# **Dell Precision 5820 Tower**

**Owner's Manual** 



Regulatory Model: D02T Regulatory Type: D02T002 August 2021 Rev. A06

#### Notes, cautions, and warnings

(i) NOTE: A NOTE indicates important information that helps you make better use of your product.

CAUTION: A CAUTION indicates either potential damage to hardware or loss of data and tells you how to avoid the problem.

WARNING: A WARNING indicates a potential for property damage, personal injury, or death.

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# Chassis

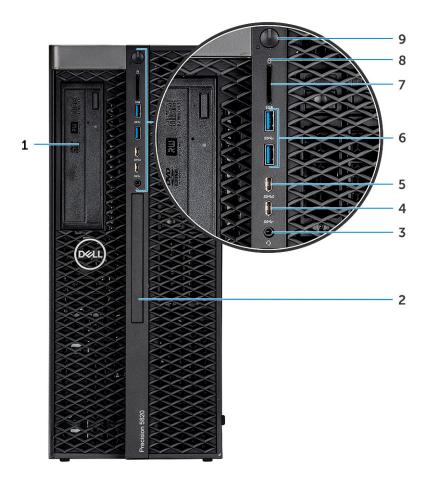
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This chapter illustrates the multiple chassis views along with the ports and connectors and also explains the FN hot key combinations.

#### **Topics:**

- Front view
- Back view
- Internal view
- Major components of your system

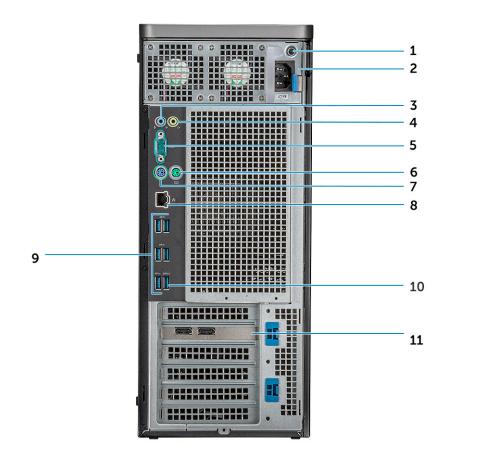
### **Front view**



- 1. 5.25 inch ODD bracket
- 3. Headset port
- 5. USB 3.1 Gen 1 Type C port with PowerShare
- 7. SD card slot
- 9. Power button

- 2. Slim optical disk drive
- 4. USB 3.1 Gen 1 Type C
- 6. USB 3.1 Gen 1 ports
- 8. HDD activity LED

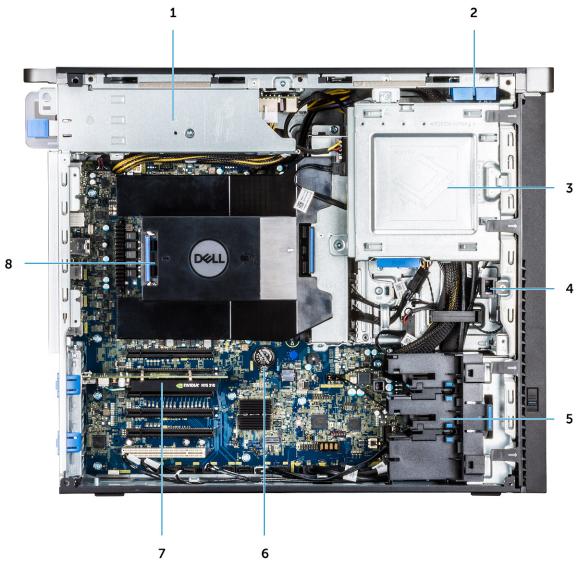
### **Back view**



- 1. PSU BIST LED
- 3. Microphone /Line-in port
- 5. Serial port
- 7. PS/2 Keyboard port
- 9. USB 3.1 Gen1 ports
- 11. PCIe expansion slot

- 2. Power cable connector
- 4. Line-out port
- 6. PS/2 Mouse port
- 8. Network port
- 10. USB 3.1 Gen1 port(supports smart Power-On)

## **Internal view**



- 1. PSU bracket
- 3. ODD 5.25" bracket
- 5. PCIe holder
- 7. Powered GPU

- 2. HDD bezel lock/unlock button
- 4. Intrusion switch
- 6. Coin cell battery
- 8. Air shroud



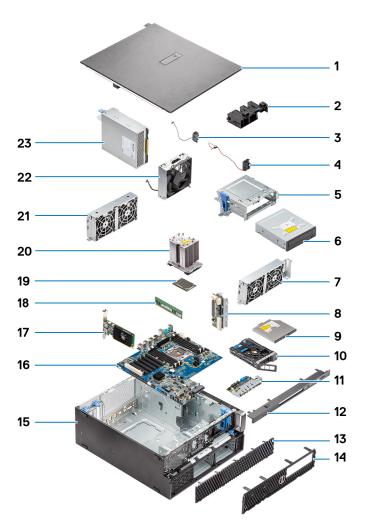
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- 1. Heat sink
- 3. HDD fan
- 5. Speaker
- 7. System board

- 2. PSU distribution board
- 4. Flex bay
- 6. Drive access release latch

## Major components of your system

This section illustrates the major components of your system along with its location.



- 1. Side cover
- 2. PCIe holder
- 3. Internal chassis speaker
- 4. Intrusion switch
- 5. 5.25 inch ODD bracket
- 6. 5.25 inch Optical Disk Drive
- 7. System fan
- 8. Power Distribution Board
- 9. Slim Optical Disk Drive
- 10. NVMe Flexbay
- **11.** Front input and output panel
- **12.** Front input and output bezel
- 13. Hard Disk Drive bezel
- 14. Front bezel
- 15. Computer chassis
- 16. System board
- 17. Expansion card
- 18. Memory
- 19. Processor
- 20. Heat sink and CPU fan assembly
- 21. System fan

22. Front system fan

23. Power supply unit (PSU)

() NOTE: Dell provides a list of components and their part numbers for the original system configuration purchased. These parts are available according to warranty coverages purchased by the customer. Contact your Dell sales representative for purchase options.

# Working on your computer

#### **Topics:**

- Safety instructions
- Turning off your computer Windows
- Before working inside your computer
- After working inside your computer

## Safety instructions

Use the following safety guidelines to protect your computer from potential damage and to ensure your personal safety. Unless otherwise noted, each procedure included in this document assumes that you have read the safety information that shipped with your computer.

- WARNING: Before working inside your computer, read the safety information that is shipped with your computer. For more safety best practices, see the Regulatory Compliance home page at www.dell.com/ regulatory\_compliance.
- WARNING: Disconnect your computer from all power sources before opening the computer cover or panels. After you finish working inside the computer, replace all covers, panels, and screws before connecting your computer to an electrical outlet.

CAUTION: To avoid damaging the computer, ensure that the work surface is flat, dry, and clean.

- CAUTION: To avoid damaging the components and cards, handle them by their edges, and avoid touching the pins and the contacts.
- CAUTION: You should only perform troubleshooting and repairs as authorized or directed by the Dell technical assistance team. Damage due to servicing that is not authorized by Dell is not covered by your warranty. See the safety instructions that is shipped with the product or at www.dell.com/regulatory\_compliance.
- CAUTION: Before touching anything inside your computer, ground yourself by touching an unpainted metal surface, such as the metal at the back of the computer. While you work, periodically touch an unpainted metal surface to dissipate static electricity which could harm internal components.
- CAUTION: When you disconnect a cable, pull it by its connector or its pull tab, not the cable itself. Some cables have connectors with locking tabs or thumbscrews that you must disengage before disconnecting the cable. When disconnecting cables, keep them evenly aligned to avoid bending the connector pins. When connecting cables, ensure that the ports and the connectors are correctly oriented and aligned.

**CAUTION:** Press and eject any installed card from the media-card reader.

- CAUTION: Exercise caution when handling Lithium-ion batteries in laptops. Swollen batteries should not be used and should be replaced and disposed properly.
- (i) NOTE: The color of your computer and certain components may appear differently than shown in this document.

#### Electrostatic discharge—ESD protection

ESD is a major concern when you handle electronic components, especially sensitive components such as expansion cards, processors, memory DIMMs, and system boards. Very slight charges can damage circuits in ways that may not be obvious, such

as intermittent problems or a shortened product life span. As the industry pushes for lower power requirements and increased density, ESD protection is an increasing concern.

Due to the increased density of semiconductors used in recent Dell products, the sensitivity to static damage is now higher than in previous Dell products. For this reason, some previously approved methods of handling parts are no longer applicable.

Two recognized types of ESD damage are catastrophic and intermittent failures.

- **Catastrophic** Catastrophic failures represent approximately 20 percent of ESD-related failures. The damage causes an immediate and complete loss of device functionality. An example of catastrophic failure is a memory DIMM that has received a static shock and immediately generates a "No POST/No Video" symptom with a beep code emitted for missing or nonfunctional memory.
- Intermittent Intermittent failures represent approximately 80 percent of ESD-related failures. The high rate of intermittent failures means that most of the time when damage occurs, it is not immediately recognizable. The DIMM receives a static shock, but the tracing is merely weakened and does not immediately produce outward symptoms related to the damage. The weakened trace may take weeks or months to melt, and in the meantime may cause degradation of memory integrity, intermittent memory errors, etc.

The more difficult type of damage to recognize and troubleshoot is the intermittent (also called latent or "walking wounded") failure.

Perform the following steps to prevent ESD damage:

- Use a wired ESD wrist strap that is properly grounded. The use of wireless anti-static straps is no longer allowed; they do not provide adequate protection. Touching the chassis before handling parts does not ensure adequate ESD protection on parts with increased sensitivity to ESD damage.
- Handle all static-sensitive components in a static-safe area. If possible, use anti-static floor pads and workbench pads.
- When unpacking a static-sensitive component from its shipping carton, do not remove the component from the anti-static packing material until you are ready to install the component. Before unwrapping the anti-static packaging, ensure that you discharge static electricity from your body.
- Before transporting a static-sensitive component, place it in an anti-static container or packaging.

#### ESD field service kit

The unmonitored Field Service kit is the most commonly used service kit. Each Field Service kit includes three main components: anti-static mat, wrist strap, and bonding wire.

#### Components of an ESD field service kit

The components of an ESD field service kit are:

- Anti-Static Mat The anti-static mat is dissipative and parts can be placed on it during service procedures. When using an anti-static mat, your wrist strap should be snug and the bonding wire should be connected to the mat and to any bare metal on the system being worked on. Once deployed properly, service parts can be removed from the ESD bag and placed directly on the mat. ESD-sensitive items are safe in your hand, on the ESD mat, in the system, or inside a bag.
- Wrist Strap and Bonding Wire The wrist strap and bonding wire can be either directly connected between your wrist and bare metal on the hardware if the ESD mat is not required, or connected to the anti-static mat to protect hardware that is temporarily placed on the mat. The physical connection of the wrist strap and bonding wire between your skin, the ESD mat, and the hardware is known as bonding. Use only Field Service kits with a wrist strap, mat, and bonding wire. Never use wireless wrist straps. Always be aware that the internal wires of a wrist strap are prone to damage from normal wear and tear, and must be checked regularly with a wrist strap tester in order to avoid accidental ESD hardware damage. It is recommended to test the wrist strap and bonding wire at least once per week.
- ESD Wrist Strap Tester The wires inside of an ESD strap are prone to damage over time. When using an unmonitored kit, it is a best practice to regularly test the strap prior to each service call, and at a minimum, test once per week. A wrist strap tester is the best method for doing this test. If you do not have your own wrist strap tester, check with your regional office to find out if they have one. To perform the test, plug the wrist-strap's bonding-wire into the tester while it is strapped to your wrist and push the button to test. A green LED is lit if the test is successful; a red LED is lit and an alarm sounds if the test fails.
- Insulator Elements It is critical to keep ESD sensitive devices, such as plastic heat sink casings, away from internal parts that are insulators and often highly charged.
- Working Environment Before deploying the ESD Field Service kit, assess the situation at the customer location. For example, deploying the kit for a server environment is different than for a desktop or portable environment. Servers are typically installed in a rack within a data center; desktops or portables are typically placed on office desks or cubicles. Always look for a large open flat work area that is free of clutter and large enough to deploy the ESD kit with additional space to accommodate the type of system that is being repaired. The workspace should also be free of insulators that can cause an

ESD event. On the work area, insulators such as Styrofoam and other plastics should always be moved at least 12 inches or 30 centimeters away from sensitive parts before physically handling any hardware components

- ESD Packaging All ESD-sensitive devices must be shipped and received in static-safe packaging. Metal, static-shielded bags are preferred. However, you should always return the damaged part using the same ESD bag and packaging that the new part arrived in. The ESD bag should be folded over and taped shut and all the same foam packing material should be used in the original box that the new part arrived in. ESD-sensitive devices should be removed from packaging only at an ESD-protected work surface, and parts should never be placed on top of the ESD bag because only the inside of the bag is shielded. Always place parts in your hand, on the ESD mat, in the system, or inside an anti-static bag.
- **Transporting Sensitive Components** When transporting ESD sensitive components such as replacement parts or parts to be returned to Dell, it is critical to place these parts in anti-static bags for safe transport.

#### ESD protection summary

It is recommended that all field service technicians use the traditional wired ESD grounding wrist strap and protective anti-static mat at all times when servicing Dell products. In addition, it is critical that technicians keep sensitive parts separate from all insulator parts while performing service and that they use anti-static bags for transporting sensitive components.

#### Safety instructions

Use the following safety guidelines to protect your computer from potential damage and to ensure your personal safety. Unless otherwise noted, each procedure included in this document assumes that the following conditions exist:

- You have read the safety information that shipped with your computer.
- A component can be replaced or, if purchased separately, installed by performing the removal procedure in reverse order.
- **NOTE:** Disconnect all power sources before opening the computer cover or panels. After you finish working inside the computer, replace all covers, panels, and screws before connecting to the power source.
- WARNING: Before working inside your computer, read the safety information that shipped with your computer. For additional safety best practices information, see the Regulatory Compliance Homepage
- CAUTION: Many repairs may only be done by a certified service technician. You should only perform troubleshooting and simple repairs as authorized in your product documentation, or as directed by the online or telephone service and support team. Damage due to servicing that is not authorized by Dell is not covered by your warranty. Read and follow the safety instructions that came with the product.
- CAUTION: To avoid electrostatic discharge, ground yourself by using a wrist grounding strap or by periodically touching an unpainted metal surface at the same time as touching a connector on the back of the computer.
- CAUTION: Handle components and cards with care. Do not touch the components or contacts on a card. Hold a card by its edges or by its metal mounting bracket. Hold a component such as a processor by its edges, not by its pins.
- CAUTION: When you disconnect a cable, pull on its connector or on its pull-tab, not on the cable itself. Some cables have connectors with locking tabs; if you are disconnecting this type of cable, press in on the locking tabs before you disconnect the cable. As you pull connectors apart, keep them evenly aligned to avoid bending any connector pins. Also, before you connect a cable, ensure that both connectors are correctly oriented and aligned.

(i) NOTE: The color of your computer and certain components may appear differently than shown in this document.

CAUTION: System will shut down if side covers are removed while the system is running. The system will not power on if the side cover is removed.

### **Turning off your computer — Windows**

CAUTION: To avoid losing data, save and close all open files and exit all open programs before you turn off your computer or remove the side cover.

- 1. Click or tap
- 2. Click or tap  ${\boldsymbol { \boldsymbol { 0}}}$  and then click or tap  $\boldsymbol{ {\rm Shut down}}.$

**NOTE:** Ensure that the computer and all attached devices are turned off. If your computer and attached devices did not automatically turn off when you shut down your operating system, press and hold the power button for about 6 seconds to turn them off.

### Before working inside your computer

To avoid damaging your computer, perform the following steps before you begin working inside the computer.

- 1. Ensure that you follow the Safety Instructions.
- 2. Ensure that your work surface is flat and clean to prevent the computer cover from being scratched.
- 3. Turn off your computer.
- 4. Disconnect all network cables from the computer.

CAUTION: To disconnect a network cable, first unplug the cable from your computer and then unplug the cable from the network device.

- 5. Disconnect your computer and all attached devices from their electrical outlets.
- 6. Press and hold the power button while the computer is unplugged to ground the system board.
  - **NOTE:** To avoid electrostatic discharge, ground yourself by using a wrist grounding strap or by periodically touching an unpainted metal surface at the same time as touching a connector on the back of the computer.

### After working inside your computer

After you complete any replacement procedure, ensure that you connect any external devices, cards, and cables before turning on your computer.

1. Connect any telephone or network cables to your computer.

CAUTION: To connect a network cable, first plug the cable into the network device and then plug it into the computer.

- 2. Connect your computer and all attached devices to their electrical outlets.
- **3.** Turn on your computer.
- 4. If required, verify that the computer works correctly by running the diagnostic tool.

# **Removing and installing components**

#### **Topics:**

- Screw size list
- Recommended tools
- Side cover
- Power supply unit (PSU)
- Front bezel
- Hard Disk Drive bezel
- Hard disk drive assembly
- NVMe Flexbay
- Slim Optical Disk Drive
- Front input and output bezel
- Optical Disk Drive
- 5.25 inch ODD bracket
- Front input and output panel
- Input and output panel bracket
- Intrusion switch
- Internal chassis speaker
- Air shroud
- Memory
- PCle NVMe card
- Expansion card
- Coin cell battery
- System fan
- Fan bracket
- PCle holder
- Heat sink and CPU fan assembly
- Processor
- Front system fan
- VROC module
- System board
- RAID controller battery
- RAID controller battery bracket

## Screw size list

#### Table 1. Screw list

Component	Screw type	Quantity
Slim ODD Bracket	#6-32 UNC X6.0mm	1
FIO Cable Clip	#6-32X1/4 inches	1
FIO Board	M3X6.5mm	2
FIO Bracket	#6-32 UNC X6.0mm	1
Front System Fan Bracket	#6-32 UNC X6.0mm	1
Intrusion Holder	M3X6.5mm	1

#### Table 1. Screw list (continued)

Component	Screw type	Quantity	
PDB Board	#6-32X1/4 inches	3	
PDB Bracket	M3X6.5mm	1	
Slim ODD Plug	M3X6.5mm	2	
HDD Bracket	M3X6.5mm	1	
5.25" ODD Bracket	<ul><li>#6-32 UNC X6.0mm</li><li>M3X6.5mm</li></ul>	• 2 • 2	
System Board	#6-32X1/4 inches	10	
Middle Fan Fixed Bracket	#6-32X1/4 inches	1	
Middle Fan Bracket	#6-32X1/4 inches	3	
Rear Fan Bracket	#6-32X1/4 inches	2	
HSBP Board	M3X6.5mm	2	
Slim ODD Fixed Bracket	M2X2.0mm	2	
Slim ODD	M3X6.5mm	1	
5.25" ODD	M3X4.5mm	4	
3.5" HDD Bracket	M3X4.5mm	4	
2.5" HDD Bracket	M3X4.5mm	4	
2nd CPU Support Bracket	#6-32X1/4 inches	2	
2nd CPU Board	#6-32X1/4 inches	5	
UPI Fixed Bracket	M3X5.0mm	1	
CPU Cooler	T-30 torx bolt	4	
Liquid Cooler Module	<ul> <li>#6-32X1/4 inches</li> <li>#6-32 UNC X3.5mm</li> <li>T-30 torx bolt</li> </ul>	• 4 • 6 • 4	
M.2 Carrier Cover	<ul><li>M2X6mm</li><li>M2X3mm</li></ul>	• 1 • 2	

### **Recommended tools**

The procedures in this document require the following tools:

- Phillips #0 screwdriver
- Phillips #1 screwdriver
- Philips #2 screwdriver
- Plastic scribe

(i) NOTE: The #0 screw driver is for screws 0-1 and the #1 screw driver is for screws 2-4.

## Side cover

#### Removing the side cover

1. Follow the procedure in Before working inside your computer.

CAUTION: The system will not power on while the side cover is off. Also, the system will shut down if the side cover is removed while the system is on.

- 2. To remove the side cover:
- **3.** Press the latch



4. Pull the latch [1] upward and rotate it to release the cover [2].



5. Lift the cover to remove it from the system.

#### Installing the side cover

- 1. First hold and align the bottom of the side cover to the chassis.
- 2. Ensure that the hook on the bottom of the side cover snaps into the notch on the system.
- **3.** Press the system cover until it clicks into place.

CAUTION: The system will not power on without the side cover. Also, the system will shut down if the side cover is removed while the system is on.

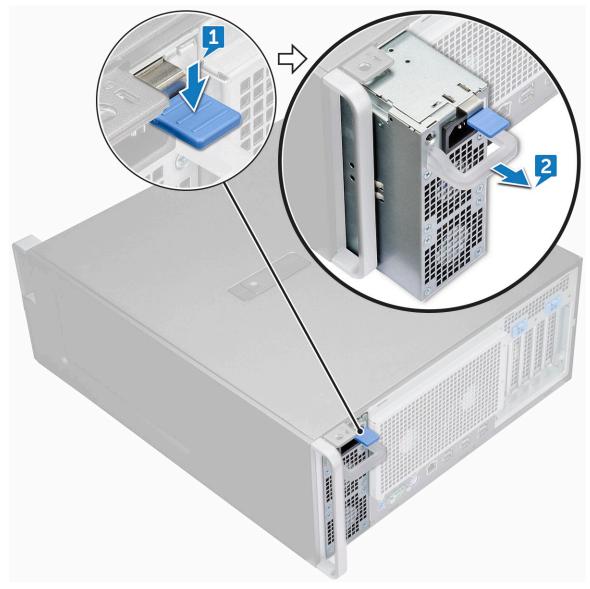
4. Follow the procedure in After working inside your computer .

## Power supply unit (PSU)

### **Removing the PSU**

- 1. Follow the procedure in Before working inside your computer.
- 2. Disconnect the power cable from the system.

3. Press the PSU release latch [1] and slide the power supply away from the system [2].



#### **Installing the PSU**

- 1. Slide in the power supply unit to the PSU slot on the system.
- 2. Connect the power cable to the system.
- 3. Follow the procedure in After working inside your computer

## Front bezel

### Removing the front bezel

- 1. Follow the procedure in Before working inside your computer.
- 2. Remove the side cover.
- **3.** To remove the front bezel:
  - **a.** Press the latch and pry the retention tabs to release the front bezel from the system.



 ${\bf b.}~$  Rotate the bezel forward and lift the front bezel away from the system.



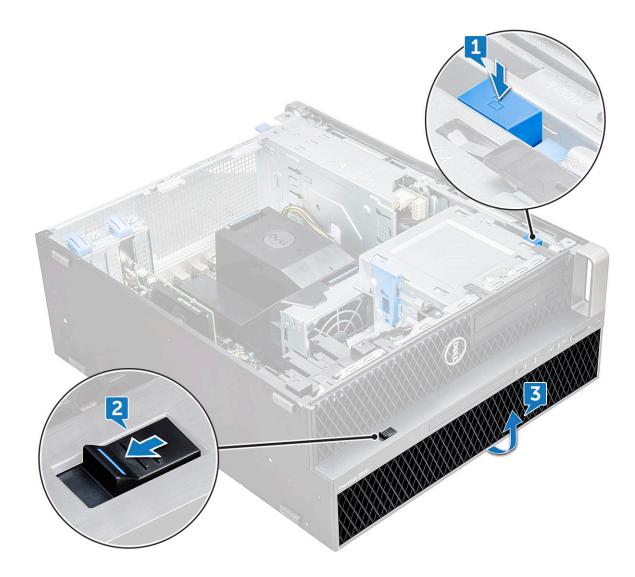
#### Installing the front bezel

- 1. Hold the bezel and ensure that the hooks on the bezel snap into the notches on the system.
- 2. Rotate the bezel forward and press the front bezel until the tabs click into place.
- **3.** Follow the procedure in After working inside your computer.

## Hard Disk Drive bezel

#### **Removing HDD bezel**

- 1. Follow the procedure in Before working inside your computer.
- 2. Remove the side cover.
- **3.** To remove the HDD bezel:
  - **a.** Press the blue unlock button [1] on the edge of ODD bay.
  - b. Slide the latch [2] to the unlock position, on the front I/O bezel.
  - $\boldsymbol{c}.$  Rotate forward and lift the HDD bezel [3] away from the system.



### Installing HDD bezel

- 1. Hold the bezel and ensure that the hooks on the bezel snap into the notches on the system.
- 2. Press the blue lock button on the left edge of the ODD bay to secure the bezel to the system.
- 3. Install the side cover.
- **4.** Follow the procedure in After working inside your computer.

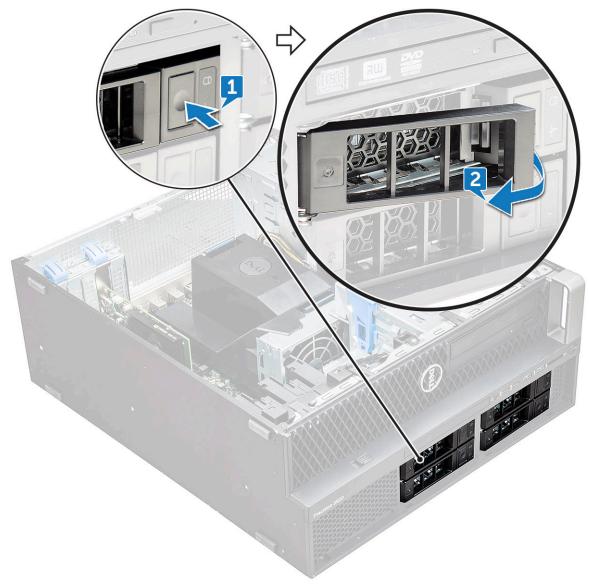
## Hard disk drive assembly

### **Removing the HDD carrier**

- 1. Follow the procedure in Before working inside your computer.
- 2. Remove the:
  - a. side cover

(i) NOTE: Do not remove the side cover, if the front I/O bezel is unlocked.

- b. HDD bezel
- **3.** To remove the HDD carrier:
  - a. Press the release button [1] to unlock the latch [2].



**b.** Pull the latch to slide the carrier out of the HDD slot.



### Installing the HDD carrier

1. Slide the carrier into the drive bay until it clicks into place.

**CAUTION:** Ensure that the latch is open before installing the carrier.

- 2. Lock the latch.
- **3.** Install the following components:
  - a. HDD bezel
  - **b.** side cover
- **4.** Follow the procedure in After working inside your computer.

### **Removing the HDD**

- 1. Follow the procedure in Before working inside your computer.
- **2.** Remove the following:
  - a. side cover
  - b. HDD bezel
  - c. HDD carrier

#### **3.** To remove the 3.5 inch HDD:

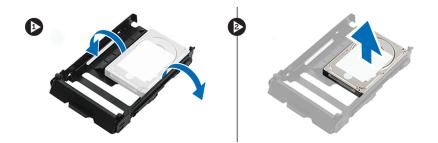
**a.** Expand one side of the carrier.



**b.** Lift the hard drive out of the carrier.



- **4.** To remove the 2.5 inch HDD:
  - **a.** Expand two sides of the carrier.
  - **b.** Lift the hard drive out of the carrier.



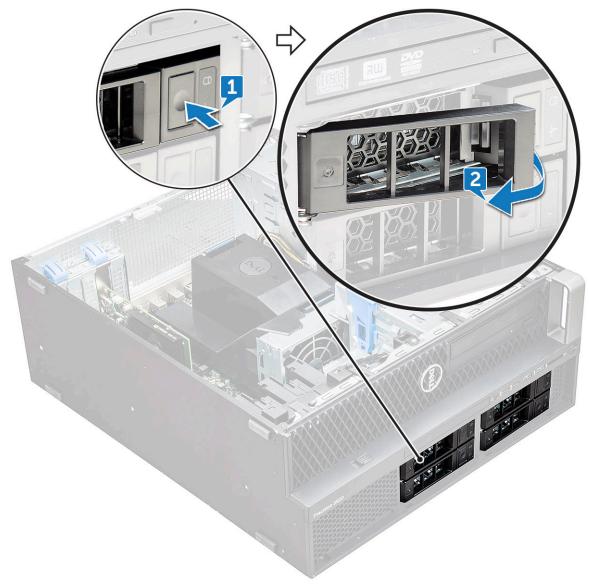
### Installing the HDD

- 1. Insert the HDD to its slot in the HDD bracket with the connector end of the hard drive towards the back of the HDD carrier.
- 2. Slide the HDD carrier back into the hard drive bay.
- 3. Install the following:
  - a. HDD carrier
  - **b.** HDD bezel
  - c. side cover
- 4. Follow the procedure in After working inside your computer

## **NVMe Flexbay**

### **Removing the NVMe Flexbay**

- 1. Follow the procedure in Before working inside your computer.
- 2. Remove the:
  - a. side cover
    - (i) NOTE: Do not remove the side cover, if the front I/O bezel is unlocked.
  - b. HDD bezel
- **3.** To remove the NVMe flexbay:
  - **a.** Press the release button [1] to unlock the latch [2].



**b.** Pull the latch to slide the carrier out of the HDD slot.



- **4.** To remove the SSD carrier from the NVMe flexbay:
  - a. Press the release button to slide the M.2 SSD carrier out of the NVMe flexbay.



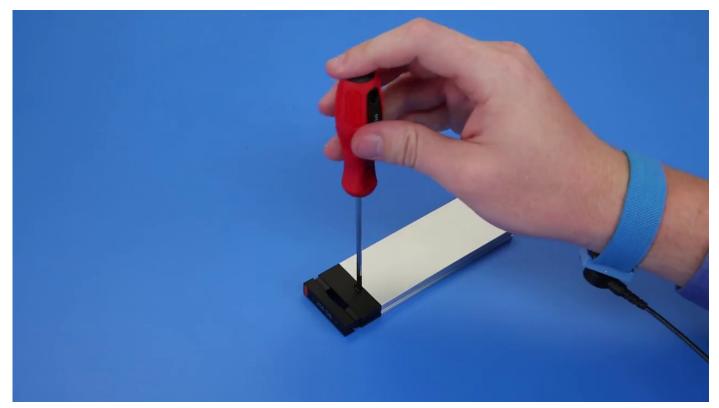
 ${\bf b.}~$  Pull the M.2 SSD carrier out of the NVMe flexbay.



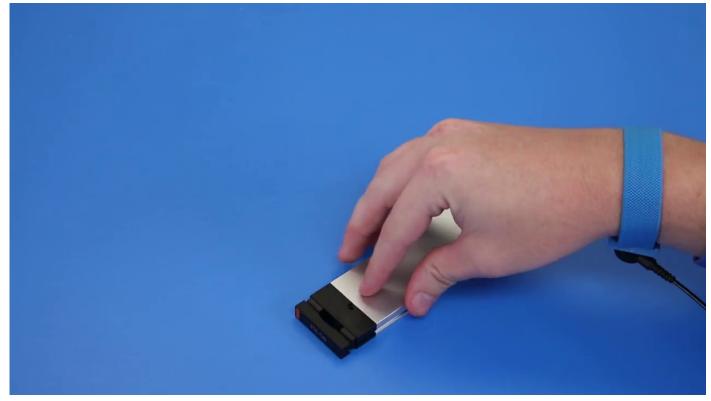
- ${\bf 5.}~$  To remove the SSD from the SSD carrier:
  - **a.** Remove the screws on either side of the SSD.



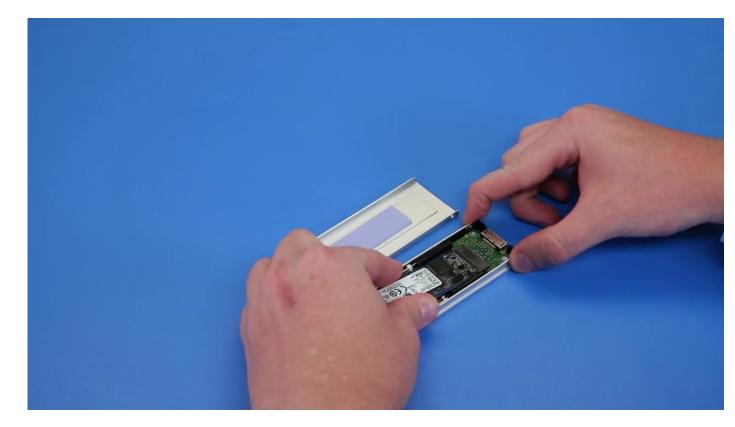
 ${\bf b.}~$  Remove the screw from the top of the SSD carrier.



**c.** Slide the SSD cover from the top of the carrier.

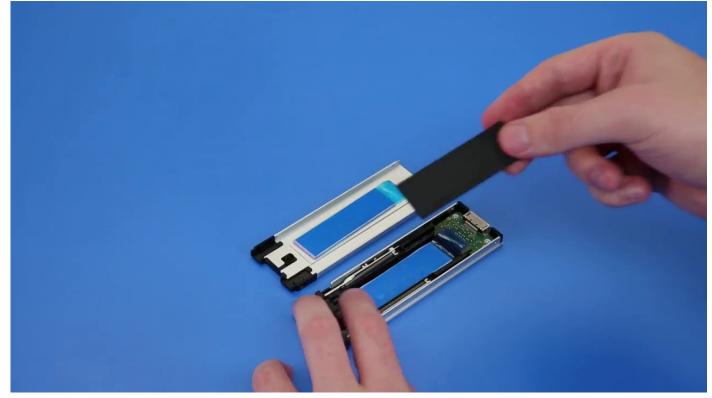


 ${\bf d.}~$  Slide the SSD out of the M.2 slot on the carrier.



### Installing the NVMe flexbay

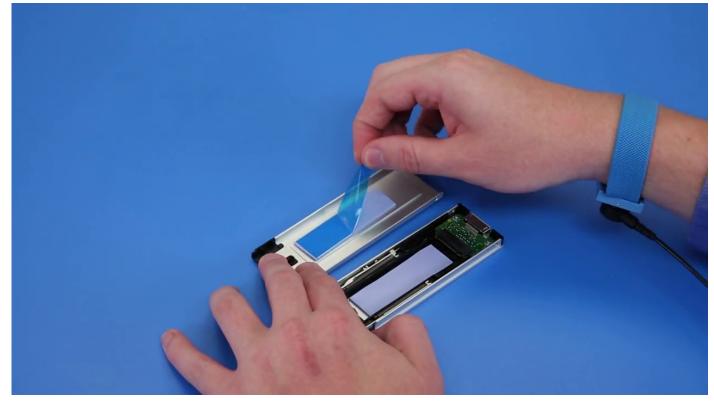
- **1.** To install the SSD in the carrier:
  - **a.** Remove the dummy SSD blank from the SSD carrier.



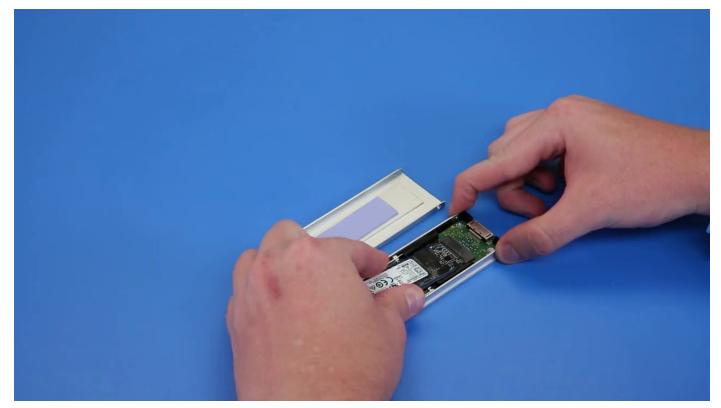
**b.** Peel off the tape from the SSD carrier.



**c.** Peel off the adhesive tape from the SSD carrier cover.



2. Install the SSD in the carrier



- **3.** Replac the two side screws and the central screw.
- 4. To install the SSD carrier slide the carrier in the NVMe flexbay until it clicks in place.
- 5. Slide the carrier into the drive bay until it clicks into place.

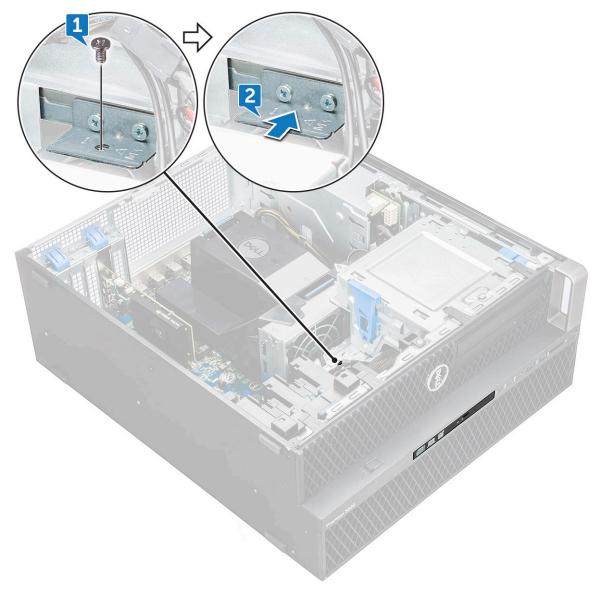
#### **CAUTION:** Ensure that the latch is open before installing the carrier.

- 6. Lock the latch.
- 7. Install the following components:
  - a. HDD bezel
  - **b.** side cover
- 8. Follow the procedure in After working inside your computer.

## **Slim Optical Disk Drive**

### Removing the slim ODD

- 1. Follow the procedure in Before working inside the computer.
- 2. Remove the side cover.
- **3.** To remove the slim ODD:
  - a. Remove the screw [1] that secures the slim ODD and push the slim ODD [2] out of the chassis.



**b.** Slide the slim ODD out of the system.



#### Installing the slim ODD

- 1. Slide the slim ODD into the slot on the chassis.
- 2. Tighten the screw to secure the slim ODD to the chassis.
- **3.** Install the side cover.
- **4.** Follow the procedure in After working inside your computer.

## Front input and output bezel

### Removing front input and output bezel

- 1. Follow the procedure in Before working inside your computer.
- 2. Remove the:
- a. side cover
  - **b.** front bezel
- **3.** To remove the front input and output(I/O) bezel:
  - **a.** Pry the four retention tabs[1] from the chassis and push the bezel out from the chassis[2].



**b.** Lift the bezel from the chassis.



### Installing front input and output bezel

- 1. Hold the input and output(I/O) bezel and ensure that the hooks on the bezel snap into the notches on the system.
- 2. Press the retention tabs and secure them to the chassis.
- 3. Install the :
  - a. front bezel
  - **b.** side cover
- **4.** Follow the procedure in After working inside your computer.

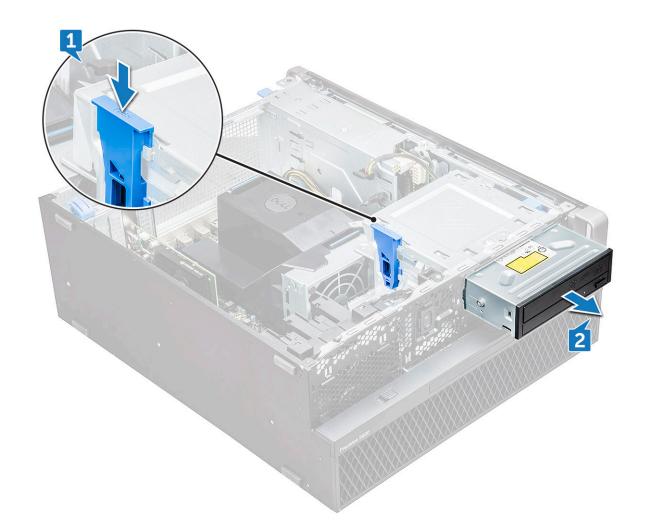
# **Optical Disk Drive**

### **Removing the ODD**

- 1. Follow the procedure in Before working inside your computer.
- 2. Remove the:
  - a. side cover
  - **b.** front bezel
- 3. To remove the ODD:
  - **a.** Remove the optical drive data cable and optical drive power cable from the ODD.



- ${\bf b.}~$  Push the optical drive release button[1] and push the optical drive out of the system.
- $\textbf{c.} \hspace{0.1 cm} \textit{Slide the ODD[2] from the ODD bracket.}$



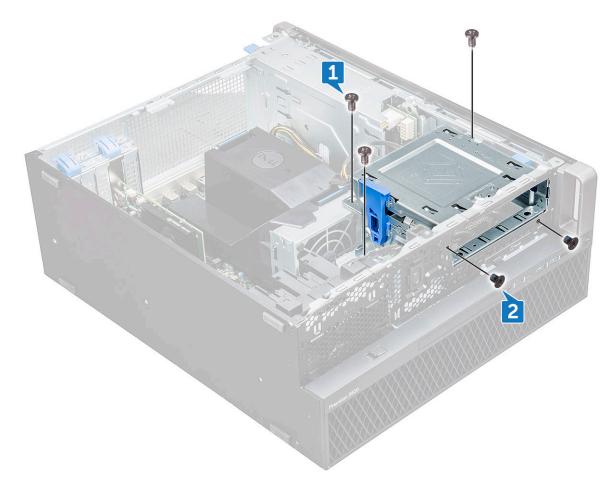
#### Installing the ODD

- 1. Place the ODD into the 5.25" ODD bracket.
- **2.** Slide the ODD and lock the latch by a click.
- 3. Connect the optical drive data cable and optical drive power cable to the ODD.
- 4. Install the:
  - a. front bezel
  - **b.** side cover
- 5. Follow the procedure in After working inside your computer

# 5.25 inch ODD bracket

### Removing the 5.25 ODD bracket

- 1. Follow the procedure in Before working inside your computer.
- 2. Remove the:
  - a. side cover
    - **b.** front bezel
    - c. ODD
- **3.** To remove the ODD bracket:
  - **a.** Remove the five screws[1,2] that secure the bracket to the chassis.



**b.** Slide the ODD bracket toward the rear of the system and lift it away from the chassis.



#### Installing the 5.25 ODD bay

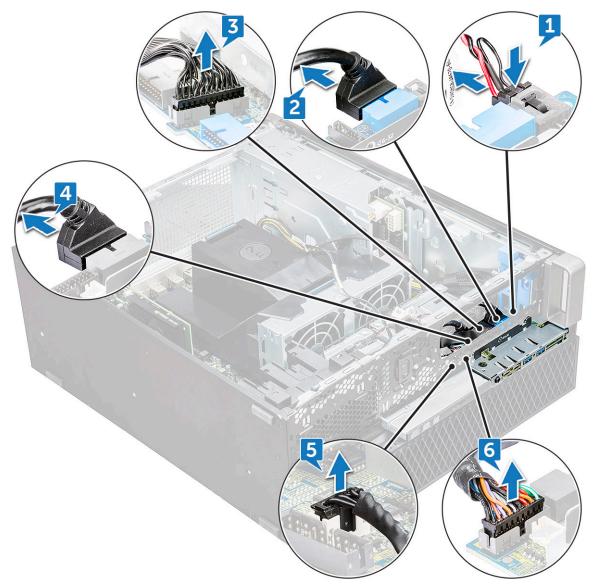
- 1. Place the ODD bracket into the system slot.
- 2. Replace the (6-32 X 6.0mm) screws.
- 3. Install the:
  - a. ODD
  - b. front bezel
  - c. side cover
- 4. Follow the procedure in After working inside your computer

## Front input and output panel

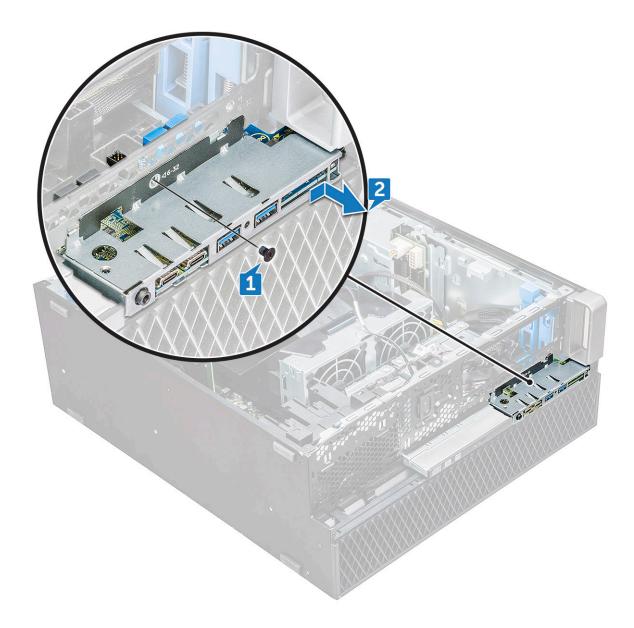
### Removing front input and output panel

- 1. Follow the procedure in Before working inside your computer.
- 2. Remove the:
  - a. side cover
  - **b.** front bezel
  - $\ensuremath{\textbf{c}}\xspace$  front input and output bezel
  - d. 5.25 inch ODD bracket
- **3.** To remove the front input and output(I/O) panel:
  - a. Disconnect the intrusion switch cable [1], USB 3.1 cable [2], front I/O power cable [3], USB 3.1 cable [4], Speaker cable [5], Audio cable [6]

(i) **NOTE:** Do not pull the connector by the cable wires. Instead, disconnect the cable by pulling the connector end. Pulling the cable wires may loosen them from the connector.



**b.** Remove the screw[1] that secures the front I/O panel to the chassis and slide the I/O panel out of the chassis[2].



### Installing front input and output panel

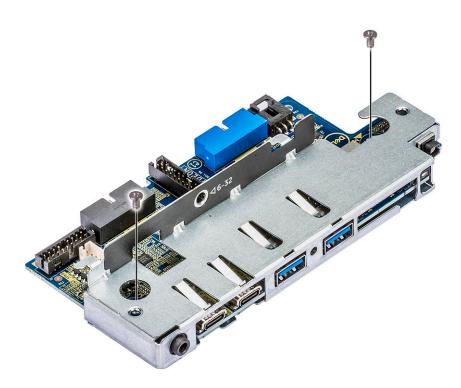
- 1. Insert the input and output(I/O) panel onto its slot in the system.
- 2. Slide the panel to secure the hooks into the chassis hole.
- 3. Tighten the screw to secure the front I/O panel to the chassis.
- **4.** Connect the following cables:
  - intrusion switch cable
  - USB 3.1 cable
  - front I/O power cable
  - front I/O power cable
  - USB 3.1 cable
  - speaker cable
  - audio cable
- 5. Install the:
  - a. front input and output bezel
  - **b.** 5.25 inch ODD bracket
  - c. front bezel
  - d. side cover

6. Follow the procedure in After working inside your computer.

# Input and output panel bracket

### Removing input and output panel bracket

- 1. Follow the procedure in Before working inside your computer.
- 2. Remove the:
  - a. side cover
  - **b.** front bezel
  - c. front input and output bezel
  - d. 5.25 inch ODD bracket
  - e. front input and output panel
- **3.** To remove the input and output(I/O) panel bracket:
  - a. Remove the two screws.



**b.** Slide the I/O module out of the bracket.



### Installing input and output panel bracket

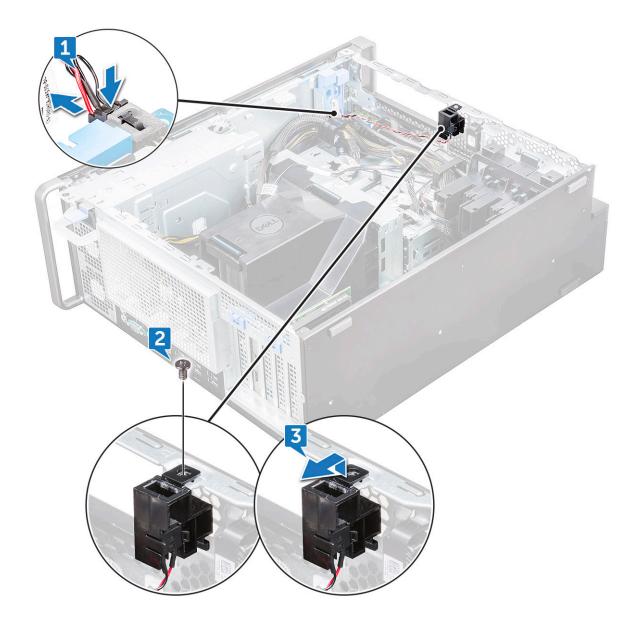
- 1. Insert the input and output(I/O) panel into the metal bracket.
- 2. Replace the screws to secure the I/O panel bracket to the I/O panel.
- 3. Install the:
  - a. front input and output panel
  - **b.** front input and output bezel
  - c. 5.25 inch ODD bracket
  - d. front bezel
  - e. side cover
- **4.** Follow the procedure in After working inside your computer.

# **Intrusion switch**

### **Removing the Intrusion switch**

- 1. Follow the procedure in Before working inside your computer.
- 2. Remove the:
  - a. side cover
  - b. front bezel
  - c. 5.25 inch ODD bracket
- **3.** To remove the intrusion switch:
  - **a.** Disconnect the intrusion cable [1] from the I/O module.
  - **b.** Remove the screw [2] that secures the intrusion switch to the chassis.
  - $\boldsymbol{c}.$  Lift the intrusion switch and remove it from the chassis.

(i) NOTE: The system will not power on without the intrusion switch installed.



### Installing the intrusion switch

- 1. Place the intrusion switch into the slot in the system chassis.
- 2. Replace the screw and secure the switch to the chassis.
- **3.** Connect the cable to the system board.
- 4. Install the:
  - a. 5.25 inch ODD bracket
  - **b.** front bezel
  - c. side cover
- 5. Follow the procedure in After working inside your computer.

# Internal chassis speaker

### Removing the internal chassis speaker

- 1. Follow the procedure in Before working inside your computer.
- 2. Remove the: .

- a. side cover
- b. front bezel
- c. 5.25 inch ODD bracket
- **3.** To remove the internal chassis speaker:
  - **a.** Disconnect the speaker cable [1] from the front I/O module.
  - **b.** Press the speaker securing tabs [2], then pull to release it from the system.
  - **c.** Gently push the speaker [3] with its cable out of the system.



#### Installing the internal chassis speaker

- 1. Press and hold the tabs on either side of the intrusion speaker, and slide the speaker module into the slot to secure it to the system.
- 2. Connect the internal chassis speaker cable to the connector on the system chassis.
- 3. Install the:
  - a. 5.25 inch ODD bracket
  - **b.** front bezel
  - c. side cover
- 4. Follow the procedure in After working inside your computer

# Air shroud

## Removing the air shroud

- 1. Follow the procedure in Before working inside your computer.
- 2. Remove the side cover
- **3.** To remove the air shroud:
  - **a.** Press in the securing tabs by holding the air shroud from both the ends, and then lift the air shroud from the system.



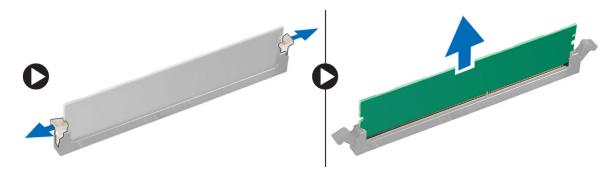
## Installing the air shroud

- 1. Arrange CPU power cables before installing.
- 2. Place the shroud into its position.
- **3.** Make sure that the two securing holes of the air shroud is completely inserted into the two holes on the middle fan bracket and the other latch is fixed on the cooler.
- 4. Press down the shroud to lock it with a click.
- 5. Install the side cover.
- 6. Follow the procedure in After working inside your computer.

## Memory

### Removing the memory module

- 1. Follow the procedure in Before working inside your computer.
- 2. Remove the following:
  - a. side cover
  - **b.** air shroud
- 3. Press the memory module retention tabs on each side of the memory module.
- 4. Lift the memory module out of the memory slot on the system board.
  - WARNING: Rotating the memory module out of the slot will cause damage to the memory module. Ensure to pull it straight out of the memory module slot.



#### Installing the memory module

- 1. Align the notch on the memory module with the tab on the memory module connector.
- 2. Insert the memory module into the memory module slot.
- 3. Press the memory module firmly until the retention tabs click into place.

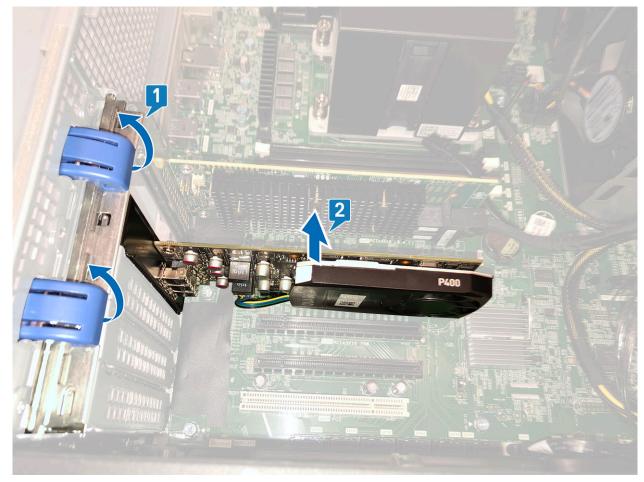
**NOTE:** Do not pull the retention levers up. Always press down firmly on the module until the levers lock into place unassisted.

- 4. Install the:
  - a. air shroud
  - b. side cover
- 5. Follow the procedure in After working inside your computer

# PCIe NVMe card

## Removing the PCIe NVMe card

- 1. Follow the procedure in Before working inside your computer.
- 2. Remove the side cover.
- **3.** To remove the PCIe NVMe card:
  - a. Press and rotate the locking latch backward, to unlock the filler bracket [1].
  - b. Lift the PCIe NVMe card from the PCIe slot on the system board [2] .



#### Installing the PCIe NVMe card

- 1. Align and place the PCIe NVMe card to the PCIe slot on the system board.
- 2. Press it down so that it is securely seated on the slot.
- 3. Rotate both the locking latch forward, on the filler bracket, to secure the expansion card to the system board.
- 4. Install the side cover.
- 5. Follow the procedure in After working inside your computer.

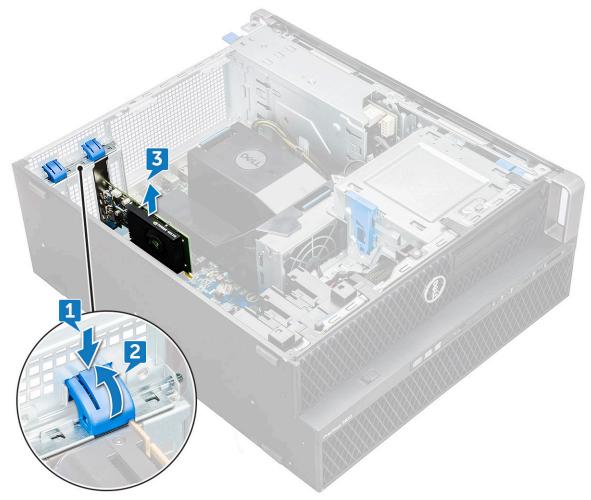
# **Expansion card**

### Removing the expansion card

- 1. Follow the procedure in Before working inside your computer.
- 2. Remove the side cover.
- **3.** To remove the expansion card:

(i) NOTE: For expansion card with VGA power, disconnect the data or power cable connected to the expansion card.

- a. Press [1] and rotate the expansion card locking latch backward [2], to unlock the filler bracket.
- **b.** Lift the expansion card [3] from the PCle slot on the system board.



#### Installing the expansion card

- 1. Align and place the expansion card to the PCIe slot on the system board.
- 2. Press it down so that it is securely seated on the slot.

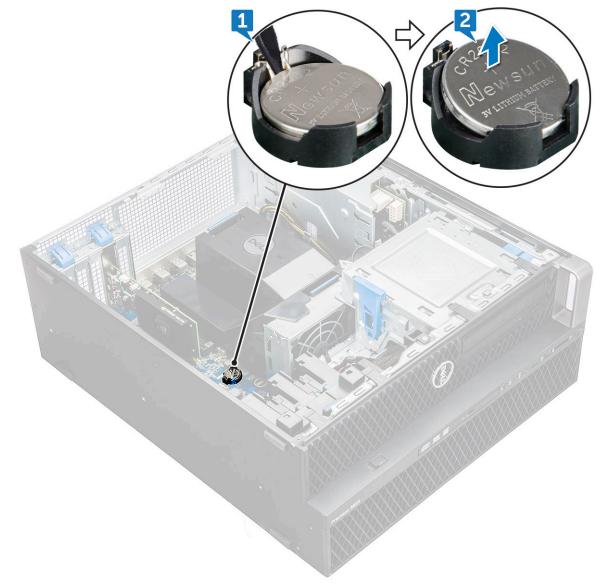
(i) NOTE: For expansion card with VGA power, connect the data or power cable to the expansion card.

- **3.** Rotate both the expansion card locking latch forward, on the filler bracket, to secure the expansion card to the system board.
- **4.** Install the side cover.
- 5. Follow the procedure in After working inside your computer.

# **Coin cell battery**

### Removing the coin cell battery

- 1. Follow the procedure in Before working inside your computer.
- 2. Remove the:
  - a. side cover
- $\ensuremath{\textbf{3.}}$  To remove the coin cell battery:
  - **a.** Press the release latch [1] away from the battery to allow the battery to pop-up from the socket [2].



**b.** Lift the coin-cell battery out of the system board.

### Installing the coin cell battery

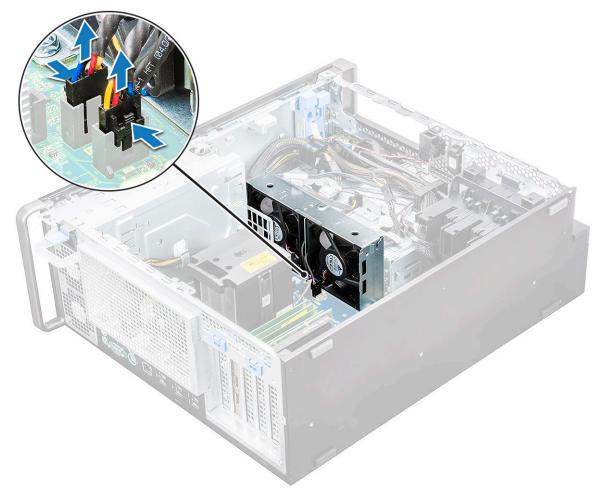
- 1. Place the coin-cell battery into its slot on the system board.
- 2. Press the coin-cell battery with positive (+) side facing up until the release latch springs back into place and secures it to the system board.
- 3. To install:
  - a. side cover

4. Follow the procedure in After working inside your computer.

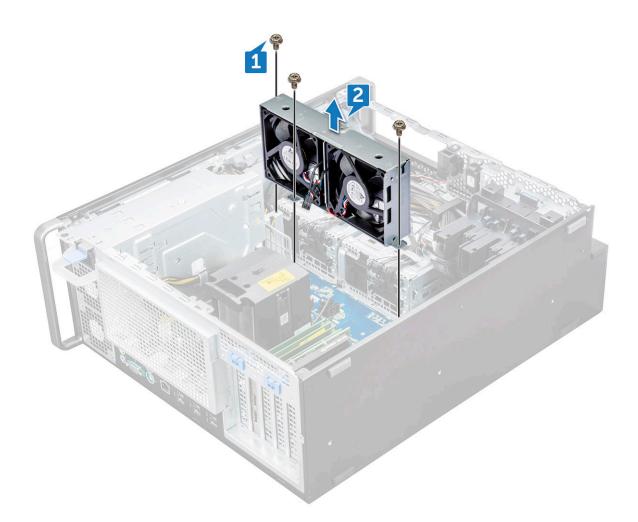
# System fan

### Removing the System fan

- 1. Follow the procedure in Before working inside your computer .
- 2. Remove the:
  - a. side cover
  - **b.** air shroud
  - c. front bezel
  - d. ODD
- e. 5.25 inch ODD bracket
- **3.** To remove the system fan:
  - **a.** Press the connector tab and disconnect the two fan cables from the system board.
    - **NOTE:** Do not pull the connector by the cable wires. Instead, disconnect the cable by pulling on the connector end. Pulling on the cable wires may loosen them from the connector.



**b.** Remove the screws [1] securing the system fan to the system board and lift the system fan up [2] .



### Installing the system fan

- 1. Align the system fan to its slot on the system board and secure it with the 3 screws.
- 2. Connect the fan cables to the slot on the system board.
- 3. Install the:
  - a. 5.25 ODD bracket
  - b. ODD
  - c. front bezel
  - d. air shroud
  - e. side cover
- **4.** Follow the procedure in After working inside your computer.

# Fan bracket

### Removing the fan from the fan bracket

- 1. Follow the procedure in Before working inside your computer.
- 2. Remove the:
  - a. side cover
  - b. system fan
- **3.** To remove the fan from the fan bracket:
  - a. Slide out the four rubber grommets for each fan from the fan chassis [1].

**b.** Lift the fan and remove it from the fan assembly [2].



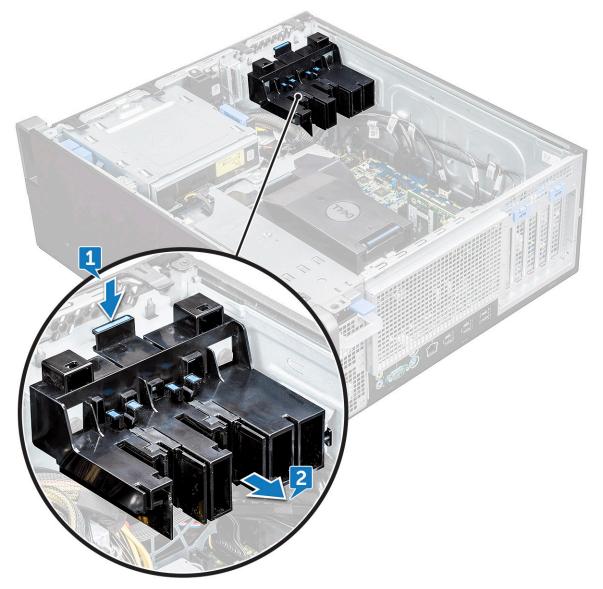
### Installing the fan into the fan bracket

- 1. Place the fan into the fan bracket.
- 2. Tighten the grommets that secure the fan to the fan bracket.
- 3. Install the:
  - a. system fan
  - **b.** side cover
- 4. Follow the procedure in After working inside your computer

# **PCIe holder**

## **Removing PCIe holder**

- 1. Follow the procedure in Before working inside your computer.
- 2. Remove the:
  - a. side cover
  - b. expansion card
- **3.** To remove the PCIe holder:
  - **a.** Press the PCle holder securing clip [1] and slide the holder [2] out of the chassis.



### Installing the PCIe holder

- 1. Align and place the PCIe holder to the system chassis.
- 2. Press the holder back until it clicks to the system.
- **3.** Install the:
  - a. side cover

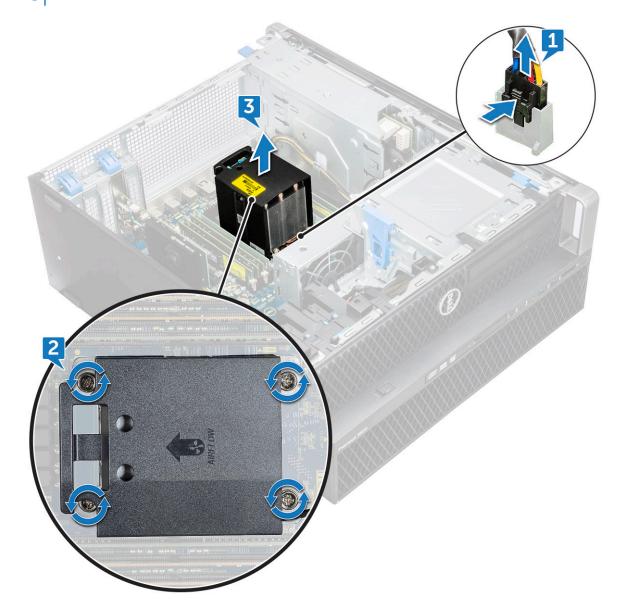
**4.** Follow the procedure in After working inside your computer.

# Heat sink and CPU fan assembly

### Removing the heat sink and CPU fan assembly

- 1. Follow the procedure in Before working inside your computer.
- 2. Remove the:
  - a. side cover
  - **b.** air shroud
- $\ensuremath{\textbf{3.}}$  To remove the heat sink and CPU fan assembly:
  - **a.** Disconnect the CPU fan cable [1] from the system board.
  - **b.** Loosen the four heat sink captive screws [2], in the diagonal order (4, 3, 2, 1).
  - c. Gently lift the heat sink and CPU fan assembly [3] from the system.

(i) NOTE: Lay the assembly with the thermal grease facing up.

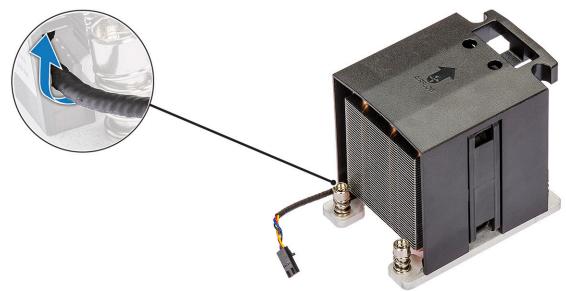


### Installing heat sink and CPU fan assembly

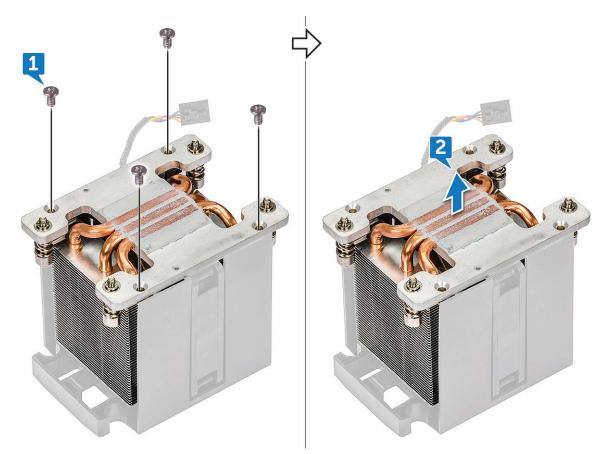
- 1. Place the heat sink and CPU fan assembly on the CPU slot.
- 2. Replace the four screws in the diagonal order (1,2,3,4), to secure the heat sink and CPU fan assembly to the system board.
   (i) NOTE: When installing the heat sink and CPU fan assembly into the system ensure that the airflow arrow is pointed towards the rear of the system.
- **3.** Connect the CPU fan cable to the system board.
- 4. Install the:
  - a. air shroud
  - b. side cover
- 5. Follow the procedure in After working inside your computer.

### Removing the CPU fan

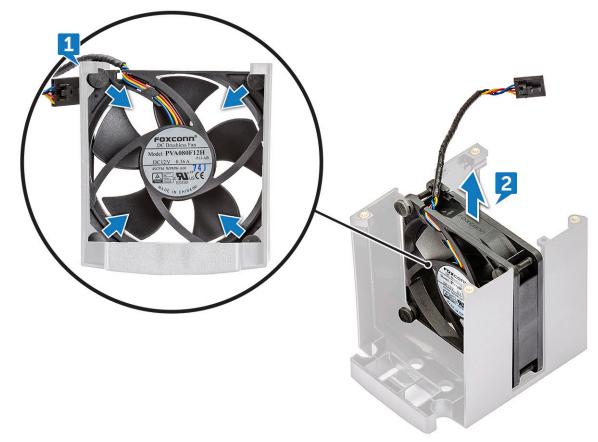
- 1. Follow the procedure in Before working inside your computer.
- 2. Remove the:
  - a. side cover
  - b. air shroud
  - c. heat sink and CPU fan assembly
- **3.** To remove the CPU fan:
  - a. Unroute the CPU fan cable from the cable holder in the bracket.

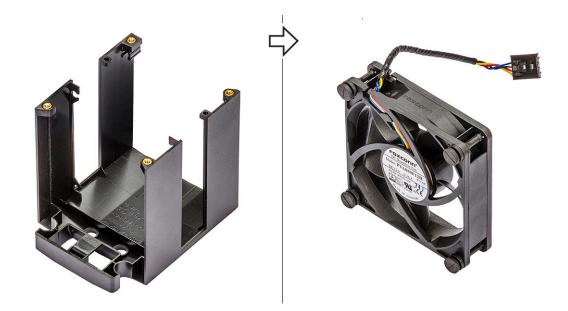


- **b.** Lay the assembly with the thermal grease facing up.
- c. Remove the four screws [1] securing the heat sink and the CPU fan assembly.
- d. Gently lift the heat sink [2] away from the CPU fan.



e. Detach the 4 rubber grommets [1] from the CPU fan bracket and lift the fan [2] away from the bracket.





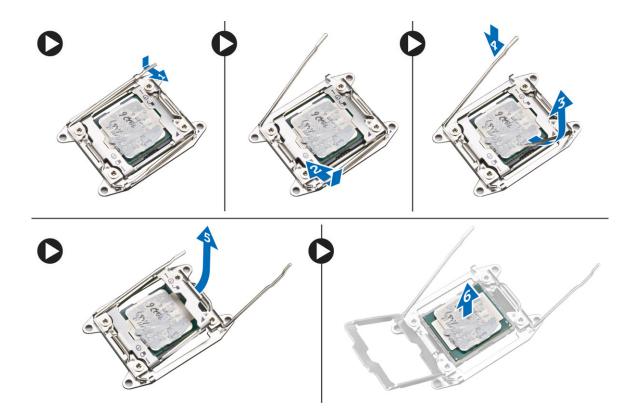
### Installing the CPU fan

- 1. Attach the four rubber grommets of the CPU fan to the fan bracket.
- 2. Place the CPU fan to its position on the heat sink.
- **3.** Route the fan cable to its holder in the fan bracket.
- 4. Replace the 4 screws securing the heat sink and the CPU fan.
- 5. Install the:
  - a. heat sink and CPU fan assembly
  - b. air shroud
  - c. side cover
- 6. Follow the procedure in After working inside your computer.

## Processor

#### **Removing the processor**

- 1. Follow the procedure in Before working inside your computer.
- 2. Remove the:
  - a. side cover
  - b. air shroud
  - c. heat sink and CPU fan assembly
- **3.** To remove the processor:
  - a. Press the left side release lever [1] down, then move it inward to release it from the retention hook.
  - b. Press the right side release lever [2] down, then move it inward to release it from the retention hook.
  - **c.** Open the release lever [3, 4] to unlock the processor cover.
  - d. Raise the processor cover [5].
  - e. Lift the processor [6] to remove it from the socket and place it into anti-static packaging.



#### Installing the processor

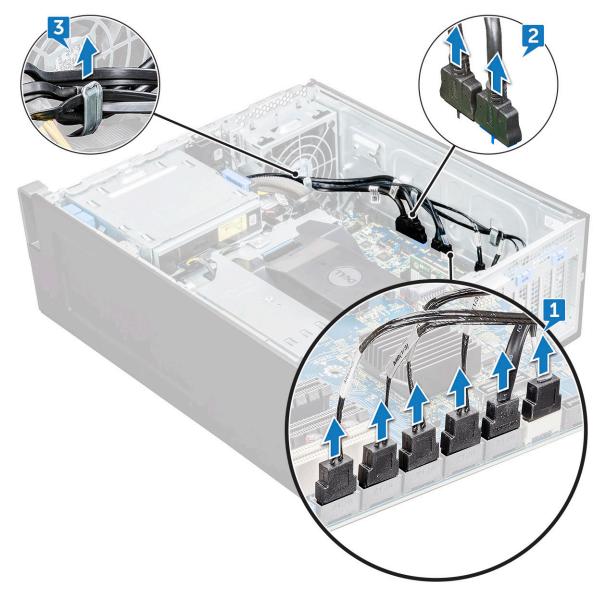
- 1. Insert the processor into the processor socket. Make sure the processor is properly seated.
- 2. Gently lower the processor cover.
- 3. Press the two release levers down and then move it in to secure it with the retention hook.
- 4. Install the:
  - a. heat sink and CPU fan assembly
  - **b.** air shroud
  - c. side cover
- 5. Follow the procedure in After working inside your computer.

# Front system fan

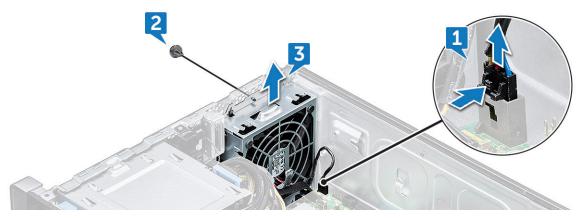
### Removing the front system fan

- 1. Follow the procedure in Before working inside your computer.
- 2. Remove the:
  - a. side cover
  - b. front bezel
  - c. PCIe holder
- **3.** To remove the front system fan:
  - **a.** Unroute the following cables from the card holder [3]:
    - SATA 0,1, 2, 3, 4, 5 cable and ODD 0, 1 cable [1]
    - USB 3.1 cable [2]

(i) **NOTE:** Do not pull the connector by the cable wires. Instead, disconnect the cable by pulling the connector end. Pulling the cable wires may loosen them from the connector.



- **b.** Unroute the fan cable [1] from the system board.
- **c.** Remove the screw [2] that secure the rear system fan to the chassis.
- **d.** Lift the fan to release it from the retention slot in the system chassis [3].



## Installing the front system fan

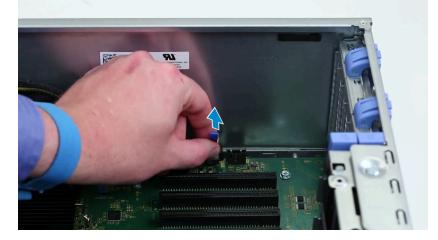
1. Align the front system fan to its retention slot in the system chassis.

- 2. Replace the screw that secures the front system fan to the chassis.
- **3.** Connect the fan cable to the system board.
- 4. Route the following cables through the cable holder and connect to the system board:
  - SATA and ODD cables
  - USB 3.1 cable
- 5. Install the:
  - a. PCle holder
  - **b.** front bezel
  - c. side cover
- 6. Follow the procedure in After working inside your computer.

# **VROC module**

### Removing the VROC module

Plug-out the VROC module from the system board in the upward direction.



## Installing the VROC module

Plug-in the VROC module to the system board.



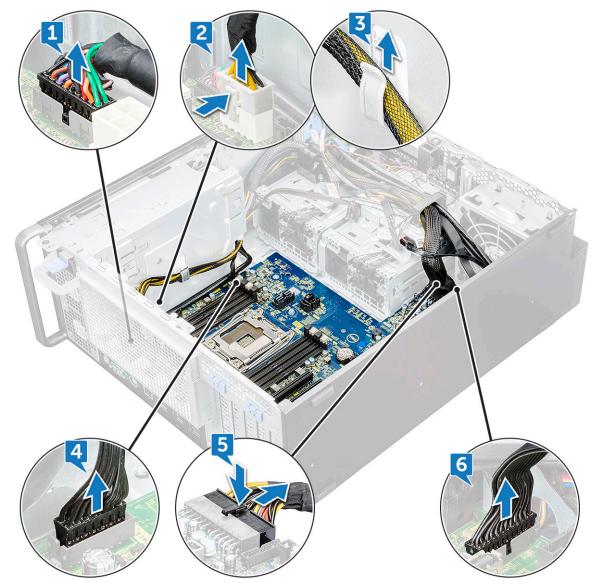
# System board

### Removing system board

- 1. Follow the procedure in Before working inside your computer.
- 2. Remove the:
  - a. side cover
  - b. air shroud
  - $\boldsymbol{c}.$  expansion card
  - d. memory module
  - e. heat sink and CPU fan assembly
  - f. front bezel
  - g. ODD
  - h. 5.25 ODD bracket
  - i. system fan
  - j. PCIe card holder
- **3.** To remove the system board:
  - a. To remove the system fan fixed bracket, remove the screw [1] that secure the fixed bracket to the system board.
  - **b.** Lift the system fan fixed bracket from the system board [2].

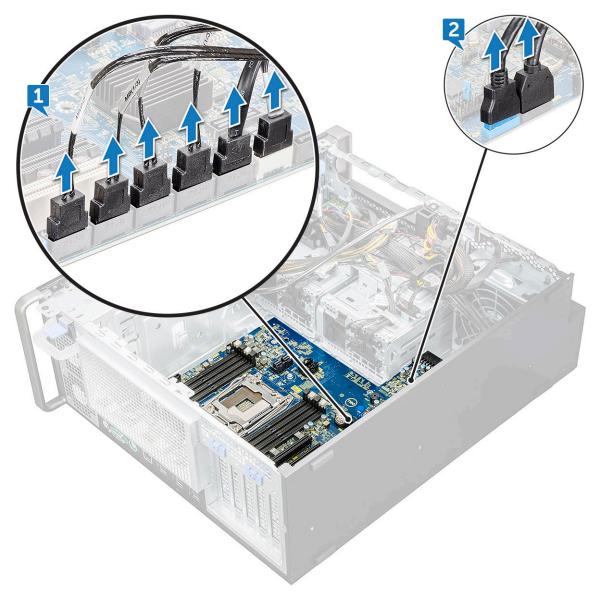


- c. Disconnect the following cables from the system board connectors:
  - audio cable [1]
  - power cable [2]
  - cable holder [3]
  - power control cable [4]
  - 24 Pin power cable [5]
  - front I/O panel [6]

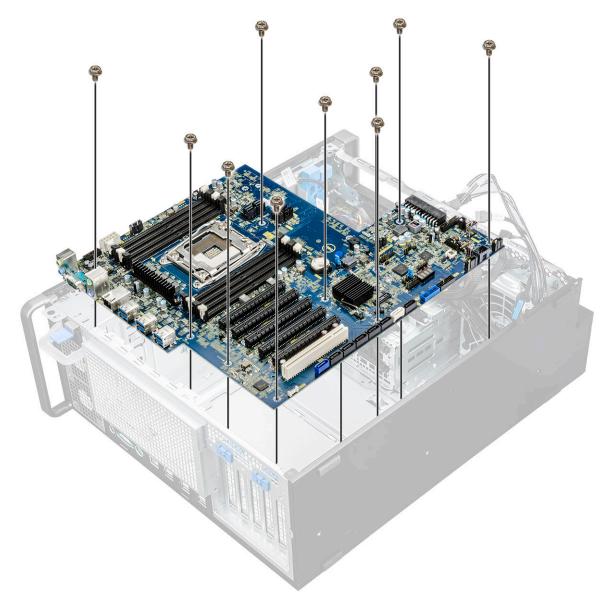


- $\boldsymbol{d}.$  Disconnect the following cables:
  - SATA cables and ODD cables [1]
  - USB 3.1 cable [2]
  - Front system fan cable
  - Flex0 and Flex1 hard drive data cable

(i) **NOTE:** Do not pull the connector by the cable wires . Instead, disconnect the cable by pulling on the connector end. Pulling on the cable wires may loosen them from the connector.



e. Remove the screws that secure the system board to the chassis.



f. Slide the system board towards HDD bracket module to detach it from the system.



 ${\bf g.}\$ Lift the system board up to remove it from the chassis.



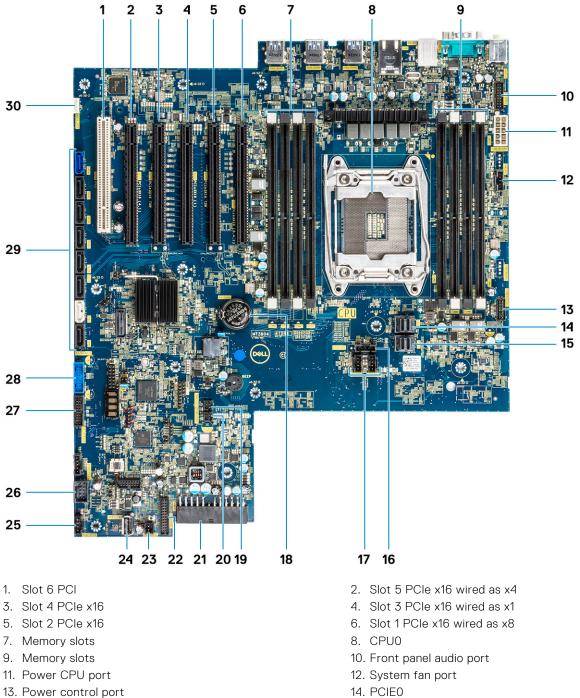
### Installing the system board

- 1. Align and place the system board into the chassis.
- 2. Slide the system board to its position.
- 3. Replace the screws to secure the system board to the chassis.
- **4.** Place the system fan fixed bracket and replace the single screw on the system board.
- 5. Connect the following cables:
  - audio cable
  - power cable
  - power control cable
  - 24Pin power cable
  - front I/O panel
  - SATA cables
  - ODD cables
  - USB 3.1 cables
  - Front system fan cable
  - Flex0 and Flex1 hard drive data cable
- 6. Install the:
  - a. PCle holder
  - **b.** expansion card
  - c. memory module
  - $\ensuremath{\textbf{d}}\xspace$  heat sink and CPU fan assembly
  - e. system fan
  - f. air shroud

- g. 5.25 ODD bracket
- h. ODD
- i. front bezel
- j. side cover
- 7. Follow the procedure in After working inside your computer.

### System board components

The following image displays the system board components.



- 15. PCIE1
- 17. System fan port
- 19. FLEX0 thermal sensor

- 16. CPU fan port
- 18. Coin cell battery
- 20. FLEX1 thermal sensor

21. 24 pin power cable23. Power remote25. System fan 027. Front panel USB3.2 port29. SATA 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and ODD 0, 1 ports

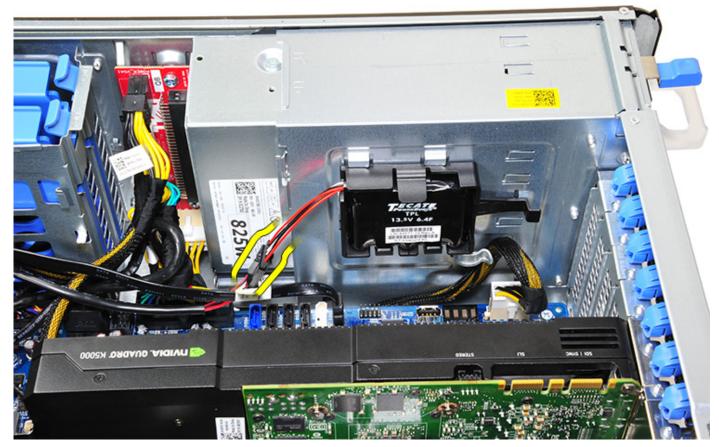
22. Front panel port24. USB 2\_INT26. USB 2\_flex28. Front panel USB3.1 port30. VROC\_key

(i) NOTE: PCIE0 (Callout 10) is only present/supported on motherboards designed for Xeon W Series Processors.

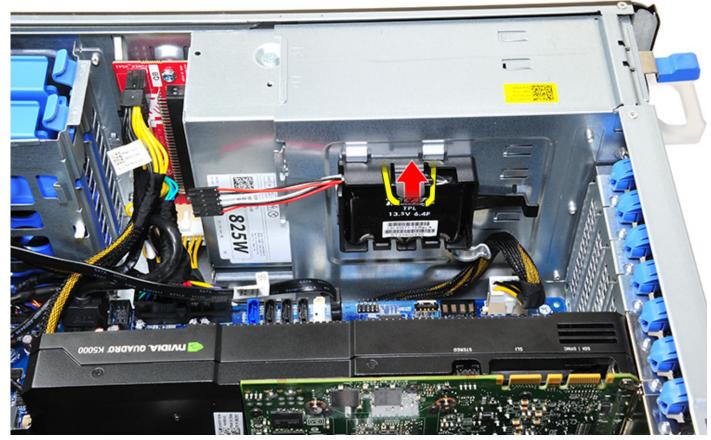
### **RAID controller battery**

### Removing the RAID controller battery

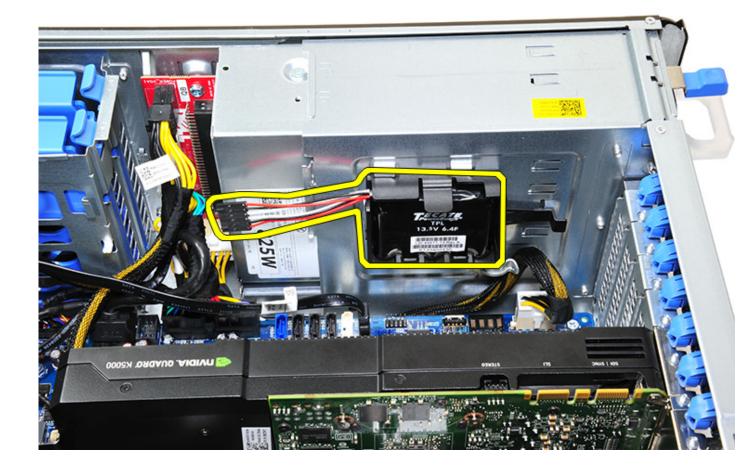
- 1. Follow the procedure in Before working inside your computer.
- 2. Remove the side cover.
- **3.** To remove the RAID controller battery:
  - ${\bf a.}\$  Disconnect the RAID controller battery cable from the RAID controller card.



b. Push the securing tab out to release the RAID controller battery.



 $\boldsymbol{c}.$  Lift and remove the RAID controller battery.





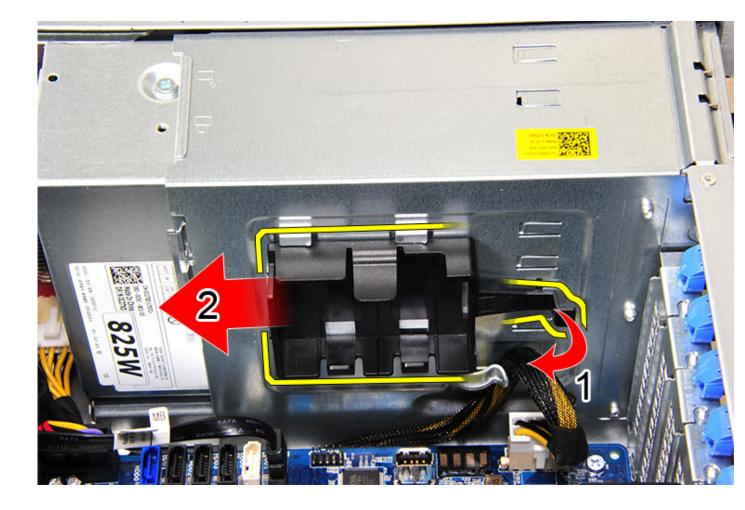
### Installing the RAID controller battery

- 1. Slide and place the RAID controller battery into the RAID battery bracket.
- 2. Press the RAID controller battery into the bracket to secure with the securing clips.
- **3.** Connect the RAID controller battery cable.

## **RAID controller battery bracket**

### Removing the RAID controller battery bracket

- 1. Follow the procedure in Before working inside your computer.
- **2.** Remove the side cover.
- **3.** Remove the RAID controller battery
- 4. To remove the RAID controller battery bracket:
  - **a.** Lift up the securing tab (1), and slide the RAID controller battery bracket out (2).





### Installing the RAID controller battery bracket

- 1. Slide and place the RAID controller battery bracket the opposite way it was removed.
- 2. Ensure the tabs on the bracket fits into the holders on the chassis.

# **Technology and components**

This chapter details the technology and components available in the system. Topics:

- Memory configuration
- Technologies list
- MegaRAID 9440-8i and 9460-16i controller
- Teradici PCoIP

### **Memory configuration**

This section provides information about the memory configuration for the Dell Precision Tower 5820 systems.

 The following table illustrates the memory configuration and population rules for the Dell Precision Tower 5820:

 Main Memory

 IMC1

 IMC0

 1LM (Main memory only)

 Ch3

 Ch0

 Ch0

 Ch0

 Config

 Total (GB)

 DPC

 Frequency

 DIMM2

 DIMM8

 DIMM3

 DIMM4

 DIMM3

 DIMM4

 DIMM4

 DIMM4

 DIMM4

 DIMM4

 DIMM4

 DIMM4

 DIM

Config	Total (GB)	DPC	Frequency		DIMM2	DIMM6	DIMM4	DIMM8	DIMM7	DIMM3	DIMM5	DIMM1		
S8R	8	1DPC	2667									8		
S16R	16	1DPC	2667		8							8		
S32R	32	1DPC	2667		8		8			8		8		
S64R	64	1DPC	2667		8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8		
S32Rb	32	1DPC	2667		16							16		
S64R	64	1DPC	2667		16		16			16		16		
S128R	128	1DPC	2667		16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16		
S128R	128	1DPC	2667		32		32			32		32	Í	
S192R	192	1DPC	2667		32	32	32			32	32	32		
S192R	192	1DPC	2667		32	16	32	16	16	32	16	32		
S256R	256	1DPC	2667		32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32		

<sup>(</sup>i) NOTE: 32 GB DIMMs are only supported on systems using Xeon W Series CPUs.

## **Technologies list**

This section provides information about the technologies that comes with the Dell Precision 5820 Tower.

The following table lists the basic of technologies that are available on the Dell Precision 5820 Tower systems for Dell internal users only.

#### Table 2. Intel Xeon W Series CPUs

No.	Category	Technology	Browser Path
1	Chipset	Intel C422 (Kaby Lake-W)	
2	Processor	<ul> <li>Intel Xeon Processor W family</li> <li>Up to 140 W, Single CPU</li> </ul>	
3	Memory	DDR4 R-DIMM	
4	Audio	Integrated Realtek ALC3234 High Definition Audio Codec (2 Channel)	
5	Network	NIC Integrated RJ45	
6	Graphics	Radeon Pro WX	• 9100

#### Table 2. Intel Xeon W Series CPUs (continued)

No.	Category	Technology	Browser Path
			<ul> <li>7100</li> <li>5100</li> <li>4100</li> <li>3100</li> <li>2100</li> <li>Radeon Pro SSG</li> </ul>
		NVIDIA	<ul> <li>Quadro GP100</li> <li>Quadro GV100</li> <li>Quadro P6000</li> <li>Quadro P5000</li> <li>Quadro P4000</li> <li>Quadro P2000</li> <li>Quadro P1000</li> <li>Quadro P600</li> <li>Quadro P620</li> <li>Quadro P400</li> <li>NVS 310</li> <li>NVS 315</li> </ul>
7	Storage	SATA	
		SAS	
		Dell UltraSpeed Quad (PCIE M.2 Interposer)	
		Dell UltraSpeed Duo (PCIE M.2 Interposer)	
9	Remote Solutions	1-1 Teradici PCoIP	<ul> <li>CLIENT: Dell or other Branded Zero Client (TERA Gen 2) (Dell-Wyse P25) DUAL Monitor Support</li> <li>HOST: PCle x1 PCoIP Dual Host Card (TERA Gen 2)</li> <li>CLIENT: Dell or other Branded Zero Client (TERA Gen 2) (Dell-Wyse P45 ) QUAD Monitor Support</li> <li>HOST: PCle x1 PCoIP Quad Host Card (TERA Gen 2)</li> <li>Support Dual Terra Card configurations</li> <li><b>NOTE:</b> For further information about the Teradici PCoIP Card host driver installation, see Teradici PCoIP.</li> </ul>

#### Table 3. Intel Core X Series CPUs

No.	Category	Technology	Browser Path
1	Chipset	Intel X299 (Kaby lake-H	
2	Processor	<ul> <li>Intel Core X Processor Family</li> <li>Up to 165 W, Single CPU</li> </ul>	
3	Memory	DDR4 UDIMM	
4	Audio	Integrated Realtek ALC3234 High Definition Audio Codec (2 Channel)	
5	Network	NIC Integrated RJ45	
6	Graphics	Radeon Pro WX	<ul> <li>7100</li> <li>5100</li> <li>4100</li> </ul>

#### Table 3. Intel Core X Series CPUs (continued)

No.	Category	Technology	Browser Path
			<ul><li> 3100</li><li> 2100</li></ul>
		NVIDIA	<ul> <li>Quadro P6000</li> <li>Quadro P5000</li> <li>Quadro P4000</li> <li>Quadro P2000</li> <li>Quadro P1000</li> <li>Quadro P620</li> <li>Quadro P400</li> </ul>
7	Storage	SATA	
		Dell UltraSpeed Quad (PCIE M.2 Interposer)	
		Dell UltraSpeed Duo (PCIE M.2 Interposer)	
9	Remote Solutions	Not supported with these CPUs	

### MegaRAID 9440-8i and 9460-16i controller

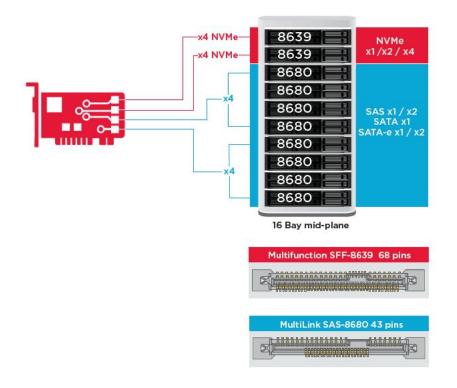
Small and medium businesses (SMBs) deploying entry-level server platforms and workstations need affordable, reliable storage solutions. The MegaRAID Tri-Mode Storage Adapter is a 12Gb/s SAS/SATA/PCIe (NVMe) controller card that addresses these needs by delivering proven performance and RAID data protection for a range of non-business crticial applications. The MegaRAID Tri-Mode storage adapters bring NVMe performance benefits to the storage tier by providing connectivity and data protection for SAS/SATA interfaces. Based on the dual-core SAS3516 or SAS3508 RAID on Chip (ROC) and 72-bit DDR4-2133 SDRAM, these controllers provide bandwidth and IOPS performance increases and are ideal for high-end servers utilizing



internal storage or connecting to large-scale external storage enclosures.

(i) NOTE: The MegaRAID 9440 and 9460 controllers are only supported when using Intel Xeon W Series CPUs.

Tri-Mode SerDes Technology enables operation of NVMe, SAS, or SATA storage devices in a single drive bay. All the 3 modes concurrently serving NVMe, SAS, and SATA drives can be operated by a single controller. The controller negotiates between the speeds and protocols to seamlessly work with any of the three types of storage devices. Tri-Mode support provides a non-disruptive way to evolve existing data center infrastructure. By upgrading to a tri-mode controller, users can expand beyond SAS/SATA and use NVMe without major changes to other system configurations. The MegaRAID Tri-Mode storage adapters support both REFCLK and SRIS based NVMe x1, x2, and x4 devices.



### Key Features:

- Tri-Mode SerDes Technology enables the operation of NVMe, SAS or SATA devices in a single drive bay, allowing for endless design flexibility
- Supports 12, 6, and 3 Gb/s SAS and 6, 3 Gb/s SATA data transfer rates
- Up to 8 PCIe links. Each link supporting x4, x2, or x1 link widths, supporting 8.0 GT/s (PCIe Gen3) per lane
- SFF-9402 Compliant, Connector Pin-out
- SFF-8485 Compliant, SGPIO
- Fits into rack-mounted servers with low-profile form factor and side-mounted SAS connectors
- Support critical, high-bandwidth applications with PCIe 3.1 connectivity
- CacheVault flash back-up at power fail. Supports bad block management
- Balance protection and performance for critical applications with RAID levels 0, 1, 5, 6, 10, 50, and 60

#### Table 4. Features of MegaRAID 9440-8i and 9460-16i controller

	9440-8i	9460-16i
Ports	8 internal	16 internal
Connectors	2 x SFF8643	4 x SFF8643 x4
Storage Interface Support	SATA: Eight x1	SATA: Sixteen x1
	SAS: One x8, Two x4, Four x2, Eight x1 NVMe: Two x4, Four x2, Four x1	SAS: Two x8, Four x4, Eight x2, Sixteen x1 NVMe: Four x4, Eight x2, Eight x1
Max Devices Per Controller	SAS/SATA: 64 NVMe: 4	SAS/SATA: 240 NVMe: 24
Cache Memory	N/A	4 GB 2133 MHz DDR4 SDRAM
I/O Processor / SAS Controller	SAS3408	SAS3516
Host Bus Type	PCle 3.1 x8	PCle 3.1 x8

#### Table 4. Features of MegaRAID 9440-8i and 9460-16i controller (continued)

	9440-8i	9460-16i
Cache Protection	N/A	CacheVault
		CVPM05
Physical Dimensions	6.127" x 2.712" (155.65 mm x 68.90 mm)	6.127" x 2.712" (155.65 mm x 68.90 mm)
Maximum Operating Conditions	Operating:	Operating:
	10°C to 55°C	10°C to 55°C
	20 to 80% non-condensing	20 to 80% non-condensing
	Airflow: 300 LFM	Airflow: 300 LFM
	Storage:	Storage:
	-45°C to 105°C	-45°C to 105°C
	5 to 90% non-condensing	5 to 90% non-condensing
MTBF (Calculated)	>3,000,000 hours at 40C	>3,000,000 hours at 40C
Operating Voltage	+12V +/-8%; 3.3V +/-9%	+12V +/-8%; 3.3V +/-9%
Hardware Warranty	3 years; with advanced replacement option	3 years; with advanced replacement option
MegaRAID Management Suite	LSI Storage Authority (LSA)	LSI Storage Authority (LSA)
	StorCLI (command-line interface), CTRL-R (BIOS configuration utility), HII (UEFI Human Interface Infrastructure)	StorCLI (command-line interface), CTRL-R (BIOS configuration utility), HII (UEFI Human Interface Infrastructure)
Regulatory Certifications	USA (FCC 47 CFR part 15 Subpart B, class B); Canada (ICES -003, Class B); Taiwan (CNS 13438); Japan (VCCI V-3);	USA (FCC 47 CFR part 15 Subpart B, class B); Canada (ICES -003, Class B); Taiwan (CNS 13438); Japan (VCCI V-3);
	Australia/New Zealand (AS/NZS CISPR 22); Korea (RRA no 2013-24 & 25); Europe (EN55022/EN55024);	Australia/New Zealand (AS/NZS CISPR 22); Korea (RRA no 2013-24 & 25); Europe (EN55022/EN55024);
	Safety: EN/IEC/UL 60950; RoHS; WEEE	Safety: EN/IEC/UL 60950; RoHS; WEEE
OS Support	Microsoft Windows, VMware vSphere/ ESXi, Red Hat Linux, SuSe Linux, Ubuntu Linux, Oracle Linux, CentOS Linux, Debian Linux, Fedora, and FreeBSD. Contact Oracle support for Oracle Solaris driver or software support.	Microsoft Windows, VMware vSphere/ ESXi, Red Hat Linux, SuSe Linux, Ubuntu Linux, Oracle Linux, CentOS Linux, Debian Linux, Fedora, and FreeBSD. Contact Oracle support for Oracle Solaris driver or software support.

# **Teradici PCoIP**

This section provides an overview of the host driver installation process.

### Installing the Teradici PCoIP Card Host Dual/Quad

Install the PCoIP host driver software from dell.com/support.

(i) NOTE: You cannot upgrade the PCoIP host driver software while a VMware View-brokered PCoIP session is active between a host workstation or host PC and VMware View client. Doing this will result in losing access to your mouse and keyboard when the driver software is removed.

To upgrade the PCoIP host driver software in this type of deployment, do one of the following:

• Connect to the host from a zero client.

• Upgrade the software while connecting to the host through another desktop-remoting protocol such as RDP or VNC.

#### Installing the PCoIP Host Driver Software on a Host PC:

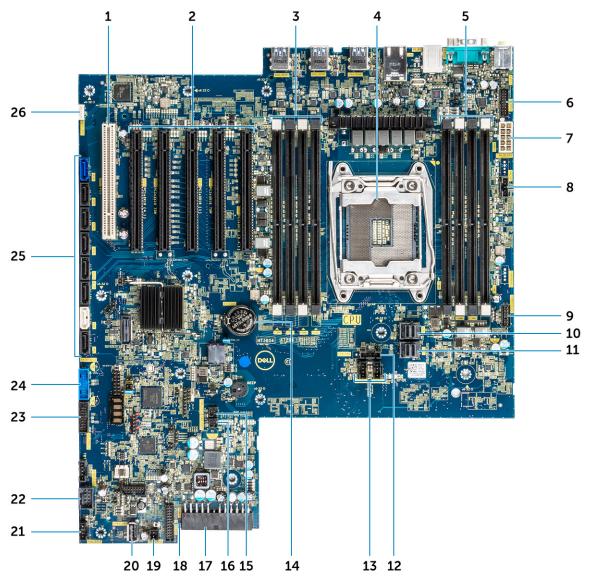
- 1. Download the PCoIP host driver software from the Teradici Support site (click Current PCoIP Product and Releases).
- 2. Log in to the administrative web interface for the host card.
- 3. From the **Configuration > Host Driver Function** menu, enable the Host Driver Function.
- 4. Restart the host PC.
- 5. Install the PCoIP host software package appropriate for the operating system installed on the host PC. You can start the install process by double-clicking the installer:
- a. 64 bit: PCoipHostSoftware\_x64-v4.3.0.msi (or later)
- $\textbf{6.} \quad \textbf{When the Welcome screen appears, click Next}.$
- 7. Accept the terms, and then click Next.
- 8. Ensure that the installation location is correct, and click Next.
- 9. Click Install.

() NOTE: For Windows 7, when the driver is installed, a Windows Security dialog may appear. Click **Install** to continue with the installation. To keep this dialog box from appearing in the future, select **Always trust software from Teradici Corporation**.

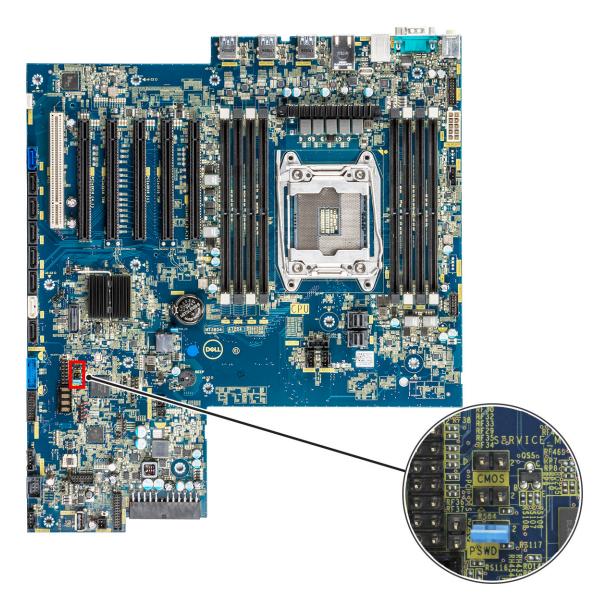
- **10.** If prompted, restart the operating system; otherwise, skip this step. When restarted, the host driver software installation process continues when the OS boots up. Click **Install** to continue.
- 11. Click **Finish** to complete the installation.

# Power management cable configuration for Teradici PCoIP Portal and Host Card

If the Dell Precision Workstation comes equipped with the optional Teradici PCoIP Portal and Host Card, make sure the power management cable on the Teradici card is connected properly on the system board. The power management cable from the Teradici card must be plugged into the correct Power remote connection on the system board. Refer the below image for an example of the **Power remote** connector labeled 19 on the system board diagram:



Make sure the power management cable from the Teradici card is not plugged into either the two-pin Clear CMOS or Clear PSWD jumpers.



Plugging the power management cable into the Clear CMOS jumper will cause the BIOS to reset when sending a remote restart request to the Teradici card. You will then have to reset the time and BIOS settings.

If the power management cable from the Teradici card is plugged into the Clear PSWD jumper, then the BIOS password will be cleared and a new one will need to be configured.

# System specifications

#### **Topics:**

- System specifications
- Memory specifications
- Video specifications
- Audio specifications
- Network specifications
- Card slots
- Storage specifications
- External connectors
- Power specifications
- Physical specifications
- Environmental specifications

# System specifications

#### Feature Sp

#### Processor type

#### Specification

- Intel Xeon W 2100 Family of Processors
- Intel Core i7/i9 X Family of Processors
- Intel Cascade Lake W (CLX-W) and Cascade Lake X (CLX-X) CPUs
   NOTE: Intel Xeon W, and Core X CPUs are not supported on the same motherboard.

Total cache

Upto 24.75 MB

## **Memory specifications**

Features	Specifications
Туре	<ul> <li>DDR4 ECC RDIMMs - Supported with Xeon W Series CPUs</li> <li>DDR4 Non-ECC UDIMMs supported with Core X Series CPUs</li> </ul>
Speed	<ul> <li>2666 MHz</li> <li>2933 MHz</li> <li>NOTE: 2933 MHz RDIMMs are not offered with Xenon W Skylake Series CPUs.</li> <li>NOTE: Computer configurations offered with 2933 MHz RDIMMs operating with dual memory per channel (2DPC) will operate at 2666 MHz.</li> </ul>
Connectors	8 DIMM Slots
Capacity	<ul> <li>4 channel memory up to 256 GB 2666 MHz DDR4 ECC memory with single CPUs on Xeon W Sky Lake Series CPUs</li> <li>4 channel memory up to 128 GB 2666 MHz DDR4 non-ECC memory with single CPUs on Core X Sky Lake Series CPUs</li> <li>4 channel memory up to 512 GB 2933 MHz DDR4 ECC memory with single CPUs on Xeon W Cascade Lake Series CPUs</li> <li>4 channel memory up to 256 GB 2933 MHz DDR4 non-ECC memory with single CPUs on Core X Cascade Lake Series CPUs</li> </ul>

#### Features

#### **Specifications**

#### Maximum memory

- 128 GB for Core X Sky Lake Series CPUs
- 256 GB for Xeon W Sky Lake Series CPUs
- 512 GB for Xeon W Cascade Lake Series CPUs
- 256 GB for Core X Cascade Lake Series CPUs

(i) NOTE: The memory speed depends on the CPU in the system.

## Video specifications

#### Features

#### Specifications

- Graphic card
- Radeon Pro WX 9100\*
- NVIDIA Quadro GP100\*
- NVIDIA Quadro GV100\*
- NVIDIA Quadro P6000
- NVIDIA Quadro P5000
- Radeon Pro WX 7100
- Radeon Pro WX 5100
- Radeon Pro WX 4100
- AMD Radeon Pro SSG\*
- NVIDIA Quadro P4000
- NVIDIA Quadro P2000
- Radeon Pro WX 3100
- Radeon Pro WX 2100
- Radeon Pro WX 4100
- Radeon Pro WX 5100
- Radeon Pro WX 7100
- Radeon Pro WX 9100
- NVIDIA Quadro P1000
- NVIDIA Quadro P600\*
- NVIDIA Quadro P620
- NVIDIA Quadro P400
- NVIDIA Quadro T400
- NVIDIA Quadro T600
- NVIDIA Quadro T1000
- NVIDIA NVS 310\*
- NVIDIA NVS 315\*
- NVIDIA Turing RTX 4000
- NVIDIA Turing RTX 5000
- NVIDIA Turing RTX 6000
- NVIDIA GEFORCE RTX 2080 B
- NVIDIA GEFORCE RTX 3080
- NVIDIA GEFORCE RTX 3090

(i) **NOTE:** NVDIA GEFORCE 3080 and 3090 Graphics cards are qualified to be used on the slot 2 and 4 PCIe slot of the system board.

(i) NOTE: The Asterisk (\*): Only supported on systems with Xeon W Series CPUs.

## Audio specifications

Features	Specifications
Туре	High Definition Audio Codec (2 Channel)
Controller	Integrated Realtek ALC3234
Internal Speaker Power Rating	2W
Internal microphone support	no

### **Network specifications**

Features	Specifications
Integrated	Intel i219 Gigabit Ethernet controllers with Intel Remote Wake UP, PXE and Jumbo frames support
Optional	<ul> <li>Intel i210 10/100/1000 single port PCIe (Gen 1 x 1) gigabit network card.</li> <li>Intel X550-T2 10GbE dual port PCIe (Gen 3 x 4) network card</li> <li>Aquantia AQN-108 2.5Gbit/5Gbe single port PCIe (Gen 3 x 4) network card.</li> </ul>

## **Card slots**

Features	Specifications
Туре	PCle Gen 3
Slot configuration for Xeon W and Core i9X CPUs	<ul> <li>2 PCle x 16</li> <li>1 PCle x 16 wired as x8</li> <li>1 PCle x 16 wired as x4</li> <li>1 PCle x 16 wired as x1</li> <li>1 PCl 32/33</li> </ul>
Slot configuration for Core i7X CPUs	<ul> <li>1x PCle x16</li> <li>1x PCle x8</li> <li>1x PCle x4</li> <li>1x PCle x1</li> </ul>

• Slot 1 is not active in this configuration.

### Storage specifications

Features	Specification

Externally

ons

Accessible

DVD-ROM; DVD+/-RW 5.25" Bay Options: BD, DVD+/-RW

Internally Accessible

- M.2 NVMe PCIe SSDs Up to 4 x 1TB drives on 1 Dell Precision Ultra-Speed Drive Quad x16 cards
- Front Flex Bay M.2 NVMe PCle SSDs -
  - Up to 2x M.2/U.2 drives when Xeon W Series and Core X Cascade Lake CPUs are installed (i) NOTE: U.2 Optane memory is available with Xeon W Cascade Lake Series CPUs only.

• Up to 1x M.2 drive when Core X Sky Lake Series CPUs are installed

• Up to 6x 2.5" SATA drives

#### Features Specifications

- Up to 5x 3.5" SATA drives
- SAS drives with optional controllers and SED are available only on systems with Xeon W CPUs

### **External connectors**

Features	Specifications
Audio	<ul> <li>Rear—1 x Audio Line in/Microphone</li> <li>Rear—1 x Audio Line out</li> <li>Front—1 x Universal Audio Jack</li> </ul>
Network	Rear—1 x RJ45 Network
USB	<ul><li>Front—4 x USB 3.1 Gen1</li><li>Rear—6 x USB 3.1 Gen1</li></ul>
Serial port	Rear—1 x Serial port
PS2	<ul><li> Rear—1 x Keyboard</li><li> Rear—1 x Mouse</li></ul>

### **Power specifications**

Features	Specifications	
Wattage	<ul> <li>425 W or 950 W with Xeon W Series CPUs</li> <li>950 W with Core X Series CPUs</li> </ul>	
Voltage	input voltage 100 VAC-240 AC	

### **Physical specifications**

Features	Specifications
Height	417.9 mm
Width	176.5 mm
Depth	• 518.3 mm
Optional	19" rackmount rail kit

### **Environmental specifications**

#### **Temperature** Specifications

Operating

5 °C to 35 °C (41 F to 95 °F)

(i) **NOTE:** \* Starting at 5000 ft, the maximum operating ambient temperature is derated by 1 C (1.8 F) per 1000 ft up to 10,000 ft.

**Storage** -40 °C to 65 °C(-40 F to 149 F)

Relative humidity (maximum)	Specifications
Operating	8% to 85% (non-condensing)
Storage	5% to 95% (non-condensing)
Maximum vibration	Specifications
Operating	0.52 Grms, 5 to 350 Hz
Storage	2.0 Grms, 5 to 500 Hz
Maximum Shock	Specifications
Operating	40 G half-sine 2.5 ms pulse
Storage	105 G half-sine 2.5 ms pulse

# System Setup

#### **Topics:**

- General options
- System configuration
- Video
- Security
- Secure boot
- Performance
- Power management
- Post behaviour
- Manageability
- Virtualization support
- Maintenance
- System logs
- Advanced configurations
- SupportAssist system resolution
- Updating the BIOS
- MegaRAID controller options
- System and setup password

### **General options**

#### Table 5. General

Option	Description
System Information	This section lists the primary hardware features of your computer.
	The options are: • System Information • Memory Configuration • Processor Information • PCI Information • Device Information
Boot Sequence	Allows you to change the order in which the computer attempts to find an operating system.
	The options are: • Diskette Drive • USB Storage Device • CD/DVD/CD-RW Drive • Onboard NIC • Internal HDD Boot List Option
	Allows you to change the boot list options. Click one of the following options: • Legacy • UEFI—Default

#### Table 5. General (continued)

Option	Description
Advanced Boot Options	Allows you to Enable Legacy Option ROMs.
	The options are:
	Enable Legacy Option ROMs—Default
	Enable Attempt Legacy Boot
UEFI Boot Path Security	Allows you to control whether the system prompts the user to enter the Admin password when booting to a UEFI boot path.
	Click one of the following options:
	Always, Except Internal HDD—Default
	Always
	Never
Date/Time	Allows you to set the date and time. The change to the system date and time takes effect immediately.

# System configuration

#### Table 6. System Configuration

Option	Description
Integrated NIC	Allows you to configure the integrated network controller. Click one of the following options:
	<ul> <li>Disabled</li> <li>Enabled</li> <li>Enabled w/PXE—Default</li> </ul>
UEFI Network Stack	Allows pre-OS and early OS networking features to use any enabled NICs.
	Enabled UEFI Network Stack
	This option is set by default.
Serial Port	Identifies and defines the serial port settings. You can set the serial port to:
	<ul> <li>Disabled</li> <li>COM1—Default</li> <li>COM2</li> <li>COM3</li> <li>COM4</li> <li>NOTE: The operating system may allocate resources even if the setting is disabled.</li> </ul>
SATA Operation	
Tower 5820	Allows you to configure the operating mode of the integrated SATA hard-drive controller.
	Click one of the following options:
	Disabled
	• AHCI
	RAID On—Default
	(i) <b>NOTE:</b> SATA is configured to support RAID mode.

#### Table 6. System Configuration (continued)

Option	Description
Drives	
Tower 5820	Allows you to enable or disable various drives on board. The options are: MiniSAS PCIe SSD-0 SATA-0
	<ul> <li>SATA-2</li> <li>SATA-4</li> <li>ODD-0</li> <li>MiniSAS PCIe SSD-1</li> <li>SATA-1</li> <li>SATA-3</li> <li>SATA-5</li> <li>ODD-1</li> </ul>
SMART Reporting	All the options are set by default. This field controls if the hard drive errors for the integrated drives are reported during system startup. This technology is part of the SMART(Self-Monitoring Analysis and Reporting Technology) specification.
	Enable SMART Reporting
	This option is not set by default.
USB Configuration	<ul> <li>Allows you to enable or disable the internal USB configuration.</li> <li>The options are:</li> <li>Enable USB Boot Support</li> <li>Enable Front USB Ports</li> <li>Enable Internal USB Ports</li> <li>Enable Rear USB Ports</li> <li>All the options are set by default.</li> </ul>
Front USB Configuration	Allows you to enable/disable Front USB ports. The options are: USB3 Type A * USB Type C port 2 (Right) * USB Type C port 1 (Right) *
Rear USB Configuration	All the options are set by default. Allows you to enable/disable Rear USB ports. The options are: • RearPort3 Top * • RearPort1 Top * • RearPort2 Top * • RearPort3 Bottom * • RearPort1 Bottom * • RearPort2 Bottom * • All the options are set by default.
Internal USB Configuration	Allows you to enable/disable Internal USB ports.  Internal Port 2

#### Table 6. System Configuration (continued)

Option	Description
	This option is set by default.
Dell Type-C Dock Configuration	Allows you to connect to Dell WD and TB family of docks.
	Always Allows Dell Docks
	This option is set by default.
Thunderbolt Adapter Configuration	Allows you to enable or disable the Thunderbolt device support capability.
	<ul> <li>The options are:</li> <li>Enabled Thunderbolt Technology Support</li> <li>Enabled Thunderbolt Adapter Pre-boot Modules</li> <li>Enabled Thunderbolt Adapter Boot Support—Default</li> </ul>
	(i) <b>NOTE:</b> The security level configures the Thunderbolt adapter security settings within the operating system.
USB PowerShare	Allows you to configure the USB PowerShare feature behavior.
	Enable USB PowerShare
	This option is not set by default.
Audio	Allows you to enable or disable the integrated audio controller.
	Enable Audio
	This option is set by default.
Memory Map IO above 4GB	Allows you to enable or disable 64-bit capable PCI devices to be decoded in above 4 GB address space(only if the system supports 64-bit PCI decoding).
	Memory Map IO above 4GB
	This option is not set by default.
HDD Fans	Allows you to control the HDD fans.
	The options are:
	HDD1 Fan Enable
	<ul> <li>HDD2 Fan Enable</li> <li>HDD3 Fan Enable</li> </ul>
	• All the options are not set by default.
Miscellaneous devices	
	Allows you to enable or disable various on board devices.
	The options are:
	<ul> <li>Enable PCI Slot—Default</li> <li>Secure Digital (SD) Card Boot</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Secure Digital (SD) Card Boot</li> <li>Enable Secure Digital (SD) Card—Default</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Secure Digital (SD) Card — Derault</li> <li>Secure Digital (SD) Card Read-Only Mode</li> </ul>

## Video

#### Table 7. Video

Option	Description
Primary Video Slot	Allows you to configure primary boot video device.
	Click any one of the following options:
	Auto—Default
	SLOT 1
	SLOT 2: VGA Compatible
	SLOT 2
	• SLOT 3
	SLOT 5
	SLOT 6

# Security

#### Table 8. Security

Option	Description
Admin Password	Allows you to set, change, or delete the administrator(admin) password.
	The entries to set password are:
	<ul> <li>Enter the old password:</li> <li>Enter the new password:</li> </ul>
	Confirm new password:
	Click <b>OK</b> once you set the password.
	() NOTE: For the first time login, "Enter the old password:" field is marked to "Not set". Hence, password has to be set for the first time you login and then you can change or delete the password.
System Password	Allows you to set, change, or delete the System password.
	The entries to set password are:
	• Enter the old password:
	• Enter the new password:
	Confirm new password:
	Click <b>OK</b> once you set the password.
	() NOTE: For the first time login, "Enter the old password:" field is marked to "Not set". Hence, password has to be set for the first time you login and then you can change or delete the password.
Internal HDD-0	Allows you to set, change, or delete the password on the system's internal hard disk drive (HDD).
Password	The entries to set password are:
	<ul> <li>Enter the old password:</li> <li>Enter the new password:</li> <li>Confirm new password:</li> </ul>
	Click <b>OK</b> once you set the password.
	(i) <b>NOTE:</b> For the first time login, "Enter the old password:" field is marked to "Not set". Hence, password has to be set for the first time you login and then you can change or delete the password.

#### Table 8. Security (continued)

<ul> <li>Enable S This option i</li> <li>Password Configuration</li> <li>You can defi</li> <li>Password Bypass</li> <li>Allows you ta a system residence Click one of</li> <li>Disabled</li> <li>Reboot i</li> <li>Password Change</li> <li>Allows you ta</li> <li>Enable ta</li> <li>This option ia</li> <li>TPM 1.2 Security</li> <li>Allows you ta</li> <li>TPM On</li> <li>Clear</li> </ul>	the options: <b>J</b> —Default <b>bypass</b> o change the System password when the administrator password is set. <b>on-Admin Password Changes</b> s set by default.
Image: Password ConfigurationYou can defiPassword BypassAllows you trasystem resconder a system resconder Click one of a system resconder Click one of a system resconder Disabled • Reboot inPassword ChangeAllows you trasystem resconder • Disabled • Reboot inPassword ChangeAllows you trasystem resconder • Allows you trasystem resconder • Allows you trasystem resconder • Allows you trasystem resconder • Allows you transport • This option inUEFI Capsule Firmware UpdatesAllows you transport • Enable transport • This option in • The options • TPM On • Clear	s not set by default. ine the length of your password. Min = 4, Max = 32 o bypass the System password and the Internal HDD password, when it is set, during start. the options: d—Default bypass o change the System password when the administrator password is set. on-Admin Password Changes s set by default.
Password ConfigurationYou can defiPassword BypassAllows you ta a system res Click one of • Disabled • RebootPassword ChangeAllows you ta • Allows you ta • Allows you ta • Allows you ta This option iUEFI Capsule Firmware UpdatesAllows you ta • Enable ta This option iTPM 1.2 SecurityAllows you ta • TPM On • Clear	ine the length of your password. Min = 4, Max = 32 o bypass the System password and the Internal HDD password, when it is set, during start. the options: I—Default bypass o change the System password when the administrator password is set. on-Admin Password Changes s set by default.
Password BypassAllows you to a system res Click one of • Disabled • Reboot IPassword ChangeAllows you to • Allows you to • Allow No This option iUEFI Capsule Firmware UpdatesAllows you to • Enable to This option iTPM 1.2 SecurityAllows you to • TPM On • Clear	o bypass the System password and the Internal HDD password, when it is set, during start. the options: d—Default bypass o change the System password when the administrator password is set. on-Admin Password Changes s set by default.
Password Change       Allows you to         Password Change       Allows you to         Password Change       Allows you to         UEFI Capsule Firmware       Allows you to         Updates       Allows you to         This option i       This option i         TPM 1.2 Security       Allows you to         TPM On       Clear	start. the options: d—Default bypass o change the System password when the administrator password is set. on-Admin Password Changes s set by default.
<ul> <li>Disabled</li> <li>Reboot</li> <li>Reboot</li> <li>Allows you to</li> <li>Allow No</li> <li>This option i</li> <li>UEFI Capsule Firmware</li> <li>Updates</li> <li>Allows you to</li> <li>Enable to</li> <li>This option i</li> <li>This option i</li> <li>The options</li> <li>TPM On</li> <li>Clear</li> </ul>	-Default bypass o change the System password when the administrator password is set. on-Admin Password Changes s set by default.
<ul> <li>Reboot</li> <li>Password Change</li> <li>Allows you to <ul> <li>Allow No This option i</li> </ul> </li> <li>UEFI Capsule Firmware Updates</li> <li>Allows you to <ul> <li>Enable U This option i</li> </ul> </li> <li>TPM 1.2 Security</li> <li>Allows you to The options • TPM On • Clear</li> </ul>	bypass o change the System password when the administrator password is set. on-Admin Password Changes s set by default.
Password Change       Allows you to         Password Change       Allows you to         Allows you to       This option i         UEFI Capsule Firmware       Allows you to         Updates       Allows you to         This option i       This option i         TPM 1.2 Security       Allows you to         TPM On       The options	o change the System password when the administrator password is set. on-Admin Password Changes s set by default.
<ul> <li>Allow Na This option i</li> <li>UEFI Capsule Firmware Updates</li> <li>Allows you to Enable U This option i</li> <li>TPM 1.2 Security</li> <li>Allows you to The options</li> <li>TPM On</li> <li>Clear</li> </ul>	on-Admin Password Changes s set by default.
UEFI Capsule Firmware       Allows you to         Updates       - Enable U         This option i       - This option i         TPM 1.2 Security       Allows you to         The options       - TPM On         • Clear       - Clear	s set by default.
UEFI Capsule Firmware Updates Allows you to • Enable U This option i TPM 1.2 Security Allows you to The options • TPM On • Clear	
Updates • Enable U This option i TPM 1.2 Security Allows you to The options • TPM On • Clear	
Updates • Enable U This option i TPM 1.2 Security Allows you to The options • TPM On • Clear	o update the system BIOS via UEFI capsule update packages.
This option i TPM 1.2 Security Allows you to The options TPM On • Clear	JEFI Capsule Firmware Updates
The options • TPM On • Clear	s set by default.
The options • TPM On • Clear	o enable or disable the Trusted Platform Module (TPM) during POST.
<ul><li>TPM On</li><li>Clear</li></ul>	
• Clear	
PPI Byp	
	ass for Enable Commands
	ass for Disable Commands
	e of the following:
<ul> <li>Enabled</li> <li>Disabled</li> </ul>	
	o activate or disable the optional Computrace software.
The options	
Deactive     Disable	ate—Default
Activate	
Chassis Intrusion Allows you to	o control the chassis intrusion feature.
Click one of	the following options:
	-Default
<ul> <li>Enabled</li> <li>On-Siler</li> </ul>	
	o enable the Execute Disable mode of the processor.
• Enable (	CPU XD Support
This option i	s set by default.
	o determine whether users are able to enter the Option ROM Configuration screens
Click one of	during boot. The options are:

#### Table 8. Security (continued)

Option	Description
	<ul> <li>Enabled—Default</li> <li>One Time Enable</li> <li>Disabled</li> </ul>
Admin Setup Lockout	Allows you to prevent users from entering Setup when an administrator password is set.
	Enable Admin Setup Lockout
	This option is not set by default.
Master Password	Allows you to disable master password support.
Lockout	Enable Master Password Lockout
	This option is not set by default.
	<b>INOTE:</b> Hard Disk password should be cleared before the settings can be changed.

### Secure boot

#### Table 9. Secure Boot

Option	Description
Secure Boot Enable	Allows you to enable or disable the Secure Boot Feature.
	Click one of the following options:
	Disabled—Default
	Enabled
Expert Key Management	Allows you to enable or disable Expert Key Management.
	Enable Custom Mode
	This option is not set by default.
	The Custom Mode Key Management options are:
	• <b>PK</b> (Default)
	• KEK
	• db
	• dbx

### Performance

#### Table 10. Performance

Option	Description
Multi Core Support	This field specifies whether the processor has one or all cores enabled. The performance of some applications improves with the additional cores.
	Active Processor Cores
	Choose any number from 01–08:
	() NOTE: To enable Trusted Execution mode, all the cores must be enabled.

#### Table 10. Performance (continued)

Option	Description
Intel SpeedStep	Allows you to enable or disable the Intel SpeedStep mode of processor.  • Enable Intel SpeedStep
	This option is set by default.
C-States Control	Allows you to enable or disable the additional processor sleep states.
	C states
	This option is set by default.
Limit CPUID Value	This field limits the maximum value the processor Standard CPUID Function supports.
	Enable CPUID Limit
	This option is not set by default.
Cache Prefetch	Allows you to turn on the MLC streamer prefetcher and MLC spatial prefetcher.
	The options are:
	Hardware Prefetcher
	Adjacent Cache Prefetch
	All the options are set by default.
Intel TurboBoost	Allows you to enable or disable the Intel TurboBoost mode of the processor.
	Enable Intel TurboBoost
	This option is set by default.
Hyper-Thread Control	Allows you to enable or disable the HyperThreading in the processor.
	• Disabled
	Enabled—Default
Dell Reliable Memory Technology (RMT)	Allows you to identify and isolate memory errors in system RAM.
	<ul> <li>Enable Dell RMT—Default</li> <li>Clear Dell RMT</li> </ul>
System Isochronous Mode	Allows you to enable or disable this mode to reduce latency of memory transactions at the expense of bandwidth. :
	Click one of the options:
	<ul> <li>Disabled(Default)</li> <li>Enabled</li> </ul>
RAS Support	Allows you to report or log errors caused by memory failures, the PCIe failures, CPU failures. The options are:
	Enable on Memory modules
	Enable on PCIe modules
	Enable on CPU modules
	The options are not set by default.

## **Power management**

#### Table 11. Power Management

Option	Description
AC Recovery	Specifies how the computer will respond when AC power is applied after an AC power loss. You can set the AC Recovery to: • Power Off—Default • Power On • Last Power State
Auto On Time	Allows you to set the time at which the computer must turn on automatically. Click one of the following options: • Disabled—Default • Every Day • Weekdays • Select Days
Deep Sleep Control	Allows you to define the controls when Deep Sleep is enabled. Click one of the options: • Disabled—Default • Enabled in S5 only • Enabled in S4 and S5
Fan Speed Control	Allows you to control the speed of the system fan. Click one of the options: • Low • Auto—Default () NOTE: Low = Fans run low and quite. System performance may decrease. Auto = Fans run at optimal speed based on environmental data. System performance is maximized.
USB Wake Support	Allows you to enable USB devices to wake the system from standby.  • Enable USB Wake Support This option is set by default.
Wake on LAN	<ul> <li>This option allows the computer to power up from the off state when triggered by a special LAN signal. Wake-up from the Standby state is unaffected by this setting and must be enabled in the operating system. This feature only works when the computer is connected to AC power supply.</li> <li>Disabled - Does not allow the system to power on by special LAN signals when it receives a wake-up signal from the LAN or wireless LAN.</li> <li>LAN Only - Allows the system to be powered on by special LAN signals.</li> <li>LAN with PXE Boot - Allows the system to power on and immediately boot to PXE when it receives a wake-up packet sent to the system in either the S4 or S5 state.</li> <li>All the options are not set by default.</li> </ul>
Block Sleep	Allows you to block entering to sleep(S3 state) in OS Environment. This option is not set by default.

# Post behaviour

#### Table 12. POST Behavior

Option	Description
Numlock LED	Specifies if the NumLock function can be enabled when the system boots. This option is set by default.
Keyboard Errors	Specifies whether keyboard related errors are reported when it boots. This option is set by default.
Extend BIOS POST Time	<ul> <li>Allows you to create additional pre-boot delay and see POST status messages.</li> <li>Click one of the following options:</li> <li>0 seconds(Default)</li> <li>5 seconds</li> <li>10 seconds</li> </ul>
Security Audit Display Disable	<ul> <li>Allows you to disable the display of the Security Audit results during POST.</li> <li>Disable Display Of Security Audit Display</li> <li>This option is not set by default.</li> </ul>
Full Screen Logo	<ul> <li>Allows you to display full screen logo, if your image matches screen resolution.</li> <li>Enable Full Screen Logo</li> <li>This option is not set by default.</li> </ul>
Warnings and Errors	Allows you to select different options to either stop, prompt and wait for user input, continue when warnings are detected but pause on errors, or continue when either warnings or errors are detected during the POST process. Click one of the following options: • Prompt on Warnings and Errors—Default
	<ul> <li>Continue on Warnings</li> <li>Continue on Warnings and Errors</li> </ul>

# Manageability

#### Table 13. Manageability

Option	Description
USB Provision	Allows you to provision Intel AMT using the local provisioning file via a USB storage device.
	<ul> <li>Enable USB Provision         <ol> <li>NOTE: When disabled, provisioning Intel AMT from a USB storage device is blocked.</li> </ol> </li> <li>This option is not set by default.</li> </ul>
MEBx Hotkey	Allows you to specify if the MEBx Hotkey function should be enabled when the system boots This option is set by default.

# Virtualization support

#### Table 14. Virtualization Support

Option	Description
Virtualization	This option specifies whether a Virtual Machine Monitor (VMM) can utilize the additional hardware capabilities provided by the Intel Virtualization technology.
	Enable Intel Virtualization Technology
	This option is set by default.
VT for Direct I/O	Enables or disables the Virtual Machine Monitor (VMM) from utilizing the additional hardware capabilities provided by the Intel Virtualization technology for direct I/O.
	Enable VT for Direct I/O
	This option is set by default.
Trusted Execution	Allows you to specify whether a Measured Virtual Machine Monitor (MVMM) can utilize the additional hardware capabilities provided by the Intel Trusted Execution Program.
	Trusted Execution
	This option is not set by default.

### Maintenance

#### Table 15. Maintenance

Option	Description
Service Tag	Displays the service tag of your computer.
Asset Tag	Allows you to create a system asset tag if an asset tag is not already set.
	This option is not set by default.
SERR Messages	Controls the SERR message mechanism. Some graphics cards require that the SERR message mechanism be disabled.
	This option is not set by default.
BIOS Downgrade	Allows you to flash previous revisions of the system firmware.
	Allow BIOS Downgrade
	This option is set by default.
Data Wipe	Allows you to securely erase data from all internal storage devices.
	Wipe on Next Boot
	This option is not set by default.
Bios Recovery	<b>BIOS Recovery from Hard Drive</b> —This option is set by default. Allows you to recover the corrupted BIOS from a recovery file on the HDD or an external USB key.
	BIOS Auto-Recovery— Allows you to recover the BIOS automatically.
	() NOTE: BIOS Recovery from Hard Drive field should be enabled.
	Always Perform Integrity Check—Performs integrity check on every boot.

# System logs

#### Table 16. System Logs

Option	Description
BIOS events	Displays the system event log and allows you to clear the log.
	Clear Log
	This option is not set by default.

### **Advanced configurations**

#### Table 17. Advanced configurations

Option	Description
Pcie LinkSpeed	Allows you to choose the Pcie linkspeed.
	Click one of the following options:
	Auto—Default
	• Gen1
	• Gen2

### SupportAssist system resolution

#### Table 18. SupportAssit System Resolution

Option	Description
Auto OS Recovery Threshold	The <b>Auto OS Recovery Threshold</b> setup option controls the automatic boot flow for Support Assist System Resolution Console and Dell OS Recovery tool.
	Click one of the following options:
	• OFF
	• 1
	• 2—Default
	• 3

# **Updating the BIOS**

### Updating the BIOS in Windows

- 1. Go to www.dell.com/support.
- Click Product support. In the Search support box, enter the Service Tag of your computer, and then click Search.
   NOTE: If you do not have the Service Tag, use the SupportAssist feature to automatically identify your computer. You can also use the product ID or manually browse for your computer model.
- 3. Click Drivers & Downloads. Expand Find drivers.
- 4. Select the operating system installed on your computer.
- 5. In the Category drop-down list, select BIOS.
- 6. Select the latest version of BIOS, and click **Download** to download the BIOS file for your computer.
- 7. After the download is complete, browse the folder where you saved the BIOS update file.
- 8. Double-click the BIOS update file icon and follow the on-screen instructions.

For more information, see knowledge base article 000124211 at www.dell.com/support.

### Updating the BIOS in Linux and Ubuntu

To update the system BIOS on a computer that is installed with Linux or Ubuntu, see the knowledge base article 000131486 at www.dell.com/support.

### Updating the BIOS using the USB drive in Windows

- 1. Follow the procedure from step 1 to step 6 in Updating the BIOS in Windows to download the latest BIOS setup program file.
- 2. Create a bootable USB drive. For more information, see the knowledge base article 000145519 at www.dell.com/support.
- **3.** Copy the BIOS setup program file to the bootable USB drive.
- 4. Connect the bootable USB drive to the computer that needs the BIOS update.
- 5. Restart the computer and press F12 .
- 6. Select the USB drive from the One Time Boot Menu.
- 7. Type the BIOS setup program filename and press Enter. The BIOS Update Utility appears.
- 8. Follow the on-screen instructions to complete the BIOS update.

### Updating the BIOS from the F12 One-Time boot menu

Update your computer BIOS using the BIOS update.exe file that is copied to a FAT32 USB drive and booting from the F12 One-Time boot menu.

#### **BIOS Update**

You can run the BIOS update file from Windows using a bootable USB drive or you can also update the BIOS from the F12 One-Time boot menu on the computer.

Most of the Dell computers built after 2012 have this capability, and you can confirm by booting your computer to the F12 One-Time Boot Menu to see if BIOS FLASH UPDATE is listed as a boot option for your computer. If the option is listed, then the BIOS supports this BIOS update option.

(i) NOTE: Only computers with BIOS Flash Update option in the F12 One-Time boot menu can use this function.

#### Updating from the One-Time boot menu

To update your BIOS from the F12 One-Time boot menu, you need the following:

- USB drive formatted to the FAT32 file system (key does not have to be bootable)
- BIOS executable file that you downloaded from the Dell Support website and copied to the root of the USB drive
- AC power adapter that is connected to the computer
- Functional computer battery to flash the BIOS

Perform the following steps to perform the BIOS update flash process from the F12 menu:

## CAUTION: Do not turn off the computer during the BIOS update process. The computer may not boot if you turn off your computer.

- 1. From a turn off state, insert the USB drive where you copied the flash into a USB port of the computer.
- 2. Turn on the computer and press F12 to access the One-Time Boot Menu, select BIOS Update using the mouse or arrow keys then press Enter.

The flash BIOS menu is displayed.

- 3. Click Flash from file.
- 4. Select external USB device.
- 5. Select the file and double-click the flash target file, and then click **Submit**.
- 6. Click Update BIOS. The computer restarts to flash the BIOS.
- 7. The computer will restart after the BIOS update is completed.

# MegaRAID controller options

During bootup, press <Ctrl> + <R> when prompted by the BIOS screen to get to the BIOS configuration utility.

#### Table 19. MegaRAID configuration utility

Option	Description	
VD Mgmt (Virtual Device Management)	This option is used to import the existing configuration to the RAID controller or clear the existing configuration. The right- hand panel of the screen lists attributes of the virtual drive or other device selected in the left panel.	
	<ul> <li>Virtual Drives</li> <li>Drives</li> <li>Available size</li> <li>Hot spare drives</li> </ul>	
PD Mgmt (Physical Drive Management)	This screen displays basic information about existing physical drives connected to the selected controller, including drive ID, vendor, size, type, and state and allows you to manage physical drives.	
	Press F2 to show the context menu:	
	<ul> <li>Rebuild</li> <li>Copyback</li> <li>Locate</li> <li>Place Drive online</li> <li>Place drive offline</li> <li>Make Global HS</li> <li>Remove Hot Spare drive</li> <li>Make JBOD</li> <li>Make unconfigured good</li> <li>Prepare for Removal</li> </ul>	
Ctrl Mgmt (Control Management)	This screen allows you to change the settings for controller options such as Enable Controller BIOS, Enable BIOS Stop on Error and others. It also allows you to select a bootable virtual drive, restore default controller settings.	
Properties	The Properties screen displays the controller properties like current versions of the controller BIOS, the MegaRAID firmware the Configuration Utility and the Boot block.	

(i) NOTE: Press <Ctrl> + <N> to move to the next screen and Press <Ctrl> + <P> to go back to the previous screen.

### System and setup password

#### Table 20. System and setup password

Password type	Description	
System password	Password that you must enter to log on to your system.	
Setup password	Password that you must enter to access and make changes to the BIOS settings of your computer.	

You can create a system password and a setup password to secure your computer.

**CAUTION:** The password features provide a basic level of security for the data on your computer.

CAUTION: Anyone can access the data stored on your computer if it is not locked and left unattended.

(i) NOTE: System and setup password feature is disabled.

### Assigning a system setup password

You can assign a new System or Admin Password only when the status is in Not Set.

To enter the system setup, press F2 immediately after a power-on or reboot.

- 1. In the System BIOS or System Setup screen, select Security and press Enter. The Security screen is displayed.
- Select System/Admin Password and create a password in the Enter the new password field. Use the following guidelines to assign the system password:
  - A password can have up to 32 characters.
  - The password can contain the numbers 0 through 9.
  - Only lower case letters are valid, upper case letters are not allowed.
  - Only the following special characters are allowed: space, ("), (+), (,), (-), (.), (/), (;), ([), (\), (]), (`).
- 3. Type the system password that you entered earlier in the Confirm new password field and click OK.
- 4. Press Esc and a message prompts you to save the changes.
- **5.** Press Y to save the changes. The computer reboots.

### Deleting or changing an existing system setup password

Ensure that the **Password Status** is Unlocked (in the System Setup) before attempting to delete or change the existing System and Setup password. You cannot delete or change an existing System or Setup password, if the **Password Status** is Locked.

To enter the System Setup, press F2 immediately after a power-on or reboot.

- 1. In the System BIOS or System Setup screen, select System Security and press Enter. The System Security screen is displayed.
- 2. In the System Security screen, verify that Password Status is Unlocked.
- 3. Select System Password, alter or delete the existing system password and press Enter or Tab.
- 4. Select Setup Password, alter or delete the existing setup password and press Enter or Tab.

**NOTE:** If you change the System and/or Setup password, re enter the new password when prompted. If you delete the System and Setup password, confirm the deletion when prompted.

- **5.** Press Esc and a message prompts you to save the changes.
- 6. Press Y to save the changes and exit from System Setup. The computer restarts.

# Software

This chapter details the supported operating systems along with instructions on how to install the drivers. **Topics:** 

- Operating system
- Downloading drivers
- Chipset drivers
- Graphics controller driver
- Ports
- USB drivers
- Network driver
- Audio drivers
- Storage controller drivers
- Other drivers

### **Operating system**

Your Precision 5820 Tower supports the following operating systems:

- Windows 11 Pro, 64-bit
- Windows 11 Pro National Academic, 64-bit
- Windows 11 Pro for Workstations, 64-bit
- Windows 10 Pro, 64-bit
- Windows 10 Pro National Academic, 64-bit
- Windows 10 Enterprise, 64-bit \*
- Windows 10 Pro for Workstation, 64-bit
- RHEL 8.4
- Ubuntu 20.04 LTS, 64-bit
- Neokylin 10

(i) NOTE: Asterisk(\*): means that "Only supported on systems with Xeon W Series CPUs.

### **Downloading drivers**

- **1.** Turn on the computer.
- 2. Go to Dell.com/support.
- 3. Click Product Support, enter the Service Tag of your system, and then click Submit.

(i) NOTE: If you do not have the Service Tag, use the auto detect feature or manually browse for your system model.

- 4. Click Drivers and Downloads.
- 5. Select the operating system installed on your system.
- 6. Scroll down the page and select the driver to install.
- 7. Click Download File to download the driver for your system.
- 8. After the download is complete, navigate to the folder where you saved the driver file.
- 9. Double-click the driver file icon and follow the instructions on the screen.

## **Chipset drivers**

Verify if the Intel chipset and Intel Management Engine Interface drivers are already installed in the computer.

#### System devices Tan ACPI Fixed Feature Button ACPI Module Device advanced programmable interrupt controller tomposite Bus Enumerator Direct memory access controller The High Definition Audio Controller The High Definition Audio Controller Intel(R) C620 series chipset CSME: IDE Redirection - A1BC Intel(R) C620 series chipset LPC Controller - A1C1 Intel(R) C620 series chipset MROM 0 - A1EC Intel(R) C620 series chipset MROM 1 - A1ED Intel(R) C620 series chipset PCI Express Root Port #1 - A190 Intel(R) C620 series chipset PCI Express Root Port #8 - A197 intel(R) C620 series chipset PMC - A1A1 Intel(R) C620 series chipset SMBus - A1A3 Intel(R) C620 series chipset SPI Controller - A1A4 Intel(R) C620 series chipset Thermal Subsystem - A1B1 intel(R) Management Engine Interface Intel(R) Xeon(R) processor P family/Core i7 CBDMA Registers - 2021 Intel(R) Xeon(R) processor P family/Core i7 CBDMA Registers - 2021 Intel(R) Xeon(R) processor P family/Core i7 CBDMA Registers - 2021 Intel(R) Xeon(R) processor P family/Core i7 CBDMA Registers - 2021 Intel(R) Xeon(R) processor P family/Core i7 CBDMA Registers - 2021 Intel(R) Xeon(R) processor P family/Core i7 CBDMA Registers - 2021 Intel(R) Xeon(R) processor P family/Core i7 CBDMA Registers - 2021 Intel(R) Xeon(R) processor P family/Core i7 CBDMA Registers - 2021 Intel(R) Xeon(R) processor P family/Core i7 CHA Registers - 2057 Intel(R) Xeon(R) processor P family/Core i7 CHA Registers - 2054 Intel(R) Xeon(R) processor P family/Core i7 CHA Registers - 2056 Intel(R) Xeon(R) processor P family/Core i7 CHA Registers - 2055 Intel(R) Xeon(R) processor P family/Core i7 CHA Registers - 208E

## **Graphics controller driver**

Verify if the graphics controller driver is already installed in the computer.

Display adapters
 NVIDIA NVS 310

## Ports

Verify if the drivers for the ports are already installed in the computer.

Ports (COM & LPT)
 Communications Port (COM1)
 Intel(R) Active Management Technology - SOL (COM3)

# **USB drivers**

Verify if the USB drivers are already installed in the computer.

- 🗸 🏺 Universal Serial Bus controllers
  - Generic SuperSpeed USB Hub
  - Generic USB Hub
  - Intel(R) USB 3.0 eXtensible Host Controller 1.0 (Microsoft)
  - USB Composite Device
  - USB Mass Storage Device
  - USB Root Hub (xHCl)

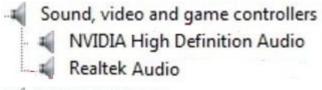
### **Network driver**

The driver is labeled as Intel I219-LM Ethernet Driver.

Intel(R) Ethernet Connection (3) I219-LM

### **Audio drivers**

Verify if the audio drivers are already installed in the computer.



Audio inputs and outputs
 Speakers / Headphones (Realtek Audio)

### Storage controller drivers

Verify if the storage controller drivers are already installed in the computer.

Storage controllers
 Intel(R) C600+/C220+ series chipset SATA RAID Controller

Sa Microsoft Storage Spaces Controller

# **Other drivers**

This section lists different driver details for all the other components in the Device Manager.

### Security device drivers

Verify if the security device drivers are already installed in the computer.

✓ Y Security devices
Y Trusted Platform Module 1.2

### Software device drivers

Verify if the software device drivers are already installed in the computer.

Software devices
 Microsoft Device Association Root Enumerator
 Microsoft GS Wavetable Synth

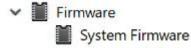
### Human Interface Device drivers

Verify if the human interface device drivers are already installed in the computer.

```
    Human Interface Devices
    USB Input Device
```

### Firmware

Verify if the Firmware drivers are already installed in the computer.



# Troubleshooting

The following section describes common troubleshooting steps that can be performed to resolve certain problems on your computer.

#### **Topics:**

- Dell Enhanced Pre-Boot System Assessment ePSA Diagnostic 3.0
- Preboot blinking power button codes
- Hard drive indicator codes
- PCle slots

### Dell Enhanced Pre-Boot System Assessment — ePSA Diagnostic 3.0

You can invoke the ePSA diagnostics by either of the following ways :

- Press the F12 key when the system posts and choose **ePSA or Diagnostics** option on One Time Boot Menu.
- Press and hold Fn(Function key on keyboard) and **Power On** (PWR) the system.

### **Running the ePSA Diagnostics**

Invoke diagnostics boot by either of the methods that are suggested below:

- 1. Power on the computer.
- 2. As the computer boots, press the F12 key when the Dell logo is displayed.
- 3. In the boot menu screen, use Up/Down arrow key to select the Diagnostics option and then press Enter.

(i) **NOTE:** The **Enhanced Pre-boot System Assessment** window displays, listing all devices detected in the computer. The diagnostics starts running the tests on all the detected devices.

- **4.** Press the arrow in the lower-right corner to go to the page listing. The detected items are listed and tested.
- 5. To run a diagnostic test on a specific device, press Esc and click Yes to stop the diagnostic test.
- 6. Select the device from the left pane and click Run Tests.
- 7. If there are any issues, error codes are displayed. Note the error code and contact Dell.

### **Preboot blinking power button codes**

#### Table 21. Power button LED state

Power Button LED State	Description	
Off	Power is Off. LED is blank.	
Blinking Amber	Initial State of LED at power up. See the table below for Blinking Amber pattern diagnostic suggestions and possible failures.	
Blinking White	System is in a low power state, either S1 or S3. This does not indicate a fault condition.	

#### Table 21. Power button LED state (continued)

Power Button LED State	Description	
Solid Amber	The second state of the LED at power up, indicates that the POWER_GOOD signal is active and it is probable that the power supply is fine.	
Solid White	System is in S0 state. This is the normal power states of a functioning machine. The BIOS will turn the LED to this states to indicate it has started fetching op-codes.	

#### Table 22. Diagnostic LED behavior

Blinking pattern			
Amber	White	Problem description	Suggested resolution
1	1	Faulty System board	To troubleshoot the issue with system board, contact Tech support.
1	2	Bad Power_Ctrl Cable, System Board or, PSU	<ul> <li>Make sure Power_Ctrl Cable is connected.</li> <li>Remove PSU and test BIST button outside of the system first, if failed, replace PSU. If not, install back the PSU and test the BIST button again.</li> <li>If nothing works, contact Tech Support for system board replacement</li> </ul>
1	3	Bad system board, Memory or Processor	<ul> <li>If you can assist to troubleshoot, narrow down the issue by reseating memory and swapping a known good memory if available.</li> <li>If nothing works, contact Tech Support</li> </ul>
2	1	Bad Processor	<ul> <li>CPU configuration activity is in progress or a CPU failure was detected.</li> <li>Contact Tech Support</li> </ul>
2	2	Motherboard: BIOS ROM failure	<ul> <li>System is in Recovery Mode.</li> <li>Flash latest BIOS version. If problem persists, contact Tech Support</li> </ul>
2	3	No Memory	<ul> <li>If customer can assist to troubleshoot, narrow down the issue by removing the memory module one by one to determine which one failed and swapping to a known good memory if available to confirm.</li> <li>Contact Tech Support</li> </ul>
2	4	Memory/RAM failure	<ul> <li>If customer can assist to troubleshoot, narrow</li> </ul>

#### Table 22. Diagnostic LED behavior (continued)

Blinking	pattern		
Amber	White	Problem description	Suggested resolution
			<ul> <li>down the issue by removing the memory module one by one to determine which one failed and swapping to a known good memory if available to confirm.</li> <li>Contact Tech Support</li> </ul>
2	5	Invalid memory installed	<ul> <li>Memory subsystem configuration activity is in progress. Memory modules have been detected but appear to be incompatible or in an invalid configuration.</li> <li>If customer can assist to troubleshoot, narrow down the issue by removing one by one the memory on motherboard to determine which one failed.</li> <li>Contact Tech Support.</li> </ul>
2	6	Motherboard: Chipset	<ul> <li>Fatal system board failure detected.</li> <li>If customer can assist to troubleshoot, narrow down the issue by removing one by one the component on motherboard to determine which one failed.</li> <li>If you identified any of the components failed, replace the Component.</li> <li>Contact Tech Support.</li> </ul>
3	2	PCI Device or Video	<ul> <li>PCI device configuration activity is in progress or PCI device failure was detected.</li> <li>If you can assist to troubleshoot, narrow down the issue by reseating PCI card and removing one by one to determine which card failed.</li> <li>Contact Tech Support.</li> </ul>
3	3	BIOS Recovery 1	<ul> <li>System is in Recovery Mode.</li> <li>Flash latest BIOS version. If problem persists, contact Tech Support</li> </ul>
3	4	BIOS Recovery 2	• System is in Recovery Mode.

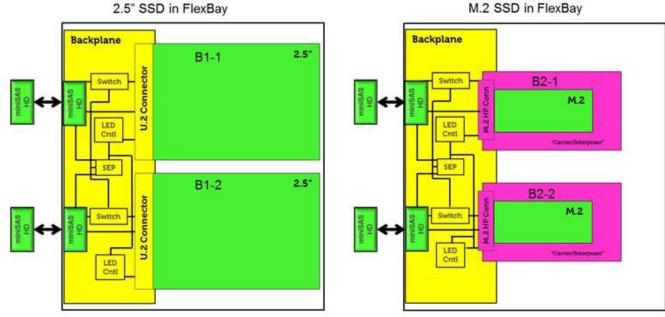
#### Table 22. Diagnostic LED behavior (continued)

Blinking	pattern		
Amber	White	Problem description	Suggested resolution
			<ul> <li>Flash latest BIOS version. If problem persists, contact Tech Support</li> </ul>
4	4	Riser board issue	<ul> <li>Power issue on Riser second CPU board</li> </ul>
4	6	RAID Volume degraded	<ul> <li>RAID volume is degraded.</li> <li>If you can assist to troubleshoot, us F12 menu to enter Device Configuration tab. Rebuild the RAID volume if possible</li> <li>Contact Tech Support.</li> </ul>
4	7	System Side cover is missing	<ul> <li>System side cover(either left or right) is missing.</li> <li>Unplug power, Install back all side covers back to the chassis and plug in power.</li> <li>Contact Tech Support.</li> </ul>

## Hard drive indicator codes

Each hard drive carrier has an activity LED indicator and a status LED indicator. The indicators provide information about the current status of the hard drive. The activity LED indicator indicates whether the hard drive is currently in use or not. The status LED indicator indicates the power condition of the drive.

### Hard drive indicators



M.2 SSD in FlexBay

(i) NOTE: LED status or activity indicators will only work with a backplane with each carriers shown below.



#### Figure 1. Hard drive indicators

1. hard drive activity LED indicator

- 2. hard drive status LED indicator
- 3. hard drive

() NOTE: If the hard drive is in the Advanced Host Controller Interface (AHCI) mode, the status LED indicator does not turn on.

(i) NOTE: Drive status indicator behavior is managed by Storage Spaces Direct. Not all drive status indicators may be used.

Hard drive status indicator code	Condition
Flashes green twice per second	Identifying drive or preparing for removal.
Off	Drive ready for removal. () NOTE: The drive status indicator remains off until all drives are initialized after the system is turned on. Drives are not ready for removal during this time.
Flashes green, amber, and then turns off	Predicted drive failure.
Flashes amber four times per second	Drive failed.
Flashes green slowly	Drive rebuilding.
Solid green	Drive online.
Flashes green for three seconds, amber for three seconds, and then turns off after six seconds	Rebuild stopped.

#### Table 23. Hard drive indicator codes

# **PCIe slots**

The PCIe slots on Precision 5820 have a different functionality depending on the processor installed. Core i7-78xx has a limit of 28 lanes.

This results in a reduced PCIe lane count to the slots 1 and 4 as shown in the following table:

• Slot 1 is closest to CPU/memory complex.

#### Table 24. PCIe slots

	Core i9-79xx/Xeon	Core i7-78xx
Slot 1	PCle x850W	Nonfunctional
Slot 2	PClex16 300 W*	PClex16 300 W
Slot 3	PClex125W-PCH	PClex1 25W-PCH
Slot 4	PClex16 300 W*	PClex8 150 W
Slot 5	PClex4 25W-PCH	PClex4 25W-PCH
Slot 6	PCI 32 bit 25 W	PCI 32 bit 25 W

(i) NOTE: All slots are Gen3(8GTs) from processor root hub unless otherwise indicated xX indicates the number of lanes that are connected to the slot. FH=Full Height, FL=Full Length, DW=Double Wide as defined by PCIe CEM spec \*Slots are 300 W capable. Limited to 250 W per slot when more than one MEGA is installed.

# **Contacting Dell**

(i) NOTE: If you do not have an active Internet connection, you can find contact information on your purchase invoice, packing slip, bill, or Dell product catalog.

Dell provides several online and telephone-based support and service options. Availability varies by country and product, and some services may not be available in your area. To contact Dell for sales, technical support, or customer service issues:

- 1. Go to Dell.com/support.
- 2. Select your support category.
- 3. Verify your country or region in the Choose a Country/Region drop-down list at the bottom of the page.
- 4. Select the appropriate service or support link based on your need.