuth |

Table 126. Legacy and New Groups and Objects (continued)

| Legacy Groups and Objects | New Groups and Objects |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------|
| cfgSerialConsoleCommand | Command |
| cfgSerialHistorySize | HistorySize |
| cfgSerialConsoleQuitKey | QuitKey |
| cfgSerialCom2RedirEnable | Enable |
| cfgSerialSshEnable | iDRAC.SSH |
| [cfgOobSnmp] | iDRAC.SNMP |
| cfgOobSnmpAgentEnable | AgentEnable |
| cfgOobSnmpAgentCommunity | AgentCommunity |
| cfgNetTuningNic100MB | iDRAC.Nic |
| cfgNetTuningNicFullDuplex | iDRAC.Nic |
| cfgNetTuningNicMtu | iDRAC.Nic |
| cfgNetTuningNicAutoneg | iDRAC.Nic |
| cfgRacTuneRemoteRacadmEnable=1 | iDRAC.Racadm |
| cfgRacTuneWebserverEnable=1 | iDRAC.Webserver |
| cfgRacTuneHttpPort=80 | iDRAC.Webserver |
| cfgRacTuneHttpsPort=443 | iDRAC.Webserver |
| cfgRacTuneSshPort=22 | iDRAC.SSH |
| cfgRacTuneConRedirEnable=1 | iDRAC.VirtualConsole |
| cfgRacTuneConRedirPort=5900 | iDRAC.VirtualConsole |
| cfgRacTuneConRedirEncryptEnable=1 | iDRAC.VirtualConsole |
| cfgRacTuneLocalServerVideo=1 | iDRAC.VirtualConsole |
| cfgRacTunelpRangeEnable=0 | RangeEnable |
| cfgRacTunelpRangeAddr=192.168.1.1 | RangeAddr |
| cfgRacTunelpRangeMask=255.255.255.0 | RangeMask |
| cfgRacTuneTimezoneOffset=0 | TimeZoneOffset |
| cfgRacTuneDaylightOffset=0 | DaylightOffset |
| cfgRacTuneAsrEnable=1 | TBD |
| cfgRacTunePlugintype=0 | iDRAC.VirtualConsole |
| cfgRacTuneCtrlEConfigDisable=0 | PrebootConfig |

Table 126. Legacy and New Groups and Objects (continued)

| Legacy Groups and Objects | New Groups and Objects |
|---|------------------------|
| cfgRacTuneLocalConfigDisable=0 | LocalConfig |
| cfgRacTuneVirtualConsoleAuthorizeMultipleSessions=0 | iDRAC.VirtualConsole |
| ifcRacManagedNodeOs | System.ServerOS |
| ifcRacMnOsHostname | HostName |
| ifcRacMnOsOsName | OSName |
| cfgRacSecurity | iDRAC.Security |
| cfgRacSecCsrKeySize | CsrKeySize |
| cfgRacSecCsrCommonName | CsrCommonName |
| cfgRacSecCsrOrganizationName | CsrOrganizationName |
| cfgRacSecCsrOrganizationUnit | CsrOrganizationUnit |
| cfgRacSecCsrLocalityName | CsrLocalityName |
| cfgRacSecCsrStateName | CsrStateName |
| cfgRacSecCsrCountryCode | CsrCountryCode |
| cfgRacSecCsrEmailAddr | CsrEmailAddr |
| cfgRacVirtual | iDRAC.VirtualMedia |
| cfgVirMediaAttached | Attached |
| cfgVirtualBootOnce | BootOnce |
| cfgVirMediaFloppyEmulation | FloppyEmulation |
| cfgLDAP | iDRAC.LDAP |
| cfgLdapEnable | Enable |
| cfgLdapServer | Server |
| cfgLdapPort | Port |
| cfgLdapBaseDN | BaseDN |
| cfgLdapUserAttribute | UserAttribute |
| cfgLdapGroupAttribute | GroupAttribute |
| cfgLdapGroupAttributelsDN | GroupAttributeIsDN |
| cfgLdapBindDN | BindDN |
| # cfgLdapBindPassword | BindPassword |
| cfgLdapSearchFilter | SearchFilter |

Table 126. Legacy and New Groups and Objects (continued)

| Legacy Groups and Objects | New Groups and Objects |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| cfgLdapCertValidationEnable | CertValidationEnable |
| cfgLdapRoleGroup | iDRAC.LDApRole |
| cfgLdapRoleGroupIndex | NA |
| cfgLdapRoleGroupDN | DN |
| cfgLdapRoleGroupPrivilege | Privilege |
| cfgStandardSchema | iDRAC.ADGroup |
| cfgSSADRoleGroupIndex | NA |
| cfgSSADRoleGroupName | Name |
| cfgSSADRoleGroupDomain | Domain |
| cfgSSADRoleGroupPrivilege | Privilege |
| cfglpmiSerial | iDRAC.IPMISerial |
| cfglpmiSerialConnectionMode | ConnectionMode |
| cfglpmiSerialBaudRate | BaudRate |
| cfglpmiSerialFlowControl | FlowControl |
| cfglpmiSerialChanPrivLimit | ChanPrivLimit |
| cfglpmiSerialLineEdit | LineEdit |
| cfglpmiSerialDeleteControl | DeleteControl |
| cfglpmiSerialEchoControl | EchoControl |
| cfglpmiSerialHandshakeControl | HandshakeControl |
| cfglpmiSerialNewLineSequence | NewLineSeq |
| cfglpmiSerialInputNewLineSequence | InputNewLineSeq |
| cfglpmiSol | iDRAC.IPMISol |
| cfglpmiSolEnable | Enable |
| cfglpmiSolBaudRate | BaudRate |
| cfglpmiSolMinPrivilege | MinPrivilege |
| cfglpmiSolAccumulateInterval | AccumulateInterval |
| cfglpmiSolSendThreshold | SendThreshold |
| cfglpmiLan | iDRAC.IPMILan |
| cfglpmiLanEnable | Enable |

Table 126. Legacy and New Groups and Objects (continued)

| Legacy Groups and Objects | New Groups and Objects |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------|
| cfglpmiLanPrivilegeLimit | PrivLimit |
| cfglpmiLanAlertEnable | AlertEnable |
| cfglpmiEncryptionKey | EncryptionKey |
| cfglpmiPetCommunityName | CommunityName |
| cfgUserDomain | iDRAC.UserDomain |
| cfgUserDomainIndex | NA |
| cfgUserDomainName | Name |
| cfgSmartCard | iDRAC.SmartCard |
| cfgSmartCardLogonEnable | SmartCardLogonEnable |
| cfgSmartCardCRLEnable | SmartCardCRLEnable |
| cfgVFlashSD | iDRAC.vFlashSD |
| cfgVFlashSDSize | Size |
| cfgVFlashSDLicensed | Licensed |
| cfgVFlashSDAvailableSize | AvailableSize |
| cfgVFlashSDHealth | Health |
| cfgVFlashSDEnable | Enable |
| cfgVFlashSDWriteProtect | WriteProtect |
| cfgVFlashSDInitialized | Initialized |
| cfgVFlashPartition | iDRAC.vFlashPartition |
| cfgVFlashPartitionIndex | NA |
| cfgVFlashPartitionSize | Size |
| cfgVFlashPartitionEmulationType | EmulationType |
| cfgVFlashPartitionFlashOSVolLabel | VolumeLabel |
| cfgVFlashPartitionFormatType | FormatType |
| cfgVFlashPartitionAccessType | AccessType |
| cfgVFlashPartitionAttachState | AttachState |
| cfgServerInfo | iDRAC.ServerBoot |
| cfgServerBootOnce | BootOnce |
| cfgServerFirstBootDevice | FirstBootDevice |

Table 126. Legacy and New Groups and Objects (continued)

| Legacy Groups and Objects | New Groups and Objects |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| cfgLogging | iDRAC.Logging |
| cfgLoggingSELOEMEventFilterEnable | SELOEMEventFilterEnable |
| cfglpmiPetAlertEnable | Enable |
| cfglpmiPetAlertDestlpAddr | DestAddr |

Topics:

• cfgSSADRoleGroupPrivilege (Read or Write)

cfgSSADRoleGroupPrivilege (Read or Write)

Table 127. cfgSSADRoleGroupPrivilege

| Description | Use the bit mask numbers listed in the table below to set role-based authority privileges for a Role Group. |
|--------------|---|
| Legal Values | • For iDRAC: 0x00000000 to 0x000001ff |
| Default | dlank> |

Example

racadm get -g cfgStandardSchema -i 1

cfgSSADRoleGroupIndex=1
cfgSSADRoleGroupName=blsys-1
cfgSSADRoleGroupDomain=
cfgSSADRolGroupPrivilege=3081

Table 128. Role Group privileges and their Bit Masks

| Role Group Privilege | Bit Mask |
|---------------------------------|------------|
| Login to iDRAC | 0x00000001 |
| Configure iDRAC | 0x00000002 |
| Configure Users | 0x00000004 |
| Clear Logs | 0x00000008 |
| Execute Server Control Commands | 0×00000010 |
| Access Virtual Console | 0x00000020 |
| Access Virtual Media | 0x00000040 |
| Test Alerts | 0×00000080 |
| Execute Debug Commands | 0×0000100 |

Error Codes

An error code or a return code is an integer value which represents the status of a command that is run. Running any valid racadm command generates an error code.

To view an error code, you need to run another command after completion of the original command as below:

- echo\$?—for Linux operating system
- echo %errorlevel%—for Windows operating system

| Error Code | Description |
|------------|---|
| 0 | Success |
| 1 | Generic Failure |
| | Example: All iDRAC internal failures Any read/write failures of iDRAC internal data Failures due to unknown reasons |
| 2 | When an invalid or out of range value is specified for any argument.When the length of an argument (filename/path) is larger than allowed. |
| 3 | When racadm command entered is incorrect/invalid. When any command/option entered is not supported with the current interface/platform. |
| 4 | Syntax of the command is not correct, or invalid number of arguments are passed to the command. |
| 5 | When current iDRAC user does not have privileges to run the command. |
| 6 | When current iDRAC user does not have the required iDRAC license, or the existing license has expired. |
| 7 | When iDRAC does not have enough resources. |
| 8 | When iDRAC is running a similar job. |
| 9 | Failures (Write failures, invalid share details, mount failures, and so on) related to remote shares (CIFS/NFS/FTP/TFTP/HTTP/HTTPS). |
| 10 | Failure to transfer data from/to local interface |
| 11 | When lockdown mode is enabled. When dependent feature is disabled. When dependent attributes are not configured/invalid. |
| 12 | Unable to connect to iDRAC remotely (remote racadm connect failures). |
| 13 | Issues related to IPMI failures. |
| 14 | Failure to transfer data from remote Interface. |
| 15 | Any session-related issues or state of the command. |
| 16 | Commands failing due to Invalid Keys/Signing Error. |
| 17 | Syntax of the command is correct but arguments that are passed to the command are not correct (Invalid FQDD, Invalid Object Specified). |